

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:)	
	)	Chapter 11
)	
CHAPARRAL ENERGY, INC., <i>et al.</i> , ¹	)	Case No. 20-11947 (MFW)
)	
Debtors.	)	(Jointly Administered)
)	
	)	Objection Deadline: September 8, 2020 at 4:00 p.m. (ET)
	)	Hearing Date: September 14, 2020 at 2:00 p.m. (ET)
)	
	)	Re: Docket Nos. 5 & 77

NOTICE OF (A) ENTRY OF INTERIM ORDER UNDER
11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) AND 541 AND FED. R. BANKR. P. 6003
(I) AUTHORIZING THE PAYMENT OF CERTAIN TAXES AND FEES AND
(II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF; AND (B) FINAL HEARING THEREON

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, on August 16, 2020, Chaparral Energy, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “**Debtors**”) filed the *Motion of Debtors for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Payment of Certain Taxes and Fees and (II) Granting Related Relief* [Docket No. 5] (the “**Motion**”) with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**Court**”). A copy of the Motion is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, following an initial hearing to consider the Motion on August 18, 2020, the Court entered the *Interim Order Under 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) and 541 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6003 (I) Authorizing the Payment*

¹ The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits (or five digits, in cases in which multiple Debtors have the same last four digits) of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: CEI Acquisition, L.L.C. (1817); CEI Pipeline, L.L.C. (6877); Chaparral Biofuels, L.L.C. (1066); Chaparral CO2, L.L.C. (1656); Chaparral Energy, Inc. (90941); Chaparral Energy, L.L.C. (20941); Chaparral Exploration, L.L.C. (1968); Chaparral Real Estate, L.L.C. (1655); Chaparral Resources, L.L.C. (1710); Charles Energy, L.L.C. (3750); Chestnut Energy, L.L.C. (9730); Green Country Supply, Inc. (2723); Roadrunner Drilling, L.L.C. (2399); and Trabajo Energy, L.L.C. (9753). The Debtors’ address is 701 Cedar Lake Boulevard, Oklahoma City, OK 73114.

of Certain Taxes and Fees and (II) Granting Related Relief [Docket No. 77] (the “**Interim Order**”). A copy of the Interim Order is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to the Interim Order, objections or responses to the final relief requested in the Motion, if any, must be made in writing, filed with the Court on or before **September 8, 2020 at 4:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time)**.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to the Interim Order, the final hearing with respect to the Motion, if required, will be held before The Honorable Mary F. Walrath at the Court, 824 North Market Street, 5th Floor, Courtroom 4, Wilmington, Delaware 19801 on **September 14, 2020 at 2:00 p.m. (prevailing Eastern Time)**.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE THAT, IF NO OBJECTIONS TO THE MOTION ARE TIMELY FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS NOTICE, THE COURT MAY GRANT THE FINAL RELIEF REQUESTED IN THE MOTION WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE OR HEARING.

Dated: August 18, 2020
Wilmington, Delaware

/s/ Christopher M. De Lillo

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EXHIBIT A

Motion

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

CHAPARRAL ENERGY, INC., *et al.*,¹

Debtors.

)
) Chapter 11
)
) Case No. 20-____ (____)
)
) (Joint Administration Requested)
)

**MOTION OF DEBTORS FOR ENTRY OF INTERIM AND FINAL ORDERS
(I) AUTHORIZING THE PAYMENT OF CERTAIN TAXES AND FEES AND (II)
GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Chaparral Energy, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “**Debtors**”) in the above-captioned cases (the “**Chapter 11 Cases**”), hereby move (this “**Motion**”) for entry of interim and final orders, substantially in the forms attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and **Exhibit B** (respectively, the “**Interim Order**” and the “**Final Order**”), granting the relief described below. In support thereof, the Debtors refer to the contemporaneously filed *Declaration of Charles Duginski in Support of Chapter 11 Petitions and First Day Pleadings* (the “**First Day Declaration**”) and further represent as follows:

JURISDICTION

1. The United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**Court**”) has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware*, dated February 29, 2012. This matter is a core proceeding within the meaning of 28

¹ The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits (or five digits, in cases in which multiple Debtors have the same last four digits) of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: CEI Acquisition, L.L.C. (1817); CEI Pipeline, L.L.C. (6877); Chaparral Biofuels, L.L.C. (1066); Chaparral CO2, L.L.C. (1656); Chaparral Energy, Inc. (90941); Chaparral Energy, L.L.C. (20941); Chaparral Exploration, L.L.C. (1968); Chaparral Real Estate, L.L.C. (1655); Chaparral Resources, L.L.C. (1710); Charles Energy, L.L.C. (3750); Chestnut Energy, L.L.C. (9730); Green Country Supply, Inc. (2723); Roadrunner Drilling, L.L.C. (2399); and Trabajo Energy, L.L.C. (9753). The Debtors’ address is 701 Cedar Lake Boulevard, Oklahoma City, OK 73114.

U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). Pursuant to Rule 9013-1(f) of the Local Rules of Bankruptcy Practice and Procedure of the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the “**Local Rules**”), the Debtors consent to the entry of a final order by the Court in connection with this Motion to the extent that it is later determined that the Court, absent consent of the parties, cannot enter final orders or judgments consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution.

2. Venue of the Chapter 11 Cases and related proceedings is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

3. The statutory predicates for the relief requested herein are sections 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) and 541 of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532 (the “**Bankruptcy Code**”) and Rules 6003 and 6004 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the “**Bankruptcy Rules**”).

BACKGROUND

4. On August 16, 2020 (the “**Petition Date**”), the Debtors filed voluntary petitions in this Court commencing the Chapter 11 Cases. The Debtors continue to manage and operate their businesses as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee or examiner has been requested in the Chapter 11 Cases and no committees have yet been appointed.

5. The Debtors commenced the Chapter 11 Cases to implement their comprehensive, prepackaged plan of reorganization (the “**Plan**”). The Plan is the result of extensive negotiations between the Debtors, their revolving lenders, and their unsecured noteholders, who have agreed on a comprehensive balance sheet restructuring that will reduce the Debtors’ debt burden and increase liquidity. Holders of more than 75% of the Debtors’ outstanding revolving loans and more than 75% of the Debtors’ outstanding unsecured notes

have documented their support for the Plan and the Chapter 11 Cases by executing a restructuring support agreement prior to the Petition Date. Under the Plan, the Debtors will equitize all of their approximately \$300 million of unsecured notes, eliminating a significant portion of their prepetition debt, and convert the revolving loans into an exit facility. Importantly, the Plan contemplates that allowed general unsecured claims will remain unimpaired and be paid in full or “ride through” the Chapter 11 Cases.

6. Additional information about the Debtors, including their business operations, their capital structure and prepetition indebtedness, and the events leading to the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, is set forth in detail in the First Day Declaration, which is incorporated herein by reference.

RELIEF REQUESTED

7. By this Motion, pursuant to sections 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, and Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004, the debtors request entry of an interim order and final order authorizing the Debtors, in their sole discretion, to pay, in their sole discretion, any tax and fee obligations, whether asserted prior to, on or after the Petition Date, including any obligations subsequently determined upon audit or otherwise to be owed for periods prior to the Petition Date, and including, without limitation, property, severance, withholding, franchise, sales, use, excise, and income taxes, as well as certain other business, environmental, governmental, and regulatory fees and assessments (collectively, the “**Taxes and Fees**”)² owing to various federal, state and local governmental entities, including taxing and licensing authorities (collectively, the “**Governmental Authorities**”).

² The Debtors incur various taxes related to their employees and are separately required to withhold certain amounts from each employee’s paycheck on account of things such as social security and FICA. Such payroll, withholding and other employee-related tax obligations are separately addressed in the *Motion of Debtors for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (i) Authorizing the Debtors to (a) Pay Prepetition Workforce Obligations,*

8. A non-exclusive list of Governmental Authorities (the “**Governmental Authorities List**”) is attached hereto as **Exhibit C**. Although the Debtors believe that the Governmental Authorities List is substantially complete, and the Debtors have exercised their reasonable best efforts, the Debtors request the relief be made applicable to all Governmental Authorities and not solely to those Governmental Authorities listed on the Governmental Authorities List.

9. For the avoidance of doubt, the requested authorization would be without prejudice to the Debtors’ rights to contest the amounts of any Taxes and Fees on any grounds they deem appropriate and extend to the payment of Taxes and Fees relating to tax audits that have been completed, are in progress or arise from prepetition periods.

