UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

In re:

Bankruptcy Case No. 13-53846

City of Detroit, Michigan,

Judge Thomas J. Tucker

Debtor.

Chapter 9

CITY OF DETROIT'S REPLY IN SUPPORT OF ITS MOTION TO ENFORCE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND ORDER, PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 105 AND 502 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, APPROVING ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURES TO PROMOTE THE LIQUIDATION OF CERTAIN PREPETITION CLAIMS AGAINST TAMMY HOWARD AS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE ESTATE OF SHELTON BELL, JR., DECEASED

The City of Detroit ("City"), by its undersigned counsel and in support of its Motion to Enforce Settlement Agreement and Order, Pursuant to Sections 105 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, Approving Alternative Dispute Resolution Procedures to Promote the Liquidation of Certain Prepetition Claims Against Tammy Howard as Personal Representative for the Estate of Shelton Bell, Jr., Deceased ("Motion," Doc. No. 11535), files this Reply to Plaintiff's Response to City of Detroit's Motion to Enforce Settlement Agreement and Order, Pursuant to Sections 105 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, Approving Alternative Dispute Resolution Procedures to Promote the Liquidation of Certain Prepetition Claims Against Tammy Howard as Personal Representative for the Estate of Shelton Bell, Jr., Deceased ("Response," Doc. No. 11589).

Plaintiff Tammy Howard, as personal representative for the estate of Shelton Bell, Jr., Deceased ("Plaintiff") admits she entered into the *Agreement Resolving Claim of Tammy Howard (Estate of Shelton Bell)* ("Settlement Agreement"), which was attached as Exhibit 6C to the Motion. Response, ¶ 12. She admits that the Settlement Agreement included Officer Williams, the police officer the Plaintiff sued. Response, ¶¶ 3, 22. And, she admits that, notwithstanding the foregoing, she attempted to reinstate her case and compel the City to pay her \$75,000 claim in full.¹

The Court has ruled twice that the language of this Settlement Agreement releases claims against the City and its employees and provides the claimant with a Class 14 unsecured claim in the amount agreed.²

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¹ The state court denied Plaintiff's motion to reopen the case "for Plaintiff's failure to provide any documentary evidence in support of the relief requested." See *Order Denying Plaintiff's Motion to Reinstate Case and Enforce Settlement* (attached as Exhibit 2).

² See the City of Detroit's Motion to Enforce Settlement Agreement and Order, Pursuant to Sections 105 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, Approving Alternative Dispute Resolution Procedures to Promote the Liquidation of Certain Prepetition Claims Against Gregory Phillips and/or Dominique McCartha as Personal Representative for the Estate of Gregory Phillips, Deceased (Doc. No. 10272), Phillips's response (Doc. No. 10685), the City's reply (Doc. No. 10723), and the Court's order granting the City's motion (Doc. No. 10729). See also Claimant Michael McKay's Motion to Enforce Agreement Resolving Claim of Michael McKay (Doc. No. 11157), the City's Response (Doc. No. 11181), and the Court's order denying McKay's motion (Doc. No. 11289). See also the transcript of the June 15, 2016, McKay motion hearing (attached as Exhibit 3), 34:13-39:7.

The Plaintiff responds that the Settlement Agreement "was against an individual police officer, not the City of Detroit" (see Response, \P 1), but this is pure fabrication. The opening text of the Settlement Agreement states

The City of Detroit (the "<u>City</u>") and the claimant identified in paragraph 2 below (the "<u>Claimant</u>" and, together with the City, the "<u>Parties</u>"), by and through their respective authorized representatives, do hereby agree as follows:

Settlement Agreement, p. 1 (Exhibit 6C to the Motion). That language shows that the Settlement Agreement was actually with the City, not the individual police officer.

In short, the Court has twice determined in nearly identical circumstances that the language used in the Settlement Agreement settles a plaintiff's claim against the City and its employees in exchange for an unsecured claim. Plaintiffs who sign such an agreement are not entitled to go back to state court seeking payment of their claims in full.³ The City respectfully requests that the Court enter

³ Counsel should be aware of this because its firm was involved in one of these prior motions. *Compare* signature block of Doc. No. 11157 (McKay motion, listing attorney Eric Stempien of Romano Law, PLLC) *with* signature block of Motion to Reinstate (listing attorney David G. Blake of Romano Law, PLLC) *and* signature block of Response (listing attorney Stanley I. Okoli of Romano Law, PLLC). In the unlikely event counsel had not been aware of these prior rulings, the City's Motion expressly pointed them out. Motion, p. 10 n.5. Indeed, it is possible that counsel's persistence with these arguments may violate Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure 9011. Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9011(b) (treating papers filed by counsel as a certification that counsel has made a reasonable inquiry and *Continued on next page*.

the order attached as Exhibit 1 to the Motion, requiring that the Plaintiff dismiss, or cause to be dismissed, with prejudice, the State Court Lawsuit.

Dated: October 13, 2016

MILLER, CANFIELD, PADDOCK AND STONE, P.L.C.

By: /s/ Marc N. Swanson
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- and -

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Attorneys for the City of Detroit

Continued from previous page.

determined that the legal contentions set forth by counsel "are warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the establishment of new law").

EXHIBIT 1 – CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

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City of Detroit, Michigan,

Debtor.

Bankruptcy Case No. 13-53846

Judge Thomas J. Tucker

Chapter 9

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that on October 13, 2016, he caused a copy of the foregoing City of Detroit's Reply in Support of Its Motion to Enforce Settlement Agreement and Order, Pursuant to Sections 105 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, Approving Alternative Dispute Resolution Procedures to Promote the Liquidation of Certain Prepetition Claims Against Tammy Howard as Personal Representative for the Estate of Shelton Bell, Jr., Deceased to be served upon counsel via electronic mail and first class mail as follows:

David Blake Romano Law PLLC 23880 Woodward Avenue Pleasant Ridge, MI 48069 dblake@romanolawpllc.com

Dated: October 13, 2016

By: /s/ Marc N. Swanson

Marc N. Swanson (P71149) 150 West Jefferson, Suite 2500 Detroit, Michigan 48226

Telephone: (313) 496-7591 Facsimile: (313) 496-8451

swansonm@millercanfield.com

EXHIBIT 2



STATE OF MICHIGAN IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF WAYNE

Estate of SHELTON BELL, JR., by h Representative TAMMY HOWARD, Plaintiff,	nis Personal	Hon, Daniel A. Hathaway Case No. 11-007122-CZ		
V.				
DETROIT POLICE OFFICER ALAN	WILLIAMS,	Order denying motion 11-007122-CZ		
Defendant.		FILED IN MY OFFICE WAYNE COUNTY CLERK 9/19/2016 2:33:29 PM		
CATHY M. GARRETT ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION TO REINSTATE CASE AND ENFORCE SETTLEMENT Precious Smith				
At a session of said Court held in the county courthouse, Wayne County, Michigan, ON: 9/19/2016				
	Daniel A. Hathaway Hon. Daniel A. Hathawa Circuit Court Judge	<u>y</u>		
This matter is before the Court on Plaintiff Estate of SHELTON BELL, JR., by his Personal Representative TAMMY HOWARD's motion to reinstate case and enforce settlement.				
The motion is DENIED for Plaintiff's failure to provide any documentary evidence in support of the relief requested.				
IT IS SO ORDERED.		/s/ Daniel A. Hathaway		
		Circuit Court Judge		
THIS CASE <u>REMAINS CLOSED</u> BY WAY OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER ENTERED NOVEMBER 1, 2013.				

1 of 1

EXHIBIT 3

Excerpt of June 15, 2016, Hearing Transcript

1	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN				
2	SOUTHERN DIVISION				
3	IN THE MATTER OF, Case No. 13-53846 Detroit, Michigan				
4	CITY OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN June 15, 2016				
5	/ 1:35 p.m.				
6	IN RE: FORTY-FOURTH OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN CLAIMS, FORTY-FIFTH OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN CLAIM, MOTION TO				
7					
8					
9	MICHAEL MCKAY, TWENTY-THIRD OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN CLAIMS (PENSION CLAIMS THAT HAVE BEEN CLASSIFIED AND ALLOWED BY				
10	THE CITY'S PLAN), TWENTY-FIFTH OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN CLAIMS (PENSION CLAIMS THAT HAVE BEEN CLASSIFIED AND ALLOWED				
11	BY THE CITY'S PLAN), TWENTIETH OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN CLAIMS (FAILURE TO SPECIFY ASSERTED CLAIM AMOUNT AND				
12	INSUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION), TWENTY-EIGHTH OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN CLAIMS (INSUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION), TWENTY-NINTH				
13					
14	, ,				
15	OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN CLAIMS (INSUFFICIENT DOCUMENTATION), THIRTY-THIRD OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CERTAIN				
16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
17	·				
18					
19	BEFORE THE HONORABLE THOMAS J. TUCKER TRANSCRIPT ORDERED BY: ROBIN WYSOCKI				
20	APPEARANCES:				
21	For the City of Detroit, MI: RONALD SPINNER, ESQ. (P73198)				
22	JOHN WILLEMS, ESQ. (P31861) Miller, Canfield, Paddock &				
23	Stone 150 West Jefferson				
24	Suite 2500 Detroit, MI 48226 313-496-7829				
25 13 -	53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 9 of 47				

1	For Michael McKay:	ERIC STEMPIEN, ESQ. (P58703)	
2		Romano Law, PLLC 23880 Woodward Avenue	
3		Pleasant Ridge, MI 48069 616-355-6673	
4	For Da'Nean M. Brooks and JaJuan Moore:	ANTHONY GREENE, ESQ. (P47715) Greene Law Group	
5		2232 S. Main Suite 438	
6		Ann Arbor, MI 48103	
7		313-410-3390	
8	Claimants:	JULIUS R. COLLINS CRAIG STEELE	
0		HENRY WOLFE	
9		VENTONIA DORCH GLADYS M. CANNON	
10		SARAH MCCRARY	
		JAMES CAPIZZO	
11		WANDA BECKOM-WHITE	
12	Court Recorder:	Jamie Laskaska	
13	Transcriber:	Deborah L. Kremlick	
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15			
16	produced by transcription serv	ice.	
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1 (Court in Session) THE CLERK: All rise. This Court is now in session. 2 The Honorable Thomas J. Tucker is presiding. You may be 3 4 seated. The Court calls the case of the City of Detroit, 5 Michigan, case number 13-53846. THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon to everyone. 6 7 We have a number of matters scheduled for hearing -- or 8 further hearing today. I have in mind at least somewhat the order in which I prefer to hear matters, but if counsel for 9 10 the city thinks there's a particular reason to do it in a 11 different order than I impose, that's fine. 12 Before we get much further into this though, let's have 13 entries of appearance by any and all attorneys in the 14 courtroom who wish to enter their appearance for the hearings 15 today starting with the city. 16 MR. SPINNER: Thank you, Your Honor. Ron Spinner 17 from Miller, Canfield and John Willems from Miller, Canfield 18 on behalf of the city. 19 THE COURT: All right. 20 MR. STEMPIEN: Your Honor, I'm Eric Stempien.

here on behalf of claimant Michael McKay.

THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon to the attorneys and to everyone else here in the courtroom. Mr. Stempien, I'm glad you're at counsel table. I had in mind

22

23

25 calling the matter involving your client first.

13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 11 of 47

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1
              MR. STEMPIEN: Oh.
 2
              THE COURT: Mr. Stempien, yes.
 3
              MR. STEMPIEN: Yes.
 4
              THE COURT: The matter involving the motion brought
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   by the claimant Michael McKay. I wanted to hear that first.
    So unless there's any -- the city has any particular reason to
 6
 7
   do -- to do -- otherwise, I'll hear that case first.
 8
              MR. SPINNER: Oh, no, that's fine, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: All right. So this matter then is the
 9
10
   motion by claimant Michael McKay to enforce agreement
11
   resolving claim of Michael McKay, it's entitled. It's docket
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   number 11157 filed May 11, 2016.
1.3
         The city filed an objection to that motion on May 20,
14
    2016. I have reviewed the papers filed by the parties
15
   relating to this motion and we'll hear argument now. Mr.
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    Stempien, we'll start with you.
              MR. STEMPIEN: Good afternoon, Your Honor, and thank
17
18
   you. The first thing I'd like to make sure is clear is
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    exactly what it is we're -- we're requesting the Court to do.
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   Because I don't think it's perfectly clear from the -- the
21
    objection that I received from the city that -- that really
22
    came across completely.
23
         We're not challenging the fact that there was a
   settlement of a bankruptcy claim. We're not challenging that
   the individual officers' claims were included within that
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13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 12 of 47

settlement. And I bring that up because attached to the objection that the city filed, they attached a transcript from a prior hearing of this Court where that was the issue before the Court, whether there was a settlement, whether it applied to the individual officers. That is not what our claim is here. That's not the -- the requested relief that we have here.

What we're saying, Your Honor, is that we want confirmation that the settlement agreement that was reached with regard to the bankruptcy claim requires a payment of the full \$42,500 to claimant Michael McKay. In the objection the city simply says that this is a Class 14 claim. They provide no specific support for that. They don't say why it's a Class 14, it's just something that they designated on their own.

However, when we look at everything that has made part of this matter with Mr. McKay which would be the settlement agreement, the eighth amended plan, Judge Rhodes' oral opinion on the record with regard to his approval of the eighth amended — amended plan, it makes it clear that the settlement requires a full payment of \$42,500.

First, with regard to the agreement itself, the paragraph that -- the operative paragraphs are Paragraph 2 and 5.

Basically what it is, is it says that he agrees to settle this claim for \$42,500, that it would be a -- a unsecured

25 | non-priority claim. 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 13 of 47 Paragraph 5 then says that it will be treated as such under the plan that was at that time not yet approved by the Court. So it was not clear what the level of treatment was going to be at the time that the settlement agreement was reached.

So when the settlement agreement — or excuse me, when the plan is actually then approved, the question becomes what is this claim. So I think we need to start kind of the underlying lawsuit. The underlying lawsuit was a — a 42 USC 1983 claim. It was brought in State Court and litigated within State Court. It was against three individual officers. There was never a claim made against the city itself. The only defendants were the three individual police officers. It was resolved through a binding arbitration process.

THE COURT: Well, wait a minute. You say in the State Court litigation it was not -- the case was not brought against the city itself, rather only against the individual officers.

MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.

THE COURT: That may be, but your client Mr. McKay filed a proof of claim in the City of Detroit bankruptcy case, a claim against the City of Detroit by its nature. And that's — that was part of what was — at least part of what was settled by this settlement agreement at issue, isn't it?

25 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 14 of 47

1 THE COURT: Okay. And you said you're not contesting that that settlement also include a settlement of 2 the -- Mr. McKay's claims against the individual officers. 3 4 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. 5 THE COURT: Okay. So it's everybody. 6 MR. STEMPIEN: It is everybody. 7 THE COURT: All right. So the -- what Mr. McKay got 8 in exchange for his release of his claims against the City of 9 Detroit and the officers according to the settlement 10 agreement, is the treatment provided in Paragraph 2 of the 11 settlement agreement, isn't it? 12 MR. STEMPIEN: I would say it's actually Paragraph 5 13 is the operative paragraph, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Okay. Well, let's say 2 plus 5. 15 MR. STEMPIEN: Right. I think it's both right, Your 16 Honor, yeah. 17 THE COURT: Yeah, okay. So and that was -- there would be an allowed claim of \$42,500 to be treated as a Class 19 5 as a general unsecured non-priority claim subject to the treatment provided for such claims under any Chapter 9 plan 20 21 confirmed by the Court. 22 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. 23 THE COURT: That's the gist of it. Okay. And that's all Mr. McKay got.

MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.

13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 15 of 47

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1
              THE COURT:
                          Right?
 2
              MR. STEMPIEN: Right.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay. So the plan that was confirmed in
 4
    the case, it was later but the plan that was confirmed in the
 5
    case treated general unsecured non-priority claims and it
   treated them in Class 14 of the plan, didn't it?
 6
              MR. STEMPIEN: Well, I don't believe so, Your Honor.
 7
 8
   Now I think 1983 claims and indemnification claims were given
 9
   their own treatment separately.
10
              THE COURT: What class are they in in the plan in
11
   your view?
12
              MR. STEMPIEN: Your Honor --
13
              THE COURT: If not 14, what class of the plan,
14
    confirmed plan?
              MR. STEMPIEN: Well, my read of the -- the plan says
15
16
   that they have to pay it in full, Your Honor. I mean whether
    -- whether it's under Class 14 --
17
18
              THE COURT: Well, where is that in the plan?
19
              MR. STEMPIEN: Okay. So where I would point the
20
   Court to would be, it's under Article 4 because, you know, you
21
   have the class and you have -- you have the plan that's going
22
   to be put into place and then Article 4 of the plan says
   here's how we're going to implement it.
23
24
         These are the means for implementation of the plan.
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Article 4, Section O, subsection O. It talks about assumption

13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 16 of 47

1 of indemnification, I believe. 2 THE COURT: Hold on. If you're not going to give me the page number, I'm going to have to dig it out. 3 4 MR. STEMPIEN: Oh, I'm sorry, 62 -- 62. 5 THE COURT: Hold on. Sixty-two of the confirmed 6 plan, is that right? 7 MR. STEMPIEN: That is correct. 8 THE COURT: And for the record, the confirmed plan, 9 when I'm looking at the confirmed plan, I'm looking at docket number 8272, the eighth amended -- eighth amended plan filed 10 11 on -- I'm sorry, 8272 is the order confirming the eighth 12 amended plan. 1.3 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. THE COURT: And it has attached to it a copy of the 14 15 eighth amended plan that was confirmed. And in there you're 16 looking at Page 62 of the plan, right? 17 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. 18 THE COURT: And I'm -- I'm on that page. Now what 19 -- what -- what language are you pointing to? MR. STEMPIEN: So the language that I believe 20 21 requires full payment in this is under Section O, it says assumption of indemnification obligations. Notwithstanding 22 23 anything otherwise to the contrary in the plan, nothing in the plan shall discharge or impair the obligations of the city as 25 provided in the charter or other organizational documents of 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 17 of 47

such nature from the city to then indemnify, defend, reimburse, escrow pay, advanced fees and expenses, or limit the liability of officers, employees of the city.

So and this is consistent with Judge Rhodes' oral opinion that he gave when he said I'm going to confirm the plan which we attached as well to our motion and quoted within the brief itself where Judge Rhodes says, 1983 claims are not affected by this. And why this is important is because if you --

MR. STEMPIEN: Okay.

THE COURT: Well, just a minute.

THE COURT: Hold on. You cited Judge Rhodes' oral opinion regarding confirmation of the plan. That was later put into the order confirming plan.

MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.

opinion which went into more detail, but it was consistent, I think, with the oral opinion about confirming the plan. In all of these documents it appears to me that what that meant and what was done with that is, that the Court sustained an objection to confirmation that had been made in part by -- by ruling that basically Section 1983 claims against individual officers and employees of the city were not being discharged by the plan, although such claims as against the City of Detroit and therefore also against city employees in their

25 official capacities which is essentially the equivalent of 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 18 of 47

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1
   being against the City of Detroit were being treated and
 2
   discharged in the plan. Now do you -- do you disagree or
    agree with that reading?
 3
 4
              MR. STEMPIEN: I agree that our claim is subject to
 5
    the plan in the sense that -- in the sense that even if it
   wasn't within what Judge Rhodes said or put in the final plan,
 6
 7
   we agreed to that within the agreement. I mean I think that
 8
   -- however the plan treats these 1983 claims is -- is going to
 9
   be binding upon us based on what we said. But I guess what
10
    I'm --
              THE COURT: Well, you're not answering my question.
11
12
              MR. STEMPIEN: Okay. Maybe I misunderstood.
              THE COURT: I want to be clear about -- if possible,
13
    I want to be clear about what the plan did and did not
14
15
   discharge with respect to 1983 claims.
16
         The plan, the confirmed plan did not discharge 1983
    claims brought against officers or employees of the City of
17
18
   Detroit in their individual capacities, do you agree?
19
              MR. STEMPIEN: Correct, yes.
20
              THE COURT: But it did discharge 1983 claims brought
21
    against the City of Detroit or -- and/or -- and claims brought
22
    against employees or officers of the City of Detroit in their
    official capacities. Do you agree with that?
23
24
              MR. STEMPIEN: I'm not able to answer that, I
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25 apologize, Your Honor. I did not -- I know those with regard 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 19 of 47

to the city. With regard to the actions of within their

official capacity, my -- my understanding of it, and I may be

mistaken, is that it -- it's -- it's part of the

indemnification requirements because that's exactly what the

indemnification provisions are for.

THE COURT: Well, we're going to talk about the

THE COURT: Well, we're going to talk about the indemnification provisions in a minute. But before we get to that, I just want to be clear. We're talking about this sort of the same basic groundwork here.

I'm looking at the order confirming plan, docket 8272, at Pages 87 to 88, first of all. That's -- that's the order that confirmed the plan filed November 12, 2014. Docket 8272, Pages 87 to 88.

It's in a section called F, discharge of claims.

Paragraph 30 which carries over on to Page 88 says, this -
claims that are discharged and it says such discharge will not

apply to among other things, "claims against officers who are

employees of the city in their individual capacities -
capacity under 42 USC Section 1983." That's the exception to

the discharge for claims against employees in their individual

capacity that we just talked about, right? Right?

MR. STEMPIEN: Correct, yeah.

THE COURT: Okay. Now if you see something here in the order confirming plan or in the plan for that matter that

1 officers, employees in their official capacity were not 2 discharged were also exceptions to the discharge on this confirmed plan. I need you to tell me where that is because I 3 4 don't know where that is. I don't think that's the case. 5 MR. STEMPIEN: I don't -- I would not be able to point that out to the Court. 6 7 THE COURT: All right. Okay. So now you were 8 focusing here on Page 62 of the eighth amended plan that was 9 confirmed in this Paragraph O on Page 62 about the provision regarding -- essentially meaning that the city's obligations 10 to essentially to indemnify its employees -- officers and 11 12 employees of the city was not being -- pardon me, discharged or impaired by the confirmed plan, right? 13 14 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. 15 THE COURT: Okay. So from that concept and that provision in the confirmed plan you argue what? 17 MR. STEMPIEN: Well, I argued --18 THE COURT: What's the consequence of that? 19 MR. STEMPIEN: My argument is that when they say the 20 word nothing -- nothing in the plan shall discharge or impair their obligations to indemnify, I think the plain language of 21 the plan itself is nothing before this that we put in here 22 shall discharge that. And so my consequences --23 THE COURT: Excuse me though. This is -- this 24

25 | language refers to indemnifying et cetera officers and 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 21 of 47

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1
    employees of the city, right?
 2
             MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.
 3
              THE COURT: It -- it doesn't refer to any sort of
 4
   duty to indemnify third party claimants.
 5
             MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.
 6
              THE COURT: Like your claim.
 7
             MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.
 8
             THE COURT: Right?
             MR. STEMPIEN: Right. And that's not my position.
 9
10
    I'm not saying they indemnify me. My -- my -- here's the
11
    argument, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: Sure.
13
             MR. STEMPIEN: We -- we sued these individual
    officers. We didn't sue the City of Detroit. Our judgment
14
15
   which as an arbitration award we never turned into a judgment,
16
   but our arbitration award is as to these three individuals.
17
         The only obligation that the City of Detroit could
   possibly have to pay that award/judgment is as an indemnitor
   for those three individual officers. That's the only
19
20
    obligation the city could possibly have.
21
         And that would be an obligation found within their
22
    collective bargaining agreement. So this is not a direct
23
   action against the city. We did not sue the city. That's why
24
   I opened up with that because we didn't sue them.
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25 Their -- only time they could ever have an obligation to 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 22 of 47

pay, let's say we never had the bankruptcy if — if you just went through the litigation and the City of Detroit paid the arbitration award on a City of Detroit check and the City of Detroit account, it would have only been as an indemnitor for those three officers. That would be the only way they could have been obligated in any manner.

Therefore because it's clear that they're indemnitors, and it's clear that the plan says nothing in the plan shall discharge per their obligations, they're obligated to indemnify these individual officers as to that full amount, it's not changed.

THE COURT: This duty to indemnify the officers that you're pointing to is not a duty that runs to your client, to an injured third party. It runs only to the officers, doesn't it?

MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.

THE COURT: So your clients couldn't possibly have a claim against the City of Detroit based upon the City of Detroit's duty to indemnify its officers, is that right?

MR. STEMPIEN: My position on that is usually we would have standing if they tried to challenge it to -- to argue on that. But I don't think we could bring an independent cause to enforce an -- or I mean an indemnification provision.

25 THE COURT: The indemnity rights are rights that 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 23 of 47

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belong to the officers.
 2
                            That is correct.
             MR. STEMPIEN:
 3
             THE COURT: You agree, okay.
 4
              THE COURT: All right.
 5
             MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. Now, this settlement agreement
 6
   it looks like the arbitration award was made by the three
 7
    arbitrators. It's looks like the written arbitration award
 8
   was May 16, 2013 it looks like the date. And I think that's
   part of Exhibit A attached to docket 11181, the city's
 9
10
   response and probably elsewhere in the record, but -- so it
11
   was after that arbitration award that Mr. McKay and the city
12
   made this settlement agreement that's at issue, right?
1.3
             MR. STEMPIEN: That's correct.
14
              THE COURT: The -- the agreement doesn't seem to
15
    state, you know, a date, official date of this agreement, but
16
   it looks like it was signed by the city on December 16, 2015
17
    signed by Mr. McKay it looks like June 23, 2014.
18
             MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.
19
              THE COURT: I'm just looking at the signature --
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             MR. STEMPIEN: That's right. And it -- it --
21
             THE COURT: -- signature on the last page.
22
             MR. STEMPIEN: -- was never signed by the attorneys
23
   for Mr. McKay.
24
              THE COURT: Right. It was signed by Mr. McKay and
  by the city.
                 And -- and that all happened after the
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13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 24 of 47

1 arbitration award had been entered against the individual 2 officers. 3 MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. 4 THE COURT: Right? Okay. So and you've said that 5 the settlement agreement settled Mr. McKay's claims against the individual officers. 6 7 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. 8 THE COURT: As well as the city, everybody. 9 MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. 10 THE COURT: Okay. So the agreement -- the 11 settlement agreement itself does not say the city would agree 12 to be obligated to indemnify Mr. McKay for anything based on the arbitration award against the officers. Expressly what it 13 did was it gave Mr. McKay an allowed claim of \$42,500 that 14 15 would be classified and treated in the Chapter 9 plan as a 16 general unsecured non-priority claim right, you would agree to 17 that? 18 MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. But --19 THE COURT: Yeah, okay. 20 MR. STEMPIEN: Well, you say they didn't promise to 21 indemnify but they did promise to make a payment based on the 22 provisions of the plan that was to be later adopted. So I mean whether you call it indemnification or not, but they made 23 24 a promise to pay.

25 THE COURT: Well, I don't think it says they'll make 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 25 of 47

a payment. It said that -- and then it said, it's Paragraph 5, it would -- in Paragraph 2 and 5 they give -- they give an allowed general unsecured non-priority claim and say it's going to be subject to the treatment of such -- for such claims in any Chapter 9 plan.

MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.

THE COURT: All right. All right. So the -- the provision regarding indemnification that you cited on Page 62 of the confirmed plan, it doesn't say anything about how general unsecured non-priority claims are to be treated.

And it's limited for purposes of your motion, I think you'll agree, to the city's obligation to indemnify, defend, et cetera, its own employees.

MR. STEMPIEN: Yeah. The -- their obligation is to the employee, yes.

THE COURT: So -- so how -- how does that -- how does that -- I'm having trouble seeing the link that you're trying to make there between that provision in the confirmed plan and your ultimate conclusion that the city under this settlement agreement has to pay the full 42,500 of the claim.

MR. STEMPIEN: Because I think the operative words in Paragraph 5 are, subject to the treatment provided for such claims under any Chapter 9 plan. So the question has to become how does the plan treat this particular claim. The

THE COURT: Well, wait a minute. Look at Paragraph The treatment provided for such claims under any Chapter 9 plan, the language you just pointed to. The reference to such claims there is a reference, isn't it, to the -- the phrase general unsecured non-priority claim? MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. THE COURT: It appears earlier in the sentence. MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. THE COURT: So when it says such claims you can translate that to mean -- to say and mean that the claim, Mr. McKay's claim, settled claim here, would be subject to the treatment provided for general unsecured non-priority claims under the Chapter 9 plan, is that right? MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. And I would argue that 1983 claims are unsecured non-priority claims. I -- there's no -there's no security created by our 1983 claim. There's no priority. And I apologize if there is, because I -- I don't practice bankruptcy at all. But my understanding is that priority claims are things like wages and -- and things of that nature. This is -- my observance it's not a priority claim, it's not a secured claim. It is a -- it is an unsecured non-priority claim. But the plan treats 1983 claims --THE COURT: Okay.

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25 | MR. STEMPIEN: -- differently than it does other 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 27 of 47

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1
   non-priority unsecured claims.
 2
              THE COURT: Maybe I'm -- I'm understanding your
 3
    argument a little better now, but let me see if I've got it.
 4
             MR. STEMPIEN: Okay.
 5
              THE COURT: If I understand it. Seems -- seems to
   be what you're saying now is that this Paragraph O on Page 62
 6
 7
    of the confirmed plan is one place, not the only place
 8
   necessarily, one place in which the plan, confirmed plan,
 9
   treats general unsecured non-priority claims.
10
             MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.
11
              THE COURT: In the form of claims that are claims by
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    employees of the city for indemnification, is that right?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: Well, it --
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              THE COURT: Isn't that what Paragraph O talks about?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: Yes. That is correct, yes, yes.
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             THE COURT: Okay.
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             MR. STEMPIEN: But the general unsecured claim that
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   I have is a 1983 claim which I think is treated differently
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   under this. So my obligation -- my claim -- my settlement as
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   to the city and their officers was to be treated as that type
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    of a claim under the plan which I think provides for $42,500
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   full payment.
        Now does that mean I can go to the officers and say the
23
   officers have to pay me 42,500? Well, the Court's already
   ruled no, I can't.
                       I saw that in the prior ruling.
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13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 28 of 47

So then it's the city who is obligated to pay it under this. And the only way they can be obligated to pay is under the indemnification provision. And then if it's under the indemnification provision, I think it's -- that is not impaired or discharged in any manner.

THE COURT: Well, the city's obligated to pay something because they agreed to a settlement agreement that gave your client a general unsecured non-priority claim in the bankruptcy under the plan. Whether they had before agreeing to that, it was the city had any sort of legal obligation to pay your client anything I suppose is -- is a different issue.

But the settlement agreement gave your client a right to treatment, whatever treatment was -- what Paragraph 5 means under any confirmed plan by the city, right?

MR. STEMPIEN: Right.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. STEMPIEN: But it would be in conjunction I think with the nineteen eight -- we sued these individual police officers, not the city. We didn't bring a custom and policy claim against the city, we sued these individual officers.

My understanding then is that they're obligated as the full amount of the money. And if I had not -- my client had not signed this agreement I could go after these officers for

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    agrees that's true. We signed this agreement so now we have
 2
   the city coming in.
        So under one provision we get the full -- full 42,500,
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 4
   but when the city has to come in and pay it they get to pay it
   as a Class 14 under the notes. And I -- I think that that
 5
   would be -- I think that would be reading the -- the
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 7
   provisions inconsistently. Because I think 1983 claims have
 8
   gotten their own treatment. These are individual officers
 9
    sued not -- not with the city, but as individuals.
        And it was arbitrated. A decision was made. They had a
10
    judgment or could enter a judgment against them if we hadn't
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12
   pursued the -- the agreement. And therefore if the city is
13
   going to pay it, they can do it as an indemnitor and therefore
   they're -- they're -- they can't impair that ability there to
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15
   do so.
              THE COURT: Well, look at, if you have it front of
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   you there, Page 44 of the plan. It talks about the treatment
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   of Class 14.
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             MR. STEMPIEN: I believe I do have that one with me,
20
   yes.
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              THE COURT: Other unsecured -- all right.
   treatment of Class 14. Do you have it there?
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23
             MR. STEMPIEN: I'm looking at it.
24
              THE COURT: Page 44 of the plan, docket 8272
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25 attached to the order confirming the plan at treatment. It 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 30 of 47

says, "unless such holder agrees to a different treatment of such claim, each holder of an allowed other unsecured claim in full satisfaction such allowed claim shall receive," and then it goes on to talk about the -- the -- the notes, et cetera.

The Class 14 treatment there.

Now the -- the phrase allowed other unsecured claim, allowed means the claim is allowed, but other unsecured claims defined at Page 21 of the plan, Paragraph 262 in the -- number 262 of the definitions to mean any claim that is not an administrative claim, a convenience claim, a COP claim, a downtown development authority claim, a general obligation bond claim, a GRS pension claim, an LBB claim, a BFRS pension claim, a secured claim, indirect 36th District Court claim, or subordinate claim.

Then it says where the avoidance of doubt, Section 1983 claims and indirect employee indemnity claims are included within the definition of other unsecured claim.

So doesn't that claim which made clear when combined with the language of the treatment of Class 14, that 1983 claims, including indirect employee indemnity claims are within the definition of -- of allowed other unsecured claim in Class 14 of the plan.

MR. STEMPIEN: Again, the direct -- there was no direct 1983 claim, so it doesn't meet that because we didn't

25 -- we didn't sue the city for a 1983 claim. We sued 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 31 of 47

individual officers for violation of the 42 USC 1983. That provision if it's read in the way that I believe the Court just indicated, I think would conflict with the -- the -- the subsequent provision that says that the 1983 claims against individual officers are not impaired. I don't remember the language, I apologize, but to that effect.

Again can the -- can the -- would the officers then have a different -- would they be in a different position to in their indemnity claim against the city if we went after them for the 42,500. It sounds like it would apply to that.

But then that -- that provision, that definition also conflicts with Article 4, subsection O which says there's no -- you know, there's no impairment of -- of an indemnity claim.

I would ask -- I would ask the Court to apply that, you know, sort of statutory construction rules that we would have or the more specific provisions and would rule over the general provisions. And I think when you read in conjunction the specific 1983 section about individual officers and the indemnification provisions it makes clear that I've still got my full claim against the officers because that -- when I signed this agreement and the -- and the officers -- or when my client signed this agreement and -- and said we're waiving our claim against the officers for 42,500 under the plan,

25 | they're still obligated to 42,500. 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 32 of 47 And then -- then the city's got to indemnify it because they're indemnified under their collective bargaining agreement. And Article 4, Section O we'd say they have to do it without impairment.

THE COURT: One of things I was going to get to and ask you about the language in the plan about the treatment of Class 14 on Page 44 in addition to what we've just already talked about is, the opening phrase of the -- of the paragraph that I just read to you, it says unless such holder agrees to a different treatment of such claim.

I thought you were going to argue that partly in response to my last question that well, yeah, the -- the claim that was settled and the claim which is allowed in the case is maybe a general unsecured non-priority claim. It is because that's what -- what the settlement agreement says in Paragraph 2 and 5. And -- and it may be a -- an allowed other unsecured claim within the meaning of Class 14, but here the holder, your client of the claim, agreed to a different treatment of the claim. That is treatment different than what Class 14 provides for.

MR. STEMPIEN: Right.

THE COURT: In the plan. And that, you're arguing is based on the settlement agreement, the full \$42,500 payment.

1 THE COURT: Is that part of what you're arguing? 2 MR. STEMPIEN: Yes, yeah, yeah. 3 THE COURT: All right. You -- on the subject of 4 your claim against the individual officers, I noticed that in 5 March of this year apparently in the State Court action you 6 obtained an order of that Court ordering the individual 7 employees to pay the full amount of the arbitration award 8 within 60 days, is that right? 9 MR. STEMPIEN: That is correct. THE COURT: That's the order that is entitled order 10 enforcing arbitration award in March 14, 2016, Circuit Court. 11 12 This is -- a copy of this is -- it looks Exhibit 6 to your 1.3 motion. MR. STEMPIEN: Okay. 14 THE COURT: Refers to the arbitration award issued 15 16 on May 16, 2013, order defendants, meaning the individual 17 defendants being Meyer and Watkins and John -- Officer John 18 Doe, so we're talking about Meyer and Watkins, I guess, to pay 19 that award within 60 days. 20 MR. STEMPIEN: Correct. 21 THE COURT: Was the city involved in the litigation 22 that led to this particular order in the State Court? 23 MR. STEMPIEN: Yes, they did. 24 THE COURT: They were?

25 MR. STEMPIEN: Yeah, they appeared at the hearing. 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 34 of 47

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              THE COURT: And did they argue against this?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: No.
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              THE COURT: Did they raise the issue of the
 4
    settlement?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: No.
              THE COURT: And did they oppose this entry of this
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   order in any way?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: No.
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              THE COURT: During the hearing did they say anything
   about their indemnification obligation to Officer Watkins?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: No.
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              THE COURT: Did you bring up any of these things
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   during that hearing?
             MR. STEMPIEN: I did not.
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              THE COURT: All right. Well, what else do you want
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   to say about your motion then, Mr. Stempien?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: No, I believe we've covered
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   everything, Your Honor. I think the Court has a good sense of
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   what my argument is. Thank you.
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              THE COURT: All right. Well, thank you. We'll hear
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   from the city now. Mr. Spinner.
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             MR. SPINNER: Yes, good afternoon, Your Honor.
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   think you have actually covered most of what I would say. You
   know, now I understand exactly what he's -- brother counsel is
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Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 35 of 47

I think the -- the only issue I might raise, and it's probably a lot simpler than it -- than it would appear in the surface. To me the one doctrine that's being overlooked all over here is merger and the ability to settle claims. Two doctrines, I suppose.

First of all the parties can sell anything they wish for the most part. And they did so here and signed an agreement to that effect.

At the time the settlement took place, merger takes place. The original claim merges into the settlement. The settlement requires that this claim, this -- this suit in which the order was -- from the Court which issued the order, that suit was supposed to have been dismissed.

The claims against the individual police officers were obviously released as they were to the city. Claimant bargained for a \$42,500 unsecured claim, that's what he has, that's what he's gotten.

And beyond that I don't think I could add much to what Your Honor's already asked. Unless you have questions for me, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, what do you say about this

Paragraph O on Page 62 of the confirmed plan and the argument

made by Mr. Stempien here?

MR. SPINNER: Indemnification? The -- well, two

25 things. First of all, there's no indemnification required 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 36 of 47

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    anymore, Your Honor, he's released the officers and said, I
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   will take an unsecured claim against the city for payment. So
   there's no -- no ability or requirement for indemnification
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 4
   because there's no further charges against the officers.
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   That's part of the settlement agreement that's been executed.
 6
   And as to that --
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              THE COURT: So it is your view that the reference in
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   the settlement agreement in Paragraphs 2 and 5 to the -- to
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   Mr. McKay having a general unsecured non-priority claim
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    subject to the treatment provided for such claims under any
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    Chapter 9 plan, does not -- it means the treatment provided in
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    Class 14 of the confirmed plan, not the -- not anything that's
   provided in Paragraph O on Page 62 of the plan relating to the
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14
    indemnification of city employees.
              MR. SPINNER: Oh, absolutely, Your Honor. As a
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   matter of fact, you know, if we really want to get to be
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    esoteric about this, most of the arbitration award was
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    entered. In theory the 1983 claims merged with that and you
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   have an arbitration dollar award. What is now against the
20
    individual officers is a dollar --
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              THE COURT: That was a binding arbitration, I
22
    assume, by agreement.
23
              MR. SPINNER: I believe so.
24
              THE COURT: Yeah.
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25 MR. SPINNER: And then -- and that was exchanged and 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 37 of 47

merged into a settlement agreement and in the settlement agreement the plaintiff unambiguously agreed to release the city, its employees, and then -- and dismiss this case and in exchange for that would receive a Class 14 unsecured claim.

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The reasons for the entering into the agreement, I'm not going to speculate. I'm not allowed to speculate because it's unambiguous. There's no parol evidence really to speculate upon. It's -- this is -- it is what it is. He was represented by counsel. It was executed and then -- and now he's gone off and gotten an award or an order from the Court. I would say that theoretically is in violation of the injunction. But I think this motion would probably take care of that.

In effect, Your Honor, what we're looking for is the same thing Mr. McKay is. We're looking to have the settlement enforced. I think we just have different interpretations of what that means.

THE COURT: The entry of this order on March -- dated March 14, 2016 by the State Circuit Court, order enforcing arbitration award that I -- I referred to a little bit ago with Mr. Stempien, Exhibit 6 to the -- Mr. McKay's motion.

That order seems inconsistent with your argument about the settlement agreement having released any claims by Mr.

1 MR. SPINNER: Certainly would be my position, Your 2 Honor. 3 THE COURT: So is there -- is there a problem 4 however in the fact that there is a State Court judgment or in 5 fact the order which I assume is a final order, that's inconsistent with the city's position? 6 7 MR. SPINNER: Insofar as that the order exists, Your 8 Honor, if it's entered in violation of the Bankruptcy Court 9 injunction that was entered with the plan, we could move to have it set aside. I mean technically speaking yes, the order 10 stands until it's set aside and probably needs to be set 11 12 aside. I -- to be perfectly honest, I am not entirely familiar 1.3 with the circumstances of how the order was extracted from the 14 15 State Court. But if --16 THE COURT: Well, how -- how would the order be in violation of any sort of injunction, discharge order, or 17 18 injunction under the confirmed plan? 19 MR. SPINNER: Well, and to the extent -- just at a 20 beginning without speculating on how many different ways. 21 Just going after the fact the city's officers were sued in their official capacities, this order does not, I don't 22 believe distinguish between that. 23 24 Certainly it's not limiting itself in any way. It's just

simply the defendants shall pay within 60 days.

13-53846-tit Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 39 of 47

minimum it should be corrected.

But I mean I would also say that regarding the settlement, the settlement said I will dismiss this case. And he did not dismiss this case. So I think the city would then have a claim against him theoretically for damages.

I don't want to speculate on how far this goes. I think this can be resolved a lot more simply than all. But if we're following hypotheticals, that's where I would take it.

THE COURT: The obligation to dismiss the city case or the civil case in State Court, that's Paragraph 9 of the settlement agreement.

MR. SPINNER: Yes, I believe so, Your Honor.

THE COURT: That says stipulation of dismissal with prejudice. And the form attached hereto is Exhibit B. I don't see any Exhibit B in the record. What is Exhibit B?

MR. SPINNER: You know, Your Honor, we have not found Exhibit B either. However, I believe when the Court last looked at this there was that similar — this was exactly on all fours with the <u>Phillips</u> decision, Exhibit B was not found. But there was definitely an intent expressed within the agreement that the underlying litigation that led to the filing of the proof of claim was to be dismissed and the city takes the position that that same intent is expressed here, it's the same language exactly.

25 THE COURT: All right. Anything else you'd like to 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 40 of 47

PAGE <u>33</u>

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    say then, Mr. Spinner?
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             MR. SPINNER: No, sir. Thank you.
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Stempien, as counsel for
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    the moving party you can briefly reply if you want to.
             MR. STEMPIEN: Your Honor -- I'll get to the
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             The only thing I'd like to point out is that there
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   has been no indication that they were sued only in their
 8
   official capacities. And there's nothing in the arbitration
   award that tells us how it was awarded against them.
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         They were sued as individuals. We did not sue the City
11
    of Detroit. We did not bring them in and say they are -- you
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   know, this is the city's problem. We sued individual officers
   which is actually in the 1983, that's generally how it's done.
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         So to -- to -- I think it's just -- I don't think that
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   there's been an establishment. I think that the fact of the
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   matter is we have an arbitration award that could have been a
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    judgment entered against three individuals with no indication
    that it was in any -- in official capacity. So I believe it
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    still falls within that one provision of the plan that we
20
   talked about earlier.
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              THE COURT: Entered against three individuals?
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             MR. STEMPIEN: Correct.
23
              THE COURT: Who were those other than Meyer and
24
   Watkins?
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25 MR. STEMPIEN: If I could, Your Honor. It was 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 41 of 47

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originally filed against Mr. Watkins, and then the lawsuit was
    amended and we added three -- two other individual police
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 3
    officers and the award was Officer Myron Watkins, Frederick
 4
   Persing, and Kevin Clark.
 5
              THE COURT: Oh, I see. They're named in the --
             MR. STEMPIEN: It's Exhibit 5 of my --
 6
                         They're named in the arbitration award.
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              THE COURT:
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             MR. STEMPIEN: Right.
              THE COURT: Yeah, okay, I got you. All right.
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             MR. STEMPIEN: Okay.
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             THE COURT: Go on.
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             MR. STEMPIEN: That's it. That's all.
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              THE COURT: All right. Thank you all. I'm going to
   rule on this motion now.
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         Based on the argument presented in -- in the hearing
    today and if this was not 100% clear in the papers filed by
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   the moving party and by the city before today's hearing, but
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    in the hearing it's now clear, that the moving party Mr.
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   McKay's theory here to entitlement from the City of Detroit of
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   full payment, the $42,500, the full amount of the -- what is
21
    called the settled claim amount in Paragraph 2 of the
22
    settlement agreement, must be paid at 100% rather than paid at
   some -- with some lesser -- consideration of some lesser value
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24
   because of the terms of the confirmed Chapter 9 plan.
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That that argument is -- that argument is the sum -- the

13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 42 of 47

total amount of relief and really the only theory of relief that ultimately is -- is argued here by the moving party, Mr. McKay. And that means as -- as stated by Mr. Stempien, counsel for Mr. McKay during the hearing made clear today, the -- Mr. McKay agrees and acknowledges that the settlement agreement provided for settlement of and release by him of the -- his 1983 claims, or his -- his claims -- civil rights and 1983 claims against not only the City of Detroit whatever claims there may be, but also against the individual officers who were the subject of the arbitration award at issue.

And that's clear -- as the city argues, that's clear from Paragraph 8 of the settlement agreement which by the way is in the record as an exhibit to both parties' papers. I'm looking at docket 11187 as my copy here, it's Exhibit B at that point. It's also Exhibit 7 to the motion, docket 11157. That's the settlement agreement.

The -- the settlement agreement is clear in Paragraphs 2 and 5 that what Mr. McKay was receiving as the sum total of consideration running in his direction in exchange for releasing his claims against the individual officers and the city in Paragraph 8, is -- provides -- that provided in Paragraphs 2 and 5 of the settlement agreement. That is in the form of Mr. McKay being given -- a provision stating that the claim Mr. McKay had filed in the City of Detroit's case

non-priority claim. That's Paragraph 2. In the amount of \$42,500.

The priority of the claim then is general unsecured non-priority. Paragraph 5 confirms that of the settlement agreement, confirms that as well. And says, "the parties agree that any settled claim is a general unsecured non-priority claim subject to the treatment provided for such claims under any Chapter 9 plan for the adjustment of debts confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court."

The -- Mr. McKay then is entitled to what he's entitled to from the city as the sum total of what the city is obligated to -- to provide to Mr. McKay under this based on this settlement agreement, is whatever treatment the confirmed Chapter 9 plan in this case provided for general unsecured non-priority claims.

And that treatment in my view clearly is the treatment provided in -- to Class 14 in the confirmed plan. The treatment of Class 14 is stated in the confirmed plan. At Page 44 of the confirmed plan, a copy of the confirmed plan is attached to the order confirming plan, docket number 8272 on file in this case. And that treatment is certainly quite different from full payment in cash of the full amount of the allowed claim as argued by Mr. McKay. It's the treatment that provides for a pro rata share of certain amount of new B notes

definitely not full payment in cash and it is far -- far less than that of the allowed claim.

Now Mr. -- that's clear in my view from the words used in the provision, the stated -- the treatment of Class 4 claims which are defined as allowed other unsecured claims, that's a defined term on Page 44 of the confirmed plan.

It allowed -- there's no dispute that there's an allowed claim here. The -- the question is whether this claim of Mr. McKay under the settlement agreement is a "Other Unsecured Claim" within the meaning of the statement of treatment under Class 14 on Page 44 of the plan.

In my view clearly it is. The definition of -- of other unsecured claim in the definitions of the confirmed plan on Page 21 to 22, Paragraph 262 in my view, although you have to parse through it, it's -- it's -- it's clear and unambiguous that that includes the general unsecured non-priority claim of the type which Mr. McKay was given as an allowed claim in this Chapter 9 bankruptcy case under the confirmed Chapter 9 plan by this settlement agreement, Paragraphs 2 and 5.

Mr. McKay has relied upon a provision in the confirmed plan on Page 62 of the confirmed plan. Again it's docket 8272. The Paragraph O on that page which says for purposes irrelevant to this motion, in — in essence says that the plan, the confirmed plan does not discharge or impair the

indemnify, defend, reimburse, exculpate, advanced fees and expenses to or limit the liability of officers and employees of the city.

As the movant's counsel acknowledged I think in today's hearing, it is clear that the city's obligation to indemnify, defend, reimburse, et cetera its employees, that was not discharged given the language in Paragraph O on Page 62 of the confirmed plan and otherwise, is an obligation that runs of the city to its employees and not an obligation the city has or that runs to any third party claimants who make claims against employees and officers of the city like Mr. McKay.

And so the settlement agreement in my view and its reference — its language in Paragraphs 2 and 5 of the settlement agreement, is clear and unambiguous given the clear and unambiguous language of the confirmed Chapter 9 plan, that the treatment of the allowed \$42,500 claim that Mr. McKay has under the settlement agreement or under the Chapter 9 plan, is the treatment provided by in — to holders of Class 14 claims under the confirmed plan that I've already referred to and nothing else and nothing more.

The city has no other obligation in my view under this settlement agreement and under the confirmed plan than that to Mr. McKay. The -- and so Mr. McKay's motion which seeks an order requiring the city to pay the full \$42,500 allowed

be inconsistent with the confirmed plan.

And the Court must reject Mr. McKay's motion and arguments to the contrary. So for that — those reasons Mr. McKay's motion will be denied. I will prepare and enter an order reflecting this ruling and denying the motion. Thank you.

MR. STEMPIEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: The next motion then that I want to hear that's on our agenda is the -- the motion filed by the city seeking relief against Rodrick Siner.

For the record this motion was filed by the city on May 12, 2016. It is at docket number 11159. It's entitled City of Detroit's motion for the entry of an order enforcing the plan of adjustment injunction and the bar date order against Rodrick Siner.

Now Mr. Spinner, you're on your feet. You're representing the city today in this hearing on this motion. For the record I will ask, I think I know the answer, but I will ask whether Rodrick Siner is present or if there's anyone here on behalf of Mr. Siner. I hear nothing. Mr. Siner has failed to appear at this hearing either in person or through any attorney.

And the Court and the city counsel may well know why that is or have good reason to suspect why that is, namely that Mr.

25 Siner is in prison in Alabama at the moment and did not try to 13-53846-tjt Doc 11621 Filed 10/13/16 Entered 10/13/16 11:41:06 Page 47 of 47