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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

Chapter 11

FIRST GUARANTY MORTGAGE

Case No. 22-10584

CORPORATION, et al., 1

(Joint Administration Requested)

Debtors.

MOTION OF THE DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS (A) AUTHORIZING DEBTORS TO PAY PREPETITION CLAIMS OF CRITICAL VENDORS AND (B) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

First Guaranty Mortgage Corporation ("FGMC") and the above-referenced affiliated debtors and debtors in possession (the "Debtors") under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code, §§ 101 et seq. (the "Bankruptcy Code"), in these chapter 11 cases (the "Chapter 11 Cases"), by and through undersigned counsel, hereby move (the "Motion"), pursuant to §§ 105(a), 363, 503, and 507, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 6003, 6004, and 9014 for entry of an interim order (substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, the "Interim Order") and a final order (substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit B**, the "Final Order") (i) approving payments to critical vendors and entry into related agreements as set forth in this Motion, with the final program being up to \$800,000 with \$275,000 of that being interim authority, (ii) scheduling an interim hearing to approve the proposed Interim Order and a final hearing with respect to the relief requested herein (the "Final Hearing") and (iii) granting related relief.

In further support of the Motion, the Debtors respectfully state as follows:

¹ The Debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, are: First Guaranty Mortgage Corporation (9575); and Maverick II Holdings, LLC (5621). The Debtors' mailing address is 5800 Tennyson Parkway, Suite 450, Plano, TX 75024.



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I. <u>JURISDICTION AND VENUE</u>

- 1. The United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Court") has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference* from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware dated as of February 29, 2012. The Debtors confirm their consent, pursuant to rule 7008 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), and rule 9013-1(f) of the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Local Rules"), to the entry of a final order by the Court in connection with this motion to the extent that it is later determined that the Court, absent consent of the parties, cannot enter final orders or judgments in connection herewith consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution.
 - 2. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- 3. The statutory bases for the relief requested herein are Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a), 363, 503, and 507, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 6003, 6004, and 9014, and Local Rule 9013-1.

II. <u>BACKGROUND</u>

- 4. On the date hereof (the "<u>Petition Date</u>"), the Debtors each commenced voluntary cases for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors are authorized to continue operating their businesses and managing their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee, examiner, or statutory committee has been appointed in the chapter 11 cases.
- 5. Prior to the Petition Date, FGMC was a full service, non-bank mortgage lender, offering a full suite of residential mortgage options tailored to borrowers' different financial

situations. It was one of the leading independent mortgage companies in the United States that originated residential mortgages through a national platform. As described in more detail in the First Day Declaration, FGMC's business included the origination, purchase, service, sale and/or securitization of residential real estate mortgage loans. However, just prior to the Petition Date, as a result of an extreme and unanticipated liquidity crisis and resultant inability to obtain additional capital, FGMC ceased all of its mortgage loan origination activity and separated nearly 80% of its workforce. The Debtors commenced these Chapter 11 Cases to evaluate their options, accommodate their customers, and maximize and preserve value for all stakeholders.

- 6. Additional information regarding the Debtors, including their business and the events leading to the commencement of these chapter 11 cases is set forth in the *Declaration of Aaron Samples in Support of Chapter 11 Petitions and First Day Pleadings* (the "<u>First Day Declaration</u>"), filed concurrently herewith.
- 7. The Debtors' ability to timely close loans and sell their mortgage loans is key to maximizing the value of their assets and creditor recoveries.
- 8. The Debtors have carefully analyzed their trade vendors, service providers, and software programs and determined that certain vendors and service providers ("<u>Critical Vendors</u>") are key to (i) maintaining their existing computer and operating systems, (ii) documenting and closing loans and (iii) selling loans into the secondary market.

III. RELIEF REQUESTED

9. By this Motion, the Debtors seek the entry of interim and final orders, pursuant to sections 105(a) and 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, (i) authorizing the Debtors to pay any prepetition amounts owing to the Critical Vendors in the ordinary course of business up to the Interim Critical Vendor Cap and, if approved on a final basis, the Critical Vendor Cap; (ii) approving of the form

of agreement which may be utilized by the Debtors, substantially in the form attached to the Proposed Orders (as defined herein) as **Exhibit 1** (the "Vendor Agreement"); and (iii) granting related relief.

10. Proposed forms of Interim Order and Final Order granting the relief requested herein are annexed hereto as **Exhibit A** and **Exhibit B** (the "Proposed Orders").

A. The Debtors' Critical Vendors

- 11. The Debtors' business relies on continuing access to and relationships with various vendors and service providers. These Critical Vendors include IT support, software providers, third parties assisting with loan closings, third parties assisting with loan sales and certain other critical operational support vendors. Any disruption in the Debtors' access to the provision of these services to the Debtors would have a far-reaching and adverse economic and operational impact on its business.
- 12. The bulk of the services that the Debtors depend on are provided by a critical network of vendors and service providers that, for the most part, conduct business with the Debtors on an invoice by invoice or purchase order by purchase order basis, and not pursuant to long-term contracts. These vendors typically supply their customers with services and products on trade terms based on their experience with and perceived risk of conducting business with such customers. The Debtors believe that it would be extremely difficult, if not impossible, to replace the Critical Vendors within a reasonable time without severe disruption to the Debtors' businesses. These vendors know the Debtors practices and systems without any learning curve. Such harm would likely far outweigh the cost of payment of the Critical Vendor Claims.
- 13. It is essential to the success of the Debtors' goals in these Chapter 11 cases that it be able to pay the Critical Vendors to maintain the flow of services to their businesses.