10. In addition, the Debtors request that the Court authorize all banks and financial institutions to receive, process, honor, pay, and, if necessary, reissue all prepetition and postpetition checks, including prepetition checks and electronic payment and transfer requests that the Debtors reissue or re-request postpetition, drawn on the bank accounts used by the Debtors to satisfy their obligations in connection with the Taxes and Fees approved herein, upon receipt by each bank or financial institution of notice of such authorization, provided that sufficient funds are on deposit in the applicable accounts to cover such payments. The Debtors additionally request that the Court authorize them to issue new postpetition checks to replace any checks that may nevertheless be dishonored and to reimburse any expenses that holders of claims in connection with the Taxes and Fees may incur as a result of any bank’s failure to honor a prepetition check.

(b) Continue Workforce Programs and Pay Related Administrative Obligations, (c) Pay Withholding and Payroll Related Taxes, (ii) Authorizing Financial Institutions to Honor and Process Related Checks and Fund Transfers, and (iii) Granting Related Relief, which is contemporaneously filed herewith.

11. As set forth below, the Taxes and Fees at issue are appropriate for payment to the extent that they are priority or secured claims that are payable in full or, alternatively, under the personal liability theory or the doctrine of necessity. By paying the Taxes and Fees in the ordinary course of business, as and when due, the Debtors will avoid unnecessary disputes with the Governmental Authorities—and expenditures of time and money resulting from such disputes—over myriad issues that are typically raised by the Governmental Authorities as they attempt to enforce their rights to collect Taxes and Fees.

DEBTORS' TAX OBLIGATIONS

12. Prior to the Petition Date, the Debtors incurred obligations to federal, state and local governments. Although as of the Petition Date, the Debtors were substantially current in the payment of assessed and undisputed Taxes and Fees, certain Taxes and Fees attributable to the prepetition period may not yet have become due. Certain prepetition Taxes and Fees may not be due until the applicable monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual payment dates—in some cases immediately and in others not until next year. In 2019, the Debtors paid approximately \$4,454,000 on account of Taxes and Fees. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that they have accrued liabilities, which are not yet due, in the approximate amount of \$1,060,000 on account of Taxes and Fees. The Debtors' estimated Taxes and Fees are summarized below:

Category	Description	Interim Amount	Final Amount (Inclusive of Interim Amount)
Property Taxes	Taxes and obligations related to real and personal property holdings	\$0	\$220,000
Severance Taxes	Taxes on account of severing natural resources, such as oil and gas, from the land	\$450,000	\$450,000

Royalty Withholding Taxes	Taxes required on account of mineral royalty payments to third parties	\$45,000	\$220,000
Franchise Taxes	Taxes required to conduct business in the ordinary course	\$45,000	\$160,000
Sales, Use, and Excise Taxes	Taxes related to the sale and use of certain goods and services	\$0	\$0
Income Taxes	Taxes on net income for corporate income	\$0	\$0
Regulatory Fees and Other Miscellaneous Taxes	Fees related to business, administrative, environmental, and regulatory assessments	\$10,000	\$10,000
Total		\$ 550,000	\$1,060,000

A. Property Taxes

13. The Debtors incur various state and local property taxes against the Debtors' real and personal property (collectively, the "**Property Taxes**"). The Debtors are generally required to pay Property Taxes on an annual basis to avoid the imposition and/or enforcement of statutory liens on their real or personal property. In 2019, the Debtors paid approximately \$365,000 on account of Property Taxes.

14. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that the amount of accrued but unpaid Property Taxes is approximately \$220,000,³ none of which will become due and owing within the interim period of these Chapter 11 Cases.

B. Severance Taxes

15. The Debtors are also required to pay taxes imposed in connection with the removal of nonrenewable resources such as crude oil and natural gas (collectively, the

³ The Debtors are estimated to pay a lower amount of Property Taxes in 2020 as compared to 2019 due to the sale of certain of the Debtors' properties.

“Severance Taxes”). Severance Taxes are calculated as a percentage of either the value or volume of oil and gas produced, or some combination thereof, depending upon the jurisdiction. The failure to pay the Severance Taxes when due could result in penalties, liens to secure payment of outstanding Severance Taxes, and disruption of the Debtors’ operations. The Debtors pay Severance Taxes on a monthly basis. In 2019, the Debtors paid approximately \$2,480,000 on account of Severance Taxes.

16. In certain circumstances, the Debtors may be entitled to a refund of the portion of the Severance Taxes upon review and approval of the applicable taxing authority for certain qualifying producing wells, including, but not limited to, horizontally drilled wells, enhanced oil recovery projects, high-cost gas wells, and economically at-risk wells. If the Debtors receive a refund on the portion of the Severance Taxes, to the extent the Debtors serve as an operator for certain oil and gas leases, the Debtors will remit the *pro rata* share of the refund to the royalty interest owners and working interest owners of the oil and gas lease.

17. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that the amount of accrued but unpaid Severance Taxes is approximately \$450,000, of which approximately \$450,000 will become due and owing within the interim period of these Chapter 11 Cases.

C. Royalty Withholding Taxes

18. In the ordinary course of business, the Debtors pay mineral royalty payments to third parties. Certain Governmental Authorities require the Debtors to withhold and remit taxes on account of such mineral royalty payments (collectively, **“Royalty Withholding Taxes”**). The Royalty Withholding Taxes are a form of income tax, and are paid to the Internal Revenue Service, the applicable taxing authority, or both. In 2019, the Debtors paid approximately \$1,250,000 on account of Royalty Withholding Taxes.

19. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that the amount of accrued but unpaid Royalty Withholding Taxes is approximately \$220,000, of which approximately \$45,000 will become due and owing within the interim period of these Chapter 11 Cases.

D. Franchise Taxes

20. The Debtors incur various state franchise taxes (the “**Franchise Taxes**”). The Debtors are required to pay Franchise Taxes in order to remain in good standing and continue conducting their businesses pursuant to applicable state and local laws. In 2019, the Debtors paid approximately \$310,000 on account of Franchise Taxes.

21. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that the amount of accrued but unpaid Franchise Taxes is approximately \$160,000, of which approximately \$45,000 will become due and owing within the interim period of these Chapter 11 Cases.

E. Sales, Use, and Excise Taxes

22. The Debtors collect or incur various state and local taxes in connection with the Debtors’ drilling and exploration services and the Debtors’ sale of oil and natural gas (collectively, “**Sales, Use, and Excise Taxes**”). Sales, Use, and Excise Taxes are essentially general consumption taxes charged at the point of purchase for certain goods and services, which are usually set up by the applicable Governmental Authority as a percentage of the price of the good or service purchased, and may also be charged for certain activities such as highway transportation. Additionally, the Debtors purchase a variety of equipment, materials, and supplies necessary for the operation of their business from vendors who may not operate in the state where the property is to be delivered and, therefore, do not charge the Debtors sales tax in connection with such purchases. In these cases, applicable law generally requires the Debtors to subsequently pay use taxes on such purchases. The Debtors are required to pay Sales, Use, and

Excise Taxes on a monthly or quarterly basis, as applicable. In 2019, the Debtors paid approximately \$32,000 on account of Sales, Use, and Excise Taxes.

23. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that the amount of accrued but unpaid Sales, Use, and Excise Taxes is approximately \$0, none of which will become due and owing within the interim period of these Chapter 11 Cases.

F. Income Taxes

24. The Debtors incur various corporate income taxes on their taxable net income (collectively, “**Income Taxes**”). Income Taxes are generally calculated as a percentage of net or gross income, as applicable. The Debtors are required to pay Income Taxes on an annual basis in order to remain in good standing and continue conducting their businesses pursuant to applicable federal, state, and local laws. State Income Taxes are generally calculated as a percentage of net income, but certain states assess a minimum amount of Income Taxes for doing business in that state regardless of net income. In 2019, the Debtors did not pay any amount on account of Income Taxes due to net losses from operations.

25. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that the amount of accrued but unpaid Income Taxes is approximately \$0, none of which will become due and owing within the interim period of these Chapter 11 Cases.

