# IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:	)	Chapter 11
	)	
WASHINGTON MUTUAL, INC., <u>et al.</u> ,	)	Case No. 08-12229 (MFW)
Dobtono	)	Laintly, Administered
Debtors.	)	Jointly Administered
	)	Objections Due: April 3, 2012 at 4:00 p.m. EDT
	)	Hearing Date: April 17, 2012 at 10:30 a.m. EDT
	)	

MOTION OF GREGORY G. CAMAS TO EXTEND TIME TO FILE PROOF OF CLAIM, DEEMING PROOF OF CLAIM TIMELY FILED, AND CLASSIFYING CLAIM AS CLASS 12 CLAIM UNDER SEVENTH AMENDED JOINT PLAN OF AFFILIATED DEBTORS PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 11 OF THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY CODE

Gregory G. Camas ("<u>Camas</u>"), by and through undersigned counsel, hereby moves (the "<u>Motion</u>") for entry of an order extending the time for Camas to file a proof of claim, deeming his already-filed proof of claim (the "<u>Claim</u>") timely filed, and therefore classifying the Claim as a Class 12 Claim under the Seventh Amended Joint Plan of Affiliated Debtors Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "<u>Plan</u>") [D.I. 9178]. In support of this Motion, Camas respectfully states the following:

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

1. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334. This matter is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). Venue is proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409. The bases for the relief requested herein are sections 105(a) and 501 of title 11 of the United States Code (the

"Bankruptcy Code") and Rules 3003(c)(3) and 9006(b)(1) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (each a "Rule" and collectively the "Rules").

#### FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 2. Camas was employed by debtor Washington Mutual, Inc. and/or a subsidiary thereof from 2004 until January 2009. Affidavit of Gregory G. Camas in Support of Motion (the "<u>Affidavit</u>") (filed contemporaneously herewith), ¶ 1.
- 3. In connection with his employment, Camas entered into that certain Change in Control Agreement with Washington Mutual, Inc. <u>Id.</u>, ¶ 2. A copy of the Change in Control Agreement is attached as <u>Exhibit 1</u> to the Affidavit.
  - 4. The Change in Control Agreement, provides, in relevant part that:
  - If (i) [my] employment is terminated by Washington Mutual or its successor without "cause" . . . upon or within two years after a Change in Control or (ii) [I] resign[] for "good reason" . . . upon or within two years after a Change in Control and reason for Washington Mutual to terminate [me] for "cause" exists, then [I] shall be entitled to receive , within five business after the effective date of such termination or resignation, from Washington Mutual or its successor, a lump sum equal to two times [my] annual compensation. . .

Change in Control Agreement,  $\P 5(c)$ .

- 5. In or about January 2009, Camas employment was terminated without cause. Affidavit, ¶ 4.
- 6. On September 26, 2008, the above-referenced debtors filed petitions for relief under chapter 11 the Bankruptcy Code.
- 7. On or about April 20, 2009, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") sent Camas a letter, attached to the Affidavit as Exhibit 2,

informing him that Washington Mutual Bank, Henderson, NV, In Receivership, disaffirmed the Change in Control Agreement. Id., ¶ 6.

- 8. At that time, Camas believed that any recourse he had for pursuing a claim in connection with the Change in Control Agreement was exhausted. <u>Id.</u>, ¶ 7.
- 9. Although Camas was aware of the pendency of these bankruptcy cases, he was unaware of any deadline that was established to file a proof of claim in these bankruptcy cases and was unaware of any procedure to file a proof of claim.  $\underline{\text{Id.}}$ ,  $\P$  8.
- 10. On or about February 9, 2009, Timothy J. Kelsey, who purports to be an employee of the claims and noticing agent in these cases, Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC, executed an affidavit swearing that on February 4, 2008, he caused a copy of a Notice of Deadlines for Filing Proofs of Claims and a Proof of Claim Form (collectively, the "Bar Date Package") to be served on my via U.S. First Class Mail. Affidavit of Service, Exhibit C, page 85 [D.I. 875]. This Affidavit of Service was not filed until April 6, 2009.
- 11. On January 30, 2009, this Court entered an order establishing a proof of claim bar date [D.I. 632]. That order was entered nearly one year after the date on which Mr. Kelsey states he caused the Bar Date Package to be served on Camas. The proof of claim bar date was March 31, 2009 (the "Bar Date"). Id.
- 12. The address at which Mr. Kelsey states Camas was served is Camas' home address. <u>Affidavit</u>, ¶ 11. Camas' customary practice is to review all mail that he receives at his home each day that mail is delivered. <u>Id.</u> Camas does not recall

receiving the Bar Date Package and therefore does not believe he received it. <u>Id.</u> If he had received the Bar Date Package, Camas would have promptly acted on it by filing a proof of claim before the deadline to file a proof of claim. <u>Id.</u>

- 13. In or about April 2011, another former employee of the debtors advised Camas that that a procedure for filing such claims existed and that a Bar Date had been established. <u>Id.</u>, ¶ 12. As soon as practicable thereafter, on or about April 21, 2011, Camas filed a proof of claim that appears on the claims register in these cases as claim number 3966 and is attached to the Affidavit as <u>Exhibit 3</u>. <u>Id.</u>
- 14. Camas later became aware that the amount of his claim was different than the amount set forth in claim number 3966. Id., ¶ 13. Therefore, or about February 12, 2012, Camas filed an amended proof of claim that appears on the claims register in these cases as claim number 4079 and is attached to the Affidavit as Exhibit 4.
- 15. On February 24, 2012, this Court entered an order confirming the Plan [D.I. 9759].
  - 16. The Plan became effective on March 19, 2012 [D.I. 9933].

#### **ARGUMENT**

- A. Sufficient Cause Exists to Extend the Time for Camas to File a Proof of Claim.
- 17. Camas' failure to file a proof of claim before the Bar Date is the result of excusable neglect caused by the Debtors' failure to provide notice to Camas of the

Bar Date and Camas' innocent misunderstanding of the claims process in these cases and the parallel FDIC proceedings.

- 18. Bankruptcy Rule 3003(c)(3) provides that "[t]he court shall fix and for cause shown may extend the time within which proofs of claim or interest may be filed." Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3003(c)(3).
- 19. Bankruptcy Rule 9006(b)(1) provides further authority for the Court to extend the deadline to file an untimely proof of claim and states, in relevant part, that:

when an act is required or allowed to be done at or within a specified period by these rules or by a notice given thereunder or by order of court, the court for cause shown may at any time in its discretion . . . on motion made after the expiration of the specified period permit the act to be done where the failure to act was the result of excusable neglect.

Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9006(b)(1).

20. In <u>Pioneer Inv. Servs. Corp. v. Brunswick Assocs. Ltd. P'ship</u>, 507

U.S. 380 (1993), the United States Supreme Court addressed whether the failure of an attorney to file a proof of claim prior to the bar date established excusable neglect. The Supreme Court found that the phrase "excusable neglect" under Bankruptcy Rule 9006(b)(1) should be given a flexible understanding. <u>Pioneer</u>, 507 U.S. at 389. The Supreme Court held that "Congress plainly contemplated [in drafting Bankruptcy Rule 9006(b)(1)] that the courts would be permitted, where appropriate, to accept late filings caused by inadvertence, mistake, or carelessness, as well as by intervening circumstances beyond the party's control." <u>Id.</u> at 388.

- 21. The <u>Pioneer</u> Court concluded that the determination of excusable neglect is "at bottom an equitable one, taking account of all relevant circumstances surrounding the party's omission," including: (1) the danger of prejudice to the debtor, (2) the length of the delay and its potential impact on judicial proceedings, (3) the reason for the delay, including whether it was within the reasonable control of the movant, and (4) whether the movant acted in good faith. <u>Id.</u> at 395.
- 22. Application of the <u>Pioneer</u> factors to the present case demonstrates that Camas' failure timely to file a proof of claim timely is the result of excusable neglect.
  - i. The Debtors Will Not Be Prejudiced if Camas Are Allowed to File Their Claims.
- 23. The Debtors and their estates will suffer little, if any, prejudice if Camas is the deadline for him to file his proof of claim is extended and his Claim is deemed timely filed. When determining whether allowance of a late-filed claim will result in prejudice to a debtor, this Court has considered the following factors:
  - [1] whether the debtor was surprised or caught unaware by the assertion of a claim that it had not anticipated;
  - [2] whether the payment of the claim would force the return of amounts already paid out under the confirmed Plan or affect the distribution to creditors;
  - [3] whether payment of the claim would jeopardize the success of the debtor's reorganization;
  - [4] whether allowance of the claim would adversely impact the debtor actually or legally; and

- [5] whether allowance of the claim would open the floodgates to other future claims.

  In re Cable & Wireless USA, Inc., 338 B.R. 609, 614 (Bankr. D. Del. 2006) ("Other factors . . . include the size of the claim with respect to the estate and whether the plan was filed or confirmed with knowledge of the existence of the claim."). See Pro-Tec Servs., LLC v. Inacom Corp. (In re Inacom Corp.), Civ. A. 04–390–GMS, 2004 WL 2283599, \*4 (D. Del. Oct. 4, 2004) (listing same five factors, reversing bankruptcy court's decision, and concluding that claim should be deemed timely filed).
- 24. The Debtors are not being surprised or caught unaware by the assertion of a claim that was unanticipated. To the contrary, Camas was an employee of the Debtors and the Change in Control Agreement was entered into in connection with such employment.
- 25. Accordingly, the Debtors had sufficient notice of the Claim well before proposing the Plan. Courts have found that when debtors had notice of a claim before a plan of reorganization is filed, the prejudice factor weighs in favor of the claimant. In re Spring Ford Indus., Case No. 02–15015DWS, 2003 WL 21785960, at \*6 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. July 25, 2003) (noting that debtors had "every opportunity to take [the claim] into account in formulating the plan's terms"); Greyhound Lines, Inc. v. Rogers (In re Eagle Bus Mfg., Inc.), 62 F.3d 730, 737 (5th Cir. 1995) (affirming finding of no prejudice, as plan was negotiated and approved after debtor had notice of claims).

- 26. The Debtors and their estates will not suffer any prejudice because allowance and payment of the Claim would not jeopardize or adversely affect the Debtors' reorganization or force the return of amounts already paid out under the Plan. The Debtors appear to be still actively engaged in the claims reconciliation process and in the process of filing and adjudicating objections to certain contested claims. Therefore, it is unclear how many and the amount of claims that ultimately will be allowed. See Inacom, 2004 WL 2283599, at \*4 (court finding that resolution of claimant's claim would not affect any distribution to creditors because debtor was still engaged in claims reconciliation process and therefore final distribution to creditors was not set and no evidence from either party suggested that amounts already paid out under plan would have to be returned).
- 27. Finally, there is no reason to conclude that extending the bar date for Camas would open the floodgates to future claims. Camas is unaware of other claimants who have filed a motion similar to this Motion, and no evidence exists that a "flood" of such motions would arise if the Motion is granted. See Inacom, 2004 WL 2283599, at \*6 (finding that because debtor could not cite to any other party that had filed a motion similar to appellant-claimant's, there was no evidence that such a "flood" would occur).
  - ii. The Length of the Delay is Excusable and a Result of the Debtors' Actions.
- 28. Camas' failure to file a timely claim is excusable because it is the direct result of the Debtors' failure to deliver notice to the Camas. Courts have

found that a known claimant's failure to file a proof of claim constitutes excusable neglect when the Debtors failed to provide actual notice to the claimant. See Spring Ford Indus., 2003 WL 21785960, at \*3-4 (questioning whether delay truly prejudiced debtor when they had notice of pending action, noting that "[i]f the Debtor is prejudiced, it is partially of its own doing."); Manus Corp. v. NRG Energy, Inc. (In re O'Brien Envtl. Energy, Inc.), 188 F.3d 116, 128-30 (3d Cir. 1999) (reversing lower court, and holding that neglect was excusable in part due to debtor's failure "to properly alert and notify" creditor to objection to claim, and thus holding that the "detrimental impact of this delay is as much [a result of the debtor's actions]").

29. The Debtors have been on notice of Camas' potential claim at least January 2009, when Camas' employment was terminated. Despite the Debtors' knowledge Camas' claims, the Debtors failed to provide Camas with the Bar Date Package. Moreover, even if Camas did know about the bankruptcy cases, it was not his duty to inquire about the Bar Date. Even when claimants know of a bankruptcy case, courts have found that they have "no duty to inquire about the claims bar date"; rather, they have the "right to assume that the statutory 'reasonable notice' will be given them before their claims are forever barred." Spring Ford, at \*3 (quoting New York v. New York, N.H. & H.R. Co., 344 U.S. 293, 297 (1953)). A creditor's actual knowledge of a bankruptcy proceeding "does not obviate the need for notice" nor does the claimant have a "duty to investigate and inject himself into the

proceedings." <u>Levin v. Maya Constr. Co. (In re Maya Constr. Co.)</u>, 78 F.3d 1395, 1399 (9th Cir. 1996) (reversing lower court).

30. Moreover, the length of delay in seeking leave to file late claims is not significant given the procedural posture of these cases. The Plan has only recently been confirmed. Thus, although the Bar Date was in March 2009, the Claim will not prejudice these estates and distributions to creditors. Moreover, the Claim was filed on or about April 21, 2011, long before the Plan was confirmed. Courts in this circuit have found excusable neglect in the filing of claims after much greater delay than is found here. Cf. Chemetron Corp. v. Jones, 72 F.3d 341 (3d Cir. 1995) (reversing lower court decision, and remanding for further consideration regarding excusable neglect, even though relief was requested two years after debtors' plan was confirmed).

#### iii. Camas Acted in Good Faith.

31. Camas has exercised good faith in pursuing resolution of their claims against the appropriate parties. As explained above, Camas did not receive the Bar Date Notice. Moreover, Camas innocently believed that the communications he received from the FDIC were meant to foreclose his opportunity to pursue any claim in respect of the Change if Control Agreement After learning of the Bar Date (which was after the Bar Date had passed but long before the Plan was confirmed.), Camas promptly filed the Claim. At no time has Camas acted in bad faith, and this factor as well supports granting the relief requested herein.

WHEREFORE, Camas respectfully request that the Court enter an Order substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A (1) extending the Bar Date for Camas; (2) deeming the Claim timely filed; (3) classifying the Claim as a Class 12 Claim under the Plan; and (4) granting Camas such further relief as the Court deems just and appropriate.

Dated: March 20, 2012 **WOMBLE CARLYLE SANDRIDGE** & RICE, LLP

/s/ Thomas M. Horan

Francis A. Monaco, Jr. (DE Bar No. 2078) Mark L. Desgrosseilliers (DE Bar No. 4083) Thomas M. Horan (DE Bar No. 4641) 222 Delaware Avenue, Suite 1501 Wilmington, DE 19801

Telephone: (302) 252-4320 Facsimile: (302) 252-4330 E-mail: fmonaco@wcsr.com

E-mail: mdesgrosseilliers@wcsr.com

E-mail: thoran@wcsr.com

Counsel for Gregory G. Camas

# IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:	)	Chapter 11
WASHINGTON MUTUAL, INC., et al.,	)	Case No. 08-12229 (MFW)
WASHINGTON MOTOAL, INC., <u>et al.</u> ,	)	Case 1vo. 06-12229 (WII'vv)
Debtors.	)	Jointly Administered
	)	Re: D.I
	)	

# ORDER GRANTING MOTION OF GREGORY G. CAMAS TO EXTEND TIME TO FILE PROOF OF CLAIM AND DEEMING PROOF OF CLAIM TIMELY FILED

Upon consideration of the motion (the "Motion")<sup>1</sup> of Gregory G. Camas ("Camas") for the entry of an order: (1) extending the Bar Date for Camas; and (2) deeming the Claim timely filed; and it appearing that this Court has jurisdiction over this matter; and it appearing that due and adequate notice of the Motion having been given; and that no other or further notice need be provided; and it further appearing that cause exists to grant the relief requested in the Motion; and upon all of the proceedings had before the Court; and after due deliberation and sufficient cause appearing therefor; it is hereby

ORDERED that the Motion is granted; and it is further

ORDERED that the deadline for filing a proof of claim set forth in the Bar Date Order is extended; and it is further

Each capitalized term not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Motion.

ORDERED that Camas' Claim, as well as any further amending claims

Camas may file, shall be and hereby are deemed to have been timely filed within the

meaning of the Bar Date Order; and it is further

ORDERED that Camas' Claim is classified as a Class 12 Claim under the Seventh Amended Joint Plan of Affiliated Debtors Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code; and it is further

ORDERED that this Court shall retain jurisdiction with respect to all matters arising from or in relation to the implementation of this Order.

Dated:	, 2012	
		The Honorable Mary F. Walrath
		United States Bankruptcy Judge

# IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:	) Chapter 11
WASHINGTON MUTUAL, INC., et al.,	) Case No. 08-12229 (MFW)
Debtors.	) Jointly Administered
	Objections Due: April 3, 2012 at 4:00 p.m. EDT Hearing Date: April 17, 2012 at 10:30 a.m. EDT
	)

NOTICE OF MOTION OF GREGORY G. CAMAS TO EXTEND TIME TO FILE PROOF OF CLAIM, DEEMING PROOF OF CLAIM TIMELY FILED, AND CLASSIFYING CLAIM AS CLASS 12 CLAIM UNDER SEVENTH AMENDED JOINT PLAN OF AFFILIATED DEBTORS PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 11 OF THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY CODE

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Gregory G. Camas ("Camas" or "Movant"), by and through undersigned counsel, has filed the attached Motion of Gregory M. Camas to Extend Time to File Proof of Claim, Deeming Proof of Claim Timely Filed, and Classifying Claim as Class 12 Claim Under Seventh Amended Joint Plan of Affiliated Debtors Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the "Motion").

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that responses, if any, to the Motion, must be filed with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, 824 Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, on or before **April 3, 2012 at 4:00 p.m. (Eastern).** 

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that at the same time, you must also serve a copy of the response upon counsel for Movant:

Francis A. Monaco, Jr. (DE Bar No. 2078) Mark L. Desgrosseilliers (DE Bar No. 4083) Thomas M. Horan (DE Bar No. 4641) Womble Carlyle Sandridge & Rice LLP 222 Delaware Avenue, Suite 1501 Wilmington, DE 19801

Telephone: (302) 252-4320 Facsimile: (302) 252-4330 E-mail: fmonaco@wcsr.com

E-mail: mdesgrosseilliers@wcsr.com

E-mail: thoran@wcsr.com

A HEARING ON THE MOTION WILL BE HELD ON APRIL 17, 2012 AT 10:30

A.M. (EASTERN) ONLY IF AN OBJECTION IS TIMELY FILED AND SERVED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH THIS NOTICE.

IF YOU FAIL TO RESPOND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS NOTICE, THE COURT MAY GRANT THE RELIEF REQUESTED IN THE MOTION WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE OR HEARING.

Dated: March 20, 2012 **WOMBLE CARLYLE SANDRIDGE** & RICE, LLP

/s/ Thomas M. Horan

Francis A. Monaco, Jr. (DE Bar No. 2078)

Mark L. Desgrosseilliers (DE Bar No. 4083)

Thomas M. Horan (DE Bar No. 4641)

222 Delaware Avenue, Suite 1501

Wilmington, DE 19801 Telephone: (302) 252-4320 Facsimile: (302) 252-4330 E-mail: fmonaco@wcsr.com

E-mail: mdesgrosseilliers@wcsr.com

E-mail: thoran@wcsr.com

Counsel for Gregory G. Camas

### IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:	) Chapter 11
WASHINGTON MUTUAL, INC., et al.	, ) Case No. 08-12229 (MFW)
Debtors.	) Jointly Administered )
EXTEND TIME TO FILE PROOF	CAMAS IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO OF CLAIM AND DEEMING PROOF OF TIMELY FILED
STATE OF NEW JERSEY )	7.0
COUNTY OF HUDSON )	SS
I, Gregory Camas, hereby decla	re that the following is true and correct to the
best of my knowledge, information, and	l belief.
1. I was employed by o	debtor Washington Mutual, Inc. and/or a
subsidiary thereof from 2004 until Janu	ary 2009.

- 2. In connection with my employment, I entered into that certain Change in Control Agreement with Washington Mutual, Inc. A copy of the Change in Control Agreement is attached hereto as Exhibit 1.
  - 3. The Change in Control Agreement, provides, in relevant part that:
  - If (i) [my] employment is terminated by Washington Mutual or its successor without "cause"... upon or within two years after a Change in Control or (ii) [I] resign[] for "good reason"... upon or within two years after a Change in Control and reason for Washington Mutual to terminate [me] for "cause" exists, then [I] shall be entitled to receive, within five business after the effective date—of such termination or resignation, from Washington Mutual or its successor, a lump sum equal to two times [my] annual compensation...

Change in Control Agreement, ¶ 5(c).

- In or about January 2009, my employment was terminated without cause.
- 5. On September 26, 2008, the above-referenced debtors filed petitions for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code, 11 U.S.C. §§ 101 et seq.
- 6. On or about April 20, 2009, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") sent me a letter, attached hereto as Exhibit 2, informing me that Washington Mutual Bank, Henderson, NV, In Receivership, disaffirmed the Change in Control Agreement.
- 7. At that time, I believed that any recourse I had for pursuing a claim in connection with the Change in Control Agreement was exhausted.
- 8. Although I was aware of the pendency of these bankruptcy cases, I was unaware of any deadline that was established to file a proof of claim in these bankruptcy cases and was unaware of any procedure to file a proof of claim.
- 9. I understand that on or about February 9, 2009, Timothy J. Kelsey, who purports to be an employee of the claims and noticing agent in these cases, Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC, executed an affidavit swearing that on February 4, 2008, he caused a copy of a Notice of Deadlines for Filing Proofs of Claims and a Proof of Claim Form (collectively, the "Bar Date Package") to be served on my via U.S. First Class Mail. Affidavit of Service, Exhibit C, page 85 [D.I. 875]. I understand that this Affidavit of Service was not filed until April 6, 2009.

- 10. I also understand that this Court entered an order establishing a proof of claim bar date on January 30, 2009, nearly one year after the date on which Mr. Kelsey states he caused the Bar Date Package to be served on me.
- 11. The address at which Mr. Kelsey states I was served is my home address. My customary practice is to review all mail that I receive at my home each day that mail is delivered. I do not recall receiving the Bar Date Package and therefore do not believe I received it. If I had received the Bar Date Package, I would have promptly acted on it by filing a proof of claim before the deadline to file a proof of claim.
- 12. In or about April 2011, another former employee of the debtors advised me that that a procedure for filing such claims existed and that a deadline for filing proofs of claim in these bankruptcy cases had been established. As soon as practicable thereafter, on or about April 21, 2011, I filed a proof of claim that I understand appears on the claims register in these cases as claim number 3966 and is attached hereto as Exhibit 3.
- 13. I later became aware that the amount of my claim was different than the amount set forth in claim number 3966. Therefore, or about February 12, 2012, I filed an amended proof of claim that I understand appears on the claims register in these cases as claim number 4079 and is attached hereto as Exhibit 4.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this <a href="#">/9th</a> day of March, 2012.

Gregory Camas

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me, a notary public on this  $\frac{19}{100}$  day of March, 2012.

Notary Public

USHA RAMLOGAN
Notary Public - State of New York
NO. 01RA6194048
Qualified in Queens County
My Commission Expires

### EXHIBIT "1"



#### CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT

This Change in Control Agreement (the "Agreement") is between the Subsidiary (as defined below) of Washington Mutual, Inc. (the "Company") by which the undersigned employee is currently employed ("Washington Mutual") and the undersigned employee of Washington Mutual ("Employee"). The parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Employment.</u> Washington Mutual hereby employs Employee, and Employee hereby accepts employment, on the terms in this Agreement.
- <u>2.</u> <u>Duties.</u>Employee shall perform such duties as Washington Mutual may from time to time direct.
- 3. <u>Compensation & Benefits.</u> Employee's compensation and benefits shall be as determined by Washington Mutual from time to time.
- 4. Performance of Duties. Employee agrees that during his or her employment with Washington Mutual: (a) Employee will faithfully perform the duties of such office or offices as he or she may occupy, which duties shall be such as may be assigned to him or her by Washington Mutual; (b) Employee will devote to the performance of his or her duties all such time and attention as Washington Mutual shall reasonably require, taking, however, from time to time, such reasonable vacations as are consistent with his or her duties and Washington Mutual policy; and (c) Employee will not, without Washington Mutual's express consent, become actively associated with or engaged in any business or activity during the term of this Agreement other than that of Washington Mutual (excepting customary family and personal activities, which may include management of personal investments so long as it does not entail active involvement in a business enterprise) and Employee will do nothing inconsistent with his or her duties to Washington Mutual.

#### 5. Termination.

- (a) Either Washington Mutual or Employee may terminate Employee's employment at any time in its sole discretion, with or without advance notice. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement or under any employee benefit plan maintained by the Company or its Subsidiaries, upon termination of employment, Washington Mutual shall have no liability to pay any further compensation or any other benefit or sum whatsoever to Employee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, this Agreement shall terminate and no further amounts or benefits shall be payable under this Agreement if, at least 120 days prior to a Change in Control (as defined below), Employee transfers to another Washington Mutual position and, under Washington Mutual's policies then in effect, persons occupying that position or a similar position are not eligible to receive a change in control agreement.
- (b) Upon termination of employment, Employee's rights under all employee pension plans, employee welfare benefit plans, bonus plans and stock option and restricted stock plans shall be determined under the terms of the plans and grants themselves except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement.
- (c) If (i) Employee's employment is terminated by Washington Mutual or its successor without "cause" (as defined below) upon or within two years after a Change in Control or (ii) Employee resigns for "good reason" (as defined below) upon or within two years after a Change in

Control and no reason for Washington Mutual to terminate Employee for "cause" exists, then Employee shall be entitled to receive, within five business days after the effective date of such termination or resignation, from Washington Mutual or its successor, a lump sum equal to two times Employee's annual compensation. Notwithstanding the preceding, the amount paid to employee under this Section 5(c) shall be offset by any payment received by Employee from Washington Mutual or any acquired company pursuant to: (i) a severance or change in control agreement, arrangement or plan, with the exception of any such payment received more than two years before either clause (i) or clause (ii) of this Section 5(c) was satisfied, or (ii) The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act (WARN Act) or any similar state or local law.

- (d) Upon a Change in Control, the lapse of the restrictions on Employee's restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock options and other equity awards shall automatically be accelerated (and, to the extent applicable, the option or other award shall be fully exercisable) unless the applicable award agreement provides otherwise.
- For purposes of Section 5(c), Employee's "annual compensation" shall equal the sum of (i) the highest of the Employee's annual base salary for the calendar year in which termination or resignation occurs, the prior calendar year, or the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the Change in Control occurred, (ii) the highest of (A) the Employee's unadjusted target bonus for the calendar year in which the termination or resignation occurs, (B) the Employee's actual bonus (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any portion of the actual bonus that was deferred or exchanged at the Employee's election for equity awards) for the prior calendar year (annualized if Employee was not employed by Washington Mutual for the entire previous calendar year), or (C) the Employee's actual bonus (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any portion of the actual bonus that was deferred or exchanged at the Employee's election for equity awards) for the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the Change in Control occurred (annualized if Employee was not employed by Washington Mutual for the entire such calendar year), and (iii) the amount of the contributions or accruals made or anticipated to have been made on Employee's behalf to the Company's or its Subsidiaries' benefit plans for the calendar year in which the termination or resignation occurs, including without limitation contributions to and accruals under qualified and nonqualified defined contribution and defined benefit pension plans and plans qualified under Section-125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). For purposes of this Section 5(e), bonus refers to monthly, quarterly, annual and other periodic performance-based bonuses based on individual and/or company results, and excludes nonperiodic lump sum bonuses (such as sign-on and retention bonuses (even if such bonuses are also performance-based bonuses) and cash and non-cash prizes and awards, including awards from sales contests) and the value of equity awards except as otherwise specifically provided herein.
- (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any payment described in Section 5(c) and the value of any lapse of restrictions under Section 5(d), together with any other payments or transfers of property, would constitute a "parachute payment" under Section 280G of the Code, or any successor statute then in effect, the aggregate payments by Washington Mutual or its successor pursuant to Section 5(c) shall be reduced to an amount that, when combined with the value of any lapse of restrictions under Section 5(d) and any other payments or transfers of property taken into account under Section 280G, is one dollar less than the smallest sum that would be considered to be a "parachute" payment.
  - (g) For purposes of this Agreement, "Change in Control" shall mean:
- 1. The acquisition of ownership, directly or indirectly, beneficially or of record, by any Person (as defined below) or group (within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder as in effect on the date of this

Agreement), other than the Company, a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan of the Company, or its Subsidiaries, of shares representing more than 25% of (i) the common stock of the Company, (ii) the aggregate voting power of the Company's voting securities or (iii) the total market value of the Company's voting securities;

- 2. During any period of 25 consecutive calendar months, a majority of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") ceasing to be composed of individuals (i) who were members of the Board on the first day of such period, (ii) whose election or nomination to the Board was approved by individuals referred to in clause (i) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of the Board or (iii) whose election or nomination to the Board was approved by individuals referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of the Board; provided that, any director appointed or elected to the Board to avoid or settle a threatened or actual proxy contest shall in no event be deemed to be an individual referred to in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) above;
- 3. The good-faith determination by the Board that any Person or group (other than a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan of the Company or a Subsidiary) has acquired direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause to direct the management or policies of the Company, whether through the ability to exercise voting power, by contract or otherwise;
- 4. The merger, consolidation, share exchange or similar transaction between the Company and another Person (other than a Subsidiary), other than a merger in which the stockholders of Washington Mutual immediately before such merger, consolidation or transaction own, directly or indirectly, immediately following such merger, consolidation or transaction, at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the combined voting power of the surviving entity in such merger, consolidation or transaction in substantially the same proportion as their ownership immediately before such merger, consolidation or transaction; or
- 5. The sale or transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to another Person (other than a Subsidiary) whether assisted or unassisted, voluntary or involuntary.

#### (h) For purposes of this Agreement:

- 1. "Person" shall mean any individual, corporation, company, voluntary association, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization or government (or any agency, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof).
- 2. "Subsidiary" shall mean a corporation that is wholly owned by the Company, either directly or through one or more corporations that are wholly owned by the Company.
- 3. "Related Company" shall mean any entity that is directly or indirectly controlled by the Company or any entity in which the Company has a significant equity interest, as determined by the Human Resources Committee of the Board.
- (i) For purposes of this Agreement, Washington Mutual shall have "cause" to terminate Employee's employment if:
- 1. Employee violates the Company's or Washington Mutual's policies regarding drug or alcohol use on a recurring basis;

- 2. Employee is convicted of any felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude (including forgery, fraud, theft or embezzlement) or enters into a pretrial diversion or similar program in connection with the prosecution for an offense involving dishonesty, breach of trust or money laundering; or
- 3. Employee has engaged in: (a) dishonesty or fraud, (b) destruction or theft of property of the Company or a Subsidiary, (c) physical attack on another employee, (d) willful malfeasance or gross negligence in the performance of Employee's duties, or (e) misconduct materially injurious to the Company or a Subsidiary.
- (j) For purposes of this Agreement, "good reason" for Employee to resign shall mean the occurrence of any of the following events without Employee's consent, provided that the Employee in all events shall have resigned within two years after the Change in Control:
- 1. The assignment of duties to Employee which (a) are materially different from Employee's duties immediately prior to the Change in Control, or (b) result in Employee having significantly less authority and/or responsibility than Employee had prior to the Change in Control.
- 2. A reduction of Employee's total pay opportunity from that in effect on the date of the Change in Control. Changes in the allocation of Employee's compensation between salary and incentive compensation, and changes to the criteria or method for determining incentive compensation amounts actually earned, shall not constitute "good reason" for Employee to resign. "Total pay opportunity" means base salary plus target incentive compensation, provided that in the case of incentive compensation for which a "target" is not defined (such as some sales commissions), the incentive component of the pay opportunity shall be the average incentive compensation of Employee during the 24 months preceding the Change in Control.
- 3. A relocation by more than 50 miles of Employee's principal place of employment as in effect on the date of the Change in Control, if the relocation increases the distance between Employee's principal residence and principal place of employment by more than 25 miles. Distances shall be measured by surface miles, using surface transportation over public streets, roads, highways and waterways, by the shortest route.
- (k) For purposes of this Agreement, Employee shall be considered to have resigned for "good reason" only if Washington Mutual fails to cure within 15 days after receiving a written demand to cure that specifies the circumstances constituting "good reason." Also, Employee shall be considered to have resigned for "good reason" only if the effective date of Employee's resignation is within 60 days after the effective date of the occurrence that constitutes "good reason."
- 6. Death or Disability. If Employee should die or become disabled at any time during his or her employment hereunder, neither Employee nor anyone claiming by, through or under him or her shall be entitled to any further compensation or other sum under this Agreement (but shall be entitled to payments made by insurers under policies of life and disability insurance and any sums which may become available under any employee benefit plan).
- Z. Confidentiality. Employee agrees that information not generally known to the public to which Employee has been or will be exposed as a result of Employee's employment by Washington Mutual is confidential information that belongs to the Company or its Subsidiaries. This includes information developed by Employee, alone or with others, or entrusted to Employee, or entrusted to the

Company or its Subsidiaries by its customers or others. The Company's and its Subsidiaries' confidential information includes, without limitation, information relating to the Company's or its Subsidiaries' trade secrets, know-how, procedures, purchasing, accounting, marketing, sales, customers, clients, employees, business strategies and acquisition strategies. Employee will hold the Company's and its Subsidiaries' confidential information in strict confidence and will not disclose or use it except as authorized by Washington Mutual and for Washington Mutual's benefit.

- <u>8.</u> <u>Possession of Materials.</u>Employee agrees that upon conclusion of employment or request by Washington Mutual, Employee shall turn over to Washington Mutual all documents, files, office supplies and any other material or work product in Employee's possession or control that were created pursuant to or derived from Employee's services for Washington Mutual.
- <u>9.</u> <u>Resolution of Disputes.</u> Any dispute arising out of or relating to this Agreement or Employee's employment (or termination of employment) shall be submitted to and resolved by final and binding arbitration as provided in the Binding Arbitration Agreement attached as Exhibit A, whether the claimant is Employee or Washington Mutual. Employee and Washington Mutual also agree to exhaust all remedies available under the Washington Mutual, Inc. Dispute Resolution Process, as in effect from time to time, before initiating arbitration; provided that Employee shall not be required to use or follow the Dispute Resolution Process before initiating arbitration of any claim that arises upon or within two years after a Change in Control. In any dispute in arbitration or court arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the losing party shall pay the prevailing party's reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses.
- 10. Agreement Not To Solicit Personnel. In consideration for the mutual undertakings of the parties under this Agreement and Employee's access as an employee of Washington Mutual to employees, contractors and consultants of the Company and Related Companies, Employee agrees that, during Employee's employment with Washington Mutual, and for a period of one year following termination of employment, Employee will not in any manner, directly or indirectly, solicit, encourage, induce, or recruit any person who is then an employee, contractor, or consultant of the Company or a Related Company, and whom Employee worked with, supervised, or had access to confidential information about while employed by Washington Mutual, to seek or accept employment or a contractual or consulting engagement with any business that competes with or provides services comparable to those provided by the Company or its subsidiaires.
- 11. Intellectual Property Ownership. In addition, in consideration of the mutual undertakings of the parties under this Agreement, Washington Mutual will own all rights to the results of Employee's work, including inventions and other intellectual property developed using Company or its subsidiaries' equipment, supplies, facilities or trade secret information. It will also own all rights to the results of any other effort of Employee (outside of Employee's performance of Washington Mutual work) that relate directly to Employee's work or to the Company's or its subsidiaries' business or actual or demonstrably anticipated research or development. Washington Mutual's rights extend to anything that is authored, conceived, invented, written, reduced to practice, improved or made by Employee, alone or jointly with others, during the period of Employee's employment by Washington Mutual. To the extent that the results of Employee's work or other effort constitute a "work made for hire" as defined under U.S. copyright law, the copyright shall belong solely to Washington Mutual. Otherwise, to the extent that such results are legally protectable, then Employee hereby irrevocably assigns all copyrights, patent rights, and other proprietary rights therein to Washington Mutual, and no further action by Employee is required to grant ownership to Washington Mutual. Employee will assist in preparing and executing documents, and will take any other steps requested by Washington Mutual, to vest, confirm or demonstrate its ownership rights, and Employee will not at any time contest the validity of such rights.

Employee understands that the termination of Employee's employment will not terminate or invalidate any of Employee's obligations, or Washington Mutual's rights, as described above.

Employee understands that the above commitments are in furtherance of the WaMu Intellectual Property Policy (a copy of which Employee has had an opportunity to review and is also found on wamu.net), which is incorporated herein but not set forth in full due to space limitations. If Employee lives or works in Washington, California, Illinois, or in any other state mentioned in the Invention Notice section of the policy, then the above assignment does not apply to inventions described in the Invention Notice for Employee's state.

12. Remedies for Certain Breaches Related to Solicitation and Intellectual Property. Should Employee breach the agreements set forth in Section 10 or 11, in addition to any other remedy available to Washington Mutual, (a) the Employee shall immediately pay to Washington Mutual any payment made pursuant to Section 5(c); (b) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, any option that vested upon a Change in Control ("Option"), or portion of such Option, that remains unexercised shall terminate and cease to be exercisable; (c) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, for any Option, or portion of such Option, already exercised, Employee shall immediately pay to Washington Mutual any difference between the fair market value of the Option shares on the date of exercise and the exercise price of such Option shares; and (d) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, Employee will immediately pay to Washington Mutual the fair market value as of the Change in Control of any shares of restricted stock that vested upon a Change in Control. The parties agree that, to the extent the restrictions set forth in Sections 10 and 11 and this Section 12 are found to be unenforceable in any respect, this Section 12 shall be construed to be enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by law.

#### 13. Miscellaneous.

- (a) This Agreement is the entire agreement between the parties and may not be modified or abrogated orally or by course of dealing, but only by another instrument in writing duly executed by the parties. This Agreement replaces and supersedes all prior agreements on these subjects that Employee may have with the Company, or any Subsidiary, provided, however, that this Agreement shall supplement and shall not supersede any other agreement that Employee has signed in favor of the Company or any Subsidiary protecting the confidentiality of its confidential information or its interest in intellectual property. All such agreements remain in full force and effect. Employee acknowledges that Employee shall be entitled to change in control benefits, severance benefits or other employment separation benefits only as specifically provided in this Agreement (or, to the extent applicable according to its terms, as provided in the Washington Mutual, Inc. Special Severance Plan as in effect from time to time), notwithstanding the terms of any other representation, policy, severance plan, benefit plan or agreement.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if, at the time of Employee's termination of employment with Washington Mutual, he or she is a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A of the Code, and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by Employee pursuant to this Agreement would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under this Agreement until the earlier of (a) the date that is six (6) months following Employee's termination of employment with Washington Mutual, or (b) the Employee's death. The provisions of this Section 13(b) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid Employee's incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of this Agreement would cause Employee to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, Washington Mutual may reform such

provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

- This Agreement has been drafted in contemplation of and shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the law of the state of Employee's principal place of employment with Washington Mutual.
- Employee acknowledges that this Agreement has been drafted by counsel for Washington Mutual, and that Employee has not relied upon such counsel with respect to this Agreement.
- (e) If a court or arbitrator of competent jurisdiction or governmental authority declares any term or provision hereof invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable, the remaining terms and provisions hereof shall be unimpaired and the invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable term or provision shall be replaced by a term or provision that is valid, enforceable and acceptable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable term or provision.
- Employee may not assign Employee's rights or delegate Employee's duties under this Agreement.

Washington Mutual may assign its rights and delegate its duties under this Agreement to the Company or any Subsidiary or to any purchaser of all or substantially all of Washington Mutual's assets. The transfer of Employee's employment from Washington Mutual to any other Subsidiary or to the purchaser of all or substantially all of the assets of Washington Mutual shall not be considered a termination of employment, but this Agreement shall run to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the new employer. In the event of a Change in Control, this Agreement shall bind, and run to the benefit of, the successor to Washington Mutual resulting from the Change in Control.

DATED effective as of the 17th of December 2007.

WASHINGTON MUTUAL: WASHINGTON MUTUAL BANK

	AUDI
Dv	トナノンシン

	By	
	Daryl D. David	
	Executive Vice President	
	Chief Human Resources Officer	
EMPLOYEE:		
	Greg Camas	
	DATE	

### EXHIBIT A BINDING ARBITRATION AGREEMENT

This Binding Arbitration Agreement is a part of, and incorporated into, that certain Change in Control Agreement between the parties dated effective as of December 17, 2007. I, the employee who is a party to the Change in Control Agreement to which this Exhibit is attached, as well as Washington Mutual, agree as follows:

- 1. Any and all disputes that involve or relate in any way to my employment (or termination of employment) with Washington Mutual shall be submitted to and resolved by final and binding arbitration.
- 2. Washington Mutual and I understand that, by entering into this Binding Arbitration Agreement, we are each waiving any right we may have to file a lawsuit or other civil action or proceeding relating to my employment with Washington Mutual, and are waiving any right we may have to resolve employment disputes through trial by jury. We agree that arbitration shall be in lieu of any and all lawsuits or other civil legal proceedings relating to my employment.
- 3. This Binding Arbitration Agreement is intended to cover all civil claims that involve or relate in any way to my employment (or termination of employment) with Washington Mutual, including, but not limited to, claims of employment discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, sex, age, religion, color, national origin, sexual orientation, disability and veteran status (including claims under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Immigration Reform and Control Act and any other local, state or federal law concerning employment or employment discrimination), claims based on violation of public policy or statute, and claims against individuals or entities employed by, acting on behalf of, or affiliated with Washington Mutual. However, ERISA plan benefit issues and claims for workers compensation or for unemployment compensation benefits are not covered by this Binding Arbitration Agreement. The statutes of limitations otherwise applicable under law shall apply to all claims made in the arbitration.
- 4. I understand and agree that, despite anything in this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the contrary, I am not waiving the right to file or institute a complaint or charge with any government agency authorized to investigate or resolve employment-related matters, including but not limited to the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the Department of Labor, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, the National Labor Relations Board, the Office of Special Counsel for Unfair Immigration-Related Employment Practices or other appropriate immigration authorities, and any other comparable local, state or federal agency. I also understand and agree that, despite anything in this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the contrary, either party may request a court to issue such temporary or interim relief (including temporary restraining orders and preliminary injunctions) as may be appropriate, either before or after arbitration is commenced. The temporary or interim relief may remain in effect pending the outcome of arbitration. No such request shall be a waiver of the right to submit any dispute to arbitration.
- 5. This Binding Arbitration Agreement does not constitute an employment contract, require discharge only for cause, or require any particular corrective action or discharge procedures.

- 6. Arbitration under this Binding Arbitration Agreement shall be conducted before a single arbitrator and shall take place within the state where I am currently employed by Washington Mutual, or where I was so employed at the time of termination.
- 7. In order to initiate arbitration, Washington Mutual or I must notify the other party in writing of its decision to initiate arbitration, either by personal delivery or certified mail. The notification should include the following information about the employee: name, home address, work address, work and home phone number, and the following information about the occurrence: date, location, nature of the claims or dispute, facts upon which the claims are made, and remedy requested. Any notice of arbitration initiated by Washington Mutual shall be sent to my last known residence address as reflected in my personnel file at Washington Mutual. Notice of arbitration initiated by me shall be sent to Washington Mutual's Legal Department, attention General Counsel Litigation. The Legal Department's address is currently Washington Mutual, 1301 Second Ave., WMC: 3501, Seattle, Washington 98101.
- 8. Within thirty (30) days after receipt of notice of arbitration, Washington Mutual and I will attempt to agree upon a mutually acceptable arbitrator. If Washington Mutual and I are unable to agree upon an arbitrator, we will submit the dispute to the American Arbitration Association ("AAA"). If AAA is, for some reason, unable or unwilling to accept the matter, we will submit the matter to a comparable arbitration service. The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the laws of the state in which the arbitration is conducted and the rules and requirements of the arbitration service being utilized, to the extent that such rules and requirements do not conflict with the terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement.
- 9. At the request of either Washington Mutual or myself, the arbitrator will schedule a prehearing conference to, among other things, agree on procedural matters, obtain stipulations, and attempt to narrow the issues.
- 10. During the arbitration process, Washington Mutual and I may each make a written demand on the other for a list of witnesses, including experts, to be called and/or copies of documents to be introduced at the hearing. The demand must be served at least thirty (30) days prior to the hearing. The list and copies of documents must be delivered within twenty-five (25) days of service of the demand.
- 11. Each party shall be entitled to conduct a limited amount of discovery prior to the arbitration hearing. Each party may take a maximum of two (2) depositions. Each party may apply to the arbitrator for further discovery. Such further discovery may, in the discretion of the arbitrator, be awarded upon a showing of sufficient cause. If any documents to be produced or requested for production contain or refer to matters that are private, proprietary and/or confidential, the arbitrator shall make an appropriate protective order prohibiting or limiting use and disclosure of such documents and providing for return of documents produced after the arbitration is concluded.
- 12. Each party may file a brief with the arbitrator. Each brief must be served on the arbitrator and the other party at least five (5) working days prior to the hearing and, if not timely served, must be disregarded by the arbitrator. The brief shall specify the facts the party intends to prove, analyze the applicable law or policy, and specify the remedy sought. At the close of the hearing, each party shall be given leave to file a post-hearing brief. The time for filing the post-hearing brief shall be set by the arbitrator.

- I understand that, at my expense, I have the right to hire an attorney to represent me in the arbitration, and Washington Mutual has that same right. I also understand that all parties shall have the right to present evidence at the arbitration, through testimony and documents, and to cross-examine witnesses called by another party. Each party agrees to pay the fees of any witnesses testifying at that party's request. Each party also agrees to pay the cost of any stenographic record of the arbitration hearing should that party request any such record. The requesting party must notify the other of such arrangements at least two (2) working days in advance of the hearing.
- 14. Any postponement or cancellation fee imposed by the arbitration service will be paid by the party requesting the postponement or cancellation. During the time the arbitration proceedings are ongoing, Washington Mutual will advance any required administrative or arbitrator's fees. Each party will pay its own witness fees.
- 15. At the conclusion of the arbitration, each party agrees to promptly pay any arbitration award against it.
- 16. We agree that the decision of the arbitrator shall be final and binding on all parties and shall be the exclusive remedy of the parties. The arbitrator shall issue a written and signed statement of the basis of his or her decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law. In making the decision and award, if any, the arbitrator shall apply applicable substantive law. The arbitrator may only award a remedy that would have been available in court. The decision and award, if any, shall be consistent with the terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement and shall include an allocation of the costs of the arbitration proceeding between the parties.
- 17. This Binding Arbitration Agreement may be enforced by a court of competent jurisdiction through the filing of a petition to compel arbitration, or otherwise. The decision and award of the arbitrator may also be judicially enforced pursuant to applicable law.
- 18. Because of the interstate nature of Washington Mutual's business, this Binding Arbitration Agreement is governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. §1 et seq. (the "FAA"). The provisions of the FAA (and to the extent not preempted by the FAA, the provisions of the laws of the state of my principal place of employment with Washington Mutual that generally apply to commercial arbitration agreements, such as provisions granting stays of court actions pending arbitration) are incorporated into this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the extent not inconsistent with the other terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement.
- 19. We agree that, if any provision of this Binding Arbitration Agreement is found to be unenforceable to any extent or in violation of any statute, rule, regulation or common law, it will not affect the enforceability of the remaining provisions and the court shall enforce the affected provision and all remaining provisions to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- 20. This Binding Arbitration Agreement shall remain in full force and effect at all times during and subsequent to my employment with Washington Mutual, or any successor in interest to Washington Mutual.

### EXHIBIT "2"



April 20, 2009

USPS CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED RECEIPT NO. 7008 1140 0002 4204 6502

Greg Camas 205 Hudson Street Apt 1410 Hoboken, NJ 07030

SUBJECT: FIN #10015

Washington Mutual Bank, Henderson, NV

In Receivership

Closing Date: September 25, 2008 Official Bar Date: December 30, 2008 Effective Repudiation Date: April 20, 2009

Change In Control Agreement, directly with Washington Mutual Bank or as an

affiliate of Washington Mutual, Inc. Employee Number — 194460

Dear Sir or Madam:

The above-captioned depository institution (the "Institution") was closed on the Closing Date referenced above and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation was appointed as Receiver of the Institution (the "Receiver"). Under the laws of the United States, the Receiver is charged with the duty of winding up the affairs of the Institution. In order to achieve this goal, the Receiver is given the right under 12 U.S.C. Section 1821(e) to disaffirm undertakings entered into by the Institution where it finds such undertakings to be burdensome and where such disaffirmance will promote the orderly administration of the Institution's affairs.

The Institution's records indicate that you may be a party to the above-referenced contract. The Receiver has determined that the above-referenced contract is burdensome and that disaffirmance of said contract will promote the orderly administration of the institution's affairs. The purpose of this letter is to inform you that the Receiver has elected to disaffirm the above referenced contract to the full extent, if any, that it represents an enforceable obligation of the Institution or the Receiver. This disaffirmance does not apply to any other parties to the contracts.

Claims for damages are limited pursuant to 12 U.S.C. Section 1821(e)(3) to actual direct compensatory damages determined as of the Closing Date. "Actual direct compensatory

damages" does not include punitive or exemplary damages; damages for lost profits or opportunity; or damages for pain and suffering.

You may file a claim by documenting the circumstances and submitting your claim in writing to the following address:

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Receiver: Washington Mutual Bank Attention: Claims Department, DRR 1601 Bryan Street Dallas, TX 75201

If you wish to file a claim with the Receiver, you must do so in writing within 90 days from the date of this letter or the official "Bar Date," whichever is later. Under federal law, with certain limited exceptions, failure to file claims by the Bar Date or within 90 days of the date of the repudiation letter will result in disallowance by the Receiver. The disallowance will be final and further rights or remedies with regard to claims will be barred.

If you have any questions concerning any of the matters discussed above, you may contact the Claims Agent In Charge for Washington Mutual Bank at the address provided.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, as Receiver of Washington Mutual Bank

6VA.74 612 Robert C. Schoppe Receiver-in-Charge

### EXHIBIT "3"

address above. Attach copy of power of attorney, if any,

Penalty for presenting fraudulent claim: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C.

RECEIVED

APR 2 1 2011

**KURTZMAN CARSON CONSULTANTS** 





#### CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT

This Change in Control Agreement (the "Agreement") is between the Subsidiary (as defined below) of Washington Mutual, Inc. (the "Company") by which the undersigned employee is currently employed ("Washington Mutual") and the undersigned employee of Washington Mutual ("Employee"). The parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Employment</u>. Washington Mutual hereby employs Employee, and Employee hereby accepts employment, on the terms in this Agreement.
- 2. <u>Duties</u>. Employee shall perform such duties as Washington Mutual may from time to time direct.
- 3. <u>Compensation & Benefits</u>. Employee's compensation and benefits shall be as determined by Washington Mutual from time to time.
- 4. Performance of Duties. Employee agrees that during his or her employment with Washington Mutual: (a) Employee will faithfully perform the duties of such office or offices as he or she may occupy, which duties shall be such as may be assigned to him or her by Washington Mutual; (b) Employee will devote to the performance of his or her duties all such time and attention as Washington Mutual shall reasonably require, taking, however, from time to time, such reasonable vacations as are consistent with his or her duties and Washington Mutual policy; and (c) Employee will not, without Washington Mutual's express consent, become actively associated with or engaged in any business or activity during the term of this Agreement other than that of Washington Mutual (excepting customary family and personal activities, which may include management of personal investments so long as it does not entail active involvement in a business enterprise) and Employee will do nothing inconsistent with his or her duties to Washington Mutual.

#### 5. Termination.

- (a) Either Washington Mutual or Employee may terminate Employee's employment at any time in its sole discretion, with or without advance notice. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement or under any employee benefit plan maintained by the Company or its Subsidiaries, upon termination of employment, Washington Mutual shall have no liability to pay any further compensation or any other benefit or sum whatsoever to Employee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, this Agreement shall terminate and no further amounts or benefits shall be payable under this Agreement if, at least 120 days prior to a Change in Control (as defined below), Employee transfers to another Washington Mutual position and, under Washington Mutual's policies then in effect, persons occupying that position or a similar position are not eligible to receive a change in control agreement.
- (b) Upon termination of employment, Employee's rights under all employee pension plans, employee welfare benefit plans, bonus plans and stock option and restricted stock plans shall be determined under the terms of the plans and grants themselves except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement.
- (c) If (i) Employee's employment is terminated by Washington Mutual or its successor without "cause" (as defined below) upon or within two years after a Change in Control or (ii) Employee resigns for "good reason" (as defined below) upon or within two years after a Change in

Control and no reason for Washington Mutual to terminate Employee for "cause" exists, then Employee shall be entitled to receive, within five business days after the effective date of such termination or resignation, from Washington Mutual or its successor, a lump sum equal to two times Employee's annual compensation. Notwithstanding the preceding, the amount paid to employee under this Section 5(c) shall be offset by any payment received by Employee from Washington Mutual or any acquired company pursuant to: (i) a severance or change in control agreement, arrangement or plan, with the exception of any such payment received more than two years before either clause (i) or clause (ii) of this Section 5(c) was satisfied, or (ii) The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act (WARN Act) or any similar state or local law.

- (d) Upon a Change in Control, the lapse of the restrictions on Employee's restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock options and other equity awards shall automatically be accelerated (and, to the extent applicable, the option or other award shall be fully exercisable) unless the applicable award agreement provides otherwise.
- For purposes of Section 5(c), Employee's "annual compensation" shall equal the sum of (i) the highest of the Employee's annual base salary for the calendar year in which termination or resignation occurs, the prior calendar year, or the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the Change in Control occurred, (ii) the highest of (A) the Employee's unadjusted target bonus for the calendar year in which the termination or resignation occurs, (B) the Employee's actual bonus (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any portion of the actual bonus that was deferred or exchanged at the Employee's election for equity awards) for the prior calendar year (annualized if Employee was not employed by Washington Mutual for the entire previous calendar year), or (C) the Employee's actual bonus (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any portion of the actual bonus that was deferred or exchanged at the Employee's election for equity awards) for the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the Change in Control occurred (annualized if Employee was not employed by Washington Mutual for the entire such calendar year), and (iii) the amount of the contributions or accruals made or anticipated to have been made on Employee's behalf to the Company's or its Subsidiaries' benefit plans for the calendar year in which the termination or resignation occurs, including without limitation contributions to and accruals under qualified and nonqualified defined contribution and defined benefit pension plans and plans qualified under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). For purposes of this Section 5(e), bonus refers to monthly, quarterly, annual and other periodic performance-based bonuses based on individual and/or company results, and excludes nonperiodic lump sum bonuses (such as sign-on and retention bonuses (even if such bonuses are also performance-based bonuses) and cash and non-cash prizes and awards, including awards from sales contests) and the value of equity awards except as otherwise specifically provided herein.
- (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any payment described in Section 5(c) and the value of any lapse of restrictions under Section 5(d), together with any other payments or transfers of property, would constitute a "parachute payment" under Section 280G of the Code, or any successor statute then in effect, the aggregate payments by Washington Mutual or its successor pursuant to Section 5(c) shall be reduced to an amount that, when combined with the value of any lapse of restrictions under Section 5(d) and any other payments or transfers of property taken into account under Section 280G, is one dollar less than the smallest sum that would be considered to be a "parachute" payment.
  - (g) For purposes of this Agreement, "Change in Control" shall mean:
- 1. The acquisition of ownership, directly or indirectly, beneficially or of record, by any Person (as defined below) or group (within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder as in effect on the date of this

Agreement), other than the Company, a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan of the Company, or its Subsidiaries, of shares representing more than 25% of (i) the common stock of the Company, (ii) the aggregate voting power of the Company's voting securities or (iii) the total market value of the Company's voting securities;

- During any period of 25 consecutive calendar months, a majority of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") ceasing to be composed of individuals (i) who were members of the Board on the first day of such period, (ii) whose election or nomination to the Board was approved by individuals referred to in clause (i) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of the Board or (iii) whose election or nomination to the Board was approved by individuals referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of the Board; provided that, any director appointed or elected to the Board to avoid or settle a threatened or actual proxy contest shall in no event be deemed to be an individual referred to in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) above;
- 3. The good-faith determination by the Board that any Person or group (other than a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan of the Company or a Subsidiary) has acquired direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause to direct the management or policies of the Company, whether through the ability to exercise voting power, by contract or otherwise;
- 4. The merger, consolidation, share exchange or similar transaction between the Company and another Person (other than a Subsidiary), other than a merger in which the stockholders of Washington Mutual immediately before such merger, consolidation or transaction own, directly or indirectly, immediately following such merger, consolidation or transaction, at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the combined voting power of the surviving entity in such merger, consolidation or transaction in substantially the same proportion as their ownership immediately before such merger, consolidation or transaction; or
- 5. The sale or transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to another Person (other than a Subsidiary) whether assisted or unassisted, voluntary or involuntary.

#### (h) For purposes of this Agreement:

- 1. "Person" shall mean any individual, corporation, company, voluntary association, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization or government (or any agency, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof).
- 2. "Subsidiary" shall mean a corporation that is wholly owned by the Company, either directly or through one or more corporations that are wholly owned by the Company.
- 3. "Related Company" shall mean any entity that is directly or indirectly controlled by the Company or any entity in which the Company has a significant equity interest, as determined by the Human Resources Committee of the Board.
- (i) For purposes of this Agreement, Washington Mutual shall have "cause" to terminate Employee's employment if:
- 1. Employee violates the Company's or Washington Mutual's policies regarding drug or alcohol use on a recurring basis;

- 2. Employee is convicted of any felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude (including forgery, fraud, theft or embezzlement) or enters into a pretrial diversion or similar program in connection with the prosecution for an offense involving dishonesty, breach of trust or money laundering; or
- 3. Employee has engaged in: (a) dishonesty or fraud, (b) destruction or theft of property of the Company or a Subsidiary, (c) physical attack on another employee, (d) willful malfeasance or gross negligence in the performance of Employee's duties, or (e) misconduct materially injurious to the Company or a Subsidiary.
- (j) For purposes of this Agreement, "good reason" for Employee to resign shall mean the occurrence of any of the following events without Employee's consent, provided that the Employee in all events shall have resigned within two years after the Change in Control:
- 1. The assignment of duties to Employee which (a) are materially different from Employee's duties immediately prior to the Change in Control, or (b) result in Employee having significantly less authority and/or responsibility than Employee had prior to the Change in Control.
- 2. A reduction of Employee's total pay opportunity from that in effect on the date of the Change in Control. Changes in the allocation of Employee's compensation between salary and incentive compensation, and changes to the criteria or method for determining incentive compensation amounts actually earned, shall not constitute "good reason" for Employee to resign. "Total pay opportunity" means base salary plus target incentive compensation, provided that in the case of incentive compensation for which a "target" is not defined (such as some sales commissions), the incentive component of the pay opportunity shall be the average incentive compensation of Employee during the 24 months preceding the Change in Control.
- 3. A relocation by more than 50 miles of Employee's principal place of employment as in effect on the date of the Change in Control, if the relocation increases the distance between Employee's principal residence and principal place of employment by more than 25 miles. Distances shall be measured by surface miles, using surface transportation over public streets, roads, highways and waterways, by the shortest route.
- (k) For purposes of this Agreement, Employee shall be considered to have resigned for "good reason" only if Washington Mutual fails to cure within 15 days after receiving a written demand to cure that specifies the circumstances constituting "good reason." Also, Employee shall be considered to have resigned for "good reason" only if the effective date of Employee's resignation is within 60 days after the effective date of the occurrence that constitutes "good reason."
- 6. <u>Death or Disability</u>. If Employee should die or become disabled at any time during his or her employment hereunder, neither Employee nor anyone claiming by, through or under him or her shall be entitled to any further compensation or other sum under this Agreement (but shall be entitled to payments made by insurers under policies of life and disability insurance and any sums which may become available under any employee benefit plan).
- 7. Confidentiality. Employee agrees that information not generally known to the public to which Employee has been or will be exposed as a result of Employee's employment by Washington Mutual is confidential information that belongs to the Company or its Subsidiaries. This includes information developed by Employee, alone or with others, or entrusted to Employee, or entrusted to the

Company or its Subsidiaries by its customers or others. The Company's and its Subsidiaries' confidential information includes, without limitation, information relating to the Company's or its Subsidiaries' trade secrets, know-how, procedures, purchasing, accounting, marketing, sales, customers, clients, employees, business strategies and acquisition strategies. Employee will hold the Company's and its Subsidiaries' confidential information in strict confidence and will not disclose or use it except as authorized by Washington Mutual and for Washington Mutual's benefit.

- 8. <u>Possession of Materials</u>. Employee agrees that upon conclusion of employment or request by Washington Mutual, Employee shall turn over to Washington Mutual all documents, files, office supplies and any other material or work product in Employee's possession or control that were created pursuant to or derived from Employee's services for Washington Mutual.
- 9. Resolution of Disputes. Any dispute arising out of or relating to this Agreement or Employee's employment (or termination of employment) shall be submitted to and resolved by final and binding arbitration as provided in the Binding Arbitration Agreement attached as Exhibit A, whether the claimant is Employee or Washington Mutual. Employee and Washington Mutual also agree to exhaust all remedies available under the Washington Mutual, Inc. Dispute Resolution Process, as in effect from time to time, before initiating arbitration; provided that Employee shall not be required to use or follow the Dispute Resolution Process before initiating arbitration of any claim that arises upon or within two years after a Change in Control. In any dispute in arbitration or court arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the losing party shall pay the prevailing party's reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses.
- 10. Agreement Not To Solicit Personnel. In consideration for the mutual undertakings of the parties under this Agreement and Employee's access as an employee of Washington Mutual to employees, contractors and consultants of the Company and Related Companies, Employee agrees that, during Employee's employment with Washington Mutual, and for a period of one year following termination of employment, Employee will not in any manner, directly or indirectly, solicit, encourage, induce, or recruit any person who is then an employee, contractor, or consultant of the Company or a Related Company, and whom Employee worked with, supervised, or had access to confidential information about while employed by Washington Mutual, to seek or accept employment or a contractual or consulting engagement with any business that competes with or provides services comparable to those provided by the Company or its subsidiaires.
- 11. Intellectual Property Ownership. In addition, in consideration of the mutual undertakings of the parties under this Agreement, Washington Mutual will own all rights to the results of Employee's work, including inventions and other intellectual property developed using Company or its subsidiaries' equipment, supplies, facilities or trade secret information. It will also own all rights to the results of any other effort of Employee (outside of Employee's performance of Washington Mutual work) that relate directly to Employee's work or to the Company's or its subsidiaries' business or actual or demonstrably anticipated research or development. Washington Mutual's rights extend to anything that is authored, conceived, invented, written, reduced to practice, improved or made by Employee, alone or jointly with others, during the period of Employee's employment by Washington Mutual. To the extent that the results of Employee's work or other effort constitute a "work made for hire" as defined under U.S. copyright law, the copyright shall belong solely to Washington Mutual. Otherwise, to the extent that such results are legally protectable, then Employee hereby irrevocably assigns all copyrights, patent rights, and other proprietary rights therein to Washington Mutual, and no further action by Employee is required to grant ownership to Washington Mutual. Employee will assist in preparing and executing documents, and will take any other steps requested by Washington Mutual, to vest, confirm or demonstrate its ownership rights, and Employee will not at any time contest the validity of such rights.

Employee understands that the termination of Employee's employment will not terminate or invalidate any of Employee's obligations, or Washington Mutual's rights, as described above.

Employee understands that the above commitments are in furtherance of the WaMu Intellectual Property Policy (a copy of which Employee has had an opportunity to review and is also found on wamu.net), which is incorporated herein but not set forth in full due to space limitations. If Employee lives or works in Washington, California, Illinois, or in any other state mentioned in the Invention Notice section of the policy, then the above assignment does not apply to inventions described in the Invention Notice for Employee's state.

Employee breach the agreements set forth in Section 10 or 11, in addition to any other remedy available to Washington Mutual, (a) the Employee shall immediately pay to Washington Mutual any payment made pursuant to Section 5(c); (b) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, any option that vested upon a Change in Control ("Option"), or portion of such Option, that remains unexercised shall terminate and cease to be exercisable; (c) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, for any Option, or portion of such Option, already exercised, Employee shall immediately pay to Washington Mutual any difference between the fair market value of the Option shares on the date of exercise and the exercise price of such Option shares; and (d) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, Employee will immediately pay to Washington Mutual the fair market value as of the Change in Control of any shares of restricted stock that vested upon a Change in Control. The parties agree that, to the extent the restrictions set forth in Sections 10 and 11 and this Section 12 are found to be unenforceable in any respect, this Section 12 shall be construed to be enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by law.

#### 13. Miscellaneous.

- (a) This Agreement is the entire agreement between the parties and may not be modified or abrogated orally or by course of dealing, but only by another instrument in writing duly executed by the parties. This Agreement replaces and supersedes all prior agreements on these subjects that Employee may have with the Company, or any Subsidiary, provided, however, that this Agreement shall supplement and shall not supersede any other agreement that Employee has signed in favor of the Company or any Subsidiary protecting the confidentiality of its confidential information or its interest in intellectual property. All such agreements remain in full force and effect. Employee acknowledges that Employee shall be entitled to change in control benefits, severance benefits or other employment separation benefits only as specifically provided in this Agreement (or, to the extent applicable according to its terms, as provided in the Washington Mutual, Inc. Special Severance Plan as in effect from time to time), notwithstanding the terms of any other representation, policy, severance plan, benefit plan or agreement.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if, at the time of Employee's termination of employment with Washington Mutual, he or she is a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A of the Code, and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by Employee pursuant to this Agreement would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under this Agreement until the earlier of (a) the date that is six (6) months following Employee's termination of employment with Washington Mutual, or (b) the Employee's death. The provisions of this Section 13(b) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid Employee's incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of this Agreement would cause Employee to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, Washington Mutual may reform such

provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

- (c) This Agreement has been drafted in contemplation of and shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the law of the state of Employee's principal place of employment with Washington Mutual.
- (d) Employee acknowledges that this Agreement has been drafted by counsel for Washington Mutual, and that Employee has not relied upon such counsel with respect to this Agreement.
- (e) If a court or arbitrator of competent jurisdiction or governmental authority declares any term or provision hereof invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable, the remaining terms and provisions hereof shall be unimpaired and the invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable term or provision shall be replaced by a term or provision that is valid, enforceable and acceptable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable term or provision.
- (f) Employee may not assign Employee's rights or delegate Employee's duties under this Agreement.

Washington Mutual may assign its rights and delegate its duties under this Agreement to the Company or any Subsidiary or to any purchaser of all or substantially all of Washington Mutual's assets. The transfer of Employee's employment from Washington Mutual to any other Subsidiary or to the purchaser of all or substantially all of the assets of Washington Mutual shall not be considered a termination of employment, but this Agreement shall run to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the new employer. In the event of a Change in Control, this Agreement shall bind, and run to the benefit of, the successor to Washington Mutual resulting from the Change in Control.

DATED effective as of the 17th of December 2007.

WASHINGTON MUTUAL:	WASHINGTON MUTUAL BANK
,	By
	Daryl D. David Executive Vice President Chief Human Resources Officer
EMPLOYEE:	
	Greg Camas
	DATE

## EXHIBIT A BINDING ARBITRATION AGREEMENT

This Binding Arbitration Agreement is a part of, and incorporated into, that certain Change in Control Agreement between the parties dated effective as of December 17, 2007. I, the employee who is a party to the Change in Control Agreement to which this Exhibit is attached, as well as Washington Mutual, agree as follows:

- 1. Any and all disputes that involve or relate in any way to my employment (or termination of employment) with Washington Mutual shall be submitted to and resolved by final and binding arbitration.
- 2. Washington Mutual and I understand that, by entering into this Binding Arbitration Agreement, we are each waiving any right we may have to file a lawsuit or other civil action or proceeding relating to my employment with Washington Mutual, and are waiving any right we may have to resolve employment disputes through trial by jury. We agree that arbitration shall be in lieu of any and all lawsuits or other civil legal proceedings relating to my employment.
- This Binding Arbitration Agreement is intended to cover all civil claims that involve or relate in any way to my employment (or termination of employment) with Washington Mutual, including, but not limited to, claims of employment discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, sex, age, religion, color, national origin, sexual orientation, disability and veteran status (including claims under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Immigration Reform and Control Act and any other local, state or federal law concerning employment or employment discrimination), claims based on violation of public policy or statute, and claims against individuals or entities employed by, acting on behalf of, or affiliated with Washington Mutual. However, ERISA plan benefit issues and claims for workers compensation or for unemployment compensation benefits are not covered by this Binding Arbitration Agreement. The statutes of limitations otherwise applicable under law shall apply to all claims made in the arbitration.
- 4. I understand and agree that, despite anything in this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the contrary, I am not waiving the right to file or institute a complaint or charge with any government agency authorized to investigate or resolve employment-related matters, including but not limited to the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the Department of Labor, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, the National Labor Relations Board, the Office of Special Counsel for Unfair Immigration-Related Employment Practices or other appropriate immigration authorities, and any other comparable local, state or federal agency. I also understand and agree that, despite anything in this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the contrary, either party may request a court to issue such temporary or interim relief (including temporary restraining orders and preliminary injunctions) as may be appropriate, either before or after arbitration is commenced. The temporary or interim relief may remain in effect pending the outcome of arbitration. No such request shall be a waiver of the right to submit any dispute to arbitration.
- 5. This Binding Arbitration Agreement does not constitute an employment contract, require discharge only for cause, or require any particular corrective action or discharge procedures.

- 6. Arbitration under this Binding Arbitration Agreement shall be conducted before a single arbitrator and shall take place within the state where I am currently employed by Washington Mutual, or where I was so employed at the time of termination.
- 7. In order to initiate arbitration, Washington Mutual or I must notify the other party in writing of its decision to initiate arbitration, either by personal delivery or certified mail. The notification should include the following information about the employee: name, home address, work address, work and home phone number, and the following information about the occurrence: date, location, nature of the claims or dispute, facts upon which the claims are made, and remedy requested. Any notice of arbitration initiated by Washington Mutual shall be sent to my last known residence address as reflected in my personnel file at Washington Mutual. Notice of arbitration initiated by me shall be sent to Washington Mutual's Legal Department, attention General Counsel Litigation. The Legal Department's address is currently Washington Mutual, 1301 Second Ave., WMC: 3501, Seattle, Washington 98101.
- 8. Within thirty (30) days after receipt of notice of arbitration, Washington Mutual and I will attempt to agree upon a mutually acceptable arbitrator. If Washington Mutual and I are unable to agree upon an arbitrator, we will submit the dispute to the American Arbitration Association ("AAA"). If AAA is, for some reason, unable or unwilling to accept the matter, we will submit the matter to a comparable arbitration service. The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the laws of the state in which the arbitration is conducted and the rules and requirements of the arbitration service being utilized, to the extent that such rules and requirements do not conflict with the terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement.
- 9. At the request of either Washington Mutual or myself, the arbitrator will schedule a prehearing conference to, among other things, agree on procedural matters, obtain stipulations, and attempt to narrow the issues.
- 10. During the arbitration process, Washington Mutual and I may each make a written demand on the other for a list of witnesses, including experts, to be called and/or copies of documents to be introduced at the hearing. The demand must be served at least thirty (30) days prior to the hearing. The list and copies of documents must be delivered within twenty-five (25) days of service of the demand.
- 11. Each party shall be entitled to conduct a limited amount of discovery prior to the arbitration hearing. Each party may take a maximum of two (2) depositions. Each party may apply to the arbitrator for further discovery. Such further discovery may, in the discretion of the arbitrator, be awarded upon a showing of sufficient cause. If any documents to be produced or requested for production contain or refer to matters that are private, proprietary and/or confidential, the arbitrator shall make an appropriate protective order prohibiting or limiting use and disclosure of such documents and providing for return of documents produced after the arbitration is concluded.
- 12. Each party may file a brief with the arbitrator. Each brief must be served on the arbitrator and the other party at least five (5) working days prior to the hearing and, if not timely served, must be disregarded by the arbitrator. The brief shall specify the facts the party intends to prove, analyze the applicable law or policy, and specify the remedy sought. At the close of the hearing, each party shall be given leave to file a post-hearing brief. The time for filing the post-hearing brief shall be set by the arbitrator.

- 13. I understand that, at my expense, I have the right to hire an attorney to represent me in the arbitration, and Washington Mutual has that same right. I also understand that all parties shall have the right to present evidence at the arbitration, through testimony and documents, and to cross-examine witnesses called by another party. Each party agrees to pay the fees of any witnesses testifying at that party's request. Each party also agrees to pay the cost of any stenographic record of the arbitration hearing should that party request any such record. The requesting party must notify the other of such arrangements at least two (2) working days in advance of the hearing.
- 14. Any postponement or cancellation fee imposed by the arbitration service will be paid by the party requesting the postponement or cancellation. During the time the arbitration proceedings are ongoing, Washington Mutual will advance any required administrative or arbitrator's fees. Each party will pay its own witness fees.
- 15. At the conclusion of the arbitration, each party agrees to promptly pay any arbitration award against it.
- 16. We agree that the decision of the arbitrator shall be final and binding on all parties and shall be the exclusive remedy of the parties. The arbitrator shall issue a written and signed statement of the basis of his or her decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law. In making the decision and award, if any, the arbitrator shall apply applicable substantive law. The arbitrator may only award a remedy that would have been available in court. The decision and award, if any, shall be consistent with the terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement and shall include an allocation of the costs of the arbitration proceeding between the parties.
- 17. This Binding Arbitration Agreement may be enforced by a court of competent jurisdiction through the filing of a petition to compel arbitration, or otherwise. The decision and award of the arbitrator may also be judicially enforced pursuant to applicable law.
- 18. Because of the interstate nature of Washington Mutual's business, this Binding Arbitration Agreement is governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. §1 et seq. (the "FAA"). The provisions of the FAA (and to the extent not preempted by the FAA, the provisions of the laws of the state of my principal place of employment with Washington Mutual that generally apply to commercial arbitration agreements, such as provisions granting stays of court actions pending arbitration) are incorporated into this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the extent not inconsistent with the other terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement.
- 19. We agree that, if any provision of this Binding Arbitration Agreement is found to be unenforceable to any extent or in violation of any statute, rule, regulation or common law, it will not affect the enforceability of the remaining provisions and the court shall enforce the affected provision and all remaining provisions to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- 20. This Binding Arbitration Agreement shall remain in full force and effect at all times during and subsequent to my employment with Washington Mutual, or any successor in interest to Washington Mutual.

### EXHIBIT "4"

B 10 (Official Form 10) (12/08)		BDOOR OF CLAIR	
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	Case Numbe	PROOF OF CLAIM	
Name of Debtor: Washington Mutual Inc.		12229 (MFW)	
NOTE: This form should not be used to make a claim for an administrative expense arising after the commencement of administrative expense may be filed pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 503.	f the case. A r	equest for payment of an	
Name of Creditor (the person or other entity to whom the debtor owes money or property):	Check thi	s box to indicate that this	
Gregory G. Carnas		claim amends a previously filed	
Name and address where notices should be sent:		claim.	
Gregory G. Camas 205 Hudan street #1410	Court Claim	Number: 3966 1/21/2011	
Hobeken, NJ 07030	(IJ KNOWN)	,	
Telephone number:	Elladani (	1/21/2011	
201-328-6968 0- 201-418-0708		Filed Oil.	
Name and address where payment should be sent (if different from above):		☐ Check this box if you are aware that anyone else has filed a proof of claim relating to your claim. Attach copy of statement giving particulars.	
Telephone number:		s box if you are the debtor in this case.	
1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed: \$ 1,020, 031,62	5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority under 11 U.S.C. §507(a). If any portion of your claim falls in one of the following categories, check the box and state the amount.		
If all or part of your claim is secured, complete item 4 below; however, if all of your claim is unsecured, do not complete item 4.			
If all or part of your claim is entitled to priority, complete item 5.			
Check this box if claim includes interest or other charges in addition to the principal amount of claim. Attach itemized statement of interest or charges.		Specify the priority of the claim.	
	☐ Domestic support obligations under		
2. Basis for Claim: Services Performed (See instruction #2 on reverse side.)		11 U.S.C. §507(a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B).	
3. Last four digits of any number by which creditor identifies debtor:		laries, or commissions (up 0*) earned within 180 days	
3a. Debtor may have scheduled account as:(See instruction #3a on reverse side.)	before fili petition o	ing of the bankruptcy r cessation of the debtor's	
<ol> <li>Secured Claim (See instruction #4 on reverse side.)</li> <li>Check the appropriate box if your claim is secured by a lien on property or a right of setoff and provide the requested information.</li> </ol>		business, whichever is earlier – 11 U.S.C. §507 (a)(4).	
Nature of property or right of setoff:   Real Estate   Motor Vehicle   Other  Describe:		ons to an employee benefit U.S.C. §507 (a)(5).	
	Up to \$2,425* of deposits toward purchase, lease, or rental of property		
Value of Property: S Annual Interest Rate%	or services	for personal, family, or use – 11 U.S.C. §507	
Amount of arrearage and other charges as of time case filed included in secured claim,	(a)(7).	230 11 0.3.0, 3007	
if any: \$Basis for perfection:	☐ Taxes or penalties owed to		
Amount of Secured Claim: \$ Amount Unsecured: \$	governmental units – 11 U.S.C. §507 (a)(8).		
6. Credits: The amount of all payments on this claim has been credited for the purpose of making this proof of claim.		☐ Other – Specify applicable paragraph	
7. <b>Documents:</b> Attach redacted copies of any documents that support the claim, such as promissory notes, purchase orders, invoices, itemized statements of running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, and security agreements.	of 11 U.S.C. §507 (a)().		
You may also attach a summary. Attach redacted copies of documents providing evidence of perfection of a security interest. You may also attach a summary. (See instruction 7 and definition of "redacted" on reverse side.)	Amount entitled to priority:		
DO NOT SEND ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS. ATTACHED DOCUMENTS MAY BE DESTROYED AFTER	<b>.</b>		
SCANNING.		subject to adjustment on ery 3 years thereafter with	
If the documents are not available, please explain:	respect to cas	es commenced on or after	
Date: Signature: The person filing this claim must sign it. Sign and print name and title, if any, of the cree	the date of ad	DECEMBER LY	
other person authorized to file this claim and state address and telephone number if different from the address above. Attach copy of power of attorney, if any.		FEB 1 7 2012	
Mugy G Comm Gregory G. Carnes			
Penalty for presenting fraudulent claim: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both	18 U.S.C. §§	STATE SANDING OF STREET	



#### CHANGE IN CONTROL AGREEMENT

This Change in Control Agreement (the "Agreement") is between the Subsidiary (as defined below) of Washington Mutual, Inc. (the "Company") by which the undersigned employee is currently employed ("Washington Mutual") and the undersigned employee of Washington Mutual ("Employee"). The parties agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Employment</u>. Washington Mutual hereby employs Employee, and Employee hereby accepts employment, on the terms in this Agreement.
- 2. <u>Duties</u>. Employee shall perform such duties as Washington Mutual may from time to time direct.
- 3. <u>Compensation & Benefits</u>. Employee's compensation and benefits shall be as determined by Washington Mutual from time to time.
- 4. Performance of Duties. Employee agrees that during his or her employment with Washington Mutual: (a) Employee will faithfully perform the duties of such office or offices as he or she may occupy, which duties shall be such as may be assigned to him or her by Washington Mutual; (b) Employee will devote to the performance of his or her duties all such time and attention as Washington Mutual shall reasonably require, taking, however, from time to time, such reasonable vacations as are consistent with his or her duties and Washington Mutual policy; and (c) Employee will not, without Washington Mutual's express consent, become actively associated with or engaged in any business or activity during the term of this Agreement other than that of Washington Mutual (excepting customary family and personal activities, which may include management of personal investments so long as it does not entail active involvement in a business enterprise) and Employee will do nothing inconsistent with his or her duties to Washington Mutual.

#### 5. Termination.

- (a) Either Washington Mutual or Employee may terminate Employee's employment at any time in its sole discretion, with or without advance notice. Except as expressly provided in this Agreement or under any employee benefit plan maintained by the Company or its Subsidiaries, upon termination of employment, Washington Mutual shall have no liability to pay any further compensation or any other benefit or sum whatsoever to Employee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, this Agreement shall terminate and no further amounts or benefits shall be payable under this Agreement if, at least 120 days prior to a Change in Control (as defined below), Employee transfers to another Washington Mutual position and, under Washington Mutual's policies then in effect, persons occupying that position or a similar position are not eligible to receive a change in control agreement.
- (b) Upon termination of employment, Employee's rights under all employee pension plans, employee welfare benefit plans, bonus plans and stock option and restricted stock plans shall be determined under the terms of the plans and grants themselves except as otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement.
- (c) If (i) Employee's employment is terminated by Washington Mutual or its successor without "cause" (as defined below) upon or within two years after a Change in Control or (ii) Employee resigns for "good reason" (as defined below) upon or within two years after a Change in

Control and no reason for Washington Mutual to terminate Employee for "cause" exists, then Employee shall be entitled to receive, within five business days after the effective date of such termination or resignation, from Washington Mutual or its successor, a lump sum equal to two times Employee's annual compensation. Notwithstanding the preceding, the amount paid to employee under this Section 5(c) shall be offset by any payment received by Employee from Washington Mutual or any acquired company pursuant to: (i) a severance or change in control agreement, arrangement or plan, with the exception of any such payment received more than two years before either clause (i) or clause (ii) of this Section 5(c) was satisfied, or (ii) The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act (WARN Act) or any similar state or local law.

- (d) Upon a Change in Control, the lapse of the restrictions on Employee's restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock options and other equity awards shall automatically be accelerated (and, to the extent applicable, the option or other award shall be fully exercisable) unless the applicable award agreement provides otherwise.
- (e) For purposes of Section 5(c), Employee's "annual compensation" shall equal the sum of (i) the highest of the Employee's annual base salary for the calendar year in which termination or resignation occurs, the prior calendar year, or the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the Change in Control occurred, (ii) the highest of (A) the Employee's unadjusted target bonus for the calendar year in which the termination or resignation occurs, (B) the Employee's actual bonus (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any portion of the actual bonus that was deferred or exchanged at the Employee's election for equity awards) for the prior calendar year (annualized if Employee was not employed by Washington Mutual for the entire previous calendar year), or (C) the Employee's actual bonus (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any portion of the actual bonus that was deferred or exchanged at the Employee's election for equity awards) for the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which the Change in Control occurred (annualized if Employee was not employed by Washington Mutual for the entire such calendar year), and (iii) the amount of the contributions or accruals made or anticipated to have been made on Employee's behalf to the Company's or its Subsidiaries' benefit plans for the calendar year in which the termination or resignation occurs, including without limitation contributions to and accruals under qualified and nonqualified defined contribution and defined benefit pension plans and plans qualified under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). For purposes of this Section 5(e), bonus refers to monthly, quarterly, annual and other periodic performance-based bonuses based on individual and/or company results, and excludes nonperiodic lump sum bonuses (such as sign-on and retention bonuses (even if such bonuses are also performance-based bonuses) and cash and non-cash prizes and awards, including awards from sales contests) and the value of equity awards except as otherwise specifically provided herein.
- (f) Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any payment described in Section 5(c) and the value of any lapse of restrictions under Section 5(d), together with any other payments or transfers of property, would constitute a "parachute payment" under Section 280G of the Code, or any successor statute then in effect, the aggregate payments by Washington Mutual or its successor pursuant to Section 5(c) shall be reduced to an amount that, when combined with the value of any lapse of restrictions under Section 5(d) and any other payments or transfers of property taken into account under Section 280G, is one dollar less than the smallest sum that would be considered to be a "parachute" payment.
  - (g) For purposes of this Agreement, "Change in Control" shall mean:
- 1. The acquisition of ownership, directly or indirectly, beneficially or of record, by any Person (as defined below) or group (within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder as in effect on the date of this

Agreement), other than the Company, a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan of the Company, or its Subsidiaries, of shares representing more than 25% of (i) the common stock of the Company, (ii) the aggregate voting power of the Company's voting securities or (iii) the total market value of the Company's voting securities;

- During any period of 25 consecutive calendar months, a majority of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") ceasing to be composed of individuals (i) who were members of the Board on the first day of such period, (ii) whose election or nomination to the Board was approved by individuals referred to in clause (i) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of the Board or (iii) whose election or nomination to the Board was approved by individuals referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of the Board; provided that, any director appointed or elected to the Board to avoid or settle a threatened or actual proxy contest shall in no event be deemed to be an individual referred to in clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) above;
- 3. The good-faith determination by the Board that any Person or group (other than a Subsidiary or any employee benefit plan of the Company or a Subsidiary) has acquired direct or indirect possession of the power to direct or cause to direct the management or policies of the Company, whether through the ability to exercise voting power, by contract or otherwise;
- 4. The merger, consolidation, share exchange or similar transaction between the Company and another Person (other than a Subsidiary), other than a merger in which the stockholders of Washington Mutual immediately before such merger, consolidation or transaction own, directly or indirectly, immediately following such merger, consolidation or transaction, at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the combined voting power of the surviving entity in such merger, consolidation or transaction in substantially the same proportion as their ownership immediately before such merger, consolidation or transaction; or
- 5. The sale or transfer (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to another Person (other than a Subsidiary) whether assisted or unassisted, voluntary or involuntary.

#### (h) For purposes of this Agreement:

- 1. "Person" shall mean any individual, corporation, company, voluntary association, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization or government (or any agency, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof).
- 2. "Subsidiary" shall mean a corporation that is wholly owned by the Company, either directly or through one or more corporations that are wholly owned by the Company.
- 3. "Related Company" shall mean any entity that is directly or indirectly controlled by the Company or any entity in which the Company has a significant equity interest, as determined by the Human Resources Committee of the Board.
- (i) For purposes of this Agreement, Washington Mutual shall have "cause" to terminate Employee's employment if:
- 1. Employee violates the Company's or Washington Mutual's policies regarding drug or alcohol use on a recurring basis;

- 2. Employee is convicted of any felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude (including forgery, fraud, theft or embezzlement) or enters into a pretrial diversion or similar program in connection with the prosecution for an offense involving dishonesty, breach of trust or money laundering; or
- 3. Employee has engaged in: (a) dishonesty or fraud, (b) destruction or theft of property of the Company or a Subsidiary, (c) physical attack on another employee, (d) willful malfeasance or gross negligence in the performance of Employee's duties, or (e) misconduct materially injurious to the Company or a Subsidiary.
- (j) For purposes of this Agreement, "good reason" for Employee to resign shall mean the occurrence of any of the following events without Employee's consent, provided that the Employee in all events shall have resigned within two years after the Change in Control:
- 1. The assignment of duties to Employee which (a) are materially different from Employee's duties immediately prior to the Change in Control, or (b) result in Employee having significantly less authority and/or responsibility than Employee had prior to the Change in Control.
- 2. A reduction of Employee's total pay opportunity from that in effect on the date of the Change in Control. Changes in the allocation of Employee's compensation between salary and incentive compensation, and changes to the criteria or method for determining incentive compensation amounts actually earned, shall not constitute "good reason" for Employee to resign. "Total pay opportunity" means base salary plus target incentive compensation, provided that in the case of incentive compensation for which a "target" is not defined (such as some sales commissions), the incentive component of the pay opportunity shall be the average incentive compensation of Employee during the 24 months preceding the Change in Control.
- 3. A relocation by more than 50 miles of Employee's principal place of employment as in effect on the date of the Change in Control, if the relocation increases the distance between Employee's principal residence and principal place of employment by more than 25 miles. Distances shall be measured by surface miles, using surface transportation over public streets, roads, highways and waterways, by the shortest route.
- (k) For purposes of this Agreement, Employee shall be considered to have resigned for "good reason" only if Washington Mutual fails to cure within 15 days after receiving a written demand to cure that specifies the circumstances constituting "good reason." Also, Employee shall be considered to have resigned for "good reason" only if the effective date of Employee's resignation is within 60 days after the effective date of the occurrence that constitutes "good reason."
- 6. <u>Death or Disability</u>. If Employee should die or become disabled at any time during his or her employment hereunder, neither Employee nor anyone claiming by, through or under him or her shall be entitled to any further compensation or other sum under this Agreement (but shall be entitled to payments made by insurers under policies of life and disability insurance and any sums which may become available under any employee benefit plan).
- 7. <u>Confidentiality</u>. Employee agrees that information not generally known to the public to which Employee has been or will be exposed as a result of Employee's employment by Washington Mutual is confidential information that belongs to the Company or its Subsidiaries. This includes information developed by Employee, alone or with others, or entrusted to Employee, or entrusted to the

Company or its Subsidiaries by its customers or others. The Company's and its Subsidiaries' confidential information includes, without limitation, information relating to the Company's or its Subsidiaries' trade secrets, know-how, procedures, purchasing, accounting, marketing, sales, customers, clients, employees, business strategies and acquisition strategies. Employee will hold the Company's and its Subsidiaries' confidential information in strict confidence and will not disclose or use it except as authorized by Washington Mutual and for Washington Mutual's benefit.

- 8. <u>Possession of Materials</u>. Employee agrees that upon conclusion of employment or request by Washington Mutual, Employee shall turn over to Washington Mutual all documents, files, office supplies and any other material or work product in Employee's possession or control that were created pursuant to or derived from Employee's services for Washington Mutual.
- 9. Resolution of Disputes. Any dispute arising out of or relating to this Agreement or Employee's employment (or termination of employment) shall be submitted to and resolved by final and binding arbitration as provided in the Binding Arbitration Agreement attached as Exhibit A, whether the claimant is Employee or Washington Mutual. Employee and Washington Mutual also agree to exhaust all remedies available under the Washington Mutual, Inc. Dispute Resolution Process, as in effect from time to time, before initiating arbitration; provided that Employee shall not be required to use or follow the Dispute Resolution Process before initiating arbitration of any claim that arises upon or within two years after a Change in Control. In any dispute in arbitration or court arising out of or relating to this Agreement, the losing party shall pay the prevailing party's reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses.
- 10. Agreement Not To Solicit Personnel. In consideration for the mutual undertakings of the parties under this Agreement and Employee's access as an employee of Washington Mutual to employees, contractors and consultants of the Company and Related Companies, Employee agrees that, during Employee's employment with Washington Mutual, and for a period of one year following termination of employment, Employee will not in any manner, directly or indirectly, solicit, encourage, induce, or recruit any person who is then an employee, contractor, or consultant of the Company or a Related Company, and whom Employee worked with, supervised, or had access to confidential information about while employed by Washington Mutual, to seek or accept employment or a contractual or consulting engagement with any business that competes with or provides services comparable to those provided by the Company or its subsidiaires.
- 11. Intellectual Property Ownership. In addition, in consideration of the mutual undertakings of the parties under this Agreement, Washington Mutual will own all rights to the results of Employee's work, including inventions and other intellectual property developed using Company or its subsidiaries' equipment, supplies, facilities or trade secret information. It will also own all rights to the results of any other effort of Employee (outside of Employee's performance of Washington Mutual work) that relate directly to Employee's work or to the Company's or its subsidiaries' business or actual or demonstrably anticipated research or development. Washington Mutual's rights extend to anything that is authored, conceived, invented, written, reduced to practice, improved or made by Employee, alone or jointly with others, during the period of Employee's employment by Washington Mutual. To the extent that the results of Employee's work or other effort constitute a "work made for hire" as defined under U.S. copyright law, the copyright shall belong solely to Washington Mutual. Otherwise, to the extent that such results are legally protectable, then Employee hereby irrevocably assigns all copyrights, patent rights, and other proprietary rights therein to Washington Mutual, and no further action by Employee is required to grant ownership to Washington Mutual. Employee will assist in preparing and executing documents, and will take any other steps requested by Washington Mutual, to vest, confirm or demonstrate its ownership rights, and Employee will not at any time contest the validity of such rights.

Employee understands that the termination of Employee's employment will not terminate or invalidate any of Employee's obligations, or Washington Mutual's rights, as described above.

Employee understands that the above commitments are in furtherance of the WaMu Intellectual Property Policy (a copy of which Employee has had an opportunity to review and is also found on wamu.net), which is incorporated herein but not set forth in full due to space limitations. If Employee lives or works in Washington, California, Illinois, or in any other state mentioned in the Invention Notice section of the policy, then the above assignment does not apply to inventions described in the Invention Notice for Employee's state.

Remedies for Certain Breaches Related to Solicitation and Intellectual Property. Should Employee breach the agreements set forth in Section 10 or 11, in addition to any other remedy available to Washington Mutual, (a) the Employee shall immediately pay to Washington Mutual any payment made pursuant to Section 5(c); (b) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, any option that vested upon a Change in Control ("Option"), or portion of such Option, that remains unexercised shall terminate and cease to be exercisable; (c) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, for any Option, or portion of such Option, already exercised, Employee shall immediately pay to Washington Mutual any difference between the fair market value of the Option shares on the date of exercise and the exercise price of such Option shares; and (d) pursuant to the relevant award agreements, Employee will immediately pay to Washington Mutual the fair market value as of the Change in Control of any shares of restricted stock that vested upon a Change in Control. The parties agree that, to the extent the restrictions set forth in Sections 10 and 11 and this Section 12 are found to be unenforceable in any respect, this Section 12 shall be construed to be enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by law.

#### 13. Miscellaneous.

- (a) This Agreement is the entire agreement between the parties and may not be modified or abrogated orally or by course of dealing, but only by another instrument in writing duly executed by the parties. This Agreement replaces and supersedes all prior agreements on these subjects that Employee may have with the Company, or any Subsidiary, provided, however, that this Agreement shall supplement and shall not supersede any other agreement that Employee has signed in favor of the Company or any Subsidiary protecting the confidentiality of its confidential information or its interest in intellectual property. All such agreements remain in full force and effect. Employee acknowledges that Employee shall be entitled to change in control benefits, severance benefits or other employment separation benefits only as specifically provided in this Agreement (or, to the extent applicable according to its terms, as provided in the Washington Mutual, Inc. Special Severance Plan as in effect from time to time), notwithstanding the terms of any other representation, policy, severance plan, benefit plan or agreement.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if, at the time of Employee's termination of employment with Washington Mutual, he or she is a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A of the Code, and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by Employee pursuant to this Agreement would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under this Agreement until the earlier of (a) the date that is six (6) months following Employee's termination of employment with Washington Mutual, or (b) the Employee's death. The provisions of this Section 13(b) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid Employee's incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of this Agreement would cause Employee to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, Washington Mutual may reform such

provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

- (c) This Agreement has been drafted in contemplation of and shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the law of the state of Employee's principal place of employment with Washington Mutual.
- (d) Employee acknowledges that this Agreement has been drafted by counsel for Washington Mutual, and that Employee has not relied upon such counsel with respect to this Agreement.
- (e) If a court or arbitrator of competent jurisdiction or governmental authority declares any term or provision hereof invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable, the remaining terms and provisions hereof shall be unimpaired and the invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable term or provision shall be replaced by a term or provision that is valid, enforceable and acceptable and that comes closest to expressing the intention of the invalid, unenforceable or unacceptable term or provision.
- (f) Employee may not assign Employee's rights or delegate Employee's duties under this Agreement.

Washington Mutual may assign its rights and delegate its duties under this Agreement to the Company or any Subsidiary or to any purchaser of all or substantially all of Washington Mutual's assets. The transfer of Employee's employment from Washington Mutual to any other Subsidiary or to the purchaser of all or substantially all of the assets of Washington Mutual shall not be considered a termination of employment, but this Agreement shall run to the benefit of, and be binding upon, the new employer. In the event of a Change in Control, this Agreement shall bind, and run to the benefit of, the successor to Washington Mutual resulting from the Change in Control.

DATED effective as of the 17th of December 2007.

WASHINGTON MUTUAL:	WASHINGTON MUTUAL BANK
·	By
	Daryl D. David
	Executive Vice President
	Chief Human Resources Officer
EMPLOYEE:	
	Greg Camas
•	DATE

# EXHIBIT A BINDING ARBITRATION AGREEMENT

This Binding Arbitration Agreement is a part of, and incorporated into, that certain Change in Control Agreement between the parties dated effective as of December 17, 2007. I, the employee who is a party to the Change in Control Agreement to which this Exhibit is attached, as well as Washington Mutual, agree as follows:

- 1. Any and all disputes that involve or relate in any way to my employment (or termination of employment) with Washington Mutual shall be submitted to and resolved by final and binding arbitration.
- 2. Washington Mutual and I understand that, by entering into this Binding Arbitration Agreement, we are each waiving any right we may have to file a lawsuit or other civil action or proceeding relating to my employment with Washington Mutual, and are waiving any right we may have to resolve employment disputes through trial by jury. We agree that arbitration shall be in lieu of any and all lawsuits or other civil legal proceedings relating to my employment.
- 3. This Binding Arbitration Agreement is intended to cover all civil claims that involve or relate in any way to my employment (or termination of employment) with Washington Mutual, including, but not limited to, claims of employment discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, sex, age, religion, color, national origin, sexual orientation, disability and veteran status (including claims under Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"), the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Immigration Reform and Control Act and any other local, state or federal law concerning employment or employment discrimination), claims based on violation of public policy or statute, and claims against individuals or entities employed by, acting on behalf of, or affiliated with Washington Mutual. However, ERISA plan benefit issues and claims for workers compensation or for unemployment compensation benefits are not covered by this Binding Arbitration Agreement. The statutes of limitations otherwise applicable under law shall apply to all claims made in the arbitration.
- 4. I understand and agree that, despite anything in this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the contrary, I am not waiving the right to file or institute a complaint or charge with any government agency authorized to investigate or resolve employment-related matters, including but not limited to the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, the Department of Labor, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, the National Labor Relations Board, the Office of Special Counsel for Unfair Immigration-Related Employment Practices or other appropriate immigration authorities, and any other comparable local, state or federal agency. I also understand and agree that, despite anything in this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the contrary, either party may request a court to issue such temporary or interim relief (including temporary restraining orders and preliminary injunctions) as may be appropriate, either before or after arbitration is commenced. The temporary or interim relief may remain in effect pending the outcome of arbitration. No such request shall be a waiver of the right to submit any dispute to arbitration.
- 5. This Binding Arbitration Agreement does not constitute an employment contract, require discharge only for cause, or require any particular corrective action or discharge procedures.

- 6. Arbitration under this Binding Arbitration Agreement shall be conducted before a single arbitrator and shall take place within the state where I am currently employed by Washington Mutual, or where I was so employed at the time of termination.
- 7. In order to initiate arbitration, Washington Mutual or I must notify the other party in writing of its decision to initiate arbitration, either by personal delivery or certified mail. The notification should include the following information about the employee: name, home address, work address, work and home phone number, and the following information about the occurrence: date, location, nature of the claims or dispute, facts upon which the claims are made, and remedy requested. Any notice of arbitration initiated by Washington Mutual shall be sent to my last known residence address as reflected in my personnel file at Washington Mutual. Notice of arbitration initiated by me shall be sent to Washington Mutual's Legal Department, attention General Counsel Litigation. The Legal Department's address is currently Washington Mutual, 1301 Second Ave., WMC: 3501, Seattle, Washington 98101.
- 8. Within thirty (30) days after receipt of notice of arbitration, Washington Mutual and I will attempt to agree upon a mutually acceptable arbitrator. If Washington Mutual and I are unable to agree upon an arbitrator, we will submit the dispute to the American Arbitration Association ("AAA"). If AAA is, for some reason, unable or unwilling to accept the matter, we will submit the matter to a comparable arbitration service. The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the laws of the state in which the arbitration is conducted and the rules and requirements of the arbitration service being utilized, to the extent that such rules and requirements do not conflict with the terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement.
- 9. At the request of either Washington Mutual or myself, the arbitrator will schedule a prehearing conference to, among other things, agree on procedural matters, obtain stipulations, and attempt to narrow the issues.
- 10. During the arbitration process, Washington Mutual and I may each make a written demand on the other for a list of witnesses, including experts, to be called and/or copies of documents to be introduced at the hearing. The demand must be served at least thirty (30) days prior to the hearing. The list and copies of documents must be delivered within twenty-five (25) days of service of the demand.
- 11. Each party shall be entitled to conduct a limited amount of discovery prior to the arbitration hearing. Each party may take a maximum of two (2) depositions. Each party may apply to the arbitrator for further discovery. Such further discovery may, in the discretion of the arbitrator, be awarded upon a showing of sufficient cause. If any documents to be produced or requested for production contain or refer to matters that are private, proprietary and/or confidential, the arbitrator shall make an appropriate protective order prohibiting or limiting use and disclosure of such documents and providing for return of documents produced after the arbitration is concluded.
- 12. Each party may file a brief with the arbitrator. Each brief must be served on the arbitrator and the other party at least five (5) working days prior to the hearing and, if not timely served, must be disregarded by the arbitrator. The brief shall specify the facts the party intends to prove, analyze the applicable law or policy, and specify the remedy sought. At the close of the hearing, each party shall be given leave to file a post-hearing brief. The time for filing the post-hearing brief shall be set by the arbitrator.

- 13. I understand that, at my expense, I have the right to hire an attorney to represent me in the arbitration, and Washington Mutual has that same right. I also understand that all parties shall have the right to present evidence at the arbitration, through testimony and documents, and to cross-examine witnesses called by another party. Each party agrees to pay the fees of any witnesses testifying at that party's request. Each party also agrees to pay the cost of any stenographic record of the arbitration hearing should that party request any such record. The requesting party must notify the other of such arrangements at least two (2) working days in advance of the hearing.
- 14. Any postponement or cancellation fee imposed by the arbitration service will be paid by the party requesting the postponement or cancellation. During the time the arbitration proceedings are ongoing, Washington Mutual will advance any required administrative or arbitrator's fees. Each party will pay its own witness fees.
- 15. At the conclusion of the arbitration, each party agrees to promptly pay any arbitration award against it.
- 16. We agree that the decision of the arbitrator shall be final and binding on all parties and shall be the exclusive remedy of the parties. The arbitrator shall issue a written and signed statement of the basis of his or her decision, including findings of fact and conclusions of law. In making the decision and award, if any, the arbitrator shall apply applicable substantive law. The arbitrator may only award a remedy that would have been available in court. The decision and award, if any, shall be consistent with the terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement and shall include an allocation of the costs of the arbitration proceeding between the parties.
- 17. This Binding Arbitration Agreement may be enforced by a court of competent jurisdiction through the filing of a petition to compel arbitration, or otherwise. The decision and award of the arbitrator may also be judicially enforced pursuant to applicable law.
- 18. Because of the interstate nature of Washington Mutual's business, this Binding Arbitration Agreement is governed by the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. §1 et seq. (the "FAA"). The provisions of the FAA (and to the extent not preempted by the FAA, the provisions of the laws of the state of my principal place of employment with Washington Mutual that generally apply to commercial arbitration agreements, such as provisions granting stays of court actions pending arbitration) are incorporated into this Binding Arbitration Agreement to the extent not inconsistent with the other terms of this Binding Arbitration Agreement.
- 19. We agree that, if any provision of this Binding Arbitration Agreement is found to be unenforceable to any extent or in violation of any statute, rule, regulation or common law, it will not affect the enforceability of the remaining provisions and the court shall enforce the affected provision and all remaining provisions to the fullest extent permitted by law.
- 20. This Binding Arbitration Agreement shall remain in full force and effect at all times during and subsequent to my employment with Washington Mutual, or any successor in interest to Washington Mutual.