- 14. The Debtors undertook a process to identify the Critical Vendors using the following criteria: (i) whether certain specifications prevent the Debtors from obtaining a vendor's goods or services from alternative sources within a reasonable timeframe; and (ii) if a vendor is not a sole-source or primary provider of services or products, whether the Debtors can continue to operate in the ordinary course while a replacement vendor is secured. As a result of their critical review and evaluation, the Debtors have identified a narrow subset of vendors as Critical Vendors.
- 15. The Debtors' loan closings and ultimate loan sales are time sensitive and the Debtors have an established team of vendors and service providers who work with them on these closings.
- 16. Also included in this subset of Critical Vendors are issuers of certain credit or debit cards (collectively, the "Credit Cards") to the Debtors. While the majority of payments to vendors and service providers are made by checks, the Debtors occasionally use Credit Cards in the ordinary course of their business for certain vendor payments. The Credit Cards are issued by American Express and Texas Capital Bank (Visa). Continued use of the Credit Cards are necessary for the Debtors to continue to pay certain vendors and service providers post-petition and avoid disruption of the their businesses.
- 17. The Debtors seek permission to pay pre-petition amounts owed on account of the Credit Cards to avoid any interruption in the ability to make disbursements post-petition. The Debtors anticipate that it would be very difficult, and perhaps impossible, to obtain new credit cards within the short time-frame needed to avoid interruptions in their disbursement processes in the event that American Express and Texas Capital Bank terminate the Debtors' Credit Cards. This would leave the Debtors in a position of having to make disbursements exclusively

by check or other forms of electronic payment, when there are some vendors who require payment by credit cards, which is understandable given their ubiquitous nature.

- 18. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors will owe amounts to certain Critical Vendors (a) that have been billed and invoiced and/or (b) that have accrued immediately prior to the Petition Date for which they have not yet been invoiced or payment is not yet due. The Debtors anticipate the total amount of Critical Vendor Claims will not exceed \$800,000 of which \$275,000 is being requested on an interim basis.
- 19. Given the importance of the goods and services provided by the Critical Vendors, it is imperative that the Debtors be granted, on an emergency basis, the flexibility and authority to satisfy the prepetition claims of the Critical Vendors up to the Interim Critical Vendor Cap and, if approved on a final basis, the Critical Vendor Cap.

B. Conditions to Payment

20. Subject to the Court's approval, the Debtors intend to pay the Critical Vendor Claims only to the extent necessary to preserve the business as a going concern. To that end, in return for paying the Critical Vendor Claims, the Debtors propose that they be authorized to require that the Critical Vendors provide reasonable terms for the postpetition delivery of goods, and services. Specifically, the Debtors may choose to condition the payment of the Critical Vendor Claims upon the Critical Vendors' agreement to continue supplying goods and services to the Debtors in accordance with terms at least as favorable as those practices and programs (including credit limits, pricing, timing of payments, availability, and other terms) in place 12 months prior to the Petition Date, or such other trade terms that are acceptable to the Debtors in their discretion (the "Customary Trade Terms").

21. In addition, the Debtors request that, regardless of whether a Critical Vendor enters into a Vendor Agreement, if the Critical Vendors accept payment pursuant to the relief requested by this Motion and thereafter do not continue to provide goods or services on Customary Trade Terms, then: (a) the Debtors may then take any and all appropriate steps to cause such Critical Vendors to repay payments made to it on account of its prepetition claim to the extent that such payments exceed the postpetition amounts then owing to such Critical Vendors; (b) upon recovery by the Debtors, any prepetition claim of such party shall be reinstated as if the payment had not been made; and (c) if there exists an outstanding postpetition balance due from the Debtors to such party, the Debtors may elect to re-characterize and apply any payment made pursuant to the relief requested by the Motion to such outstanding postpetition balance and such supplier or vendor will be required to repay to the Debtors such paid amounts that exceed the postpetition obligations then outstanding without the right of any setoffs, claims, provisions for payment of any claims, or otherwise.