G. Regulatory Fees and Other Miscellaneous Taxes

26. The Debtors incur, in the ordinary course of business, certain regulatory fees and assessments, permitting fees, licensing fees, levies, and other miscellaneous taxes related to business, administrative, and environmental rules and regulations (the “**Regulatory Fees and Other Miscellaneous Taxes**”). The Debtors remit these fees to the relevant Governmental Authorities on a timely basis as required by the relevant Governmental

Authorities. In 2019, the Debtors paid approximately \$17,000 on account of Regulatory Fees and other Miscellaneous Taxes.

27. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors estimate that the amount of accrued but unpaid Regulatory Fees and other Miscellaneous Taxes is approximately \$10,000, of which approximately \$10,000 will become due and owing within the interim period of these Chapter 11 Cases.

APPLICABLE AUTHORITY

A. Certain of the Taxes and Fees May Be Secured or Priority Claims Entitled to Special Treatment Under the Bankruptcy Code.

28. Claims for certain Taxes and Fees are either secured by statutory liens or entitled to priority status. To the extent that the Taxes and Fees are priority claims pursuant to section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code or secured claims pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, their payment should be authorized on the basis that (a) they are required to be paid in full as a condition to satisfying the plan confirmation requirements contained in section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code or (b) they would be entitled to payment before any prepetition non-priority unsecured claim.

29. If the Taxes and Fees are deemed priority claims, section 1129(a)(9)(C) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that they be paid no less favorably than through regular installment payments, over a period not exceeding five (5) years after the Petition Date, of a total value as of the effective date of the plan equal to the allowed amount of each such claim. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(C).

30. If the Taxes and Fees are deemed secured claims that would (but for such secured status) fall under the rubric of section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code, then section 1129(a)(9)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that they be paid no less favorably than through

regular installment payments, over a period not exceeding five years after the Petition Date, of a total value as of the effective date of the plan equal to the allowed amount of each such claim. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(D) (referring back to 11 U.S.C. § 1129(a)(9)(C)). Otherwise, section 1129(b)(2)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that they be satisfied through deferred cash payments totaling at least the allowed amount of each such claim, of a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the value of the collateral securing the claim, with a continuation of the liens against the collateral; or if the collateral is to be sold, that the lien securing the claim attach to the proceeds of sale; or that the holder realize the indubitable equivalent of the claim. *See* 11 U.S.C. § 1129(b)(2)(A); *see also Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. v. Bugg (In re Bugg)*, 172 B.R. 781, 785 (E.D. Pa. 1994) (“The ‘fair and equitable’ standard requires that a secured claim holder retain its lien and receive deferred cash payments totaling [sic] at least the allowed amount of the claimant’s secured claim and a present value equal to the value of its collateral.”).

31. Because of the likelihood that the vast majority of the Taxes and Fees constitute either priority claims under section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code or secured claims under section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors’ payment of the Taxes and Fees now, in all likelihood, will affect only the timing of the payments and not the amounts to be received by the Governmental Authorities. Moreover, by paying legitimate tax claims now, the Debtors will avoid any unnecessary fees, interest or penalties that might otherwise be asserted. Other creditors and parties in interest, therefore, will not be prejudiced if the relief sought herein is granted by this Court.

B. Payment of the Taxes and Fees as Provided Herein Is a Sound Exercise of the Debtors’ Business Judgment.

32. This Court may also authorize the Debtors to pay Taxes and Fees under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, which provides that “[t]he trustee, after notice and a

hearing, may use, sell or lease, other than in the ordinary course of business, property of the estate.” 11 U.S.C. § 363(b)(1). Courts have indicated that the use of property of the estate outside of the ordinary course of business is proper where the debtor in possession has articulated “some business justification, other than the mere appeasement of major creditors.” *In re Ionosphere Clubs, Inc.*, 98 B.R. 174, 175 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1989); *see also Institutional Creditors of Cont’l Airlines, Inc. v. Cont’l Airlines, Inc. (In re Cont’l Airlines, Inc.)*, 780 F.2d 1223, 1226 (5th Cir. 1986) (holding that section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that “there must be some articulated business justification for using, selling or leasing the property outside the ordinary course of business”); *Comm. of Equity Sec. Holders v. Lionel Corp. (In re Lionel Corp.)*, 722 F.2d 1063, 1071 (2d Cir. 1983) (“[A] judge determining a § 363(b) application [must] expressly find . . . a good business reason to grant such an application.”); *Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Ltd. v. Montgomery Ward Holding Corp. (In re Montgomery Ward Holding Corp.)*, 242 B.R. 147 (D. Del. 1999) (“In determining whether to authorize the use, sale or lease of property of the estate under [Section 363], courts require the debtor to show that a sound business purposes justified such actions.”).

33. The relief requested herein easily satisfies the foregoing standards. Failure to pay the Taxes and Fees to the Governmental Authorities in full and on time, thereby risking the cessation of normal relations between the Governmental Authorities and the Debtors, will make these estates worse off than they will be having paid the Taxes and Fees. It is in the best interests of the Debtors’ estates that the Taxes and Fees be paid on time so as to avoid administrative difficulties. Failure to timely pay, or a precautionary withholding by the Debtors of payment of, the Taxes and Fees may cause the Governmental Authorities to take precipitous action, including an increase in audits, a flurry of lien filings and significant administrative

maneuvering at the expense of the Debtors' time and resources. Prompt and regular payment of the Taxes and Fees will avoid this unnecessary governmental action.

34. Additionally, many federal, state, and local statutes also impose personal liability on officers and directors of companies for nonpayment of certain types of taxes. It is in the best interests of the Debtors' estates and consistent with the principles of the Bankruptcy Code to eliminate the possibility that officers and directors will become subject to lawsuits or proceedings for any unpaid Taxes and Fees that would distract them from devoting their full attention to the Debtors' business and orderly administration of these Chapter 11 Cases.

35. Alternatively, authorization to pay the Taxes and Fees is appropriate under the "doctrine of necessity," which is grounded in section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Section 105(a) provides that the Court "may issue any order, process or judgment that is necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title." 11 U.S.C. § 105(a). The purpose of this section is to grant bankruptcy courts the authority to take actions necessary to exercise their power under the Bankruptcy Code.

36. The doctrine of necessity is a well-settled doctrine that permits a bankruptcy court to authorize payment of certain prepetition claims prior to the completion of the reorganization process where the payment of such claims is necessary to the reorganization. *See In re Just for Feet, Inc.*, 242 B.R. 821, 826 (D. Del. 1999) (stating that where the debtor "cannot survive" absent payment of certain prepetition claims, the doctrine of necessity should be invoked to permit payment of key inventory suppliers' prepetition claims when such suppliers could destroy debtor's business by refusing to deliver new inventory on eve of debtor's key sales season);⁴ *see also In re Columbia Gas Sys., Inc.*, 171 B.R. 189, 191-92 (Bankr. D. Del. 1994)

⁴ The Court's power to utilize the doctrine of necessity in chapter 11 cases derives from the Court's inherent equity powers and its statutory authority to "issue any order, process or judgment that is necessary or

(reiterating court’s own statement in a prior ruling that “[i]n the Third Circuit the law is clear that to justify payment of one class of pre-petition creditors in advance of a confirmed plan, the debtor must show that payment is essential to the continued operation of the business.”); *In re Sharon Steel Corp.*, 159 B.R. 730, 736 (Bankr. W.D. Pa. 1993) (“The Third Circuit has adopted the ‘necessity of payment’ doctrine.”); *In re NVR L.P.*, 147 B.R. 126, 127 (Bankr. E.D. Va. 1992) (“[T]he court can permit pre-plan payment of a pre-petition obligation when essential to the continued operation of the debtor.”).

C. Certain of the Taxes and Fees May Not Be Property of the Debtors’ Estates.

37. Certain of the Taxes and Fees may constitute so-called “trust fund” taxes, which are required to be collected from third parties and held in trust for payment to the Governmental Units. Such taxes are not considered property of the estates under section 541(d) of the Bankruptcy Code. *See Begier v. IRS*, 496 U.S. 53, 63-67 (1990) (trust fund taxes are not property of estate); *see also City of Farrell v. Sharon Steel Corp.*, 41 F.3d 92, 96 (3d Cir. 1994) (withheld taxes were subject to a trust); *Official Comm. of Unsecured Creditors of the Columbia Gas Transmission Corp. v. Columbia Gas Sys. Inc. (In re Columbia Gas Sys. Inc.)*, 997 F.2d 1039, 1061-62 (3d Cir. 1993) (refunds required to be collected by federal law created trust fund that was not property of the debtor’s estate); *Shank v. Wash. State Dep’t of Revenue, Excise Tax Div. (In re Shank)*, 792 F.2d 829, 830 (9th Cir. 1986) (sales tax required by state law to be collected by sellers from their customers is “trust fund” tax); *DeChiaro v. N.Y. State Tax*

appropriate to carry out the provisions of this title.” 11 U.S.C. § 105(a). The United States Supreme Court first articulated the doctrine of necessity over a century ago, in *Miltenberger v. Logansport Ry. Co.*, 106 U.S. 286 (1882), in affirming the authorization by the lower court of the use of receivership funds to pay pre-receivership debts owed to employees, vendors and suppliers, among others, when such payments were necessary to preserve the receivership property and the integrity of the business in receivership. *See id.* at 309-14. The modern application of the doctrine of necessity is largely unchanged from the Court’s reasoning in *Miltenberger*. *See In re Lehigh & New Eng. Ry. Co.*, 657 F.2d 570, 581-82 (3d Cir. 1981) (“[I]n order to justify payment under the ‘necessity of payment’ rule, a real and immediate threat must exist that failure to pay will place the continued operation of the [debtor] in serious jeopardy.”).

Comm'n, 760 F.2d 432, 433-34 (2d Cir. 1985) (same); *In re Al Copeland Enters., Inc.*, 133 B.R. 837, 841-42 (Bankr. W.D. Tex. 1991) (debtor obligated to pay Texas sales taxes plus interest because such taxes were “trust fund” taxes), *aff’d*, 991 F.2d 233 (5th Cir. 1993). The Debtors, therefore, arguably have no equitable interest in the Taxes and Fees that are trust fund taxes and are obligated to pay over the collected amounts.

38. In these Chapter 11 Cases, the Debtors’ focus is on addressing their operational and financial issues in a manner that will maximize recoveries. In this context, the payment of the Taxes and Fees is insignificant and will have no meaningful effect on the recoveries of creditors in the Chapter 11 Cases, particularly in view of the priority or secured status of a significant portion of such obligations. Moreover, the payment amount will likely be offset in no small part by the amount of postpetition resources that the Debtors will conserve by obviating the need to spend time and money to address disputes with the Governmental Authorities that are unnecessary and wasteful of the resources of the Debtors and this Court.

39. In fact, numerous courts in this jurisdiction have granted relief similar to that requested herein. *See, e.g., In re Vivus, Inc.*, Case No. 20-11779 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. July 10, 2020); *In re Pyxus International, Inc.*, Case No. 20-11570 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. June 16, 2020); *In re Longview Power, LLC*, Case No. 20-10951 (BLS) (Bankr. D. Del. May 18, 2020); *In re Boy Scouts of Am. & Del. BSA, LLC*, Case No. 20-10343 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Apr. 8, 2020); *In re Cosi, Inc.*, Case No. 20-10417 (BLS) (Bankr. D. Del. Mar. 17, 2020); *In re RentPath Holdings, Inc.*, Case No. 20-10312 (BLS) (Bankr. D. Del. Mar. 10, 2020); *In re Bumble Bee Parent, Inc.*, Case No. 19-12502 (LSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Dec. 19, 2019); *In re Pernix Sleep, Inc.*, Case No. 19-10323 (CSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 21, 2019); *In re TerraVia Holdings, Inc.*, Case No. 17-11655 (CCS) (Bankr. D. Del. Aug. 3, 2017); *In re Bonanza Creek Energy, Inc.*, Case No.

17-10015 (KJC) (Bankr. D. Del. Jan. 5, 2017). The Debtors submit that the present circumstances warrant similar relief in the Chapter 11 Cases.

APPLICABLE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS SHOULD BE AUTHORIZED TO HONOR AND PROCESS RELATED CHECKS AND TRANSFERS

40. The Debtors also request that all applicable financial institutions be authorized to (a) receive, process, honor, and pay all checks presented for payment of, and to honor all fund transfer requests made by the Debtors related to, the claims that the Debtors request authority to pay in this Motion, regardless of whether the checks were presented or fund transfer requests were submitted before, on, or after the Petition Date and (b) rely on the Debtors' designation of any particular check as approved by the Proposed Orders.

BANKRUPTCY RULE 6003 HAS BEEN SATISFIED AND BANKRUPTCY RULE 6004 SHOULD BE WAIVED

41. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 6003, the Court may grant relief regarding a motion to pay all or part of a prepetition claim within twenty-one days after the Petition Date if the relief is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm. *See* Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6003(b). Based on the foregoing, the Debtors submit that they have satisfied the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6003(b) because the relief set forth in Exhibit A is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm.

42. To the extent that any aspect of the relief sought herein constitutes a use of property under section 363(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtors request a waiver of the notice requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and the fourteen day stay under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h). As described above, the relief that the Debtors request in this Motion is immediately necessary in order for the Debtors to be able to continue to operate their businesses and preserve the value of their estates. The Debtors respectfully request that the Court waive the notice requirements imposed by Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and the fourteen day stay imposed by

Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h), as the exigent nature of the relief sought herein justifies immediate relief.

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

43. Nothing contained herein is intended or should be construed as, or deemed to constitute (a) an admission as to the amount, basis for, or validity of any agreement or claim against the Debtors under the Bankruptcy Code or applicable nonbankruptcy law; (b) a waiver or impairment of the Debtors' or any other party in interest's right to dispute any claim; (c) a promise or requirement to pay any particular claim; (d) an implication or admission that any particular claim is of the type specified or defined in this Motion; (e) a request or authorization to assume, adopt, or reject any agreement, contract, or lease pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code; (f) an admission as to the validity, priority, enforceability, or perfection of any lien on, security interest in, or other encumbrance on property of the Debtors' estates; or (g) a waiver of any claims or causes of action which may exist against any entity under the Bankruptcy Code or applicable law. If the Court grants the relief sought herein, any payment made pursuant to the Court's order is not intended and should not be construed as an admission as to the validity of any particular claim or a waiver of the Debtors' rights to subsequently dispute such claim.

NOTICE

44. Notice of this Motion will be given to: (a) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware; (b) the administrative agent for the Debtors' prepetition revolving credit facility; (c) counsel to the administrative agent for the Debtors' prepetition revolving credit facility; (d) the indenture trustee under the Debtors' 8.750% senior notes due 2023; (e) Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP and Young, Conaway, Stargatt & Taylor, LLP, as

counsel to the ad hoc group of holders of the 8.750% senior notes due 2023; (f) the Internal Revenue Service; (g) the Environmental Protection Agency and similar state environmental agencies for states in which the Debtors conduct business; (h) the United States Attorney for the District of Delaware; (i) the Attorneys General for the states of Oklahoma and Texas; (j) counsel to Naylor Farms, Inc. and Harrel's LLC, as lead plaintiffs in the action captioned *Naylor Farms, Inc., individually and as class representative on behalf of all similarly situated persons v. Chaparral Energy, L.L.C.*, Case No. 11-00634 (W.D. Ok. 2011); (k) the parties included on the Debtors' consolidated list of twenty (20) largest unsecured creditors; (l) applicable financial institutions; (m) the Governmental Authorities; and (n) any party that is entitled to notice pursuant to Local Rule 9013-1(m) (collectively, the "**Notice Parties**"). The Debtors submit that, under the circumstances, no other or further notice is required.

WHEREFORE, the Debtors respectfully request that the Court enter the Interim Order and the Final Order, substantially in the forms attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and **Exhibit B**, respectively, granting the relief requested in the Motion and such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

Dated: August 16, 2020
Wilmington, Delaware

/s/ John H. Knight

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Amanda R. Steele (No. 5530)
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- and -

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*Proposed Counsel for Debtors and
Debtors in Possession*

EXHIBIT A

Proposed Interim Order

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:)	
	)	Chapter 11
)	
CHAPARRAL ENERGY, INC., <i>et al.</i> , ¹	)	Case No. 20-____ (____)
)	
Debtors.	)	(Jointly Administered)
)	

**INTERIM ORDER UNDER 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) AND 541
AND FED. R. BANKR. P. 6003 (I) AUTHORIZING THE PAYMENT OF CERTAIN
TAXES AND FEES AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Upon the motion (the “**Motion**”)² of Chaparral Energy, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “**Debtors**”) in the Chapter 11 Cases for entry of an Interim Order and Final Order, pursuant to sections 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, and Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004, authorizing the Debtors, in their sole discretion, to pay any Taxes and Fees owing to the Governmental Authorities; and the Court having jurisdiction to consider the matters raised in the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware*, dated February 29, 2012; and the Court having authority to hear the matters raised in the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157; and venue being proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409; and consideration of the Motion and the requested relief being a core proceeding that the Court can determine pursuant to 28 U.S.C.

¹ The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits (or five digits, in cases in which multiple Debtors have the same last four digits) of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: CEI Acquisition, L.L.C. (1817); CEI Pipeline, L.L.C. (6877); Chaparral Biofuels, L.L.C. (1066); Chaparral CO2, L.L.C. (1656); Chaparral Energy, Inc. (90941); Chaparral Energy, L.L.C. (20941); Chaparral Exploration, L.L.C. (1968); Chaparral Real Estate, L.L.C. (1655); Chaparral Resources, L.L.C. (1710); Charles Energy, L.L.C. (3750); Chestnut Energy, L.L.C. (9730); Green Country Supply, Inc. (2723); Roadrunner Drilling, L.L.C. (2399); and Trabajo Energy, L.L.C. (9753). The Debtors’ address is 701 Cedar Lake Boulevard, Oklahoma City, OK 73114.

² Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

§ 157(b)(2); and due and proper notice of the Motion and opportunity for a hearing on the Motion having been given to the Notice Parties, under the circumstances, and it appearing that no other or further notice need be provided; and the Court having reviewed and considered the Motion and the First Day Declaration; and the Court having held a hearing on the Motion (the “**Hearing**”); and the Court having found that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and at the Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and the Court having determined that the relief requested in the Motion being in the best interests of the Debtors, their creditors, their estates, and all other parties in interest; and the Court having determined that the relief requested in the Motion is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors and their estates as contemplated by Bankruptcy Rule 6003; and upon all of the proceedings had before the Court; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor, it is hereby

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED THAT:

1. The Motion is GRANTED on an interim basis as set forth herein.
2. The final hearing to consider the relief requested in the Motion shall be held on _____, 2020 at __:____ .m. prevailing Eastern Time. Any objections or responses to entry of a final order on the Motion shall be filed on or before 4:00 p.m., prevailing Eastern Time, on _____, 2020. In the event no objections to entry of the Final Order on the Motion are timely received, this Court may enter such Final Order without need for the final hearing.
3. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, in their sole discretion, to pay, in the ordinary course of their businesses, all Taxes and Fees to the Governmental Authorities (including those Governmental Authorities listed on **Exhibit C** to the Motion),

whether arising before, on or after the Petition Date; *provided* that prior to entry of the Final Order, any payments of the Taxes and Fees shall not exceed the following:

Category	Interim Amount
Severance Taxes	\$450,000
Royalty Withholding Taxes	\$45,000
Franchise Taxes	\$45,000
Regulatory Fees and Other Miscellaneous Taxes	\$10,000

4. Nothing in the Motion or this Interim Order shall be construed as impairing the Debtors' right to contest the validity or amount of any Taxes and Fees allegedly due or owing to any Governmental Authorities or priority or any claim or lien against the Debtors, and all Debtors' rights with respect thereto are hereby reserved.

5. All applicable banks and other financial institutions are hereby authorized to receive, process, honor, and pay any and all checks, drafts, wires, check transfer requests, or automated clearing house transfers evidencing amounts paid by the Debtors under this Interim Order whether presented prior to, on, or after the Petition Date. Such banks and financial institutions are authorized to rely on the representations of the Debtors as to which checks are issued or authorized to be paid pursuant to this Interim Order without any duty of further inquiry and without liability for following the Debtors' instructions.

6. Nothing in this Interim Order or any action taken by the Debtors in furtherance of the implementation hereof shall be deemed to constitute an assumption or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, and all of the Debtors' rights with respect to such matters are expressly reserved.

7. Notwithstanding the relief granted herein and any actions taken hereunder, nothing contained herein shall (a) create, nor is it intended to create, any rights in favor of, or

enhance the status of any claim held by, any person or entity or (b) be deemed to convert the priority of any claim from a prepetition claim into an administrative expense claim.

8. Nothing in this Interim Order nor the Debtors' payment of claims pursuant to this Interim Order shall be construed as or deemed to constitute (a) an agreement or admission by the Debtors as to the validity of any claim against the Debtors on any ground, (b) a grant of third party beneficiary status or bestowal of any additional rights on any third party, (c) a waiver or impairment of any rights, claims or defenses of the Debtors' rights to dispute any claim on any grounds, (d) a promise by the Debtors to pay any claim, or (e) an implication or admission by the Debtors that such claim is payable pursuant to this Interim Order.

9. The requirements of Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004(a) are satisfied by the contents of the Motion.

10. Any Bankruptcy Rule (including, but not limited to, Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h)) or Local Rule that might otherwise delay the effectiveness of this Interim Order is hereby waived, and the terms and conditions of this Interim Order shall be effective and enforceable immediately upon its entry.

11. The Debtors are authorized to take all such actions as are necessary or appropriate to implement the terms of this Interim Order.

12. The Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, and enforcement of this Interim Order.

EXHIBIT B

Proposed Final Order

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:)	
	)	Chapter 11
)	
CHAPARRAL ENERGY, INC., <i>et al.</i> , ¹	)	Case No. 20-____ (____)
)	
Debtors.	)	(Jointly Administered)
)	

**FINAL ORDER UNDER 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) AND 541
AND FED. R. BANKR. P. 6003 (I) AUTHORIZING THE PAYMENT OF CERTAIN
TAXES AND FEES AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Upon the motion (the “**Motion**”)² of Chaparral Energy, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “**Debtors**”) in the Chapter 11 Cases for entry of an Interim Order and Final Order, pursuant to sections 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004, authorizing the Debtors, in their sole discretion, to pay any Taxes and Fees owing to the Governmental Authorities; and the Court having jurisdiction to consider the matters raised in the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware*, dated February 29, 2012; and the Court having authority to hear the matters raised in the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157; and venue being proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409; and consideration of the Motion and the requested relief being a core proceeding that the Court can determine pursuant to 28 U.S.C.

¹ The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits (or five digits, in cases in which multiple Debtors have the same last four digits) of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: CEI Acquisition, L.L.C. (1817); CEI Pipeline, L.L.C. (6877); Chaparral Biofuels, L.L.C. (1066); Chaparral CO2, L.L.C. (1656); Chaparral Energy, Inc. (90941); Chaparral Energy, L.L.C. (20941); Chaparral Exploration, L.L.C. (1968); Chaparral Real Estate, L.L.C. (1655); Chaparral Resources, L.L.C. (1710); Charles Energy, L.L.C. (3750); Chestnut Energy, L.L.C. (9730); Green Country Supply, Inc. (2723); Roadrunner Drilling, L.L.C. (2399); and Trabajo Energy, L.L.C. (9753). The Debtors’ address is 701 Cedar Lake Boulevard, Oklahoma City, OK 73114.

² Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

§ 157(b)(2); and due and proper notice of the Motion and opportunity for a hearing on the Motion having been given to the Notice Parties, and it appearing that no other or further notice need be provided; and the Court having reviewed and considered the Motion and the First Day Declaration; and the Court having granted interim relief on the Motion on [•], 2020 (D.I. [•]); and the Court having held, if necessary, a final hearing on the Motion (the “**Hearing**”); and the Court having found that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and at the Hearing, if any, establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and the Court having determined that the relief requested in the Motion being in the best interests of the Debtors, their creditors, their estates, and all other parties in interest; and upon all of the proceedings had before the Court; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor, it is hereby

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED THAT:

1. The Motion is GRANTED, as set forth herein.
2. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, in their sole discretion, to pay, in the ordinary course of their businesses, all Taxes and Fees to the Governmental Authorities (including those Governmental Authorities listed on **Exhibit C** to the Motion), whether arising before, on or after the Petition Date.
3. Nothing in the Motion or this Final Order shall be construed as impairing the Debtors’ right to contest the validity or amount of any Taxes and Fees allegedly due or owing to any Governmental Authorities or priority or any claim or lien against the Debtors, and all Debtors’ rights with respect thereto are hereby reserved.
4. All applicable banks and other financial institutions are hereby authorized to receive, process, honor, and pay any and all checks, drafts, wires, check transfer requests, or automated clearing house transfers evidencing amounts paid by the Debtors under this Final

Order whether presented prior to, on, or after the Petition Date. Such banks and financial institutions are authorized to rely on the representations of the Debtors as to which checks are issued or authorized to be paid pursuant to this Final Order without any duty of further inquiry and without liability for following the Debtors' instructions.

5. Nothing in this Final Order or any action taken by the Debtors in furtherance of the implementation hereof shall be deemed to constitute an assumption or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, and all of the Debtors' rights with respect to such matters are expressly reserved.

6. Notwithstanding the relief granted herein and any actions taken hereunder, nothing contained herein shall (a) create, nor is it intended to create, any rights in favor of, or enhance the status of any claim held by, any person or entity or (b) be deemed to convert the priority of any claim from a prepetition claim into an administrative expense claim.

7. Nothing in this Final Order nor the Debtors' payment of claims pursuant to this Final Order shall be construed as or deemed to constitute (a) an agreement or admission by the Debtors as to the validity of any claim against the Debtors on any ground, (b) a grant of third party beneficiary status or bestowal of any additional rights on any third party, (c) a waiver or impairment of any rights, claims or defenses of the Debtors' rights to dispute any claim on any grounds, (d) a promise by the Debtors to pay any claim, or (e) an implication or admission by the Debtors that such claim is payable pursuant to this Final Order.

8. The requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) are satisfied by the contents of the Motion.

9. Any Bankruptcy Rule (including, but not limited to, Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h)) or Local Rule that might otherwise delay the effectiveness of this Final Order is hereby

waived, and the terms and conditions of this Final Order shall be effective and enforceable immediately upon its entry.

10. The Debtors are authorized to take all such actions as are necessary or appropriate to implement the terms of this Final Order.

11. Notice of the Motion has been provided in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the Local Rules, and no other or further notice of the Motion or the entry of this Final Order shall be required.

12. The Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, and enforcement of this Final Order.

EXHIBIT C**Governmental Authorities List**

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Alabama Department of Revenue	State	Franchise	P.O. Box 327320 Montgomery, AL 36132-7950
Alabama Department of Revenue	State	Income	P.O. Box 327320 Montgomery, AL 36132-7950
Alabama Department of Revenue	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	600 Dexter Ave-S-105 Montgomery, AL 36130
Alfalfa County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	300 S. Grand Cherokee, OK 73728
Aransas County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	319 N Church Street Rockport, TX 78382
Arkansas Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	Business Services Division-State Capitol Building Little Rock, AR 72201-1094
Avenu Holdings LLC	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 841262 Dallas, TX 75284-1262
Beaver County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 249 Beaver, OK 73932
Blaine County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 140 Watonga, OK 73772
Caddo County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 278 Anadarko, OK 73005-0278
Canadian County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	201 North Choctaw El Reno, OK 73036
Canadian ISD	County	Property Tax	800 Hillside Canadian, TX 79014
Carter County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	25 A Street NW Ardmore, OK 73401

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Cheyenne & Arapaho Tax Commission	State	Severance	P.O. Box 68 100 Redmoon Circle Concho, OK 73022
Commissioner of the Land Office	State	Royalty Withholding	P.O. Box 26910 Oklahoma City, OK 73126
Cooke County Appraisal District Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	201 N Dixon Street Gainesville, TX 76240
Culberson County Appraisal District	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 550 Van Horn, TX 79855
Custer County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 200 Arapaho, OK 73620-0200
Cypress-Fairbanks ISD Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 203908 Houston, TX 77216-3908
Delaware Secretary of State	State	Franchise	P.O. Box 5509 Binghamton, NY 13902-5509
Ellis County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 176 Arnett, OK 73832
Fort Elliott CISD	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 138 Briscoe, TX 79011
Galena Park ISD Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	14705 Woodforest Blvd Houston, TX 77015
Galveston County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	722 Moody Galveston, TX 77550
Garfield County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 489 Enid, OK 73702-0489
Garvin County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	201 W Grant, Room 9 Pauls Valley, OK 73075
Grady County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 280 Chickasha, OK 73023-0280
Grant County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	112 E Guthrie Room 105 Medford, OK 73759
Hansford County Tax Assessor	County	Property Tax	14 Northwest Court Spearman, TX 79081
Harris County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 4622 Houston, TX 77210-4622
Hemphill County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 959 Canadian, TX 79014
Hockley County Tax Office	County	Property Tax	624 Avenue H, Ste 101 Levelland, TX 79336

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Hudspeth Appraisal District	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 429 Sierra Blanca, TX 79851
Hughes County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	200 N. Broadway, Ste 6 Holdenville, OK 74848
Hutchinson County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 989 Stinnett, TX 79083-0989
IRS Center	Federal	Royalty Withholding	P.O. Box 660443 Dallas, TX 75266-0443
IRS Department of Treasury	Federal	Other	Cincinnati, OH 45999- 0150
Kansas Board of Tax Appeals	State	Property Tax	Eisenhower State Office Building 700 SW Harrison Ste 1022 Topeka, KS 66603
Kansas Department of Revenue	State	Sales	915 SW Harrison Street Topeka, KS 66625-5000
Kansas Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	120 SW 10th Ave Topeka, KS 66612-1594
Kay County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	201 S Main – Courthouse Newkirk, OK 74647
Kingfisher County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 148 Kingfisher, OK 73750- 0148
Lafayette Parish Tax Collector	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 52667 New Orleans, LA 70505
Latimer County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	109 N. Central Rm 109 Wilburton, OK 74578
Liscomb County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 129 Liscomb, TX 79056
Louisiana Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	8585 Archives Ave. Baton Rouge, LA 70809
Matagorda County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	1700 Seventh St., Room 203 Bay City, TX 77414-5091
Midland CAD Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 908002 Midland, TX 79708-0002
Mississippi Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	P.O. Box 136 Jackson, MS 39205
Mississippi State Tax Commissioner	State	Franchise Income	PO BOX 23192 Jackson, MS 39225-3192
Mississippi State Tax Commissioner	State	Income	PO BOX 23192 Jackson, MS 39225-3192

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Montague County Tax Assessor-Collector	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 8 Montague, TX 76251
Montana Department of Revenue	State	Franchise	P.O. Box 8021 Helena, MT 59604-8021
Montana Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	P.O. Box 202802 Helena, MT 59620-2802
Montgomery County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 767 Independence, KS 67301
Morton County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 998 Elkhart, KS 67950
New Mexico Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	325 Don Gaspar Ave, #300 Santa Fe, NM 87501
New Mexico Tax and Revenue Department	State	Franchise	P.O. Box 25127 Santa Fe, NM 87504-5127
Noble County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	300 Courthouse Dr, #7 Perry, OK 73077
North Dakota Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	600 E Boulevard Ave, Dept 108 Bismarck, ND 58505
Nueces County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 2810 Corpus Christi, TX 78403-2810
Ochiltree CAD Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	825 South Main, Ste 100 Perryton, TX 79070
Office of Natural Resources Revenue (ONRR)	Federal	Other	P.O. Box 5810 Denver, CO 80217-5810
Okfuskee CAD Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 308 Okemah, OK 74859
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	State	Other	P.O. Box 52000 Oklahoma City, OK 73152-2000
Oklahoma Corporation Commission	State	Other	2101 N Lincoln Blvd Oklahoma City, OK 73105
Oklahoma County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 268875 Oklahoma City, OK 73126-8875
Oklahoma Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	2300 N. Lincoln, Ste 101 Oklahoma City, OK 73105-4897

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Oklahoma Tax Commission	State	Severance	P. O. BOX 53423 Oklahoma City, OK 73152
Oklahoma Tax Commission	State	Franchise	PO BOX 26920 Oklahoma City, OK 73126
Oklahoma Tax Commission	State	Sales	PO BOX 26850 Oklahoma City, OK 73126-0850
Oklahoma Tax Commission	State	Severance	PO BOX 26740 Oklahoma City, OK 73126-0740
Oklahoma Tax Commission	State	Royalty Withholding	PO BOX 26860 Oklahoma City, OK 73126-0860
Osage County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 1569 Pawhuska, OK 74056
Palacios ISD Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	1209 12th Street Palacios, TX 77465-3799
Payne County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	315 West 6th Ave, Ste 101 Stillwater, OK 74074
Pottawatomie County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	325 N. Broadway, Ste 203 Shawnee, OK 74801
Railroad Commission of Texas	State	Other	P.O. Box 12967 Austin, TX 78711-2967
Roberts County Appraisal District	County	Property Tax	Roberts County Tax A/C County – Courthouse – P.O. Box 458 Miami, TX 79059-0458
Roger Mills County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 340 Cheyenne, OK 73628
Sheldon ISD	County	Property Tax	11411 CE King Pkwy, Ste A Houston, TX 77044-7192
State of Delaware	State	Franchise	401 Federal Street, Ste 4 Dover, DE 19901
Stephens County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	101 South 11th Room 207 Duncan, OK 73533
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	State	Income	P.O. Box 13528 Austin, TX 78711-3528
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	State	Sales	111 E 7th Street Austin, TX 78774-0100

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Texas County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 509 Guymon, OK 73942-0509
Texas Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	P.O. Box 13697 Austin, TX 7811-3697
Victoria County Tax A/C	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 2569 Victoria, TX 77902
Wheeler County Tax Office	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 1060 Wheeler, TX 79096
Woods County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	P.O. Box 7 Alva, OK 73717
Woodward County Treasurer	County	Property Tax	1600 Main St., Ste 10 Woodward, OK 73801
Wyoming Secretary of State	State	Franchise Annual Filing Fees	200 West 24th Street Cheyenne, WY 82002- 0020
IRS	Federal	Bankruptcy	Centralized Insolvency Operations P.O. Box 7346 Philadelphia, PA 19101- 7346
State of Alabama	State	Bankruptcy	Department of Revenue Legal Division ATTN: Commissioner P.O. Box 320001 Montgomery, AL 36132- 0001
State of Arkansas	State	Bankruptcy	Department of Finance and Administration Office of Revenue Legal Counsel PO Box 1272, Suite 2380 Little Rock, AR 72203- 1272
Delaware Division of Revenue/Bankruptcy Service	State	Bankruptcy	Attn: Bankruptcy Administrator Carvel State Building 820 N. French Street, 8th Floor Wilmington, DE 19801
State of Kansas	State	Bankruptcy	Department of Revenue Civil Tax Enforcement PO Box 12005 Topeka, KS 66601

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Louisiana Department of Revenue	State	Bankruptcy	Bankruptcy Division P. O. Box 66658 Baton Rouge, LA 70896
Mississippi State Tax Commission	State	Bankruptcy	Bankruptcy Section P.O. Box 22808 Jackson, MS 39225-2808
Montana Department of Revenue	State	Bankruptcy	ATTN: Marci Gohn, Bankruptcy Unit PO Box 1712 Helena, MT 59604
State of New Mexico	State	Bankruptcy	Attorney General of New Mexico Attn: Bankruptcy Section 201 Third Street NW, Suite 300 Albuquerque, NM 87102
New Mexico Taxation & Revenue Department	State	Bankruptcy	Bankruptcy Section PO Box 8575 Albuquerque, NM 87198-8575
Secretary, New Mexico Taxation & Revenue Department	State	Bankruptcy	PO Box 630 Santa Fe, NM 87504-0630
State of North Dakota	State	Bankruptcy	Office of State Tax Commissioner Department 127 600 East Boulevard Ave. Bismark, ND 58505-0599
Oklahoma Tax Commission	State	Bankruptcy	Office of the General Counsel, Bankruptcy Section 120 N. Robinson, Ste. 2000W Oklahoma City, OK 73102
Oklahoma Tax Commission	State	Bankruptcy	General Counsel's Office 100 N. Broadway Ave., Ste. 1500 Oklahoma City, OK 73102

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	State	Bankruptcy	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts Revenue Accounting Division - Bankruptcy Section P.O. Box 13528 Capitol Station Austin, TX 78711-3528
State of Wyoming	State	Bankruptcy	Department of Revenue Bankruptcy Unit 122 W. 25th Street Cheyenne, WY 82002-0110
Office of State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	100 North Union Street, Suite 636 Montgomery, AL 36104
Arkansas Unclaimed Property Division	State	Unclaimed Property	1401 West Capitol Avenue, Suite 325 Little Rock, AR 72201
Arizona Department of Revenue	State	Unclaimed Property	1600 W Monroe Phoenix, AZ 85007-2650
California State Controller	State	Unclaimed Property	10600 White Rock Road, Suite 141 Rancho Cordova, CA 95670
Office of the State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	1580 Logan Street, Ste. 500 Denver CO 80203
Office of the Chief Financial Officer	State	Unclaimed Property	1101 4th St SW, Ste. 800 W Washington, DC 20024
Department of Revenue	State	Unclaimed Property	1800 Century Boulevard NE Atlanta, GA 30345
State of Hawaii	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 150 Honolulu, HI 96810
Treasurer of State	State	Unclaimed Property	PO Box 10430 Des Moines, IA 50306-0430
Idaho State Treasurer's Office	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 83720 Boise, ID 83720-9101
Office of the Indiana Attorney General	State	Unclaimed Property	PO Box 2504 Greenwood, IN 46142

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Kansas State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	900 SW Jackson, Ste 201 Topeka, KS 66612
Louisiana Unclaimed Property	State	Unclaimed Property	1051 N. 3rd Street, Room 150 Baton Rouge, LA 70821- 9010
Massachusetts State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	1 Ashburton Place, 12th Floor Boston, MA 02108
Comptroller of Maryland	State	Unclaimed Property	60 West Street, Ste 102 Annapolis, MD 21401
Office of the State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	111 Sewall Street Augusta, ME 04333-0039
Minnesota Department of Commerce	State	Unclaimed Property	85 7th Place East, Suite 280 Saint Paul, MN 55101
Missouri State Treasurer's Office	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 210 Jefferson City, MO 65102
Office of the Mississippi State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 138 Jackson, MS 39205
Montana Department of Revenue	State	Unclaimed Property	PO Box 5805 Helena, MT 59604-6308
NC Department of State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 20431 Raleigh, NC 27619-0431
Nebraska State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	809 P St. Lincoln, NE 68508-1390
Department of Treasury	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 214 Trenton, NJ 08625-0214
New Mexico Taxation & Revenue	State	Unclaimed Property	1100 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87504
Nevada Unclaimed Property	State	Unclaimed Property	555 E. Washington Ave, Suite 5200 Las Vegas, NV 89101
Ohio Department of Commerce	State	Unclaimed Property	77 South High Street, 20th Floor Columbus, OH 43215- 6133
Oklahoma State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	9520 N. May Ave., Lower Level Oklahoma City, OK 73120

GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY NAME	FEDERAL/ STATE/ COUNTY	DESCRIPTION	ADDRESS
Oregon Unclaimed Property	State	Unclaimed Property	775 Summer St. NE, Suite 100 Salem, OR 97301
Office of the Rhode Island General Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	50 Service Ave Warwick, RI 02886
State Treasurer of South Carolina	State	Unclaimed Property	1200 Senate Street, Suite 214 Columbia, SC 29201
South Dakota State Treasurer - UCP	State	Unclaimed Property	124 E Dakota Ave Pierre, SD 57501
Tennessee Department of Treasury	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 190693 Nashville, TN 37219-0693
Virginia Department of Treasury	State	Unclaimed Property	PO Box 2485 Richmond, VA 23218- 2485
Washington State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	PO Box 40200 Olympia, WA 98504-0200
State of Wisconsin Department of Revenue	State	Unclaimed Property	P.O. Box 8982 Madison, WI 53708-8982
Office of the West Virginia State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	1900 Kanawha Boulevard East Charleston, WV 25305
Administrator of Unclaimed Property	State	Unclaimed Property	122 West 25th St., Suite E300 Cheyenne, WY 82002
Office of the Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	55 Elm Street Hartford, CT 6106
Florida's Department of Financial Services	State	Unclaimed Property	200 E Gaines Street Tallahassee, FL 32399
Illinois State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	219 State House Springfield, IL 62706
Michigan Department of Treasury	State	Unclaimed Property	PO Box 30756 Lansing, MI 48909
Office of the State Comptroller	State	Unclaimed Property	110 State Street Albany, NY 12236
Pennsylvania Treasury	State	Unclaimed Property	1101 South Front Street Harrisburg, PA 17104- 2516
Texas Unclaimed Property	State	Unclaimed Property	111 E. 17th St Austin, TX 78711
State of Vermont Office of the State Treasurer	State	Unclaimed Property	109 State Street Montpelier, VT 05609

File a First Day Motion:

[20-11947 Chaparral Energy, Inc.](#)

Type: bk

Chapter: 11 v

Office: 1 (Delaware)

Assets: y

Case Flag: PlnDue, DsclsDue,
VerifDue

U.S. Bankruptcy Court

District of Delaware

Notice of Electronic Filing

The following transaction was received from John Henry Knight entered on 8/16/2020 at 10:03 PM EDT and filed on 8/16/2020

Case Name: Chaparral Energy, Inc.

Case Number: [20-11947](#)

Document Number: [5](#)

Docket Text:

Motion to Pay Sales and Use Taxes (*Motion of Debtors for Entry of Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Payment of Certain Taxes and Fees and (II) Granting Related Relief*) Filed By Chaparral Energy, Inc. (Knight, John)

The following document(s) are associated with this transaction:

Document description:Main Document

Original filename:W:\AJ\Chap 2\Chap Tax Motion.pdf

Electronic document Stamp:

[STAMP bkecfStamp_ID=983460418 [Date=8/16/2020] [FileNumber=16571835-0
] [9753aea1d7bb043f5fa58a9225aad4b4f64bea9f2b9f72b389c60ae975395434c29
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20-11947 Notice will be electronically mailed to:

Christopher Michael De Lillo on behalf of Debtor Chaparral Energy, Inc.
delillo@rlf.com, rbgroup@rlf.com;ann-jerominski-2390@ecf.pacerpro.com

John Henry Knight on behalf of Debtor Chaparral Energy, Inc.
knight@rlf.com, RBGroup@RLF.com;ann-jerominski-2390@ecf.pacerpro.com

Brendan Joseph Schlauch on behalf of Debtor Chaparral Energy, Inc.
schlauch@rlf.com, rbgroup@rlf.com;ann-jerominski-2390@ecf.pacerpro.com

Amanda R. Steele on behalf of Debtor Chaparral Energy, Inc.
steele@rlf.com, rbgroup@rlf.com;ann-jerominski-2390@ecf.pacerpro.com

U.S. Trustee
USTPRegion03.WL.ECF@USDOJ.GOV

20-11947 Notice will not be electronically mailed to:

EXHIBIT B

Interim Order

**IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

In re:

CHAPARRAL ENERGY, INC., *et al.*,¹

Debtors.

)
) Chapter 11
)
) Case No. 20-11947 (MFW)
)
) (Jointly Administered)
)
) **Re: Docket No. 5**
)

**INTERIM ORDER UNDER 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) AND 541
AND FED. R. BANKR. P. 6003 (I) AUTHORIZING THE PAYMENT OF CERTAIN
TAXES AND FEES AND (II) GRANTING RELATED RELIEF**

Upon the motion (the “**Motion**”)² of Chaparral Energy, Inc. and its subsidiaries that are debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the “**Debtors**”) in the Chapter 11 Cases for entry of an Interim Order and Final Order, pursuant to sections 105(a), 363(b), 506(a), 507(a)(8) and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code, and Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004, authorizing the Debtors, in their sole discretion, to pay any Taxes and Fees owing to the Governmental Authorities; and the Court having jurisdiction to consider the matters raised in the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334 and the *Amended Standing Order of Reference from the United States District Court for the District of Delaware*, dated February 29, 2012; and the Court having authority to hear the matters raised in the Motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157; and venue being proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409; and consideration of the Motion and the requested relief

¹ The Debtors in these cases, along with the last four digits (or five digits, in cases in which multiple Debtors have the same last four digits) of each Debtor’s federal tax identification number, are: CEI Acquisition, L.L.C. (1817); CEI Pipeline, L.L.C. (6877); Chaparral Biofuels, L.L.C. (1066); Chaparral CO2, L.L.C. (1656); Chaparral Energy, Inc. (90941); Chaparral Energy, L.L.C. (20941); Chaparral Exploration, L.L.C. (1968); Chaparral Real Estate, L.L.C. (1655); Chaparral Resources, L.L.C. (1710); Charles Energy, L.L.C. (3750); Chestnut Energy, L.L.C. (9730); Green Country Supply, Inc. (2723); Roadrunner Drilling, L.L.C. (2399); and Trabajo Energy, L.L.C. (9753). The Debtors’ address is 701 Cedar Lake Boulevard, Oklahoma City, OK 73114.

² Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

being a core proceeding that the Court can determine pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2); and due and proper notice of the Motion and opportunity for a hearing on the Motion having been given to the Notice Parties, under the circumstances, and it appearing that no other or further notice need be provided; and the Court having reviewed and considered the Motion and the First Day Declaration; and the Court having held a hearing on the Motion (the “**Hearing**”); and the Court having found that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion and at the Hearing establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and the Court having determined that the relief requested in the Motion being in the best interests of the Debtors, their creditors, their estates, and all other parties in interest; and the Court having determined that the relief requested in the Motion is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors and their estates as contemplated by Bankruptcy Rule 6003; and upon all of the proceedings had before the Court; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor, it is hereby

ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED THAT:

1. The Motion is GRANTED on an interim basis as set forth herein.
2. The final hearing to consider the relief requested in the Motion shall be held on September 14, 2020, at 2:00 p.m. prevailing Eastern Time. Any objections or responses to entry of a final order on the Motion shall be filed on or before 4:00 p.m., prevailing Eastern Time, on September 8, 2020. In the event no objections to entry of the Final Order on the Motion are timely received, this Court may enter such Final Order without need for the final hearing.
3. The Debtors are authorized, but not directed, in their sole discretion, to pay, in the ordinary course of their businesses, all Taxes and Fees to the Governmental Authorities (including those Governmental Authorities listed on **Exhibit C** to the Motion), whether arising

before, on or after the Petition Date; *provided* that prior to entry of the Final Order, any payments of the Taxes and Fees shall not exceed the following:

Category	Interim Amount
Severance Taxes	\$450,000
Royalty Withholding Taxes	\$45,000
Franchise Taxes	\$45,000
Regulatory Fees and Other Miscellaneous Taxes	\$10,000

4. Nothing in the Motion or this Interim Order shall be construed as impairing the Debtors' right to contest the validity or amount of any Taxes and Fees allegedly due or owing to any Governmental Authorities or priority or any claim or lien against the Debtors, and all Debtors' rights with respect thereto are hereby reserved.

5. All applicable banks and other financial institutions are hereby authorized to receive, process, honor, and pay any and all checks, drafts, wires, check transfer requests, or automated clearing house transfers evidencing amounts paid by the Debtors under this Interim Order whether presented prior to, on, or after the Petition Date. Such banks and financial institutions are authorized to rely on the representations of the Debtors as to which checks are issued or authorized to be paid pursuant to this Interim Order without any duty of further inquiry and without liability for following the Debtors' instructions.

6. Nothing in this Interim Order or any action taken by the Debtors in furtherance of the implementation hereof shall be deemed to constitute an assumption or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, and all of the Debtors' rights with respect to such matters are expressly reserved.

7. Notwithstanding the relief granted herein and any actions taken hereunder, nothing contained herein shall (a) create, nor is it intended to create, any rights in favor of, or

enhance the status of any claim held by, any person or entity or (b) be deemed to convert the priority of any claim from a prepetition claim into an administrative expense claim.

8. Nothing in this Interim Order nor the Debtors' payment of claims pursuant to this Interim Order shall be construed as or deemed to constitute (a) an agreement or admission by the Debtors as to the validity of any claim against the Debtors on any ground, (b) a grant of third party beneficiary status or bestowal of any additional rights on any third party, (c) a waiver or impairment of any rights, claims or defenses of the Debtors' rights to dispute any claim on any grounds, (d) a promise by the Debtors to pay any claim, or (e) an implication or admission by the Debtors that such claim is payable pursuant to this Interim Order.

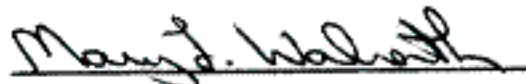
9. The requirements of Bankruptcy Rules 6003 and 6004(a) are satisfied by the contents of the Motion.

10. Any Bankruptcy Rule (including, but not limited to, Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h)) or Local Rule that might otherwise delay the effectiveness of this Interim Order is hereby waived, and the terms and conditions of this Interim Order shall be effective and enforceable immediately upon its entry.

11. The Debtors are authorized to take all such actions as are necessary or appropriate to implement the terms of this Interim Order.

12. The Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, and enforcement of this Interim Order.

Dated: August 18th, 2020
Wilmington, Delaware



MARY F. WALRATH
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE