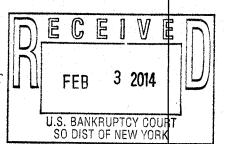
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IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK



IN REF,

RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, LLC, ET AL.,

DEBTORS

MARION L. JENKINS AND SHARON JENKINS,

Plaintiff,

VS.

RESIDENTIAL FUNDING COMPANY, LLC,

Defendant

Case No.: 12-12020(MG) / Adv. Case No. 12-01935

MOTION TO RECONSIDER JANUARY 24TH, 2014 ORDER DISMISSING PLAINTIFF'S ADVERSARY **COMPLAINT FOR LACK OF SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION**

Marion L. Jenkins and Sharon Jenkins, pro se, files this Motion seeking reconsideration of this Court's Order Dismissing Complaint for Lack of Subject Matter Jurisdiction (the "Motion") pursuant to Fed.R.Bankr.P.9023, and states as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

On January 24, 2014, this Court dismissed Defendants Wells Fargo and U.S. Bank from Plaintiff's Amended Complaint that was filed by the Plaintiff's because it could it concluded that it lacked subject matter jurisdiction to decide the issues presented by the Amended Complaint. This Court's reasoning was premised on its conclusion that it lacked both related to jurisdiction and supplemental jurisdiction to decide the case. While the Plaintiff disagrees with the Court's reasoning as to the former, its conclusions as to supplemental jurisdiction were premised on a mistake of fact. Contrary to the Court's finding on page 6, the Defendant's both have move to foreclose on Plaintiff's home.

The Court also erroneously concluded that Plaintiff failed to State a Claim upon which Relief can be granted by the entirety property interests. In fact, the sale of personal property that is a issue in the Amended Complaint is

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27 28 owned by the Plaintiff's and is subject to execution in aid of this Court's prior judgment, just as in a garnishment action.

The Court also erroneously concluded that Plaintiff failed to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. The fact that there are FOUR CORRECTED ASSIGNMENTS filed on Plaintiff's property are bogus and void. Which makes Plaintiffs claims valid in this adversary case.

DIVERSITY JURISDICTION EXISTS

As stated above, the Court erroneously found that the Plaintiff has been joined as a Plaintiff in this action, depriving the federal courts of diversity jurisdiction. The Plaintiff is not a Debtor but a Creditor. Accordingly, complete diversity exists, providing an independent ground for federal jurisdiction.

The Bankruptcy Court has a corresponding authority to the District Court to hear the matter. As adjuncts of the district courts, bankruptcy courts have the same inherent powers as any other federal court to be known as the bankruptcy court for the District. 29 U.S.C. § 151. This is particularly true in this matter where the Bankruptcy Court has refused to withdraw the reference due to the Bankruptcy Court's particular and unique knowledge of the facts at issue.

The Personal Property that is at issue is held by Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins as Owners. The Security Deed dated February 29, 2006. MERS was acting solely as a nominee for Lender Mortgage Lenders Network USA. On or about September 01, 2011 a CORRECTIVE ASSIGNMENT OF A CORRECTIVE ASSIGNMENT OF SECURITY DEED was done between Mortgage Electronic Registration System Inc., to U.S. Bank, National Association as Trustee for RASC 2005-EMX4. So where is the original assignment from GMAC?

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 59, as incorporated by Bankruptcy 9023, provides that a party in interest may file a motion to reconsider, alter or amend an order within ten(1)) days after the entry of an order. "Reconsideration is granted for the following reasons: (1) to provide for intervening changes in controlling law;(2) the availability of new evidence; or (3) to correct a clear error of law or prevent manifest injustice." Furthermore, in deciding whether to grant motions pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9023, the Court has considerable discretion.

In the instant case, the Court made two clear errors of law. If it were not for these errors, the Amended Complaint would not have been dismissed. The Court must reconsider its decision dismissing the Amended Complaint in light of these errors.

CONCLUSION

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1	For the reasons stated above, the Court should enter an order granting the Plaintiff's Motion to Reconsider Order
2	dismissing Adversary Proceeding for lack of subject matter jurisdiction.
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1.44	MARION L. JENKINS AND SHARON JENKINS
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8	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
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10	I Marion L. Jenkins and Sharon Jenkins, certify that on the 25th day of January, 2014 a true and correct copy of
11	the PLAINTIFF'S Notice of Appeal was forwarded via U.S. Mail, first class postage prepaid and properly
	addressed, to the following addresses shown below:
12	1. Stefan W. Engelhardt, MORRISON & FOERSTER LLP
13	1290 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10104
14	
15	 Residential Funding Company, LLC 8400 Normandale Lake Blvd Suite 350 Minneapolis, MN 55437
16	
17	 Mortgage Lenders Networks, USA Inc. Middlesex Corporate Center 213 Court Street 11th floor Middletown, CT 06457
18	4. Christopher L. Hawkins BRADLEY ARANT ROSE & WHITE LLP
19	1819 Fifth Avenue North Brimingham, Al 35203
20	5. U.S. Bank National As Trustee for RASC 2006-emx 4
21	Attn: Brian J. Grieco 1819 Fifth Avenue North Birmingham, AL 35203
22	6. Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC 2335 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245
23	7. Shapiro & Swerfeger, LLP Buke Building Suite 100 2872 Woodcook Blvd Atlanta, GA 30341.
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27	MARIONAL, JENKINS AND SHARON JENKINS
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