IV. BASIS FOR RELIEF

22. Courts have recognized that it is appropriate to authorize the payment of prepetition obligations where necessary to protect and preserve the estate, including an operating business' going-concern value. See, e.g., In re CoServ, L.L.C., 273 B.R. 487, 497 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. 2002); see also In re Just for Feet, Inc., 242 B.R. 821, 826 (D. Del. 1999) (finding that payment of prepetition claims to certain trade vendors was "essential to the survival of the debtor during the chapter 11 reorganization"); In re Ionosphere Clubs, Inc., 98 B.R. 174, 175 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1989) ("The ability of a Bankruptcy Court to authorize the payment of pre-petition debt when such payment is needed to facilitate the rehabilitation of the debtor is not a novel concept."); Armstrong World Indus., Inc. v. James A. Phillips, Inc., (In re James A. Phillips, Inc.), 29 B.R. 391, 398

- (S.D.N.Y. 1983). In so doing, these courts acknowledge that several legal theories rooted in sections 105(a) and 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code support the payment of prepetition claims as provided herein.
- 23. Pursuant to section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, payment of prepetition obligations may be authorized where a sound business purpose exists for doing so. *See Ionosphere Clubs*, 98 B.R. at 175 (noting that section 363(b) provides "broad flexibility" to authorize a debtor to honor prepetition claims where supported by an appropriate business justification). Indeed, courts have recognized that there are instances when a debtor's fiduciary duty can "only be fulfilled by the preplan satisfaction of a prepetition claim." *CoServ*, 273 B.R. at 497.
- 24. In addition, the Court may authorize payment of prepetition claims in appropriate circumstances based on section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 105(a) codifies the Court's inherent equitable powers to "issue any order, process, or judgment that is necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title." Under section 105(a), courts may authorize pre-plan payments of prepetition obligations when essential to the continued operation of a debtor's businesses. *See Just for Feet*, 242 B.R. at 825. Specifically, the Court may use its power under section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to authorize payment of prepetition obligations pursuant to the "necessity of payment" rule (also referred to as the "doctrine of necessity"). *Ionosphere Clubs*, 98 B.R. at 176.
- 25. Indeed, the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit recognized the "necessity of payment" doctrine in *In re Lehigh & New Eng. Ry. Co.*, 657 F.2d 570, 581 (3d Cir. 1981). The Third Circuit held that a court could authorize the payment of prepetition claims if such payment was essential to the continued operation of the debtor. *Id.* (stating courts may authorize payment of prepetition claims when there "is the possibility that the creditor will employ

an immediate economic sanction, failing such payment"); *see also In re Penn Cent. Transp. Co.*, 467 F.2d 100, 102 n.1 (3d Cir. 1972) (holding necessity of payment doctrine permits "immediate payment of claims of creditors where those creditors will not supply services or material essential to the conduct of the business until their pre-reorganization claims have been paid"); *Just for Feet*, 242 B.R. at 824–25 (noting that, in the Third Circuit, debtors may pay prepetition claims that are essential to continued operation of business); *In re Columbia Gas Sys.*, *Inc.*, 171 B.R. 189, 191–92 (Bankr. D. Del. 1994) (same).

- 26. This flexible approach is particularly critical where, as here, prepetition creditors are crucial to the preservation of the Debtors' going concern value. In *In re Structurlite Plastics Corp.*, 86 B.R. 922, 931 (Bankr. S.D. Ohio 1988), the bankruptcy court recognized that "a bankruptcy court may exercise its equity powers under section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to authorize payment of prepetition claims where such payment is necessary 'to permit the greatest likelihood of survival of the debtor and payment of creditors in full or at least proportionately." *Id.* (citations omitted). The court explained that "a per se rule proscribing the payment of prepetition indebtedness may well be too inflexible to permit the effectuation of the rehabilitative purposes of the [Bankruptcy] Code." *Id.* at 932.
- 27. Allowing the Debtors to pay the Critical Vendor Claims, pursuant to all or some of the above-referenced provisions, is especially appropriate where, as here, doing so is consistent with the "two recognized policies" of chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code—preserving going concern value and maximizing the value of property available to satisfy creditors. *See Bank of Am. Nat'l Trust & Savs. Ass'n v. 203 N. LaSalle St. P'Ship*, 526 U.S. 434, 453 (1999).
- 28. Indeed, reflecting the recognition that payment of prepetition claims of certain essential suppliers and vendors is, in fact, both critical to a debtor's ability to maximize creditor

recovery— courts in this district regularly grant relief consistent with that which the Debtors are seeking in this Motion. See, e.g., In re BL Restaurants Holding, LLC, No. 20-10156 (MWF) (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 26, 2020) (interim and final orders allowing payments of up to \$2 million and \$5 million respectively); In re Hospital Acquisition LLC, Case No. 19-10998 (BLS) (Bankr. D. Del. May 8, 2019 and May 29, 2019) [Docket Nos. 45, 167] (interim and final orders authorizing payment of up to \$1.5 million and \$3 million, respectively, on account of claims held by critical vendors); In re Hexion Holdings LLC, Case No. 19-10684 (KG) (Bankr. D. Del. Apr. 2, 2019 and May 1, 2019) [Docket Nos. 102, 293] (interim and final orders authorizing payment of up to \$27.1 million and \$39.5 million, respectively, on account of claims held by critical vendors); In re VER Techs. Holdco LLC, Case No. 18-10834 (KG) (Bankr. D. Del. Apr. 6, 2018 and May 4, 2018) [Docket Nos. 69, 220] (interim and final orders authorizing payment of up to \$12.7 million and \$14 million, respectively, on account of claims held by critical vendors); In re Claire's Stores, Inc., Case No. 18-10584 (MFW) (Bankr. D. Del. Mar. 20, 2018 and Apr. 17, 2018) [Docket Nos. 98, 279] (interim and final orders authorizing payment of up to \$7.9 million and \$11.7 million, respectively, on account of claims held by critical vendors).

29. As described above, the Debtors require continued access to their Credit Cards as well as ordinary goods and services from the Critical Vendors in order to ensure the smooth operation of its business. Without that, the Debtors would not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, thereby severely jeopardizing its ongoing efforts in these Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors therefore urge the Court to authorize the Debtor to satisfy the obligations of the Critical Vendors up to the Interim Critical Vendor Cap and, if approved on a final basis, the Critical Vendor Cap.

V. SATISFACTION OF BANKRUPTCY RULE 6003

The Debtors believe that they are entitled to immediate authorization for the relief contemplated by this Motion. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 6003, "[e]xcept to the extent that relief is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm, the court shall not, within 21 days after the filing of the petition, issue an order granting the following: . . . (b) a motion to use, sell, lease, or otherwise incur an obligation regarding property of the estate, including a motion to pay all or part of a claim that arose before the filing of the petition, but not a motion under Rule 4001." As described above, payment of the Critical Vendor Claims during these Chapter 11 Cases is necessary to maintain relationships with the Debtors' Critical Vendors and continue the Debtors' business operations. Failure to receive such authorization and other relief during the first 21 days of these Chapter 11 Cases would severely disrupt the Debtors' business operations at this critical juncture, and add needless costs to the administration of these cases. Accordingly, the Debtors submit that they have satisfied the "immediate and irreparable harm" standard of Bankruptcy Rule 6003 to support granting the relief requested herein.

VI. WAIVER OF BANKRUPTCY RULES 6004(A) AND (H)

The Debtors seek a waiver of the notice requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and the fourteen-day stay of an order authorizing the use, sale, or lease of property under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h).

VII. <u>NOTICE</u>

Notice of this Motion shall be given to the following parties: (a) the Office of the United States Trustee; (b) counsel to the Debtors' prepetition and postpetition secured lenders; and (c) the Debtors' thirty largest unsecured creditors on a consolidated basis. As this Motion is seeking "first day" relief, within two business days of the hearing on this Motion, the Debtors will serve copies

of this Motion and any order entered in respect to this Motion as required by Local Rule 9013-1(m). The Debtors submit that, in light of the nature of the relief requested, no other or further notice need be given.

VIII. **CONCLUSION**

WHEREFORE, the Debtors respectfully request entry of an order (i) granting the relief requested herein; and (ii) granting the Debtors such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

PACHULSKI STANG ZIEHL & JONES LLP Dated: June 30, 2022

/s/ Laura Davis Jones

Laura Davis Jones (DE Bar No. 2436) Timothy P. Cairns (DE Bar No. 4228) Mary F. Caloway (DE Bar No. 3059) 919 North Market Street, 17th Floor P.O. Box 8705 Wilmington, Delaware 19899 (Courier 19801)

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-and -

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Proposed Counsel for Debtors and Debtors in Possession

EXHIBIT A

(Proposed Interim Order)

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

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Chapter 11

FIRST GUARANTY MORTGAGE

Case No. 22-10584

CORPORATION, et al.,1

(Jointly Administered)

Debtors.

Ref. Docket No. ____

INTERIM ORDER (A) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO PAY CERTAIN PREPETITION CLAIMS OF CRITICAL VENDORS AND (B) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

Upon consideration of the motion (the "Motion")² of the above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (the "Debtors") for the entry of an interim order (the "Interim Order"), (a) authorizing the Debtors to pay Critical Vendor Claims up to the Interim Critical Vendor Cap, and (b) granting related relief [Docket No. ___]; all as more fully set forth in the Motion; and upon the First Day Declaration; and this Court having jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware*, dated February 29, 2012; and this Court having found that this is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2); and that this Court may enter a final order consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution; and this Court having found that venue of this proceeding and the Motion in this district is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409; and this Court having found that the relief requested in the Motion is in the best interests of the

¹ The Debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, are: First Guaranty Mortgage Corporation (9575); and Maverick II Holdings, LLC (5621). The Debtors' mailing address is 5800 Tennyson Parkway, Suite 450, Plano, TX 75024.

² Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

Debtors' estates, their creditors, and other parties in interest; and this Court having found that the Debtors' notice of the Motion and opportunity for a hearing on the Motion were appropriate and no other notice need be provided; and this Court having reviewed the Motion and having heard the statements in support of the relief requested therein at a hearing before this Court (the "Hearing"); and this Court having determined that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and at the Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and upon all of the proceedings had before this Court; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Motion is granted on an interim basis as set forth herein.
- 2. All objections to the Motion or the relief requested therein that have not been withdrawn, waived, or settled, and all reservation of rights included therein, hereby are overruled on the merits.
- 3. The Vendor Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**, is approved in its entirety. A Vendor Agreement, once agreed to and accepted by the Critical Vendor, shall be the legally binding contractual relationship between the parties governing the commercial trade relationship as provided therein.
- 4. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to pay the Critical Vendor Claims; *provided*, *that*, such payments shall not exceed \$275,000 in the aggregate on an interim basis unless otherwise ordered by the Court after notice and a hearing; *provided*, *however*, that the Debtors shall provide five (5) business days written notice to the DIP Agent and its professionals before paying a Critical Vendor Claim in excess of \$10,000, which notice shall include (i) the

name of the Critical Vendor, (ii) the amount of the proposed payment, (iii) the estimated total Critical Vendor Claim of such Critical Vendor and whether the Debtors are aware of a Critical Vendor Claim that could be asserted under section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, (iv) the Customary Trade Terms (as defined below), (v) a copy of the Vendor Agreement, and (vi) such other information the DIP Agent may reasonably request.

5. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to pay the Critical Vendor Claims, in whole or in part, upon such terms and in the manner provided in this Order regardless of whether a Critical Vendor has executed a Vendor Agreement; provided that, if any Critical Vendor accepts payment hereunder and does not continue supplying goods, or services to the Debtors in accordance with trade terms at least as favorable to the Debtors as those practices and programs (including credit limits, pricing, cash discounts, timing of payments, allowances, availability, and other programs) in place 12 months prior to the Petition Date, or such other trade terms that are acceptable to the Debtors (collectively, the "Customary Trade Terms"), then: (a) the Debtors may then take any and all appropriate steps to cause such Critical Vendor to repay payments made to it on account of its prepetition claim to the extent that such payments exceed the postpetition amounts then owing to such Critical Vendor; (b) upon recovery by the Debtors, any prepetition claim of such party shall be reinstated as if the payment had not been made; and (c) if there exists an outstanding postpetition balance due from the Debtors to such party, the Debtors may elect to re-characterize and apply any payment made pursuant to the relief requested by the Motion to such outstanding postpetition balance and such supplier or vendor will be required to repay to the Debtors such paid amounts that exceed the postpetition obligations then outstanding without the right of any setoffs, claims, provisions for payment of any claims, or otherwise.

- 6. All payments authorized by this Interim Order may be made solely to the extent in compliance with the Approved Budget (as defined in the interim or final order authorizing the Debtors to obtain postpetition senior secured financing and related relief (the "<u>DIP Order</u>")) then in effect. To the extent there is any inconsistency between the terms of this Interim Order and the DIP Order, the DIP Order shall control.
- 7. Nothing herein shall impair or prejudice the Debtors' ability to contest, in its discretion, or any other party's ability to contest, the extent, perfection, priority, validity, or amounts of any claims held by any Critical Vendor.
- 8. The banks and financial institutions on which checks were drawn or electronic payment requests made in payment of the prepetition obligations approved herein are authorized to receive, process, honor, and pay all such checks and electronic payment requests when presented for payment, and all such banks and financial institutions are authorized to rely on the Debtors' designation of any particular check or electronic payment request as approved by this Order.
- 9. The final hearing (the "<u>Final Hearing</u>") on the Motion shall be held on July ____, 2022, at ___:___.m., prevailing Eastern Time. Any objections or responses to entry of a final order on the Motion shall be filed on or before 4:00 p.m., prevailing Eastern Time, on July ___, 2022, and shall be served on (i) the Debtors, 5800 Tennyson Parkway, Suite 450, Plano, TX 75024, Attn.: General Counsel's Office (<u>darien.oien@fgmc.com</u> and <u>julie.johns@fgmc.com</u>);

- (ii) proposed counsel for the Debtors, Dentons US LLP, 601 South Figueroa Street, Suite 2500, Los Angeles, CA 90017-5704 Attn: Samuel R. Maizel (samuel.maizel@dentons.com) and Tania M. Moyron (tania.moyron@dentons.com) and Pachulski Stang Ziehl & Jones LLP, 919 North Market Street, 17th Floor, P.O. Box 8705, Wilmington, DE 19899-8705 (Courier 19801) Attn: Laura Davis Jones (ljones@pszjlaw.com); (iii) counsel to the Debtors' prepetition and postpetition secured lenders; (iv) counsel to any statutory committee appointed in these cases; and (v) the Office of The United States Trustee, 844 King Street, Suite 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, DE 19801 (collectively, the "Notice Parties"). In the event no objections to entry of a final order on the Motion are timely received, this Court may enter such final order without need for the Final Hearing.
- 10. The contents of the Motion satisfy the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6003(b).
 - 11. Notice of the Motion satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a).
- 12. This Court retains jurisdiction to enforce and implement the terms and provisions of this Order and the Agreement, all amendments thereto, any waivers and consents thereunder, and of each of the agreements executed in connection therewith in all respects, and retains jurisdiction over any disputes with respect thereto.
- 13. The Debtors are authorized to take any and all actions that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Order and execute any and all documents necessary to implement this Order.
- 14. As provided by Bankruptcy Rules 6004(g) and 6006(d), this Order shall not be stayed for fourteen (14) days after the entry thereof and shall be effective and enforceable immediately upon its entry on this Court's docket.

EXHIBIT 1

(Form of Critical Vendor Agreement)

, 2022
TO: [Critical Vendors] [Name] [Address]
Dear Valued Supplier:
As you are aware, First Guaranty Mortgage Corporation and certain affiliates (the "Company") filed voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Case" and the "Bankruptcy Court," respectively) on June, 2022 (the "Petition Date"). On the Petition Date, the Company requested the Bankruptcy Court's authority to pay the prebankruptcy claims of certain suppliers in recognition of the importance of the Company's relationship with such suppliers and its desire that the Bankruptcy Case has as little effect on the Company's ongoing business operations as possible. On [•], the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Order") authorizing the Company, under certain conditions, to pay the prepetition claims of certain trade creditors that agree to the terms set forth below and to be bound by the terms of the Order. A copy of the Order is enclosed.
In order to receive payment on account of prepetition claims, you must agree to continue to supply goods, or services, as applicable, to the Company based on Customary Trade Terms (as defined in the Order). In the Order, Customary Trade Terms are defined as the normal and customary trade terms, practices and programs (including credit limits, pricing, cash discounts, timing of payments, allowances, availability, and other programs), that were most favorable to

ıe (as the Company and in effect between you and the Company prior to the Petition Date, or such other trade terms as you and the Company agree.

For purposes of administration of this trade program as authorized by the Bankruptcy Court, you and the Company both agree that:

1.	The estimated balance of the prepetition claim (net of any setoffs, credits or discounts) (the "Vendor Claim") that you will receive from the Company is \$
2.	You agree to waive [all/a portion] of any general unsecured claim against the Company in the amount of \$ arising out of the following invoices:
3.	[You will provide an open trade balance or credit line to the Company for delivery of postpetition services, as applicable, in the amount of \$ (which shall not be less than the greater of the open trade balance outstanding: (a) on, or (b) on normal and customary terms on a historical basis before and up to the Petition Date).]

4.	required, attach continuation pages):

11, 11

- 5. During the pendency of the Bankruptcy Case you will continue to extend to the Company all Customary Trade Terms.
- 6. You will not demand a lump sum payment upon consummation of a plan of reorganization in this chapter 11 case on account of any administrative expense priority claim that you assert, but instead agree that such claims will be paid in the ordinary course of business after consummation of a plan under applicable Customary Trade Terms, if the plan provides for the ongoing operations of the Company.
- 7. The undersigned, a duly authorized representative of [Critical Vendor], has reviewed the terms and provisions of the Order and agrees that [Critical Vendor] is bound by such terms;
- 8. You will not separately seek payment for reclamation and similar claims outside of the terms of the Order unless your participation in the Critical Vendor payment program authorized by the Order (the Critical Vendor Payment Program) is terminated;
- 9. You agree not to file or otherwise assert against the Company, the estate or any other person or entity or any of their respective assets or property (real or personal) any lien (regardless of the statute or other legal authority upon which such lien is asserted) related in any way to any remaining prepetition amounts allegedly owed to you by the Company arising from agreements entered into prior to the Petition Date. Further, you agree to take (at your own expense) all necessary steps to remove any such lien as soon as possible; and
- 10. In addition to any other obligations of confidentiality between you and the Company, you agree to hold in confidence and not disclose to any party: (a) the existence of this Vendor Agreement; (b) the terms of this Vendor Agreement and (c) the Customary Trade Terms (together, the "Confidential Information"); provided that if any party seeks to compel your disclosure of any or all of the Confidential Information, through judicial action or otherwise, or you intend to disclose any or all of the Confidential Information, you shall immediately provide the Company with prompt written notice so that the Company may seek an injunction, protective order or any other available remedy to prevent such disclosure; provided, further, that, if such remedy is not obtained, you shall furnish only such information as you are legally required to provide.
- 11. If either the Critical Vendor Payment Program or your participation therein terminates as provided in the Order, or you later refuse to continue to supply goods to the Company on Customary Trade Terms during the pendency of the Bankruptcy Case, any payments you

receive on account of your Vendor Claim will be deemed voidable postpetition transfers pursuant to section 549(a) of chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). You will immediately repay to the Company any payments made to you on account of your Vendor Claim to the extent that the aggregate amount of such payments exceeds the postpetition obligations then outstanding without giving effect to alleged setoff rights, recoupment rights, adjustments, or offsets of any type whatsoever. Your Vendor Claim shall be reinstated in such an amount so as to restore the Company and you to the same positions as would have existed if payment of the Vendor Claim had not been made.

12. Any dispute with respect to this letter agreement, the Order and/or your participation in the Critical Vendor Payment Program shall be determined by the Bankruptcy Court.

If you have any questions about this Agreement or our financial restructuring, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,
By:
[Name] [Title]
Agreed and Accepted by: [Critical Vendor]
By: Its:
Dated:

EXHIBIT B

(Proposed Final Order)

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

Chapter 11

FIRST GUARANTY MORTGAGE

Case No. 22-10584

CORPORATION, et al., 1

(Jointly Administered)

Debtors.

Ref Docket No. ____

FINAL ORDER (A) AUTHORIZING THE DEBTORS TO PAY CERTAIN PREPETITION CLAIMS OF CRITICAL VENDORS AND (B) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF

Upon consideration of the motion (the "Motion")² of the above-captioned debtors and debtors in possession (the "Debtors") for the entry of a final order (the "Final Order"), (a) authorizing the Debtors to pay Critical Vendor Claims up to the Critical Vendor Cap, and (b) granting related relief; all as more fully set forth in the Motion [Docket No. ____]; and upon the First Day Declaration; and this Court having jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference* from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, dated February 29, 2012; and this Court having found that this is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2); and that this Court may enter a final order consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution; and this Court having found that venue of this proceeding and the Motion in this district is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409; and this Court having found that the relief requested in the Motion is in the best interests of the

¹ The Debtors in these Chapter 11 Cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, are: First Guaranty Mortgage Corporation (9575); and Maverick II Holdings, LLC (5621). The Debtors' mailing address is 5800 Tennyson Parkway, Suite 450, Plano, TX 75024.

² Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

Debtors' estates, their creditors, and other parties in interest; and this Court having found that the Debtors' notice of the Motion and opportunity for a hearing on the Motion were appropriate and no other notice need be provided; the relief sought in the Motion having been approved on an Interim Basis (D.I. __); and this Court having reviewed the Motion and having heard the statements in support of the relief requested therein at a hearing before this Court (the "Hearing"); and this Court having determined that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and at the Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and upon all of the proceedings had before this Court; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. The Motion is granted on a final basis as set forth herein.
- 2. All objections to the Motion or the relief requested therein that have not been withdrawn, waived, or settled, and all reservation of rights included therein, hereby are overruled on the merits.
- 3. The Vendor Agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit**1, is approved in its entirety. A Vendor Agreement, once agreed to and accepted by the Critical Vendor, shall be the legally binding contractual relationship between the parties governing the commercial trade relationship as provided therein.
- 4. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to pay the Critical Vendor Claims; *provided*, *that*, such payments shall not exceed \$800,000 in the aggregate unless otherwise ordered by the Court after notice and a hearing; *provided*, *however*, that the Debtors shall provide five (5) business days written notice to the DIP Agent and its professionals before paying a Critical

Vendor Claim in excess of \$10,000, which notice shall include (i) the name of the Critical Vendor, (ii) the amount of the proposed payment, (iii) the estimated total Critical Vendor Claim of such Critical Vendor and whether the Debtors are aware of a Critical Vendor Claim that could be asserted under section 503(b)(9) of the Bankruptcy Code, (iv) the Customary Trade Terms (as defined below), (v) a copy of the Vendor Agreement, and (vi) such other information the DIP Agent may reasonably request.

5. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, to pay the Critical Vendor Claims, in whole or in part, upon such terms and in the manner provided in this Order regardless of whether a Critical Vendor has executed a Vendor Agreement; provided that, if any Critical Vendor accepts payment hereunder and does not continue supplying goods or services to the Debtors in accordance with trade terms at least as favorable to the Debtors as those practices and programs (including credit limits, pricing, cash discounts, timing of payments, allowances, availability, and other programs) in place 12 months prior to the Petition Date, or such other trade terms that are acceptable to the Debtors (collectively, the "Customary Trade Terms"), then: (a) the Debtors may then take any and all appropriate steps to cause such Critical Vendor to repay payments made to it on account of its prepetition claim to the extent that such payments exceed the postpetition amounts then owing to such Critical Vendor; (b) upon recovery by the Debtors, any prepetition claim of such party shall be reinstated as if the payment had not been made; and (c) if there exists an outstanding postpetition balance due from the Debtors to such party, the Debtors may elect to re-characterize and apply any payment made pursuant to the relief requested by the Motion to such outstanding postpetition balance and such supplier or vendor will be required to repay to the Debtors such paid amounts that exceed the postpetition obligations then outstanding without the right of any setoffs, claims, provisions for payment of any claims, or otherwise.

- 6. All payments authorized by this Final Order may be made solely to the extent in compliance with the Approved Budget (as defined in the interim or final order authorizing the Debtors to obtain postpetition senior secured financing and related relief (the "<u>DIP Order</u>")) then in effect. To the extent there is any inconsistency between the terms of this Final Order and the DIP Order, the DIP Order shall control.
- 7. Nothing herein shall impair or prejudice the Debtors' ability to contest, in its discretion, or any other party's ability to contest, the extent, perfection, priority, validity, or amounts of any claims held by any Critical Vendor.
- 8. The banks and financial institutions on which checks were drawn or electronic payment requests made in payment of the prepetition obligations approved herein are authorized to receive, process, honor, and pay all such checks and electronic payment requests when presented for payment, and all such banks and financial institutions are authorized to rely on the Debtors' designation of any particular check or electronic payment request as approved by this Order.
- 9. The contents of the Motion satisfy the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6003(b).
 - 10. Notice of the Motion satisfies the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a).
- 11. This Court retains jurisdiction to enforce and implement the terms and provisions of this Order and the Agreement, all amendments thereto, any waivers and consents

thereunder, and of each of the agreements executed in connection therewith in all respects, and retains jurisdiction over any disputes with respect thereto.

- 12. The Debtors are authorized to take any and all actions that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Order and execute any and all documents necessary to implement this Order.
- 13. As provided by Bankruptcy Rules 6004(g) and 6006(d), this Order shall not be stayed for fourteen (14) days after the entry thereof and shall be effective and enforceable immediately upon its entry on this Court's docket.

EXHIBIT 1

(Form of Critical Vendor Agreement)

TO: [Critical Vendors] [Name] [Address]
Dear Valued Supplier:
As you are aware, First Guaranty Mortgage Corporation and certain affiliates (the "Company") filed voluntary petitions for relief under chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Case" and the "Bankruptcy Court," respectively) on June, 2022 (the "Petition Date"). On the Petition Date, the Company requested the Bankruptcy Court's authority to pay the prebankruptcy claims of certain suppliers in recognition of the importance of the Company's relationship with such suppliers and its desire that the Bankruptcy Case has as little effect on the Company's ongoing business operations as possible. On [•], the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Order") authorizing the Company, under certain conditions, to pay the prepetition claims of certain trade creditors that agree to the terms set forth below and to be bound by the terms of the Order. A copy of the Order is enclosed.
In order to receive payment on account of prepetition claims, you must agree to continue to supply goods, or services, as applicable, to the Company based on Customary Trade Terms (as defined in the Order). In the Order, Customary Trade Terms are defined as the normal and customary trade terms, practices and programs (including credit limits, pricing, cash discounts, timing of payments, allowances, availability, and other programs), that were most favorable to the Company and in effect between you and the Company prior to the Petition Date, or such other trade terms as you and the Company agree.
For purposes of administration of this trade program as authorized by the Bankruptcy Court, you and the Company both agree that:
1. The estimated balance of the prepetition claim (net of any setoffs, credits or discounts) (the "Vendor Claim") that you will receive from the Company is \$
2. You agree to waive [all/a portion] of any general unsecured claim against the Company

in the amount of \$_____ arising out of the following invoices: _____.

[You will provide an open trade balance or credit line to the Company for delivery of

postpetition services, as applicable, in the amount of \$_____ (which shall not be less than the greater of the open trade balance outstanding: (a) on ______, or (b) on normal and customary terms on a historical basis before and up to the Petition Date).]

3.

4.	required, attach continuation pages):

11, 11

- 5. During the pendency of the Bankruptcy Case you will continue to extend to the Company all Customary Trade Terms.
- 6. You will not demand a lump sum payment upon consummation of a plan of reorganization in this chapter 11 case on account of any administrative expense priority claim that you assert, but instead agree that such claims will be paid in the ordinary course of business after consummation of a plan under applicable Customary Trade Terms, if the plan provides for the ongoing operations of the Company.
- 7. The undersigned, a duly authorized representative of [Critical Vendor], has reviewed the terms and provisions of the Order and agrees that [Critical Vendor] is bound by such terms;
- 8. You will not separately seek payment for reclamation and similar claims outside of the terms of the Order unless your participation in the Critical Vendor payment program authorized by the Order (the Critical Vendor Payment Program) is terminated;
- 9. You agree not to file or otherwise assert against the Company, the estate or any other person or entity or any of their respective assets or property (real or personal) any lien (regardless of the statute or other legal authority upon which such lien is asserted) related in any way to any remaining prepetition amounts allegedly owed to you by the Company arising from agreements entered into prior to the Petition Date. Further, you agree to take (at your own expense) all necessary steps to remove any such lien as soon as possible; and
- 10. In addition to any other obligations of confidentiality between you and the Company, you agree to hold in confidence and not disclose to any party: (a) the existence of this Vendor Agreement; (b) the terms of this Vendor Agreement and (c) the Customary Trade Terms (together, the "Confidential Information"); provided that if any party seeks to compel your disclosure of any or all of the Confidential Information, through judicial action or otherwise, or you intend to disclose any or all of the Confidential Information, you shall immediately provide the Company with prompt written notice so that the Company may seek an injunction, protective order or any other available remedy to prevent such disclosure; provided, further, that, if such remedy is not obtained, you shall furnish only such information as you are legally required to provide.
- 11. If either the Critical Vendor Payment Program or your participation therein terminates as provided in the Order, or you later refuse to continue to supply goods to the Company on Customary Trade Terms during the pendency of the Bankruptcy Case, any payments you

receive on account of your Vendor Claim will be deemed voidable postpetition transfers pursuant to section 549(a) of chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). You will immediately repay to the Company any payments made to you on account of your Vendor Claim to the extent that the aggregate amount of such payments exceeds the postpetition obligations then outstanding without giving effect to alleged setoff rights, recoupment rights, adjustments, or offsets of any type whatsoever. Your Vendor Claim shall be reinstated in such an amount so as to restore the Company and you to the same positions as would have existed if payment of the Vendor Claim had not been made.

12. Any dispute with respect to this letter agreement, the Order and/or your participation in the Critical Vendor Payment Program shall be determined by the Bankruptcy Court.

If you have any questions about this Agreement or our financial restructuring, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,
By:
Name] [Title]
Agreed and Accepted by: [Critical Vendor]
By: Its:
Dated: