

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

-----X	:	
<i>In re</i>	:	
	:	Chapter 11
AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.,	:	
	:	Case No. 10-15973 (SCC)
Debtor.	:	
-----X	:	

**SECOND AMENDED PLAN OF REORGANIZATION
OF AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.**

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EXHIBITS

- Exhibit A: Amended and Restated Tax Sharing Agreement [TO BE PROVIDED]
- Exhibit B: Cooperation Agreement Amendment
- Exhibit C: Cost Allocation Agreement
- Exhibit D: Reorganized AFG By-Laws
- Exhibit E: Reorganized AFG Certificate of Incorporation
- Exhibit F: Schedule of Assumed Executory Contracts and Leases
- Exhibit G: Warrant Agreement [TO BE PROVIDED]

INTRODUCTION

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. (the “Debtor”) respectfully proposes the following chapter 11 plan of reorganization (as amended, supplemented, or modified, the “Plan”). Capitalized terms used in the Plan and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in Article I of the Plan.

ARTICLE I.

DEFINED TERMS, RULES OF CONSTRUCTION, COMPUTATION OF TIME, AND GOVERNING LAW

A. Defined Terms

1. “5.875% Debentures Due 2103” means those certain 5.875% debentures due on March 24, 2103 and issued pursuant to the 2001 Indenture.
2. “5.95% Debentures Due 2035” means those certain 5.95% debentures due on December 5, 2035 and issued pursuant to the 2003 Indenture.
3. “5.95% Debentures Due 2103” means those certain 5.95% debentures due on February 28, 2103 and issued pursuant to the 2001 Indenture.
4. “7-1/2% Debentures Due 2023” means those certain 7-1/2% debentures due on May 1, 2023 and issued pursuant to the 1991 Indenture.
5. “9-3/8% Debentures Due 2011” means those certain 9-3/8% debentures due on August 1, 2011 and issued pursuant to the 1991 Indenture.
6. “9.50% Senior Notes Due 2021” means those certain 9.50% senior notes due on February 15, 2021 and issued pursuant to the 2008 Indenture.
7. “1991 Indenture” means that certain Indenture, dated as of August 1, 1991, between the Debtor and The Bank of New York Mellon, as successor indenture trustee to The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association).
8. “2001 Indenture” means that certain Indenture, dated as of August 24, 2001, between the Debtor and The Bank of New York Mellon, as successor indenture trustee to The Chase Manhattan Bank (National Association).
9. “2003 Indenture” means that certain Indenture, dated as of April 22, 2003, between the Debtor and The Bank of New York Mellon, as successor indenture trustee to JPMorgan Chase Bank.
10. “2008 Indenture” means that certain Indenture, dated as of February 15, 2006 between the Debtor and The Bank of New York Mellon (formerly known as The Bank of New York), as trustee, as supplemented by the Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 12, 2008,

between the Debtor and The Bank of New York Mellon (formerly known as The Bank of New York), as trustee.

11. “AAC” means Ambac Assurance Corporation.

12. “AAC Subgroup” means the subgroup of Affiliates, created pursuant to an amendment to the TSA entered into on June 7, 2010, of which AAC is the common parent, that are members of the Ambac Consolidated Group.

13. “Accrued Professional Compensation” means all Claims for accrued fees and expenses for services rendered by a Professional through and including the Confirmation Date, to the extent such fees and expenses have not been paid pursuant to the Interim Compensation Order or any other order of the Bankruptcy Court and regardless of whether a fee application has been Filed for such fees and expenses.

14. “Administrative Claim” means a Claim for costs and expenses of administration pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 503(b), 507(b), or 1114(e)(2), including, without limitation, (i) the actual and necessary costs and expenses incurred after the Commencement Date of preserving the Estate and operating the Debtor’s business; (ii) all fees and charges assessed against the Estate pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 and 28 U.S.C. § 3717; and (iii) all requests for compensation or expense reimbursement for making a substantial contribution in the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 503(b)(3)-(5).

15. “Affiliate” means an “affiliate” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(2). For the avoidance of doubt, Affiliate includes AAC.

16. “Allowed” means, with respect to a Claim against the Estate, (i) any Claim, proof of which has been timely Filed by the applicable Claims Bar Date; (ii) any Claim that is listed in the Schedules, as such Schedules may be amended by the Debtor from time to time in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 1009, as liquidated in amount and not disputed or contingent, and with respect to which no contrary Proof of Claim has been timely Filed; (iii) any Claim Allowed pursuant to the Plan or a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court; *provided, however*, that with respect to any Claim described in clauses (i) and (ii) above, such Claim shall be considered Allowed only if and to the extent that no objection to the allowance thereof has been interposed within the applicable period fixed by the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, or by a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court. Any Claim that has been or is hereafter listed in the Schedules as contingent, unliquidated, or disputed, and for which no Proof of Claim is or has been timely Filed, is not considered Allowed and shall be expunged without further action by the Debtor and without further notice to any party or action, approval, or order of the Bankruptcy Court.

17. “Ambac Consolidated Group” means the group of Affiliates, of which the Debtor is the common parent, that files a single consolidated U.S. federal income tax return.

18. “Ambac Entities,” as defined in the Stipulation of Settlement, means the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and any and all of their current and former parents, Affiliates, subsidiaries, predecessors, successors, heirs, estates, administrators, and legal Representatives.

19. “Amended Plan Settlement,” subject to the approval of AAC and its board of directors, means the global compromise and settlement of certain disputes among the Debtor, the Committee, AAC, the Segregated Account, the Rehabilitator and OCI, memorialized in that certain Mediation Agreement attached to the Disclosure Statement as Exhibit B (the “Mediation Agreement”). The Amended Plan Settlement provides as follows:

- (i) Except as otherwise approved by the Rehabilitator, the Debtor shall use its best efforts to preserve the use of NOLs for the benefit of the AAC Subgroup as contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement, including but not limited to refraining from taking any action that would result in, and taking such affirmative steps as are appropriate to avoid, any Deconsolidation Event. In furtherance of the foregoing, the Debtor shall, effective on the Plan Settlement Signing Date, use its best efforts to obtain a Confirmation Order from the Bankruptcy Court which (i) memorializes the parties’ intent to preserve the use of NOLs for the benefit of the AAC Subgroup and the Reorganized Debtor as contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement, (ii) approves the adoption by the Reorganized Debtor of an NOL-preservation plan to remain in effect so long as NOLs remain for the benefit of AAC as contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement and vests continuing jurisdiction in the Bankruptcy Court to enforce restrictions adopted in connection with such plan, and (iii) memorializes the parties’ intent that any subsequent bankruptcy filing by the Reorganized Debtor with the intent of rejecting the Amended Plan Settlement and/or seeking additional value from the AAC Subgroup for its use of the NOLs is a *per se* bad faith filing;
- (ii) the Debtor and AAC shall, and shall cause their affiliates to, enter into the Amended TSA which agreement shall become effective upon the Plan Settlement Effective Date, except, once the Amended TSA becomes effective, the NOL tolling provisions, which shall have effect as of October 1, 2011 (and the portion of the taxable year beginning on October 1, 2011 and ending on December 31, 2011 shall be considered a separate taxable period for purposes of determining amounts payable pursuant to the Amended TSA). The Amended TSA shall replace, supersede and nullify in its entirety the existing TSA. The Amended TSA shall address certain issues including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (a) Any NOLs generated by the Ambac Consolidated Group on or prior to, and existing on, September 30, 2011 (the “Determination Date”), not taking into account the consequences of any settlement with respect to the IRS Dispute (“Pre-Determination Date NOLs”), shall be available for use by the AAC Subgroup as set forth in the Amended TSA.
 - (b) Any NOLs generated by the AAC Subgroup determined on a separate company tax basis after the Determination Date (the

“Post-Determination Date NOLs”) shall be available for use by the AAC Subgroup at no cost.

- (c) The portion of any NOLs generated by the AAC Subgroup during the taxable year 2011 shall be allocated to either the Pre-Determination Date NOLs or the Post-Determination Date NOLs on the basis of a deemed closing of the books and records of the AAC Subgroup as of the end of the Determination Date. AAC and the other members of the AAC Subgroup agree not to enter into any transaction resulting in taxable income or loss on or prior to the Determination Date other than in the ordinary course of business and consistent with past practices. For purposes of determining the amount of any NOLs or taxable income pursuant to the Amended Plan Settlement, (I) the AAC Surplus Notes issued in June 2010 will be considered indebtedness issued by AAC for federal income tax purposes, (II) the aggregate issue price, for federal income tax purposes, of the AAC Surplus Notes issued in June 2010 and subject to a call option letter agreement shall be treated as equal to \$232 million and (III) the aggregate issue price, for federal income tax purposes, of the remaining AAC Surplus Notes issued in June 2010 shall be treated as equal to \$1,060 million.
- (d) Unless and until there has been a Deconsolidation Event, the amount of Pre-Determination Date NOLs allocated to, and available for use by, the AAC Subgroup to offset income for federal income tax purposes (the “Allocated NOLs”) shall be an amount (such amount being hereinafter referred to as the “Allocated NOL Amount”) equal to the lesser of
- (1) \$3.8 billion; and
 - (2) the total amount of Pre-Determination Date NOLs, MINUS the sum of (I) the amount of cancellation of indebtedness income realized within the meaning of IRC section 108, realized by the Debtor pursuant to the consummation of the Plan, and (II) the amount of interest disallowed pursuant to IRC section 382(l)(5)(B) upon the consummation of the Plan.

Pursuant to the Amended TSA, the AAC Subgroup may utilize the Allocated NOL Amount to offset income for federal income tax purposes in exchange for a payment pursuant to the TSA in an amount determined pursuant to the table attached to the Mediation Agreement as Appendix A, with the applicable percentage for the particular usage tier shown in such table being multiplied by the aggregate amount of the AAC Subgroup’s federal income tax

liability (for the taxable year in which the NOLs within the respective tier are used) that otherwise would have been paid by the AAC Subgroup if such NOLs within the respective tier were not available for the AAC Subgroup's use.

Any amounts due from AAC to the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Amended TSA shall be paid no later than the date on which the applicable tax return is filed provided that any such amounts due and owing prior to the Plan Settlement Closing Date shall be deposited in an escrow account established under section 6 of the Mediation Agreement, which will be transferred to the Reorganized Debtor on the Plan Settlement Closing Date. The parties shall cooperate with each other and, upon reasonable request, provide information with respect to the tax matters set forth in the Amended Plan Settlement. A reduction in the Pre-Determination Date NOLs as a result of a resolution of the IRS Dispute shall be allocated between the Allocated NOLs and the AFG Allocated NOLs (as defined below) in a manner to be agreed upon by the parties. The same allocation methodology shall be utilized to the greatest extent possible with respect to the Allocated AAC AMT NOL Amount (as defined below).

- (e) Beginning on the fifth anniversary of the Plan Settlement Effective Date, prior to the occurrence of a Deconsolidation Event, and subject to the Reorganized Debtor's consent, not to be unreasonably withheld, the AAC Subgroup may utilize Pre-Determination Date NOLs in excess of the Allocated NOL Amount (the "AFG Allocated NOLs") in exchange for a payment pursuant to the TSA in an amount equal to 25% multiplied by the aggregate amount of the AAC Subgroup's federal income tax liability for the taxable year in which the NOLs are used that otherwise would have been paid by the AAC Subgroup if such NOLs were not available for its use.
- (f) Following the occurrence of a Deconsolidation Event, pursuant to the election set forth in section 2.i of the Mediation Agreement, (1) the amount of Pre-Determination Date NOLs allocated to, and owned by, the AAC Subgroup (the "Post-Deconsolidation Allocated NOLs") shall be an amount (such amount being hereinafter referred to as the "Post-Deconsolidation Allocated NOL Amount") equal to (I) the Allocated NOL Amount less (II) the AAC Pre-Deconsolidation Utilized NOL Amount (as defined below) and (2) all Post-Determination Date NOLs (to the extent not previously utilized by the AAC Subgroup) shall be allocated to, and owned by, the AAC Subgroup. The Reorganized Debtor, in its sole discretion, may allocate incremental NOLs to the AAC Subgroup to increase the Post-Deconsolidation Allocated

NOLs. AAC shall compensate the Reorganized Debtor for the use of the Post-Deconsolidation Allocated NOLs to offset income for federal income tax purposes in an amount determined pursuant to the table attached to the Mediation Agreement as Appendix A, with the applicable percentage for the particular usage tier shown in such table being multiplied by the aggregate amount of the AAC Subgroup's federal income tax liability (for the taxable year in which the NOLs within the respective tier are used) that otherwise would have been paid by the AAC Subgroup if such NOLs within the respective tier were not available for the AAC Subgroup's use.

The "AAC Pre-Deconsolidation Utilized NOL Amount" is the portion of the Allocated NOL Amount that, for purposes of section 2.d of the Mediation Agreement, is utilized to offset income for federal income tax purposes as provided in the Amended TSA by AAC following the Determination Date and prior to a Deconsolidation Event.

- (g) To the extent that the AAC Subgroup has any available Post-Determination Date NOLs solely for purposes of determining the amounts payable under the Amended TSA, such Post-Determination Date NOLs shall be treated as being used prior to utilization of any Allocated NOL Amount or Post-Deconsolidation Allocated NOL Amount.
- (h) The Reorganized Debtor shall be able to utilize the AFG Allocated NOLs. Solely for purposes of determining the amounts payable under the Amended Plan Settlement, the Reorganized Debtor shall be treated as using the AFG Allocated NOLs and any NOLs generated by the members of the Ambac Consolidated Group that are not part of the AAC Subgroup (the "AFG Subgroup") after the Determination Date (determined on a separate company tax basis without inclusion of the AAC Subgroup) prior to utilization of any Allocated NOLs or Post-Determination Date NOLs. If and to the extent that the Reorganized Debtor utilizes (i) any Pre-Determination Date NOLs in excess of the AFG Allocated NOLs or (ii) any Post-Determination Date NOLs, the Reorganized Debtor shall make a payment pursuant to the TSA in an amount equal to 50% of the aggregate amount of the AFG Subgroup's federal income tax liability for the taxable year in which the NOLs are used that otherwise would have been paid by the Reorganized Debtor if such NOLs were not available for its use.
- (i) With respect to any taxable year that includes a Deconsolidation Event, the Reorganized Debtor shall, subject to the prior review and approval of the Rehabilitator, make valid and timely elections pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-36 to the extent

permitted thereunder such that (1) the NOLs of the AAC Subgroup that exist immediately following a Deconsolidation Event will be an amount equal to the sum of the Post-Determination Date NOLs existing as of the Deconsolidation Event (to the extent not previously utilized by the AAC Subgroup) and the Post-Deconsolidation Allocated NOL Amount, and (2) no reduction in the tax basis of any asset of the AAC Subgroup will be required pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-36(d)(4)(i)(D), and no reduction in the amount of any deferred deduction will be required pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-36(d)(4)(i)(C). Any such elections approved by the Rehabilitator shall not be revoked or modified, whether by amended return or otherwise, without the consent of the Rehabilitator. With respect to any taxable year that includes any event resulting in the application of Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-36 to AAC or the AAC Subgroup other than a Deconsolidation Event (an “Adjustment Event”), the Reorganized shall, subject to the prior review and approval of the Rehabilitator, make valid and timely elections pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-36 to the extent permitted thereunder such that (X) the NOLs of the AAC Subgroup that exist immediately following such Adjustment Event will be an amount equal to the sum of the Post-Determination Date NOLs existing as of the Adjustment Event (to the extent not previously utilized by the AAC Subgroup prior to such Adjustment Event) and the Allocated NOL Amount less the AAC Pre-Deconsolidation Utilized NOL Amount determined as if the date of the Adjustment Event were a Deconsolidation Event, (Y) the AMT NOLs of the AAC Subgroup that exist immediately following such Adjustment Event will be an amount equal to the sum of the Post-Determination Date AMT NOLs (as defined in section 2.m of the Mediation Agreement) existing as of the Adjustment Event (to the extent not previously utilized by the AAC Subgroup prior to such Adjustment Event) and the Allocated AMT NOL Amount (as defined in section 2.m of the Mediation Agreement) less the AAC Pre-Deconsolidation Utilized AMT NOL Amount (as defined in section 2.m of the Mediation Agreement) determined as if the date of the Adjustment Event were a Deconsolidation Event, and (Z) no reduction in the tax basis of any asset of the AAC Subgroup will be required pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-36(d)(4)(i)(D), and no reduction in the amount of any deferred deduction will be required pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.1502-36(d)(4)(i)(C).

- (j) With respect to each taxable year of the Ambac Consolidated Group, if AAC or the Rehabilitator notifies the Reorganized Debtor, at least 30 days before the Ambac Consolidated Group tax return is filed, that AAC or the Rehabilitator has reasonably

determined that there exists uncertainty as to whether or not a Deconsolidation Event or Adjustment Event has occurred during such taxable year, AFG shall, subject to the prior approval of the Rehabilitator, make such protective elections or take other similar actions so that if such a Deconsolidation Event or Adjustment Event were determined subsequently to have occurred during such taxable year, the results contemplated by section 2.i of the Mediation Agreement would be achieved to the maximum extent possible. Any such elections or other actions approved by the Rehabilitator shall not be revoked or modified, whether by amended return or otherwise, without the consent of the Rehabilitator.

- (k) If a Deconsolidation Event occurs on a date other than the last day of a taxable year of AFG, no election under Treasury Regulation Sections 1.1502-76(b)(2)(ii) or (iii) (a so-called “ratable allocation” election) shall be made in connection with determining the allocation of the items of the AAC Subgroup between the portion of such taxable year that ends on the date of the Deconsolidation Event and the remaining portion of such taxable year.

- (l) Notwithstanding any provision of the Mediation Agreement, the provisions of section 2 thereof shall apply equally and separately with respect to any NOLs that are utilized in any taxable period with respect to the determination of (a) any tax payable pursuant to IRC section 55 or any other similar provision of state or local law (“AMT”) by the AAC Subgroup (the “AAC AMT”) or (b) any federal income tax payable by the AAC Subgroup as provided herein. The amount due and payable from AAC to the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Amended TSA shall be the sum of (i) the AAC AMT, (ii) any federal income tax owed by the AAC Subgroup as provided in the Amended TSA (the “AAC Federal Tax”) (reduced by any available tax credits previously generated by payment of the AAC AMT, including prior to the Effective Date, and not used in any prior taxable year), (iii) the sum of the amounts due and payable under sections 2.d, 2.e and 2.f of the Mediation Agreement (the “Federal Tax Usage Amount”) and (iv) the excess of the AAC AMT Usage Amount determined under section 2.o of the Mediation Agreement over the Federal Tax Usage Amount. For the avoidance of doubt, amounts shall be due and payable from AAC to the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to clauses (iii) and (iv) of section 2.1 of the Mediation Agreement irrespective of whether the Federal Tax Usage Amount or the AAC AMT Usage Amount arises prior or subsequent to a Deconsolidation Event.

- (m) Prior to a Deconsolidation Event and subject to section 2.o of the Mediation Agreement, the AAC Subgroup shall, for purposes of determining the AAC AMT pursuant to section 2.1 of the Mediation Agreement, be permitted to utilize (subject to any restrictions imposed under the IRC or the Treasury Regulations promulgated thereunder) the NOLs of the Group available for use to offset AMT (“AMT NOLs”) in an aggregate amount (the “Allocated AMT NOL Amount”) equal to the product of (i) the AMT NOLs of the Ambac Consolidated Group and (ii) the percentage (expressed as a decimal) determined by dividing (x) the Allocated NOL Amount by (y) the total NOLs of the Group, in each case, such NOLs to be determined as of the Determination Date. In addition, any AMT NOL generated by the AAC Subgroup determined on a separate company tax basis after the Determination Date (the “Post-Determination Date AMT NOLs”) shall be available for use by the AAC Subgroup at no cost. Further, it is understood that to the extent that the AAC Subgroup has any available Post-Determination Date AMT NOLs, solely for purposes of determining the amounts payable under the Amended Plan Settlement, such Post-Determination Date AMT NOLs shall be treated as being used prior to utilization of any Allocated AMT NOL Amount or any Post-Deconsolidation Allocated AMT NOL Amount.
- (n) Upon a Deconsolidation Event and subject to section 2.o of the Mediation Agreement, the Reorganized Debtor shall take all actions permitted by law necessary to allocate to AAC an amount of AMT NOLs equal to (i) the Allocated AMT NOL Amount MINUS the Pre-Deconsolidation AAC Utilized AMT NOL Amount (as defined below), (the “Post-Deconsolidation Allocated AMT NOL Amount”), and (ii) the Post-Determination Date AMT NOLs existing as of the Deconsolidation Event (to the extent not previously utilized by the AAC Subgroup) and (iii) the amount of any unused AMT credits allocable to any AAC AMT. The “AAC Pre-Deconsolidation Utilized AMT NOL Amount” is the portion of the Allocated AMT NOL Amount that for purposes of section 2.1 of the Mediation Agreement were utilized to offset income for AMT purposes by the AAC Subgroup following the Determination Date and prior to a Deconsolidation Event (including any AMT NOLs to the extent that they were not subject to the payment requirement of section 2.1 of the Mediation Agreement).
- (o) The AAC Subgroup may utilize (i) prior to a Deconsolidation Event, the Allocated AMT NOL Amount or (ii) following a Deconsolidation event, the Post-Deconsolidation Allocated AMT NOL Amount, in each case, to offset income for AMT purposes (the “AAC AMT NOLs”). The AAC AMT Usage Amount shall

be equal to the product of (a) the applicable percentages set forth on the table attached hereto as Appendix A, multiplied by (b) (X) the aggregate amount of the AAC Subgroup's AMT liability for the taxable year that otherwise would have been paid by the AAC Subgroup if such AAC AMT NOLs were not available for its use MINUS (Y) the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit (as defined below).

- (p) During the taxable year (or portion thereof) beginning January 1, 2011 (the "Initial AMT NOL Period"), the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit shall be \$3 million (the "Initial Period AMT NOL Usage Credit Carry-Over Amount") with the utilization of such Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit not to exceed the amount that reduces the AAC AMT Usage Amount to equal the Federal Tax Usage Amount to the extent sufficient credits are available. During the second through seventh taxable years (or portions thereof), the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit shall be equal to the sum of (i) \$3 million and (ii) the excess of \$3 million over the lesser of (A) the portion of the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit actually utilized in the immediately prior taxable year (or portion thereof) or (B) \$3 million with the utilization of the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit not to exceed the amount that reduces the AAC AMT Usage Amount to equal the Federal Tax Usage Amount to the extent sufficient credits are available. During the eighth taxable year beginning after the Initial AMT NOL Period, the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit shall be equal to the sum of (i) \$10 million and (ii) the excess of \$3 million over the lesser of (A) the portion of the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit actually utilized in the immediately prior taxable year (or portion thereof) or (B) \$3 million with the utilization of the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit not to exceed the amount that reduces the AAC AMT Usage Amount to equal the Federal Tax Usage Amount to the extent sufficient credits are available. During all succeeding taxable years (or portions thereof), the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit shall be equal to the sum of (i) \$10 million and (ii) the excess of \$10 million over lesser of (A) the portion of the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit actually utilized in the immediately prior taxable year (or portion thereof) or (B) \$10 million (the "Subsequent Period AMT NOL Usage Credit Carry-Over Amount") with the utilization of the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit not to exceed the amount that reduces the AAC AMT Usage Amount to equal the Federal Tax Usage Amount to the extent sufficient credits are available.
- (q) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Amended TSA, (i) any AMT NOL carryover amounts described in section 2.p of the Mediation Agreement, attributable to any specific taxable year

may only be carried to the next succeeding taxable year and may not be carried into any other taxable year, (ii) the sum of Annual AMT NOL Usage Credits utilized by the AAC Subgroup shall not exceed in the aggregate \$60 million throughout the term of the Amended TSA, and (iii) the Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit shall not be utilized in the event that the Federal Tax Usage Amount exceeds the AAC AMT Usage Amount (as calculated before giving effect to such Annual AMT NOL Usage Credit).

(iii) the Debtor and AAC shall, and shall cause their affiliates to, enter into the Cost Allocation Agreement, which agreement shall become effective on the Plan Settlement Effective Date. The Cost Allocation Agreement shall provide for the following:

(a) Until (and including) the fifth anniversary of the Plan Settlement Effective Date, AAC shall promptly pay all reasonable AFG operating expenses annually in arrears, subject to a \$5 million per annum cap. Following the fifth anniversary of the Plan Settlement Effective Date, AAC shall, only with the approval of the Rehabilitator, pay all reasonable AFG operating expenses in arrears subject to a \$4 million per annum cap. In the event that the Rehabilitator declines to approve AAC's request to pay reasonable AFG operating expenses in any such year, the Reorganized Debtor shall have no further obligations under the Amended Plan Settlement.

(b) The Reorganized Debtor shall prepare in good faith an annual operating expense budget (based on reasonable assumptions) for the forthcoming fiscal year in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Rehabilitator (each, an "Annual Budget"). As soon as available, and in any event within 30 days prior to the commencement of each calendar year, the Reorganized Debtor shall provide each Annual Budget to the Rehabilitator. Within 45 days after each March 31, June 30 and September 30, the Reorganized Debtor shall provide the Rehabilitator with a comparison (in form reasonably satisfactory to the Rehabilitator) of (i) actual expenses incurred through such date, and expenses expected to be incurred from such date until the end of the then-current fiscal year, to (ii) the projected expenses as set forth on the Annual Budget. The Reorganized Debtor's actual operating expenses shall not exceed the amounts set forth in the Annual Budget unless such excess expenses are reasonable.

(c) AAC's obligation to reimburse AFG operating expenses shall terminate upon the earlier to occur of the following events: (i) a breach by the Debtor of any material term of the Mediation Agreement (including, but not limited to, filing for a new

bankruptcy or taking any action which impairs the ability of AAC and/or the Rehabilitator to continue to use NOLs in accordance with the Amended Plan Settlement); and (ii) the imposition, under IRC section 382(a) of an annual “section 382 limitation” (within the meaning of IRC section 382(b)) of \$37.5 million or less on the use of NOLs available to the AAC Subgroup under the Amended Plan Settlement. In addition, AAC may elect to terminate its obligation to reimburse AFG operating expenses to the extent that none of the NOLs included in the Allocated NOL Amount remains available for use by the AAC Subgroup.

(d) Until AAC’s obligation to reimburse AFG operating expenses shall have terminated as provided in section 3(c) of the Mediation Agreement, the Reorganized Debtor shall not make any cash distributions to Holders of New Common Stock if, following such distribution, AFG would have total unrestricted cash and other liquid assets of less than \$5 million.

(iv) notwithstanding any existing agreement between AAC and the Debtor and subject to the following sentence, effective on the Plan Settlement Signing Date, AAC and the Debtor will share all reasonable litigation fees and expenses incurred by the Debtor on or after the November 1, 2010, in the IRS Dispute, including the IRS Adversary Proceedings and any related proceedings (and any appeals relating to the foregoing), on the basis of 85% to AAC and 15% to the Debtor. Furthermore, AAC agrees to pay the Debtor (a) on the Plan Settlement Signing Date, or as soon as practicable thereafter, an amount equal to 85% of all expenses incurred by the Debtor on or after November 1, 2010, and through the Plan Settlement Signing Date in relation to the IRS Dispute (subject to a \$2 million credit for amounts already paid by AAC in connection with the IRS Dispute) and (b) on a monthly basis following the Plan Settlement Signing Date an amount equal to 85% of all reasonable expenses incurred by the Debtor on or after the Plan Settlement Signing Date in relation to the IRS Dispute. The Debtor shall not settle or offer to settle the IRS Dispute, incur any defense costs or otherwise assume any contractual obligation, admit any liability, voluntarily make any payment or otherwise agree to any judgment with respect to the IRS Dispute without the written consent of each of AAC, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, and the Rehabilitator, in its sole and absolute discretion. Each of AAC and the Rehabilitator hereby consents to the defense costs incurred by the Debtor and AAC (i) prior to the Plan Settlement Signing Date with respect to the IRS Dispute, the invoices for which have been provided to AAC and the Rehabilitator, and (ii) in implementing the litigation strategy that the Debtor is currently pursuing in connection with the IRS Dispute. AAC and the Rehabilitator shall be entitled to full cooperation and all information and particulars they or either of them may request from the Debtor in relation to the IRS Dispute and any other issues that AAC may

have relative to the IRS, including, without limitation, express authorization to engage with IRS directly on matters arising under the Rehabilitation Plan (including any efforts to obtain a private letter ruling, pre-filing agreement or other form of guidance or clarification);

(v) the Debtor, AAC, the Segregated Account and the Rehabilitator shall enter into the Cooperation Agreement Amendment, which shall become effective on the Plan Settlement Effective Date. The Cooperation Agreement Amendment shall provide for the following:

(a) Following each taxable year during any part of which AAC is a member of the Ambac Consolidated Group, the Reorganized Debtor shall, no later than April 1st of such subsequent year, provide the Rehabilitator with a summary of the material provisions of the Reorganized Debtor's expected tax position and the expected differences between AAC's statutory financial statements and the Reorganized Debtor's expected tax positions. The Rehabilitator shall notify the Reorganized Debtor and AAC in writing of any concerns of the Rehabilitator with respect to any such expected tax positions no later than May 1 of such year. Promptly thereafter, the Reorganized Debtor and AAC shall meet with the Rehabilitator to resolve in good faith such concerns. In the event that the Rehabilitator is unable to resolve a dispute with the Reorganized Debtor and AAC concerning an expected tax position by July 1 of such year, the parties shall immediately submit such dispute to expedited arbitration before a single arbitrator with the requisite tax expertise, whose decision shall be issued no later than August 31 of such year and shall be final and binding upon the parties. The parties shall agree to such further procedures as are necessary and prudent to permit the arbitrator to issue a decision by August 31 of such year. If the expected tax position relates to the AAC Subgroup, the sole issue before the arbitrator shall be whether the tax position advocated by the Rehabilitator is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS. If the expected tax position does not relate to the AAC Subgroup, the sole issue before the arbitrator shall be whether the tax position advocated by the Reorganized Debtor is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS. In the event that the arbitrator rules that the tax position advocated by the Rehabilitator (where the expected tax position relates to the AAC Subgroup) or the tax position advocated by the Reorganized Debtor (where the expected tax position does not relate to the AAC Subgroup) is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS, the Reorganized Debtor shall file its return on the basis

of such advocated tax position, which position may be disclosed in such return. In the event that the arbitrator does not rule that the tax position advocated by either the Rehabilitator or the Reorganized Debtor, as the case may be, is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS, such party shall be precluded from advocating for such tax position in any subsequent year absent any change or changes in facts or circumstances that would support such tax position. The cost of the arbitrator will be split between the Reorganized Debtor and AAC. The Rehabilitator represents that it is not presently aware of any fact, including, without limitation, any plan of rehabilitation for the Segregated Account that is presently being considered, upon which it would seek to change (under section 5.a of the Mediation Agreement) the method of realization or accrual of deductions for interest and original issue discount on the surplus notes issued by AAC in June 2010, including the application of IRC sections 163(e)(5) and 163(i);

(b) AAC shall

- (1) provide the Rehabilitator the opportunity to participate in all meetings with AAC management to discuss loss reserves to be included in any statutory financial report,
- (2) provide the Rehabilitator with all reports provided to AAC management (when so provided) concerning the assumptions and vendors utilized or to be utilized in arriving at statutory loss reserves, together with any related reports or materials requested by the Rehabilitator, and
- (3) obtain the approval of the Rehabilitator prior to accepting repayment of any intercompany loan in an amount in excess of \$50 million per annum or any modification to or deemed repayment of any intercompany loan in an amount that would result in AAC recognizing income or a reduction in issue price in excess of \$50 million per annum. No later than February 1 of each year (or more frequently if requested by AAC), if AAC proposes to make any changes in the assumptions or vendors utilized in determining statutory loss reserves from the prior year's statutory loss reserves (or, with respect to 2011, the statutory loss reserves for the period from September 30, 2011, to December 31, 2011), which changes would cause the difference (whether positive or negative) between (w) AAC's statutory reserves determined with such proposed changes and (x) AAC's statutory reserves

determined without such proposed changes to exceed the lesser of (y) \$200,000,000 or (z) 10% of AAC's statutory reserves determined without such proposed changes, AAC shall seek and obtain the approval of its loss reserves from the Rehabilitator, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. In the event that the Rehabilitator disputes AAC's loss reserves and does not provide such approval, then, unless OCI prescribes an accounting practice requiring AAC to follow the position of the Rehabilitator, the parties shall (i) immediately submit such dispute to expedited arbitration before a single arbitrator with requisite expertise to decide which of the positions most appropriately reflects expected claim payments or (ii) jointly agree to an alternative method of dispute resolution. The decision of an arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the parties, and shall be rendered in such form and substance as shall be necessary to permit AAC to reasonably rely thereon for purposes of filing its statutory financial statements. The parties shall agree to such procedures as are necessary and prudent to permit the arbitrator to issue a decision by no later than ten business days before the date that the annual financial reports are required to be filed (the "Filing Date"). If the differences of the parties are not resolved in a manner described above at least ten business days before the Filing Date, then AAC shall request an extension of the Filing Date from OCI. If OCI agrees to such an extension, it will cooperate with AAC to secure extensions in other jurisdictions as necessary. If such extension (or subsequent extension) is not granted, AAC shall be entitled to file its financial reports on the basis of its own loss reserving positions.

- (c) Any changes to AAC's existing "Investment Policy" (dated November 18, 2010) shall be submitted to the Rehabilitator for approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Rehabilitator shall meet with AAC management (including the chief financial officer) semi-annually to discuss the Investment Policy and any changes appropriate thereto. The Rehabilitator may recommend changes to the Investment Policy and AAC shall consider such recommendations in good faith. The Rehabilitator shall also be provided with periodic reports of investment transactions in the ordinary course. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Management Services Agreement or any other agreement, in the event that AAC's rejection of any proposed changes are not reasonable and fair to the interests of AAC and the Segregated Account, or are not protective or equitable to the interests of AAC and the Segregated Account policyholders

generally, the Rehabilitator may direct AAC to transfer investment management functions relating to the investment portfolio to a third party jointly chosen by the Rehabilitator and AAC. With respect to any subsequent transfers to third parties of investment management functions relating to the investment portfolio, such third parties shall be jointly chosen by the Rehabilitator and AAC. If the investment management function is transferred in accordance with the foregoing, the parties shall agree to provisions similar to those contained in section 2.05 of the Cooperation Agreement with respect to such replacement investment manager.

- (vi) on the Plan Settlement Effective Date, AAC shall transfer to an escrow account the Cash Grant. On the Plan Settlement Closing Date, the Cash Grant shall be transferred to the Reorganized Debtor. The Amended TSA shall provide that in consideration of AAC's payment of the Cash Grant, to the extent that AAC makes any payments to the Reorganized Debtor for NOL use as set forth in section 2 of the Mediation Agreement and memorialized in the Amended TSA, AAC shall receive a credit against the first \$5 million in payments due under each of NOL Usage Tier A, B, and C shown in the table attached to the Mediation Agreement as Appendix A, provided that the sum of the credits for all tiers shall not exceed \$15 million;
- (vii) effective as of the Plan Settlement Signing Date, the Rehabilitator shall, in conjunction with its petition to the Rehabilitation Court for prompt approval of the transactions contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement pursuant to section 11 of the Mediation Agreement, seek an order providing that, in the event that any obligations of AAC under the Amended Plan Settlement become subject to the authority of the Rehabilitation Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction overseeing any delinquency proceeding of AAC or any of its assets or liabilities, the obligations of AAC to (a) make payments to the Reorganized Debtor for NOL use pursuant to the Amended TSA, (b) reimburse reasonable AFG operating expenses pursuant to the Cost Allocation Agreement (as provided in paragraph 3.c of the Mediation Agreement), (iii) pay the Cash Grant (as provided in section 6 of the Mediation Agreement), (iv) make all payments described in section 2.1 of the Mediation Agreement, and (v) make all payments described in section 4 of the Mediation Agreement, in each case, shall be provided administrative-expense status in any such insurer delinquency proceeding. The Junior Surplus Notes to be issued pursuant to section 8 of the Mediation Agreement shall not be provided administrative-expense priority. The priority level of any claim by the Reorganized Debtor for damages arising from AAC's breach of any other obligation under the Amended Plan Settlement (including such other obligations as memorialized in the Amended TSA, the Cost Allocation Agreement or the Cooperation Agreement) shall be a matter of further proceedings before

the Rehabilitation Court, with each party reserving its rights in that regard. The Rehabilitator, OCI and AAC acknowledge that the phrase “the July 18, 1991 Tax Sharing Agreement, as amended” in the amendment to the plan of operation of the Segregated Account (the “Plan of Operation”), as submitted to the Rehabilitation Court on November 8, 2010, does not include the Amended TSA and, that the Amended TSA, once executed, will not be allocated to the Segregated Account by operation of such amendment to the Plan of Operation. Other than the foregoing, nothing in the Amended Plan Settlement shall be interpreted to limit the authority of the Rehabilitator over AAC in the event that AAC becomes subject to a delinquency proceeding under Chapter 645 of the Wisconsin Statutes;

- (viii) on the Plan Settlement Closing Date, the Segregated Account shall issue \$350 million of Junior Surplus Notes to the Reorganized Debtor, the terms of which shall be mutually agreed and no less favorable to the Debtor than those extended to any other recipient of Junior Surplus Notes as a creditor described by subsections (5) or (6) of Section 645.68 of the Wisconsin Statutes;
- (ix) effective as of the Plan Settlement Closing Date, the Debtor and the members of the Committee (the “AFG Interests”) shall provide an unconditional, full and complete release of OCI, the Rehabilitator, AAC and the Segregated Account, and each of their respective current and former members, shareholders, affiliates, officers, directors, employees and agents (including any attorneys, financial advisors, investment bankers, consultants and other professionals retained by such persons, and any other advisors or experts with whom OCI, the Rehabilitator, AAC or the Segregated Account consults), from any and all claims or causes of action of any nature whatsoever that the AFG Interests (and/or any person claiming by or through the AFG Interests) ever had, now has or can, shall or may have, by reason of any matter, cause or thing occurring prior to the Plan Settlement Closing Date, including but not limited to (a) any Avoidance Actions or constructive trust claims the Debtor may have against AAC and (b) any liability to the Debtor pertaining to any possible misallocation of up to \$38,485,850 of tax refunds received by AAC in September 2009 and February 2010. Effective as of the Plan Settlement Closing Date, AAC, OCI, the Segregated Account, and the Rehabilitator shall provide an unconditional, full and complete release of the Debtor and the members of the Committee, and each of their current and former members, shareholders, affiliates, officers, directors, employees and agents (including any attorneys, financial advisors, investment bankers, consultants and other professionals retained by such persons, and any other advisors or experts with which it consults), from, without limitation, any and all claims or causes of action of any nature whatsoever that such parties (and/or any person claiming by or through such parties) ever had, now has or can, shall or may have, by reason of any matter, cause or thing occurring prior to the Plan Settlement Closing Date;

- (x) upon the reasonable request of the Reorganized Debtor at any time on or after the Plan Settlement Signing Date, AAC commits to undertake commercially reasonable efforts to transfer to the Reorganized Debtor a more than insignificant amount of an active trade or business, subject to (a) OCI's determination that such a transfer does not violate the law, is reasonable and fair to the interests of AAC and the Segregated Account, and protects and is equitable to the interests of AAC and the Segregated Account policyholders generally, and (b) the Reorganized Debtor's receipt of a tax opinion stating that it is at least more likely than not that such transfer satisfies the requirements of IRC section 269;

- (xi) Promptly following the Plan Settlement Signing Date, the Rehabilitator shall petition the Rehabilitation Court for approval of the transactions contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement and the Debtor shall petition the Bankruptcy Court for approval of the transactions contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement. The Debtor and the Rehabilitator shall use their best efforts to ensure that such orders are upheld on any appeal. The Committee shall support the Debtor's application for Bankruptcy Court approval of the Amended Plan Settlement. The approval from the Bankruptcy Court shall memorialize the parties' intent to preserve use of NOLs for the benefit of AAC and the Reorganized Debtor as contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement. The parties shall use their best efforts to ensure that the order contemplated by subsection (i) of section 11.d of the Mediation Agreement is obtained, and if such an order cannot be obtained, the parties shall use their commercially reasonable efforts to obtain the pre-filing agreement contemplated by subsection (ii) of section 11.d of the Mediation Agreement;

In the event that a condition to the Plan Settlement Closing Date cannot be satisfied, each of the TSA, the Cooperation Agreement Amendment, and the reimbursement of AFG operating expenses set forth in section 3 of the Mediation Agreement shall terminate and be of no further force or effect, the Cash Grant shall be released from escrow to AAC, any other amounts held in escrow pursuant to section 2.d of the Mediation Agreement shall be released to AAC, and the parties to the Plan Settlement shall have no further obligations thereunder;

- (xii) upon the reasonable request of AAC at any time on or after the Plan Settlement Closing Date, OCI commits to allow AAC to repurchase Surplus Notes, preferred stock or other securities or other consideration issued pursuant to the Rehabilitation Plan (whether issued by AAC or the Segregated Account) subject to OCI's determination in its sole and absolute discretion that such repurchases do not violate the law, are reasonable and fair to the interests of AAC and the Segregated Account, and protect and are equitable to the interests of AAC and the Segregated Account policyholders generally;

- (xiii) in the event that the Reorganized Debtor believes AAC, OCI or the Rehabilitator to be, or in the event that the Rehabilitator believes the Reorganized Debtor to be, in material breach of, or otherwise not complying with their respective material obligations under, the Amended Plan Settlement, such party shall provide the alleged breaching or non-complying party with a written notice (copied to their last known legal counsel) describing, in reasonable detail, the nature of the alleged breach or non-compliance. Following delivery of such written notice, the parties shall attempt, in good faith, to resolve their dispute. The party served with a notice of breach or non-compliance shall have 30 days to cure the alleged breach or non-compliance. In the event that there is no cure and the parties are unable to resolve their dispute, any party alleging such breach or non-compliance may, not less than 45 days following delivery of such written notice, seek a judgment from the Rehabilitation Court that the other party has breached this agreement. Solely for purposes of resolving such dispute, the Reorganized Debtor shall consent to the jurisdiction of the Rehabilitation Court. In the event that the Rehabilitation Court enters a Final Order in favor of any party alleging such breach or non-compliance, such party may ask the court to grant such further relief as the court deems appropriate in light of the nature and severity of the breach or non-performance, including specific performance, termination of the parties' obligations under the Amended Plan Settlement and/or monetary damages.
- (xiv) the agreements, modifications to agreements and other transactions contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement, including the Plan, the Amended TSA and the Cost Allocation Agreement, shall be structured, to the extent practicable, to comply with the CDS Settlement Agreement and the Rehabilitation Plan;
- (xv) in the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the Mediation Agreement and the provisions of the Amended TSA, the Cooperation Agreement Amendment or the Cost Allocation Agreement, the provisions of the Amended TSA, the Cooperation Agreement Amendment or the Cost Allocation Agreement, as applicable, shall govern; and
- (xvi) the Mediation Agreement shall be governed by the law of the State of New York.

20. "Amended TSA" means that certain amended and restated tax sharing agreement among the Debtor, AAC and certain of their Affiliates, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, which shall replace, supersede and nullify in its entirety the TSA.

21. "Avoidance Actions" means any and all avoidance, recovery, subordination, or other actions or remedies that may be brought on behalf of the Debtor or its Estate under the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law, including, without limitation, actions or

remedies under Bankruptcy Code sections 510, 542, 543, 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, and 553.

22. “Bankruptcy Code” means title 11 of the United States Code.

23. “Bankruptcy Court” means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York or any other court having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case.

24. “Bankruptcy Rules” means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, as applicable to the Chapter 11 Case, promulgated under 28 U.S.C. § 2075 and the general, local, and chambers rules of the Bankruptcy Court.

25. “Bar Date Order” means the *Order Pursuant to Sections 105(a) and 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 2002 and 3003, and Local Rule 3003-1 (i) Establishing Deadlines for Filing Proofs of Claim and Requests for Payment and (ii) Approving the Form and Manner of Notice Thereof*, entered by the Bankruptcy Court on January 19, 2011 [Docket No. 127], as amended, supplemented, or modified.

26. “Beneficial Interest” means any ownership interest or share in an Entity or Person, including, without limitation, options, warrants, rights, or other securities or agreements to acquire such interest or share in such Entity or Person, whether or not transferrable, preferred, common, or voting and whether or not arising under or in connection with any employment agreement.

27. “Business Day” means any day, other than a Saturday, Sunday, or “legal holiday” (as defined in Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a)).

28. “Cash” means legal tender of the United States of America or the equivalent thereof.

29. “Cash Grant” means Cash in the amount of \$30 million to be paid by AAC to the Reorganized Debtor on the Effective Date.

30. “Cause of Action” means any Claim, cause of action (including Avoidance Actions), controversy, right of setoff, cross claim, counterclaim, or recoupment and any Claim on contracts or for breaches of duties imposed by law or in equity, demand, right, action, Lien, indemnity, guaranty, suit, obligation, liability, damage, judgment, account, defense, power, privilege, license, and franchise of any kind or character whatsoever, whether known or unknown, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, suspected or unsuspected, liquidated or unliquidated, disputed or undisputed, secured or unsecured, assertable directly or derivatively, whether arising before, on, or after the Commencement Date, in contract or in tort, in law or in equity, or pursuant to any other theory of law.

31. “CDS Settlement Agreement” means the settlement agreement among AAC, Ambac Credit Products, LLC, the Debtor, and certain credit default swap contract counterparties, dated as of June 7, 2010, pursuant to which, in exchange for the termination of certain commuted obligations, AAC paid to such counterparties \$2,600,000,000 in Cash and \$2,000,000,000 of surplus notes of AAC that have a scheduled maturity of June 7, 2020.

32. “Chapter 11 Case” means the case Filed by the Debtor in the Bankruptcy Court under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, as referenced by Case No. 10-15973 (SCC).

33. “Chief Executive Officer” means, effective July 7, 2011, Diana Adams, the Debtor’s President and Chief Executive Officer.

34. “Claim” means a “claim” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(5).

35. “Claims Bar Date” means the deadline by which a Proof of Claim must be or must have been Filed, as established by the Bar Date Order or the Plan, or with respect to Proofs of Claim for certain former officers and directors of the Debtor, October 3, 2011, or such date as further extended pursuant to the *Order Extending the Deadline For Filing Proofs of Claim For Certain Former Officers And/Or Directors of the Debtor* [Docket No. 196].

36. “Claims Objection Bar Date” means the date that is 90 days after the Effective Date, or such later date as may be fixed by order of the Bankruptcy Court.

37. “Claims Register” means the official register of Claims maintained by Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC, in its capacity as the Debtor’s notice and claims agent.

38. “Class” means a category of Holders of Claims or Equity Interests established pursuant to Article III of the Plan.

39. “Class Period” means, with respect to the Securities Actions, the period from October 19, 2005 through and including July 18, 2009.

40. “Commencement Date” means November 8, 2010.

41. “Committee” means the statutory committee of creditors in the Chapter 11 Case.

42. “Confirmation” means the entry on the docket of the Chapter 11 Case of the Confirmation Order.

43. “Confirmation Date” means the date upon which the Bankruptcy Court enters on the docket of the Chapter 11 Case the Confirmation Order.

44. “Confirmation Hearing” means the hearing before the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1128 to consider confirmation of the Plan, as the same may be continued from time to time.

45. “Confirmation Order” means the order pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Court confirming the Plan, as amended, supplemented, or modified.

46. “Consummation” means the occurrence of the Effective Date.

47. “Cooperation Agreement” means that certain Cooperation Agreement, dated as of March 24, 2010, by and between the Segregated Account and AAC, as amended, supplemented, or modified.

48. “Cooperation Agreement Amendment” means the amendment to the Cooperation Agreement, by and among the Segregated Account, AAC, the Debtor and the Rehabilitator, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit B.

49. “Cost Allocation Agreement” means an agreement among the Debtor, AAC, and their Affiliates other than Ambac Assurance UK Limited, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit C.

50. “Cure Claim” means a Claim based upon a monetary default, if any, by the Debtor on an executory contract or unexpired lease at the time such contract or lease is assumed by the Debtor pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 365 or 1123.

51. “D&O Insurers” means the Debtor’s director and officer liability insurance carriers which are or become parties to the Insurer Agreement.

52. “Debtor” means Ambac Financial Group, Inc.

53. “Deconsolidation Event” means any event that results in neither AAC nor any entity that, pursuant to IRC section 381, succeeds to the tax attributes of AAC described in IRC section 381(b) being characterized as an includible corporation with the affiliated group of corporations of which the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any successor thereto is the common parent, all within the meaning of IRC section 1504.

54. “Depository” has the meaning set forth in Article VI.E of the Plan.

55. “Derivative Actions” means *In re Ambac Financial Group, Inc. Derivative Litigation*, No. 08-cv-854-SHS (S.D.N.Y.), *In re Ambac Financial Group, Inc. Shareholder Derivative Litigation*, C.A. No. 3521-VCL (Del. Ch.), *In re Ambac Financial Group, Inc. Shareholder Derivative Litigation*, No. 650050/2008E (N.Y. Supp.), and/or any of the individual actions included therein or any of them.

56. “Disbursing Agent” means the Reorganized Debtor or the Entity or Entities chosen by the Reorganized Debtor to make or facilitate distributions pursuant to the Plan.

57. “Disclosure Statement” means the *Disclosure Statement for Debtor’s Plan of Reorganization Pursuant to Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code*, as amended, supplemented, or modified in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules.

58. “Disputed Claim” means any Claim that is not yet Allowed.

59. “Disputed Claims Reserve” means a reserve of Cash and/or New Common Stock, to be created by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, for the payment of Disputed Claims that become Allowed Claims after the Effective Date according to the procedures set forth in Article VII.A.3 of the Plan.

60. “Distribution Record Date” means the date that the Confirmation Order is entered by the Bankruptcy Court and shall be the date for determining which Holders of Allowed Claims are entitled to receive distributions under the Plan, except with respect to Allowed Senior Notes Claims and Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims.

61. “District Court” means the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York or any other court having jurisdiction over the Securities Actions.

62. “Effective Date” means the first Business Day after the Confirmation Date on which no stay of the Confirmation Order is in effect and all of the conditions specified in Article IX.B of the Plan have been satisfied or waived pursuant to Article IX.C of the Plan.

63. “Entity” means an “entity” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(15).

64. “Equity Interest” means any ownership interest or share in the Debtor, including, without limitation, options, warrants, rights, or other securities or agreements to acquire such interest or share in the Debtor, whether or not transferrable, preferred, common, or voting and whether or not arising under or in connection with any employment agreement.

65. “ERISA” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as it may subsequently be amended.

66. “ERISA Action” means the action captioned *Veera v. Ambac Financial Group, Inc. et al.*, Case No. 10 CV 4191, in the District Court, asserting violations of ERISA and naming as defendants the Debtor’s Savings Plan administrative committee, Savings Plan investment committee, compensation committee of the Debtor’s Board of Directors, and a number of current and former officers and directors of the Debtor.

67. “Estate” means the estate of the Debtor created on the Commencement Date pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 541.

68. “File” or “Filed” means file, filed, or filing with the Bankruptcy Court or its authorized designee in the Chapter 11 Case.

69. “Final Order” means an order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction with respect to the relevant subject matter, which has not been reversed, stayed, modified, or amended, and as to which the time to appeal, petition for certiorari, or move for reargument or rehearing has expired and no appeal or petition for certiorari or motion for reargument or rehearing has been timely taken, or as to which any appeal that has been taken or any petition for certiorari or motion for reargument or rehearing that has been or may be Filed has been resolved by the highest court to which the order or judgment was appealed or from which certiorari was sought; *provided, however*, that the possibility that a motion under Rule 60 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or any analogous Bankruptcy Rule may be Filed relating to such order shall not prevent such order from being a Final Order.

70. “General Unsecured Claim” means any Claim against the Debtor that is not an Administrative Claim, a Priority Tax Claim, a Claim for Accrued Professional Compensation, a

Claim for Indenture Trustee Fees, a Claim for U.S. Trustee Fees, a Priority Non-Tax Claim, a Secured Claim, a Senior Notes Claim, a Subordinated Notes Claim, a Section 510(b) Claim, an Intercompany Claim, or a Claim included in any other Class under the Plan.

71. “General Unsecured Claims Warrant Amount” means Warrants to acquire such amount of New Common Stock equal to the dilution that would occur to the New Common Stock distributed to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims under the Plan if all of the Warrants issued pursuant to the Plan and the Warrant Agreement are exercised.

72. “Governmental Unit” means “governmental unit” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(27).

73. “Holder” means any Entity or Person holding a Claim or Equity Interest.

74. “Impaired” means, with respect to a Class of Claims or Equity Interests, a Class of Claims or Equity Interests that is not Unimpaired.

75. “Indenture Trustee Fees” means the reasonable and documented fees and expenses, including, without limitation, professional fees and expenses, of each Indenture Trustee incurred pursuant to the respective Indentures after the Commencement Date in connection with carrying out its duties as provided for under the applicable Indenture, service on the Committee, and making distributions under the Plan.

76. “Indenture Trustees” means the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee and the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee.

77. “Indentures” means the 1991 Indenture, the 2001 Indenture, the 2003 Indenture, the 2008 Indenture, and the Junior Subordinated Indenture.

78. “Individual Defendants” means Michael A. Callen, Jill M. Considine, Robert J. Genader, W. Grant Gregory, Philip B. Lassiter, Sean T. Leonard, Thomas C. Theobald, John W. Uhlein, III, Laura S. Unger, Henry D.G. Wallace, David W. Wallis, Gregg L. Bienstock, Kevin J. Doyle, Philip Duff, Thomas J. Gandolfo, Kathleen McDonough, William T. McKinnon, Douglas C. Renfield-Miller, and Robert G. Shoback.

79. “Informal Group” means that certain ad hoc group of unaffiliated holders of Senior Notes represented by Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP.

80. “Informal Group Fees” means the reasonable and documented fees and expenses, including, without limitation, professional fees and expenses, of the Informal Group incurred after the Commencement Date.

81. “Insurer Agreement” means the agreement contemplated by the Stipulation of Settlement, dated as of May 4, 2011, among the Debtor, the Individual Defendants, and the D&O Insurers.

82. “Intercompany Claim” means any Claim held by any Affiliate against the Debtor.

83. “Interim Compensation Order” means the *Order Pursuant to Sections 105(a) and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rule 2016, and Local Rule 2016-1 Establishing Procedures for Interim Monthly Compensation and Reimbursement of Expenses of Professionals*, entered by the Bankruptcy Court on December 21, 2010 [Docket No. 81], as amended, supplemented, or modified.

84. “IRC” means title 26 of the United States Code.

85. “IRS” means the Department of the Treasury – Internal Revenue Service.

86. “IRS Adversary Proceeding” means the adversary proceeding in the Chapter 11 Case captioned *Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and The Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors v. United States of America*, Adv. Pro. No. 10-4210 (SCC) and any and all actions or proceedings relating thereto.

87. “IRS Claims” means any and all Proofs of Claim Filed by the IRS in the Chapter 11 Case, including Proof of Claim Nos. 3694 and 3699.

88. “IRS Dispute” means any and all litigation arising from or relating to the IRS Claims or the IRS Adversary Proceeding.

89. “Junior Subordinated Indenture” means that certain Junior Subordinated Indenture, dated as of February 12, 2007, between the Debtor and Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as successor indenture trustee to The Bank of New York Mellon, as supplemented by a First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 12, 2007, between the Debtor and Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as successor indenture trustee to The Bank of New York Mellon.

90. “Junior Surplus Notes” means the 5.1% unsecured notes issued by the Segregated Account in accordance with the Rehabilitation Plan and scheduled to mature on June 7, 2020. For the avoidance of doubt, the terms of the Junior Surplus Notes transferred to the Reorganized Debtor, if any, shall be no less favorable than those extended to any other recipient of such notes.

91. “Lien” means a “lien” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(37).

92. “New Board” means the initial board of directors of the Reorganized Debtor, to be appointed as of the Effective Date.

93. “New By-Laws” means the new by-laws of the Reorganized Debtor, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit D.

94. “New Certificate of Incorporation” means the form of the initial certificate of incorporation of the Reorganized Debtor, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit E.

95. “New Common Stock” means the common stock in the Reorganized Debtor to be authorized, issued, or outstanding on the Effective Date, which collectively shall constitute all equity interests in the Reorganized Debtor.

96. “New Organizational Documents” means the New Certificate of Incorporation and New By-Laws.

97. “NOLs” means net operating losses as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

98. “OCI” means the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of Wisconsin in its role as regulator of AAC, and/or the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of Wisconsin in his role as rehabilitator of the Segregated Account, as applicable.

99. “OSS Settlement Agreement” means the Settlement, Discontinuance, and Release Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2011, among One State Street, LLC, the Debtor, AAC, and the Segregated Account, approved by the Bankruptcy Court on March 24, 2011 [Docket No. 223].

100. “Person” means a “person” as such term is defined in Bankruptcy Code section 101(41).

101. “Plan Settlement Closing Date” means a date that is no later than ten business days following the date on which each of the following conditions has been satisfied or waived by each of the parties to the Amended Plan Settlement:

- (xvii) entry of a Final Order by the Rehabilitation Court approving the transactions contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement, such approval to be sought within 30 days of the date of the filing of the Plan;
- (xviii) entry of a final, non-appealable Confirmation Order, including the transactions contemplated by Amended Plan Settlement;
- (xix) resolution of the IRS Dispute, either by settlement as contemplated by section 4 of the Mediation Agreement or by judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction that does not (i) require the AAC Subgroup to make a payment to the IRS of more than \$100 million in connection with the IRS’s claim for the recovery of certain federal tax refunds that were received prior to November 7, 2010 by the Debtor, AAC or their affiliates or (ii) reduce the Allocated NOL Amount by more than 10%; and
- (xx) the earliest to occur of the following: (a) the Bankruptcy Court enters a Final Order determining that neither an “ownership change” (within the meaning of section 382 of the IRC) (an “Ownership Change”) with respect to AAC nor a Deconsolidation Event occurred during the 2010 taxable year, in a form reasonably acceptable to the Rehabilitator with respect to such matters only; or (b) the Reorganized Debtor (on behalf of itself, AAC, and the other members of the Ambac Consolidated Group) and the IRS enter into a pre-filing agreement with the IRS, prior to the filing of the Ambac Consolidated Group’s 2011 tax return, by which the IRS agrees that no such Deconsolidation Event or Ownership Change occurred during the 2010 taxable year; or (c) the Reorganized Debtor (on behalf of itself, AAC, and the other members of the Ambac Consolidated Group) and the

IRS enter into a closing agreement, by which the IRS agrees that no such Deconsolidation Event or Ownership Change occurred during the 2010 taxable year.

102. “Plan Settlement Effective Date” means the later of (a) the Confirmation Date and (b) the date on which a non-stayed order is entered by the Rehabilitation Court approving the transactions contemplated by the Amended Plan Settlement.

103. “Plan Settlement Signing Date” means the date on which the Mediation Agreement is signed by all parties thereto.

104. “Priority Non-Tax Claim” means a Claim entitled to priority in right of payment pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 507(a), other than an Administrative Claim, a Claim for Accrued Professional Compensation, or a Priority Tax Claim.

105. “Priority Tax Claim” means a Claim of a Governmental Unit of the kind specified in Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(8).

106. “Pro Rata” means the proportion that an Allowed Claim in a particular Class bears to the aggregate amount of Allowed Claims in that Class, or the proportion of a particular recovery that a Class is entitled to share with other Classes entitled to the same recovery under the Plan.

107. “Professional” means any Person or Entity retained by order of the Bankruptcy Court in the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 327, 328, 330, or 1103, excluding any ordinary course professionals retained pursuant to a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court.

108. “Proof of Claim” means a proof of Claim Filed against the Debtor in the Chapter 11 Case.

109. “Registered Holder” means the registered holders of the Senior Notes and the Subordinated Notes issued pursuant to the Indentures.

110. “Rehabilitation Court” means the Circuit Court of Dane County Wisconsin, with respect to the Segregated Account rehabilitation proceeding, Case No. 10-cv-1576.

111. “Rehabilitation Plan” means the plan of rehabilitation with respect to the Segregated Account, as confirmed by the Rehabilitation Court on January 24, 2011, as it may be amended, modified, or supplemented.

112. “Rehabilitator” means the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of Wisconsin, as rehabilitator of the Segregated Account.

113. “Released Parties” means, collectively, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, AAC, the Segregated Account, OCI, the Rehabilitator, the board of directors and board committees of the Debtor and AAC, all current and former individual directors, officers, or employees of the Debtor and AAC, the Committee and the individual members thereof, the

Indenture Trustees, the Informal Group and the individual members thereof, and each of their respective Representatives (each of the foregoing in its individual capacity as such).

114. “Reorganized Debtor” means Ambac Financial Group, Inc., as reorganized under and pursuant to the Plan, or any successor thereto, by merger, consolidation, transfer of substantially all assets, or otherwise, on and after the Effective Date.

115. “Representatives” means, with respect to an Entity, such Entity’s directors, officers, employees, members, attorneys, financial advisors, accountants, agents, and their respective professional firms.

116. “Savings Plan” means the Ambac Financial Group, Inc. Savings Incentive Plan.

117. “Schedule of Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases” means the schedule of certain prepetition executory contracts and unexpired leases to be assumed by the Debtor pursuant to the Plan, as amended, supplemented, or modified at any time before the Effective Date, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit F.

118. “Schedules” means the Debtor’s schedule of assets and liabilities and statement of financial affairs, as amended, supplemented, or modified.

119. “Section 510(b) Claim” means any Claim that is subordinated to General Unsecured Claims, Senior Notes Claims, or Subordinated Notes Claims or subject to such subordination under Bankruptcy Code section 510(b), including Claims arising from the purchase or sale of a security of the Debtor for damages, reimbursement, or contribution.

120. “Secured Claim” means a prepetition Claim that is secured by a Lien, or that has the benefit of rights of setoff under Bankruptcy Code section 553, but only to the extent of the value of the creditor’s interest in the Debtor’s interest in such property, or to the extent of the amount subject to setoff, which value shall be determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 506(a), 553, and/or 1129(b)(2)(A), as applicable.

121. “Securities Actions” means the consolidated action captioned *In re Ambac Financial Group, Inc. Securities Litigation*, No. 08-cv-411-NRB (S.D.N.Y.) and the action captioned *Tolin v. Ambac Financial Group, Inc., et al.*, No. 08-cv-11241-CM (S.D.N.Y.).

122. “Segregated Account” means the segregated account of AAC, established pursuant to a plan of operation which sets forth the manner by which AAC shall establish and operate such segregated account in accordance with Wis. Stat. § 611.24(2).

123. “Senior Notes” means the 9-3/8% Debentures Due 2011, the 7-1/2% Debentures Due 2023, the 5.95% Debentures Due 2103, the 5.875% Debentures Due 2103, the 5.95% Debentures Due 2035, and the 9.50% Senior Notes Due 2021.

124. “Senior Notes Claim” means any Claim arising from or relating to the Senior Notes, excluding the fees and expenses of the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee, which fees and expenses shall be paid pursuant to Article II.F of the Plan.

125. “Senior Notes Indenture Trustee” means The Bank of New York Mellon, as indenture trustee or successor indenture trustee under the 1991 Indenture, the 2001 Indenture, the 2003 Indenture, and the 2008 Indenture, together with its respective successors and assigns in such capacity.

126. “Settlement Class” means the settlement class comprising all persons who purchased or otherwise acquired any securities issued by the Debtor, including, without limitation, any Senior Notes, Subordinated Notes, Equity Interests, options thereon, or any STRATS during the Class Period. Excluded from the Settlement Class are defendants in the Securities Actions, members of their immediate families, and their legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns. Also excluded from the Settlement Class are any persons who exclude themselves by filing a timely and valid request for exclusion in accordance with applicable requirements.

127. “Stipulation of Settlement” means the *Stipulation of Settlement with Ambac and the Individual Defendants*, as approved by the Bankruptcy Court in the Stipulation of Settlement 9019 Approval Order and preliminarily approved by the District Court in the Securities Actions, and any amendments thereto and agreements entered into in connection therewith or pursuant thereto.

128. “Stipulation of Settlement 9019 Approval Order” means the *Amended Order (a) Approving the Settlement Stipulation and the Insurer Agreement and (b) Approving Ambac’s Entry Into the Settlement Stipulation and the Insurer Agreement and Performance of All of Its Obligations Thereunder Pursuant to Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rule 9019* [Docket No. 558], entered by the Bankruptcy Court on September 13, 2011, as such order may be subsequently amended.

129. “Subordinated Notes” means those certain 6.15% Directly-Issued Subordinated Capital Securities due February 15, 2087, issued pursuant to the Junior Subordinated Indenture.

130. “Subordinated Notes Claim” means any Claim arising from or relating to the Subordinated Notes, excluding the fees and expenses of the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee, which fees and expenses shall be paid pursuant to Article II.F of the Plan.

131. “Subordinated Notes Claims Warrant Amount” means Warrants, which shall be distributed pursuant to the Plan only if the Class of Senior Notes Claims votes to accept the Plan, to acquire 10% of the New Common Stock allocated for distribution pursuant to the Plan with customary anti-dilution provisions and other terms as set forth in the Warrant Agreement.

132. “Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee” means Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as successor indenture trustee under the Junior Subordinated Indenture, together with its successors and assigns in such capacity.

133. “Surrender Date” has the meaning set forth in Article VI.E of the Plan.

134. “Trading Order” means the Final Order Pursuant to Sections 105(a), 362, and 541 of the Bankruptcy Code Establishing Procedures for Certain Transfers of Equity Interests in and

Claims Against the Debtor, entered by the Bankruptcy Court on November 30, 2010 [Docket No. 40]

135. “TSA” means the Tax Sharing Agreement, entered into as of July 18, 1991, among the Debtor and certain of its Affiliates, as amended by (i) Amendment No. 1, effective as of October 1, 1997, (ii) Amendment No. 2, effective as of November 19, 2009, and (iii) Amendment No. 3, effective as of January 1, 2010, and as further amended, supplemented, or modified.

136. “Unimpaired” means, with respect to a Class of Claims or Equity Interests, a Class of Claims or Equity Interests that is unimpaired within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 1124.

137. “U.S. Trustee” means the Office of the United States Trustee for the Southern District of New York.

138. “U.S. Trustee Fees” means fees arising under 28 U.S.C. § 1930, and, to the extent applicable, accrued interest thereon arising under 31 U.S.C. § 3717.

139. “Warrant Agreement” means the agreement, substantially in the form attached hereto as Exhibit G.

140. “Warrants” means warrants, to be distributed, provided that the Class of Senior Notes Claims votes to accept the Plan, to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims and the Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims pursuant to the terms of the Plan and the Warrant Agreement, and which have an expiration date of the tenth anniversary of the Effective Date, an exercise price based on an implied total equity value for the Reorganized Debtor of \$750,000,000 and other terms set forth in the Warrant Agreement.

B. Rules of Construction

For the purposes of the Plan: (i) terms and phrases, whether capitalized or not, that are used but not defined in the Plan, but that are defined in the Bankruptcy Code, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) in the appropriate context, each term, whether stated in the singular or the plural, shall include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine, or neuter gender shall include the masculine, feminine, and the neuter gender; (iii) any reference in the Plan to an existing document or exhibit having been Filed or to be Filed shall mean that document or exhibit, as it may thereafter be amended, modified, or supplemented; (iv) except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all references in the Plan to “Articles” are references to Articles of the Plan; (v) except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the words “herein,” “hereof,” and “hereto” refer to the Plan in its entirety rather than to a particular portion of the Plan; (vi) captions and headings to Articles are inserted for convenience of reference only and are not intended to be a part of or to affect the interpretation of the Plan; (vii) the rules of construction set forth in Bankruptcy Code section 102 shall apply; and (viii) any immaterial effectuating provisions may be interpreted by the Reorganized Debtor in a manner that is consistent with the overall purpose and intent of the Plan, all without further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

C. Computation of Time

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) shall apply in computing any period of time prescribed or allowed in the Plan.

D. Governing Law

Unless a rule of law or procedure is supplied by federal law or unless otherwise specifically stated, the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the principles of conflict of laws, shall govern the rights, obligations, construction, and implementation of the Plan, and any agreements, securities, instruments, or other documents executed or delivered in connection with the Plan (except as otherwise set forth in those documents, in which case the governing law of such documents shall control); *provided, however*, that corporate governance matters relating to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware.

E. Reference to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, references in the Plan to the Debtor or to the Reorganized Debtor shall mean the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, to the extent that the context requires.

ARTICLE II.

**ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS, ACCRUED PROFESSIONAL
COMPENSATION CLAIMS, PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS, U.S.
TRUSTEE FEES, AND INDENTURE TRUSTEE FEES**

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(1), Administrative Claims, Claims for Accrued Professional Compensation, and Priority Tax Claims have not been classified and, therefore, are excluded from the Classes of Claims and Equity Interests set forth in Article III of the Plan and shall have the following treatment:

A. Administrative Claims

Except with respect to Administrative Claims that are Claims for Accrued Professional Compensation and except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, each Holder of an Allowed Administrative Claim shall be paid in full, in Cash, on the later of (i) the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter; (ii) the first date such Administrative Claim becomes Allowed or as soon as practicable thereafter; and (iii) the date such Allowed Administrative Claim becomes due and payable by its terms or as soon as practicable thereafter.

B. Administrative Claims Bar Date

Requests for the payment of Administrative Claims, other than Claims (i) for Accrued Professional Compensation, (ii) for administrative expenses incurred by the Debtor in the ordinary course of business, and (iii) in respect of any obligations pursuant to the Amended Plan

Settlement that come into effect before the Effective Date, must be Filed and served on the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the procedures specified in the Confirmation Order no later than sixty (60) days after the Effective Date. Holders of Administrative Claims that are required to, but do not, File and serve a request for payment of such Claims by such date shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such Claims against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their assets or properties and such Claims shall be deemed discharged as of the Effective Date. Objections to such requests, if any, must be Filed and served on the Reorganized Debtor and the requesting party no later than ninety (90) days after the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no request for payment of an Administrative Claim need be Filed with respect to an Administrative Claim previously Allowed by Final Order, including all Administrative Claims expressly Allowed under the Plan.

C. Accrued Professional Compensation

Professionals asserting a Claim for Accrued Professional Compensation for services rendered before the Effective Date shall (i) File and serve on the Reorganized Debtor and such other Entities who are designated by the Bankruptcy Rules, the Confirmation Order, the Interim Compensation Order, or other order of the Bankruptcy Court a final application for the allowance of such Claim for Accrued Professional Compensation no later than sixty (60) days after the Effective Date and; (ii) if granted such an award by the Bankruptcy Court, be paid in full in Cash in such amounts as are Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court on the date such Claim for Accrued Professional Compensation becomes Allowed or as soon as practicable thereafter. Holders of Claims for Accrued Professional Compensation that do not File and serve such application by the required deadline shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such Claims against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their assets or properties, and such Claims shall be deemed discharged as of the Effective Date. Objections to Claims for Accrued Professional Compensation shall be Filed no later than ninety (90) days after the Effective Date.

D. Priority Tax Claims

Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Tax Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Priority Tax Claim due and payable on or before the Effective Date shall receive, at the option of the Debtor, one of the following treatments: (i) Cash, payable by the Debtor on the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which such Priority Tax Claim becomes Allowed, or as soon as practicable thereafter, in an amount equal to the amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim; or (ii) Cash in an aggregate amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim payable in installment payments over a period of time not to exceed five (5) years after the Commencement Date, in accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1129(a)(9)(C).

E. U.S. Trustee Fees

On the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, the Reorganized Debtor shall pay all U.S. Trustee Fees that are due and owing on the Effective Date. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the Plan shall release the Reorganized Debtor from its obligation to pay all

U.S. Trustee Fees due and owing after the Effective Date before an order or final decree is entered by the Bankruptcy Court concluding or closing the Chapter 11 Case.

F. Indenture Trustee Fees and Informal Group Fees

On the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall pay in Cash the Indenture Trustee Fees and the Informal Group Fees, without the need for the Indenture Trustees or the Informal Group to file fee applications with the Bankruptcy Court; *provided, however*, that (i) each Indenture Trustee and the Informal Group shall provide the Debtor and the Committee with the invoices for which it seeks payment at least ten (10) days prior to the Effective Date; and (ii) the Debtor and the Committee do not object to the reasonableness of the Indenture Trustee Fees or the Informal Group Fees; *provided further, however*, that notwithstanding the foregoing, the Reorganized Debtor shall not be required to pay any Informal Group Fees unless (x) the Informal Group supports the Plan and (y) members of the Informal Group holding at least sixty-seven percent (67%) of the aggregate holdings of the Informal Group as of July 6, 2011, less any amount sold by members of the Informal Group as a result of any notice issued by the Debtor pursuant to the Trading Order requiring Holders of Claims to “sell down” a portion of their Claim(s) prior to Consummation, vote their Claims to accept the Plan. To the extent that the Debtor or the Committee objects to the reasonableness of any portion of the Indenture Trustee Fees or the Informal Group Fees, the Reorganized Debtor shall not be required to pay such disputed portion until either such objection is resolved or a further order of the Bankruptcy Court is entered providing for payment of such disputed portion. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, each Indenture Trustee’s Lien against distributions or property held or collected by it for fees and expenses and priority rights pursuant to the Indentures shall be discharged solely upon payment of its Indenture Trustee Fees in full on the Effective Date and the termination of such Indenture Trustee’s duties under the applicable Indenture.

ARTICLE III.

CLASSIFICATION AND TREATMENT OF CLAIMS AND EQUITY INTERESTS

A. Summary of Classification of Claims and Equity Interests

All Claims and Equity Interests, except Administrative Claims, Accrued Professional Compensation Claims, Priority Tax Claims, Indenture Trustee Fees, U.S. Trustee Fees and Informal Group Fees, are classified in the Classes set forth in Article III of the Plan. A Claim or Equity Interest is also classified in a particular Class for the purpose of receiving distributions pursuant to the Plan only to the extent that such Claim or Equity Interest is an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest in that Class and has not been paid, released, or otherwise satisfied prior to the Effective Date.

Class	Claim/Equity Interest	Impairment	Voting Rights
1	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Deemed to Accept)

Class	Claim/Equity Interest	Impairment	Voting Rights
2	Secured Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Deemed to Accept)
3	General Unsecured Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote
4	Senior Notes Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote
5	Subordinated Notes Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote
6	Section 510(b) Claims	Impaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Deemed to Reject)
7	Intercompany Claims	Impaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Deemed to Reject)
8	Equity Interests	Impaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Deemed to Reject)

B. Treatment of Claims and Equity Interests

The following summarizes the treatment of each Class:

1. Class 1 – Priority Non-Tax Claims

- (i) *Classification:* Class 1 consists of all Priority Non-Tax Claims.
- (ii) *Treatment:* Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for each Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim, on the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which such Priority Non-Tax Claim becomes Allowed, or as soon as practicable thereafter, each Holder of such Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claim shall be paid in full in Cash.
- (iii) *Voting:* Class 1 is Unimpaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), Holders of Allowed Priority Non-Tax Claims are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan.

2. Class 2 – Secured Claims

- (i) *Classification:* Class 2 consists of all Secured Claims.
- (ii) *Treatment:* Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed Secured Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for each Allowed Secured Claim, on the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which such Secured Claim becomes Allowed, or as soon as practicable thereafter, each Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim shall receive, in the Reorganized Debtor's sole discretion, (1) Cash, including the payment

of any interest required to be paid pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 506(b), in the amount equal to such Allowed Secured Claim, (2) the collateral securing such Allowed Secured Claim, or (3) any other treatment such that the Allowed Secured Claim will be Unimpaired; *provided, however*, that the aggregate amount of Allowed Secured Claims shall not exceed \$200,000.00.

- (iii) *Voting*: Class 2 is Unimpaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), Holders of Allowed Secured Claims are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan.

3. Class 3 – General Unsecured Claims

- (i) *Classification*: Class 3 consists of all General Unsecured Claims.
- (ii) *Treatment*: Except to the extent that a Holder of an Allowed General Unsecured Claim agrees to less favorable treatment, in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for each Allowed General Unsecured Claim, on the later of (a) the Effective Date and (b) the date on which such General Unsecured Claim becomes Allowed, or as soon as practicable thereafter, each Holder of such Allowed General Unsecured Claim shall receive (1) its Pro Rata share of the New Common Stock distributed to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims, Senior Notes Claims and Subordinated Notes Claims pursuant to the Plan and (2), provided that the Class of Senior Notes Claims votes to accept the Plan, the Warrants distributed to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims, which shall be, in the aggregate, an amount equal to the General Unsecured Claims Warrant Amount.
- (iii) *Voting*: Class 3 is Impaired. Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

4. Class 4 – Senior Notes Claims

- (i) *Classification*: Class 4 consists of all Senior Notes Claims.
- (ii) *Allowance of Senior Notes Claims*: The Senior Notes Claims shall be allowed in the aggregate amount of \$1,246,129,468.66, comprised of (a) \$410,115,000.00 in respect of the 5.95% Debentures Due 2035, (b) \$176,085,243.06 in respect of the 5.875% Debentures Due 2103, (c) \$201,256,111.11 in respect of the 5.95% Debentures Due 2103, (d) \$77,921,875.00 in respect of the 7-1/2% Debentures Due 2023, (e) \$125,275,545.05 in respect of the 9-3/8% Debentures Due 2011, and (f) \$255,475,694.44 in respect of the 9.50% Senior Notes Due 2021. For the avoidance of doubt, the Allowed Senior Notes Claims shall not be subject to any avoidance, reductions, setoff, offset, recharacterization, subordination (equitable or contractual or otherwise), counter-claim,

defense, disallowance, impairment, objection or any challenges under applicable law or regulation.

- (iii) *Treatment:* In full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for each Allowed Senior Notes Claim, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, each Holder of such Allowed Senior Notes Claim shall receive its Pro Rata share of the New Common Stock distributed to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims, Senior Notes Claims, and Subordinated Notes Claims pursuant to the Plan, subject to the condition set forth below. In addition, the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee shall receive redistributions of New Common Stock and Warrants, in an amount equal to the Subordinated Notes Claims Warrant Amount, from the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee in accordance with the subordination provisions of the Indentures; *provided, however,* that, if the Class of Senior Notes Claims votes to accept the Plan, (1) the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee shall transfer to the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee the Warrants, in an amount equal to the Subordinated Notes Claims Warrant Amount, to distribute on a Pro Rata basis to Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims, and (2) if the Class of Subordinated Notes Claims also votes to accept the Plan, prior to distributing any New Common Stock to the Holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims, the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee shall transfer to the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee 1.5% of the New Common Stock that is distributed to creditors pursuant to the Plan, to distribute on a Pro Rata basis to Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims.
- (iv) *Voting:* Class 4 is Impaired. Holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

5. Class 5 – Subordinated Notes Claims

- (i) *Classification:* Class 5 consists of all Subordinated Notes Claims.
- (ii) *Allowance of Subordinated Notes Claims:* The Subordinated Notes Claims shall be allowed in the aggregate amount of \$444,182,604.08. For the avoidance of doubt, the Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims shall not be subject to any avoidance, reductions, setoff, offset, recharacterization, subordination (equitable or contractual or otherwise), counter-claim, defense, disallowance, impairment, objection or any challenges under applicable law or regulation.
- (iii) *Treatment:* In full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for each Allowed Subordinated Notes Claim, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, each Holder of such Allowed Subordinated Notes Claim shall receive (a) its Pro Rata share of the New Common Stock distributed to Holders of Allowed General Unsecured Claims, Senior Notes Claims, and Subordinated Notes Claims

pursuant to the Plan, and (b), provided that the Class of Senior Notes Claims votes to accept the Plan, the Warrants distributed to Holders of Subordinated Notes Claims, which shall be an amount equal to the Subordinated Notes Claims Warrant Amount; *provided, however*, that any distribution of New Common Stock and Warrants to Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims shall be redistributed to the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee for the benefit of Holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims in accordance with the subordination provisions of the Indentures; *provided further, however*, that, if the Class of Senior Notes Claims votes to accept the Plan, (1) the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee shall transfer to the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee the Warrants, in an amount equal to the Subordinated Notes Claims Warrant Amount, to distribute on a Pro Rata basis to Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims, and (2) if the Class of Subordinated Notes Claims also votes to accept the Plan, prior to distributing any New Common Stock to the Holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims, the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee shall transfer to the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee 1.5% of the New Common Stock that is distributed to creditors pursuant to the Plan, to distribute on a Pro Rata basis to Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims.

- (iv) *Voting*: Class 5 is Impaired. Holders of Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

6. Class 6 – Section 510(b) Claims

- (i) *Classification*: Class 6 consists of all Section 510(b) Claims.
- (ii) *Treatment*: On the Effective Date, all Section 510(b) Claims shall be terminated, cancelled, and extinguished and each Holder of an Allowed Section 510(b) Claim shall not be entitled to, and shall not receive or retain, any property or interest in property on account of such Section 510(b) Claim.
- (iii) *Voting*: Class 6 is Impaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(g), Holders of Section 510(b) Claims are conclusively presumed to reject the Plan.

7. Class 7 – Intercompany Claims

- (i) *Classification*: Class 7 consists of all Intercompany Claims, except any claims AAC may have under the Amended TSA, the Cost Allocation Agreement, the Cooperation Agreement, the Mediation Agreement or any other documents entered into in connection with the Amended Plan Settlement.
- (ii) *Treatment*: On the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all Intercompany Claims shall be terminated, cancelled, and

extinguished and each Holder of an Intercompany Claim shall not be entitled to, and shall not receive or retain, any property or interest in property on account of such Intercompany Claim.

- (iii) *Voting:* Class 7 is Impaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(g), Holders of Intercompany Claims are conclusively presumed to reject the Plan.

8. Class 8 – Equity Interests

- (i) *Classification:* Class 8 consists of all Equity Interests.
- (ii) *Treatment:* On the Effective Date, all Equity Interests shall be terminated, cancelled, and extinguished and each Holder of an Equity Interest shall not be entitled to, and shall not receive or retain, any property or interest in property on account of such Equity Interest.
- (iii) *Voting:* Class 8 is Impaired. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1126(g), Holders of Equity Interests are conclusively presumed to reject the Plan.

C. Subordinated Claims

The allowance, classification, and treatment of all Allowed Claims and Equity Interests and the respective distributions and treatments under the Plan take into account the relative priority and rights of the Claims and Equity Interests in each Class in connection with any contractual, legal, and equitable subordination rights relating thereto, whether arising under general principles of equitable subordination, Bankruptcy Code section 510(b), or otherwise. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 510, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, reserves the right to re-classify any Allowed Claim or Equity Interest in accordance with any contractual, legal, or equitable subordination relating thereto.

D. Confirmation Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code Section 1129(b)

Because certain Classes are deemed to have rejected the Plan, the Debtor will request confirmation of the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b). The Debtor reserves the right to alter, amend, modify, revoke or withdraw the Plan or any related documents, in order to satisfy the requirements of Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b), if necessary.

E. Elimination of Vacant Classes

Any Class of Claims or Equity Interests that does not have a Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Equity Interest or a Claim or Equity Interest temporarily or finally Allowed by the Bankruptcy Court as of the date of the Confirmation Hearing shall be deemed eliminated from the Plan for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan and for purposes of determining acceptance or rejection of the Plan by such Class.

F. Controversy Concerning Impairment

If a controversy arises as to whether any Class of Claims or Equity Interests is Impaired, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after notice and a hearing, determine such controversy on or before the Confirmation Date.

ARTICLE IV.

MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

A. Sources of Consideration for Plan Distributions

All consideration necessary to make all monetary payments in accordance with the Plan shall be obtained from the Cash of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, including the Cash Grant and any payments made pursuant to the Amended TSA or Cost Allocation Agreement.

B. New Organizational Documents

The Debtor's organizational documents shall be amended as necessary in order to satisfy the provisions of the Plan and the Bankruptcy Code. The New Organizational Documents shall include, among other things, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1123(a)(6), a provision prohibiting the issuance of non-voting equity securities.

C. Continued Corporate Existence

In accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware and the New Organizational Documents, after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall continue to exist as a separate corporate entity.

D. Vesting of Assets in the Reorganized Debtor

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date, all property of the Estate and any property acquired by the Debtor pursuant to the Plan shall vest in the Reorganized Debtor, free and clear of all Liens and Claims. On and after the Effective Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor may operate its business and use, acquire, or dispose of property and compromise or settle any Claims without supervision or approval by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules.

E. New Common Stock

Pursuant to the terms set forth in the Plan, on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, the Reorganized Debtor shall issue shares of New Common Stock for distribution to Holders of Allowed Claims as set forth in Article III.B of the Plan. All of the shares of the New Common Stock issued pursuant to the Plan shall be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid, and non-assessable. The Reorganized Debtor will use its commercially reasonable best efforts to list the New Common Stock on a national securities exchange. The

issuance and allocation of the New Common Stock shall be structured to ensure that such issuance qualifies as an exchange subject to IRC section 382(l)(5). In addition, the New Common Stock shall be subject to trading restrictions, as necessary, to prevent an “ownership change” within the meaning of IRC section 382, from occurring following the Effective Date.

F. Warrants

Pursuant to the terms set forth in the Plan and in the Warrant Agreement, if the Class of Senior Notes votes to accept the Plan, (i) on the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, the Reorganized Debtor shall issue the Warrants in the amounts set forth in the Warrant Agreement for distribution to Holders of General Unsecured Claims as set forth in Article III.B of the Plan, and (ii) on the Surrender Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall issue the Warrants in the amounts set forth in the Warrant Agreement for distribution to Holders of Subordinated Notes Claims as set forth in Article III.B of the Plan. The amounts and initial exercise price of the Warrants shall be as set forth in the Warrant Agreement. The Reorganized Debtor shall reserve for issuance the number of shares of New Common Stock sufficient for issuance upon exercise of the Warrants.

G. Section 1145 Exemption

Unless required by provision of applicable law, regulation, order, or rule, as of the Effective Date, the issuance of the New Common Stock and the Warrants in accordance with the Plan shall be authorized under Bankruptcy Code section 1145 without further act or action by any Entity.

H. Cancellation of Securities and Indentures

On the Surrender Date, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all notes, stock, instruments, certificates, indentures, guarantees, and other documents or agreements evidencing the Senior Notes Claims, the Subordinated Notes Claims, and Equity Interests, including, without limitation, the Senior Notes, the Subordinated Notes, and the Indentures, shall be deemed automatically cancelled and shall be of no further force or effect, whether surrendered for cancellation or otherwise, and the obligations of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor thereunder or in any way related thereto shall be discharged. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Senior Notes, the Subordinated Notes, and the Indentures shall continue in effect solely for the purposes of (i) allowing the Indenture Trustees to receive and distribute New Common Stock and the Warrants pursuant to the Plan; (ii) permitting the Indenture Trustees to maintain any Lien or priority rights they may have pursuant to the Indentures against distributions or property held or collected by them for fees and expenses; (iii) permitting, but not requiring, the Indenture Trustees to exercise their rights and obligations relating to the interests of their Holders pursuant to the applicable Indentures; and (iv) permitting the Indenture Trustees to appear in the Chapter 11 Case. The Senior Notes, the Subordinated Notes, and the Indentures shall terminate completely upon completion of the distribution of New Common Stock and the Warrants to the Holders of Senior Notes Claims and Subordinated Notes Claims, as applicable, pursuant to the Plan.

I. Amended Plan Settlement

Entry of the Confirmation Order shall, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date and effective as of the Effective Date, constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the Amended Plan Settlement, including the Debtor's entry into the Cost Allocation Agreement, the Cooperation Agreement Amendment and the Amended TSA. Additionally, entry of the Confirmation Order shall, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date and effective as of the Effective Date, constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the unconditional, full, and complete mutual releases by and among the Debtor, the Committee, AAC, the Segregated Account, OCI and the Rehabilitator from any and all Claims and Causes of Action, including Avoidance Actions; *provided, however*, the Confirmation Order shall not release claims arising under the Amended TSA, the Cost Allocation Agreement, the Cooperation Agreement, the Mediation Agreement or any other documents entered into in connection with the Amended Plan Settlement.

J. Directors and Officers of the Reorganized Debtor

On the Effective Date the term of the current members of the Debtor's board of directors shall expire. On and after the Effective Date, the existing officers of the Debtor shall remain in place in their current capacities as officers of the Reorganized Debtor, subject to the ordinary rights and powers of the New Board to remove or replace them. The New Board shall consist of the Reorganized Debtor's Chief Executive Officer and four (4) additional directors, all of whom shall serve on an interim basis until such time that the Holders of the New Common Stock elect four new directors. The interim directors shall be appointed as follows: one (1) director shall be appointed by the Informal Group and three (3) directors shall be appointed by the Committee; *provided, however*, that if members of the Informal Group hold 50% or more of the Senior Notes Claims on the Confirmation Date, the Informal Group shall appoint two (2) directors and the Committee shall appoint two (2) directors. The identity of the members of the New Board and the nature and compensation of each of its members who is an "insider" under Bankruptcy Code section 101(31) shall be disclosed at or prior to the Confirmation Hearing.

K. Corporate Action

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each of the matters provided for by the Plan involving corporate or related actions to be taken by or required of the Reorganized Debtor shall, as of the Effective Date, be deemed to have occurred and be effective as provided in the Plan, and shall be authorized, approved, and, to the extent taken prior to the Effective Date, ratified in all respects without any requirement of further action by Holders of Claims or Equity Interests, directors of the Debtor, or any other Entity. On or prior to the Effective Date, the appropriate officers of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, shall be authorized and directed to issue, execute, and deliver the agreements, securities, instruments, or other documents contemplated by the Plan, or necessary or desirable to effect the transactions contemplated by the Plan, in the name of and on behalf of the Reorganized Debtor, including New Organizational Documents and any and all other agreements, securities, instruments, or other documents relating to such documents. Notwithstanding any requirements under nonbankruptcy law, the authorizations and approvals contemplated by this provision shall be effective.

L. Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions

On and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor and the officers and members of the New Board are authorized to and may issue, execute, deliver, file, or record such contracts, securities, instruments, releases, and other agreements or documents and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate, implement, and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan and the New Common Stock in the name of and on behalf of the Reorganized Debtor, without the need for any approvals, authorization, or consents, except for those expressly required by the Plan.

M. Exemption from Certain Taxes and Fees

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1146(a), any transfers of property pursuant to the Plan shall not be subject to any stamp, real estate transfer, mortgage reporting, sales, use tax or other similar tax or governmental assessment in the United States, and the Confirmation Order shall direct and be deemed to direct the appropriate state or local governmental officials or agents to forego the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and to accept for filing and recordation instruments or other documents pursuant to such transfers of property without the payment of any such tax or governmental assessment.

ARTICLE V.

**TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY
CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES**

A. Assumption or Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each of the Debtor's prepetition executory contracts and unexpired Leases shall be deemed rejected as of the Effective Date, unless such executory contract or unexpired lease (i) was assumed or rejected previously by the Debtor; (ii) previously expired or terminated pursuant to its terms; (iii) is the subject of a motion to assume or reject Filed on or before the Effective Date; or (iv) is identified on the Schedule of Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases. Entry of the Confirmation Order shall, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, constitute the approval by the Bankruptcy Court of the assumptions or rejections of prepetition executory contracts and unexpired leases as set forth in the Plan. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, all assumptions or rejections of prepetition executory contracts and unexpired leases pursuant to the Plan are effective as of the Effective Date. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the Debtor reserves the right to amend, modify, or supplement the Schedule of Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases at any time before the Effective Date. Nothing in Article V of the Plan is intended to modify the obligations under executory contracts or unexpired leases entered into by the Debtor after the Commencement Date.

B. Cure of Defaults for Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

Any monetary defaults under each executory contract and unexpired lease to be assumed pursuant to the Plan shall be satisfied, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 365(b)(1), by payment of the default amount in Cash on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter,

subject to the limitations described below, or on such other terms as the parties to such executory contracts or unexpired leases may otherwise agree. At least twenty-one (21) days before the Confirmation Hearing, the Debtor shall distribute, or cause to be distributed, to the appropriate third parties, notices of proposed assumption of executory contracts and unexpired leases and proposed amounts of Cure Claims, which notices shall be in a format reasonably acceptable to the Committee and shall include procedures for objecting to proposed assumptions of executory contracts and unexpired leases and any amounts of Cure Claims to be paid in connection therewith. Any objection by a counterparty to an executory contract or unexpired lease to a proposed assumption or related cure amount must be Filed, served, and actually received by counsel to the Debtor and the Committee at least seven (7) days before the Confirmation Hearing. Any counterparty to an executory contract or unexpired lease that fails to object timely to the proposed assumption or cure amount will be deemed to have assented to such assumption and cure amount. In the event of a dispute regarding (i) the amount of any payments to cure such a default, (ii) the ability of the Reorganized Debtor or any assignee to provide “adequate assurance of future performance,” within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code section 365, under the executory contract or unexpired lease to be assumed, or (iii) any other matter pertaining to assumption, the cure payments required by Bankruptcy Code section 365(b)(1) shall be made following the entry of a Final Order or orders resolving the dispute and approving the assumption. Assumption of any executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to the Plan or otherwise shall result in the full release and satisfaction of any Claims or defaults, whether monetary or nonmonetary, arising under any assumed executory contract or unexpired lease at any time before the effective date of the assumption.

C. Claims Based on Rejection of Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

All Proofs of Claim with respect to Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases, including any executory contracts or unexpired leases rejected or deemed rejected under the Plan, must be Filed in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Bar Date Order within thirty (30) days after the date of an order approving such rejection, including the Confirmation Order, is entered. Any Claims arising from the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease not Filed within such time will be automatically disallowed, forever barred from assertion, and shall not be enforceable against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their assets or properties without the need for any objection by the Reorganized Debtor or further notice to, or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. All Allowed Claims arising from the rejection of the Debtor’s executory contracts or unexpired leases shall be classified as General Unsecured Claims and shall be treated in accordance with Article III.B.3 of the Plan. The deadline to object to Claims arising from the rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases, if any, shall be ninety (90) days following the date on which such Proof of Claim was Filed.

D. Nonoccurrence of Effective Date

In the event that the Effective Date does not occur, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction with respect to any consensual request, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 365(d)(4), to extend the deadline for assuming or rejecting executory contracts and unexpired leases.

ARTICLE VI.

PROVISIONS GOVERNING DISTRIBUTIONS

A. Record Date for Distributions

Except with respect to Allowed Senior Notes Claims and Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims, as of the Distribution Record Date, the transfer registers for each Class of Claims or Equity Interests, as maintained by the Debtor or its agents, shall be deemed closed and there shall be no further changes made to reflect any new record holders of any Claims or Equity Interests. Except with respect to Allowed Senior Notes Claims and Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims, the Debtor shall have no obligation to recognize any transfer of Claims or Equity Interests occurring on or after the Distribution Record Date.

B. Timing and Calculation of Amounts to be Distributed

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter (or if a Claim is not an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date, on the date that such a Claim becomes an Allowed Claim), each Holder of an Allowed Claim against the Debtor shall receive the full amount of the distributions that the Plan provides for Allowed Claims in the applicable Class; *provided, however*, that any Holder of Allowed Senior Notes Claims or Allowed Subordinated Notes Claims that does not comply with the Trading Order shall only receive distributions of New Common Stock to the extent set forth in the Trading Order. In the event that any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date. If and to the extent that there are Disputed Claims, distributions on account of any such Disputed Claims shall be made in accordance with the provisions set forth in Article VII of the Plan. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, Holders of Claims shall not be entitled to interest, dividends, or accruals on the distributions provided for in the Plan, regardless of whether such distributions are delivered on or at any time after the Effective Date.

C. Disbursing Agent

On the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, all distributions under the Plan shall be made by the Reorganized Debtor as Disbursing Agent or such other Entity designated by the Reorganized Debtor as a Disbursing Agent. Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, a Disbursing Agent shall not be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties.

D. Rights and Powers of Disbursing Agent

1. Powers of the Disbursing Agent

The Disbursing Agent shall be empowered to: (i) effect all actions and execute all agreements, securities, instruments, and other documents necessary to perform its duties under the Plan; (ii) make all distributions contemplated by the Plan; (iii) employ professionals to represent it with respect to its responsibilities; and (iv) exercise such other powers as may be

vested in the Disbursing Agent by order of the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to the Plan, or as deemed by the Disbursing Agent to be necessary and proper to implement the provisions of the Plan.

2. Expenses Incurred On or After the Effective Date

Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the amount of any reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Disbursing Agent on or after the Effective Date (including taxes) and any reasonable compensation and expense reimbursement claims (including reasonable attorney fees and expenses) made by the Disbursing Agent shall be paid in Cash by the Reorganized Debtor.

E. Delivery of Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions

1. Delivery of Distributions

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Disbursing Agent shall make distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims (except Allowed Senior Notes Claims and Allowed Subordinated Notes Claim as to which distributions shall be treated as set forth in Article VI.E.2 of the Plan) as of the Distribution Record Date at the address for each such Holder as indicated on the Debtor's books and records as of the date of any such distribution or as set forth in any Proof of Claim Filed by such Holder; *provided, however*, that the manner of such distributions shall be determined at the discretion of the Disbursing Agent. If a Holder holds more than one Claim in any one Class, all Claims of the Holder will be aggregated into one Claim and one distribution will be made with respect to the aggregated Claim. Distributions to Holders of Senior Notes Claims shall be made to the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the respective Holders of Senior Notes Claims, and shall be deemed completed when made to the Senior Notes Indenture Trustee. Distributions to Holders of Subordinated Notes Claims shall be made to the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee for the benefit of the respective Holders of Subordinated Notes Claims, and shall be deemed completed when made to the Subordinated Notes Indenture Trustee.

2. Surrender of Existing Publicly Traded Securities

On the Effective Date, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter, each Indenture Trustee, with the cooperation of the Reorganized Debtor, shall cause The Depository Trust Company or other securities depository (each, a "Depository") to surrender the debt securities in respect of the Senior and Subordinated Notes to the applicable Indenture Trustee. No distributions under the Plan shall be made for or on behalf of a Registered Holder unless and until (i) such debt securities have been received by the applicable Indenture Trustee or appropriate instructions from the Depository have been received by the applicable Indenture Trustee in accordance with the respective indenture; or (ii) the loss, theft, or destruction of such debt securities has been established to the reasonable satisfaction of the applicable Indenture Trustee, which satisfaction may require such Registered Holder to submit a lost instrument affidavit and an indemnity bond holding the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor and the applicable Indenture Trustee harmless in respect of such debt securities and distributions made in respect thereof. Each Registered Holder shall be deemed to have surrendered such debt securities as of

the date it has complied with the foregoing (the “Surrender Date”). On the Surrender Date, Holders of Allowed Senior Notes Claims and Subordinated Notes Claims shall be entitled to receive distributions pursuant to the Plan. Any Registered Holder that fails to surrender such debt securities or, if applicable, satisfactorily explain the loss, theft, or destruction of such debt securities to the respective Indenture Trustee within one (1) year of the Effective Date shall be deemed to have no further Claim against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or the applicable Indenture Trustee in respect of such Claim and shall not be entitled to receive any distribution under the Plan. All property in respect of such forfeited distributions, including interest thereon, shall be promptly returned to the Reorganized Debtor by the respective Indenture Trustee and any such debt securities shall be cancelled.

3. Minimum; De Minimis Distributions

The Disbursing Agent shall not be required to make partial distributions or payments of fractions of New Common Stock and such fractions shall be deemed to be zero. The total number of authorized shares of New Common Stock to be distributed pursuant to the Plan shall be adjusted, as necessary, to account for the foregoing. No Cash payment of less than \$50 shall be made to a Holder of an Allowed Claim on account of such Allowed Claim.

4. Undeliverable Distributions and Unclaimed Property

(i) Failure to Claim Undeliverable Distributions

In the event that any distribution to any Holder is returned as undeliverable, no distribution to such Holder shall be made unless and until the Disbursing Agent has determined the then current address of such Holder, at which time such distribution shall be made to such Holder without interest; *provided, however*, that such distributions shall be deemed unclaimed property under Bankruptcy Code section 347(b) at the expiration of six (6) months from the Effective Date. After such date, all unclaimed property or interests in property shall revert to the Reorganized Debtor (notwithstanding any applicable federal or state escheat, abandoned, or unclaimed property laws to the contrary), and the Claim of any Holder to such property or interest in property shall be released, settled, compromised, and forever barred.

(ii) Failure to Present Checks

Checks issued by the Disbursing Agent on account of Allowed Claims shall be null and void if not negotiated within ninety (90) days after the issuance of such check. Requests for reissuance of any check shall be made directly to the Disbursing Agent by the Holder of the relevant Allowed Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued. Any Holder of an Allowed Claim holding an un-negotiated check that does not request reissuance of such un-negotiated check within ninety (90) days after the issuance of such check shall have its Claim for such un-negotiated check discharged and be discharged and forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting any such Claim against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their assets and properties.

F. Compliance with Tax Requirements

In connection with the Plan, to the extent applicable, the Disbursing Agent shall comply with all tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed upon it by any Governmental Unit, and all distributions pursuant to the Plan shall be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding the above, each Holder of an Allowed Claim that is to receive a distribution under the Plan shall have the sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any taxes imposed on such holder by any governmental unit, including income, withholding and other tax obligations, on account of such distribution. The Disbursing Agent has the right, but not the obligation, not to make a distribution until such Holder has made arrangements satisfactory to the Disbursing Agent for payment of any such withholding tax obligations and, if the Disbursing Agent fails to withhold with respect to any such Holder's distribution, and is later held liable for the amount of such withholding, the Holder shall reimburse the Disbursing Agent. Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, the Disbursing Agent shall be authorized to take all actions necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements, including liquidating a portion of the distribution to be made under the Plan to generate sufficient funds to pay applicable withholding taxes, withholding distributions pending receipt of information necessary to facilitate such distributions, or establishing any other mechanisms it believes are reasonable and appropriate. The Disbursing Agent may require, as a condition to the receipt of a distribution, that the Holder complete the appropriate Form W-8 or Form W-9, as applicable to each Holder. If the Holder fails to comply with such a request within six months, such distribution shall be deemed an unclaimed distribution. Finally, the Disbursing Agent reserves the right to allocate all distributions made under the Plan in compliance with all applicable wage garnishments, alimony, child support, and other spousal awards, Liens, and encumbrances.

G. Allocations

Distributions in respect of Allowed Claims shall be allocated first to the principal amount (as determined for federal income tax purposes) of such Claims, and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of such Claims, to any portion of such Claims for accrued but unpaid interest.

H. Setoffs and Recoupment

The Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor may, but shall not be required to, setoff against or recoup from any Claims of any nature whatsoever that the Debtor may have against the claimant, but neither the failure to do so nor the Allowance of any Claim shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor of any such Claim it may have against the Holder of such Claim.

I. Claims Paid or Payable by Third Parties

1. Claims Paid by Third Parties

The Debtor, on or prior to the Effective Date, or the Reorganized Debtor, after the Effective Date, shall reduce a Claim, and such Claim shall be disallowed without a Claims objection having to be Filed and without any further notice, action, order, or approval of the

Bankruptcy Court, to the extent that the Holder of such Claim receives payment on account of such Claim from a party that is not the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor. To the extent a Holder of a Claim receives a distribution on account of such Claim and receives payment from a party that is not the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor on account of such Claim, such Holder shall, within two weeks of receipt thereof, repay or return the distribution to the Reorganized Debtor, to the extent the Holder's total recovery on account of such Claim from the third party and under the Plan exceeds the amount of such Claim.

2. Claims Payable by Third Parties

No distributions under the Plan shall be made on account of an Allowed Claim that is payable pursuant to one of the Debtor's insurance policies until the Holder of such Allowed Claim has exhausted all remedies with respect to such insurance policy. To the extent that one or more of the Debtor's insurers agrees to satisfy in full a Claim (if and to the extent adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction), then immediately upon such insurers' agreement, such Claim may be expunged without an objection to such Claim having to be Filed and without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE VII.

**PROCEDURES FOR RESOLVING CONTINGENT,
UNLIQUIDATED, AND DISPUTED CLAIMS**

A. Resolution of Disputed Claims

1. Allowance of Claims

On or after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall have and shall retain any and all rights and defenses that the Debtor had with respect to any Claim, except with respect to any Claim deemed Allowed as of the Effective Date. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any order entered in the Chapter 11 Case prior to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order, no Claim shall become an Allowed Claim unless and until such Claim is deemed Allowed (i) under the Plan or the Bankruptcy Code or (ii) by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order.

2. No Distribution Pending Allowance

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, if any portion of a Claim is a Disputed Claim, no payment or distribution provided under the Plan shall be made on account of such Claim unless and until such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. To the extent a Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, distributions shall be made to the Holder of such Allowed Claim, without interest.

3. Disputed Claims Reserve

(i) Disputed Claims Reserve

On the Effective Date or as soon as practicable thereafter, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, shall deposit into the Disputed Claims Reserve the amount of Cash, New Common Stock and Warrants that would have been distributed to Holders of all Disputed Claims as if such Disputed Claims had been Allowed on the Effective Date, with the amount of such Allowed Claims to be determined, solely for the purpose of establishing reserves and for maximum distribution purposes, to be the lesser of (i) the asserted amount of the Disputed Claim Filed with the Bankruptcy Court, or if no Proof of Claim was Filed, listed by the Debtor in the Schedules, (ii) the amount, if any, estimated by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 502(c), and (iii) the amount otherwise agreed to by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, and the Holder of such Disputed Claim for reserve purposes.

(ii) Distribution of Excess Amounts in the Disputed Claims Reserve

When all Disputed Claims are resolved and either become Allowed or are disallowed by Final Order, to the extent Cash, New Common Stock and/or Warrants remain in the Disputed Claims Reserve after all Holders of Disputed Claims that have become Allowed have been paid the full amount they are entitled to pursuant to the treatment set forth for the appropriate Class under the Plan, then such remaining Cash, New Common Stock and/or Warrants shall be cancelled or shall vest in the Reorganized Debtor.

4. Prosecution of Objections to Claims

The Debtor, prior to and on the Effective Date, or the Reorganized Debtor, after the Effective Date, shall have the exclusive authority to File objections to Claims or settle, compromise, withdraw or litigate to judgment objections to any and all Claims, regardless of whether such Claims are in a Class or otherwise. From and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor may settle or compromise any Disputed Claim without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court. From and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall have the sole authority to administer and adjust the Claims Register to reflect any such settlements or compromises without any further notice, action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

5. Claims Estimation

The Debtor, prior to and on the Effective Date, or the Reorganized Debtor, after the Effective Date, may request that the Bankruptcy Court estimate any contingent or unliquidated Claim to the extent permitted by Bankruptcy Code section 502(c) regardless of whether the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor has previously objected to such Claim or whether the Bankruptcy Court has ruled on any such objection, and the Bankruptcy Court shall have jurisdiction to estimate any Claim at any time during litigation concerning any objection to such Claim, including during the pendency of any appeal relating to any such objection.

6. Expungement or Adjustment of Claims Without Objection

Any Claim that has been paid, satisfied, or superseded may be expunged on the Claims Register by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, and any Claim that has been amended may be adjusted thereon by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, in both cases without a Claims objection having to be Filed and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

7. Deadline to File Claims Objections

Any objections to Claims shall be Filed by no later than the Claims Objection Bar Date.

B. Disallowance of Claims

Any Claims held by an Entity from which property is recoverable under Bankruptcy Code sections 542, 543, 550, or 553, or that is a transferee of a transfer avoidable under Bankruptcy Code section 522(f), 522(h), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, or 724(a), shall be deemed disallowed pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 502(d), and Holders of such Claims may not receive any Distributions on account of such Claims until such time as such Causes of Action against that Entity have been settled or a Final Order with respect thereto has been entered and all sums due, if any, by that Entity have been turned over or paid by such Entity to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor.

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE AGREED BY THE DEBTOR OR THE REORGANIZED DEBTOR, AS APPLICABLE, ANY AND ALL PROOFS OF CLAIM FILED AFTER THE CLAIMS BAR DATE SHALL BE DEEMED DISALLOWED AND EXPUNGED AS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE WITHOUT ANY FURTHER NOTICE TO OR ACTION, ORDER, OR APPROVAL OF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, AND HOLDERS OF SUCH CLAIMS MAY NOT RECEIVE ANY DISTRIBUTIONS ON ACCOUNT OF SUCH CLAIMS, UNLESS SUCH LATE PROOF OF CLAIM IS DEEMED TIMELY FILED BY A FINAL ORDER OF THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

C. Amendments to Claims

On or after the Effective Date, a Claim may not be Filed or amended without prior authorization of the Bankruptcy Court or the Reorganized Debtor, and any such new or amended Claim Filed without such prior authorization shall be deemed disallowed in full and expunged without any further action.

ARTICLE VIII.

**SETTLEMENT, RELEASE, INJUNCTION,
AND RELATED PROVISIONS**

A. Discharge of Claims and Termination of Equity Interests

Pursuant to and to the fullest extent permitted by Bankruptcy Code section 1141(d), and except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the distributions, rights, and treatment that are provided

in the Plan shall be in full and final satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge, effective as of the Effective Date, of all Claims, Equity Interests, and Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever, including any interest accrued on Claims or Equity Interests from and after the Commencement Date, whether known or unknown, against, liabilities of, Liens on, obligations of, rights against, and Equity Interests in the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their assets or properties, regardless of whether any property shall have been distributed or retained pursuant to the Plan on account of such Claims or Equity Interests, including demands, liabilities, and Causes of Action that arose before the Effective Date, any contingent or non-contingent liability on account of representations or warranties issued on or before the Effective Date, and all debts of the kind specified in Bankruptcy Code sections 502(g), 502(h), or 502(i), in each case whether or not: (i) a Proof of Claim or Equity Interest based upon such Claim, debt, right, or Equity Interest is Filed or deemed Filed pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 501; (ii) a Claim or Equity Interest based upon such Claim, debt, right, or Equity Interest is Allowed pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 502; or (iii) the Holder of such a Claim or Equity Interest has accepted the Plan. Any default by the Debtor or its Affiliates with respect to any Claim or Equity Interest that existed immediately before or on account of the Filing of the Chapter 11 Case shall be deemed cured on the Effective Date. The Confirmation Order shall be a judicial determination of the discharge of all Claims and Equity Interests subject to the Effective Date occurring.

B. Injunction

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan and the Amended Plan Settlement, from and after the Effective Date, all Entities that have held, hold, or may hold Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtor or the Estate are permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or the Estate: (i) commencing or continuing in any manner any action or other proceeding of any kind on account of or in connection with or with respect to any such Claims or Equity Interests; (ii) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering by any manner or means any judgment, award, decree, or order against such Entities on account of or in connection with or with respect to any such Claims or Equity Interests; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any Lien of any kind against such Entities or the property or estates of such Entities on account of or in connection with or with respect to any such Claims or Equity Interests; (iv) asserting any right of setoff, subrogation, or recoupment of any kind against any obligation due from such Entities or against the property of such Entities on account of or in connection with or with respect to any such Claims or Equity Interests, unless such Holder has Filed a motion requesting the right to perform such setoff, subrogation, or recoupment on or before the Confirmation Date, and notwithstanding an indication in a Proof of Claim or otherwise that such Holder asserts, has, or intends to preserve any right of setoff, subrogation, or recoupment pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 553 or otherwise, *provided, however*, that nothing herein shall detract from AAC's ability to exercise its right of offset pursuant to section 7 of the Cost Allocation Agreement without notice or further order of the Bankruptcy Court; and (v) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan.

C. Exculpation

None of the Released Parties shall have or incur any liability to any holder of any Claim or Equity Interest for any act or omission in connection with or arising out of the Debtor's

restructuring, including, without limitation, the negotiation and execution of the Plan, the Chapter 11 Case, the Disclosure Statement, the solicitation of votes for and the pursuit of the Plan, the Consummation of the Plan, or the administration of the Plan or the Cash, New Common Stock and Warrants, if issued, to be distributed under the Plan, and further including, without limitation, all documents ancillary thereto, all decisions, actions, inactions and alleged negligence or misconduct relating thereto, and all prepetition activities leading to the promulgation and confirmation of the Plan; *provided, however*, that the foregoing shall not apply to any act which constitutes a bankruptcy crime under title 18 of the United States Code. Nothing in this section shall (i) be construed to exculpate any entity from fraud, gross negligence, willful misconduct, malpractice, criminal conduct, misuse of confidential information that causes damages, or ultra vires acts or (ii) limit the liability of the professionals of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Committee, and the Indenture Trustees, to their respective clients pursuant to DR 6-102 of the Code of Professional Responsibility. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in Article VIII.C of the Plan or the Plan generally may be construed as waiving immunity, or as subjecting the Rehabilitator or OCI, or the Rehabilitator's or OCI's employees or agents, to liability, including contractual liability, for matters that are otherwise subject to immunity from liability, including immunity under Wis. Stat. § 645.08(2).

D. General Releases by the Debtor

For good and valuable consideration, including the facilitation of the Debtor's expeditious reorganization, on and after the Effective Date, the Released Parties shall be released and discharged by the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and the Estate from any and all Claims and Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever, including any derivative Claims asserted by or on behalf of the Debtor, based upon or relating to any act, omission, transaction, event, or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that the foregoing shall not apply to any act which constitutes a bankruptcy crime under title 18 of the United States Code or any claims arising under the Amended TSA, the Cost Allocation Agreement, the Cooperation Agreement, the Mediation Agreement or any other documents entered into in connection with the Amended Plan Settlement.

E. General Releases by Holders of Claims and Equity Interests

To the extent permitted by applicable law, as of the Effective Date, each Entity that has held, holds, or may hold a Claim or an Equity Interest, as applicable, in consideration for the obligations of the Debtor under the Plan, the Plan distributions, and other agreements, securities, instruments, or other documents executed or delivered in connection with the Plan, shall be deemed to have conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever released and discharged the Released Parties from any and all Claims and Causes of Action of any nature whatsoever, including any derivative Claims asserted by or on behalf of the Debtor, that such entity would have been legally entitled to assert based upon or relating to any act, omission, transaction, event, or other occurrence taking place on or prior to the Effective Date; *provided, however*, that the foregoing shall not apply to (i) any act which constitutes a bankruptcy crime under title 18 of the United States Code, (ii) any obligations of the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Plan and (iii) any claims arising under the Amended TSA, the Cost Allocation Agreement, the Cooperation Agreement, the Mediation Agreement or any other documents entered into in

connection with the Amended Plan Settlement. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, One State Street, LLC shall continue to be entitled to the benefits set forth in the OSS Settlement Agreement.

F. Releases Required Pursuant to the Stipulation of Settlement

In accordance with the Stipulation of Settlement, the Plan includes the following releases:

1. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, on the Effective Date, all Persons or Entities, including, but not limited, to the Ambac Entities and any shareholder or creditor of any of the Ambac Entities (including any other Person or Entity purportedly acting derivatively on behalf of the Ambac Entities) shall be permanently barred and enjoined from instituting, prosecuting, or continuing to prosecute any and all manner of Claims, actions, Causes of Actions, suits, controversies, agreements, costs, damages, judgments, and demands whatsoever, known or Unknown (as defined in the Stipulation of Settlement), suspected or unsuspected, accrued or unaccrued, arising under the laws, regulations, or common law of the United States of America, any state or political subdivision thereof, or any foreign country or jurisdiction, in law, contract, or in equity, against any or all of the Individual Defendants and any or all of the current or former officers, directors, or employees of any Ambac Entity (i) that were, could have been, might have been, or might be in the future asserted in any of the Securities Actions or any of the Derivative Actions; (ii) in connection with, arising out of, related to, or based upon, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, any action or omission or failure to act within the Class Period or relevant periods specified in any of the Derivative Actions by any of the Individual Defendants or any of the current or former officers, directors, or employees of any Ambac Entity relating to any Ambac Entity or in his or her capacity as an officer, director, or employee of any Ambac Entity; or (iii) that allege, arise out of, or are based upon or attributable to any fact, action, omission, or failure to act that is alleged in any of the Securities Actions or the Derivative Actions or related to any fact, action, omission, or failure to act alleged in the Securities Actions or the Derivative Actions.

2. On the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor, on behalf of itself and (to the fullest extent of its power to do so) all Ambac Entities and (to the fullest extent of their power to do so) any shareholder, creditor, or other Person or Entity purporting to sue on behalf of or in the right of any of the Ambac Entities, shall be deemed to fully release any and all manner of Claims, actions, Causes of Action, suits, controversies, agreements, costs, damages, judgments, and demands whatsoever, known or Unknown (as defined in the Stipulation of Settlement), suspected or unsuspected, accrued or unaccrued, arising under the laws, regulations, or common law of the United States of America, any state or political subdivision thereof, or any foreign country or jurisdiction, in law, contract, or in equity, against any or all of the Individual Defendants and any or all of the current or former officers, directors, or employees of any Ambac Entity (i) that were, could have been, might have been, or might be in the future asserted in any of the Securities Actions or any of the Derivative Actions; (ii) in connection with, arising out of, related to, or based upon, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, any action or omission or failure to act within the Class Period or relevant periods specified in any of the Derivative Actions by any of the Individual Defendants or any of the current or former officers, directors, or employees of any Ambac Entity relating to any Ambac Entity or in his or her capacity as an officer, director, or employee of any Ambac Entity; or (iii) that allege, arise out of, or are based

upon or attributable to any fact, action, omission, or failure to act that is alleged in any of the Securities Actions or the Derivative Actions or related to any fact, action, omission, or failure to act alleged in the Securities Actions or the Derivative Actions.

3. The injunctions and releases set forth in Article VIII.F of the Plan and in the Stipulation of Settlement 9019 Approval Order do not release and/or bar the ERISA claims at issue in the ERISA Action, provided that nothing in Article VIII.F of the Plan or in the Stipulation of Settlement or the amendments thereto shall be deemed a waiver by the defendants in the ERISA Action of their rights to maintain that any recovery by the Savings Plan pursuant to the Stipulation of Settlement approved hereby shall offset any recovery by the plaintiffs in the ERISA Action.

G. Release of Liens

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable distributions made pursuant to the Plan, and, in the case of a Class 2 Secured Claim, satisfaction in full of the portion of such Claim that is Allowed as of the Effective Date, all mortgages, deeds, trusts, Liens, pledges, or other security interests against any property of the Estate shall be fully released and discharged, and all of the right, title, and interest of any Holder of such mortgages, deeds, trusts, Liens, pledges, or other security interests shall revert to the Reorganized Debtor.

ARTICLE IX.

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

A. Conditions Precedent to Confirmation

It shall be a condition to Confirmation of the Plan that the following conditions shall have been satisfied or waived pursuant to Article IX.C of the Plan: (i) the Bankruptcy Court shall have approved the Disclosure Statement with respect to the Plan; and (ii) the proposed Confirmation Order shall be in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to (a) the Debtor and, (b) only to the extent such Confirmation Order relates to the Amended Plan Settlement, the Amended TSA, resolution of the IRS Dispute, the Cost Allocation Agreement or the Cooperation Agreement, AAC.

B. Conditions Precedent to Consummation

It shall be a condition to Consummation of the Plan that the following conditions shall have been satisfied or waived pursuant to Article IX.C of the Plan: (i) the Confirmation Order shall have become a Final Order; (ii) the Bankruptcy Court shall have approved any plan supplement filed with respect to the Plan; (iii) the New Organizational Documents shall have been effected; (iv) the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, shall have executed and delivered all documents necessary to effectuate the issuance of the New Common Stock and, if applicable, Warrants; (v) all authorizations, consents, and regulatory approvals required, if any, in connection with the consummation of the Plan shall have been obtained; (vi) the Stipulation of Settlement shall have become effective; (vii) the IRS Dispute shall have been resolved in a

manner satisfactory to the Debtor, AAC, OCI, the Rehabilitator and the Committee; (viii) the Bankruptcy Court shall have entered an order finding that neither an Ownership Change with respect to AAC nor a Deconsolidation Event occurred during the 2010 taxable year, in a form reasonably acceptable to the Rehabilitator with respect to such matters only, unless (a) the Debtor (on behalf of itself, AAC, and the other members of the Ambac Consolidated Group) and the IRS enter into a pre-filing agreement with the IRS, prior to the filing of the Ambac Consolidated Group's 2011 tax return, by which the IRS agrees that no such Deconsolidation Event or Ownership Change occurred during the 2010 taxable year; or (b) the Debtor (on behalf of itself, AAC, and the other members of the Ambac Consolidated Group) and the IRS enter into a closing agreement, by which the IRS agrees that no such Deconsolidation Event or Ownership Change occurred during the 2010 taxable year; (ix) the aggregate face amount of Allowed and Disputed General Unsecured Claims shall be less than \$50,000,000.00; (x) the Rehabilitation Court shall have approved the transactions contemplated in the Plan; (xi) the Cash Grant will have been paid or paid into escrow as set forth in the Mediation Agreement; (xii) the Amended TSA, the Cooperation Agreement Amendment and the Cost Allocation Agreement shall have been executed; and (xiii) all other actions, documents, certificates, and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected or executed and delivered to the required parties and, to the extent required, filed with the applicable Governmental Units in accordance with applicable laws.

C. Waiver of Conditions

With the consent of AAC, OCI, the Rehabilitator and the Committee, and upon notice to the Informal Group, the Debtor shall have the right to waive one or more of the conditions to Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan set forth in Article IX of the Plan at any time without notice, leave, or order of the Bankruptcy Court or any formal action other than proceeding to confirm or consummate the Plan.

D. Effect of Nonoccurrence of Conditions

If each of the conditions to Confirmation and Consummation has not been satisfied or duly waived on or before the date that is 180 days after the Confirmation Date, or by such later date as determined by the Debtor, the Debtor with the consent of the Committee, AAC, OCI and the Rehabilitator, which consents shall not be unreasonably withheld, may move the Bankruptcy Court to vacate the Confirmation Order. If the Confirmation Order is vacated pursuant to this provision, the Plan shall be null and void in all respects and nothing contained in the Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall: (i) constitute a waiver or release of any claims by or Claims against or Equity Interests in the Debtor; (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor, any Holders, or any other Entity; or (iii) constitute an admission, acknowledgment, offer, or undertaking by the Debtor, any Holders, or any other Entity in any respect.

ARTICLE X.

MODIFICATION, REVOCATION, OR WITHDRAWAL OF THE PLAN

A. Modification and Amendments

The Debtor may amend, modify, or supplement the Plan pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; *provided* that the Debtor obtain the consent, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, of the Committee, AAC, OCI and the Rehabilitator, only to the extent such amendment, modification or supplement relates to the Amended Plan Settlement, the Amended TSA, resolution of the IRS Dispute, the Cost Allocation Agreement or the Cooperation Agreement. After the Confirmation Date, but prior to Consummation of the Plan, the Debtor may, (i) with the consent, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, of the Committee, AAC, OCI and the Rehabilitator, only to the extent such amendment, modification, or supplement relates to the Amended Plan Settlement, the Amended TSA, resolution of the IRS Dispute, the Cost Allocation Agreement or the Cooperation Agreement, and (ii) upon consultation with the Informal Group, amend, modify, or supplement the Plan without further order of the Bankruptcy Court to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

B. Effect of Confirmation on Modifications

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a), entry of a Confirmation Order shall mean that all modifications or amendments to the Plan since the solicitation thereof are approved and do not require additional disclosure or re-solicitation under Bankruptcy Rule 3019.

C. Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan

The Debtor reserves the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan prior to the Confirmation Date and to File subsequent chapter 11 plans; *provided* that the Debtor obtain the consent, which shall not be unreasonably withheld, of the Committee, AAC, OCI and the Rehabilitator, only to the extent such revocation or withdrawal relates to the Amended Plan Settlement, the Amended TSA, resolution of the IRS Dispute, the Cost Allocation Agreement or the Cooperation Agreement. If the Debtor revokes or withdraws the Plan, or if Confirmation or Consummation does not occur, then: (i) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects; (ii) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan, assumption or rejection of executory contracts or unexpired leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan shall be deemed null and void except as may be set forth in a separate order entered by the Bankruptcy Court; and (iii) nothing contained in the Plan shall constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Equity Interests in, the Debtor or any other Entity, prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor or any other Entity, or constitute an admission, acknowledgement, offer, or undertaking of any sort by the Debtor or any other Entity.

ARTICLE XI.

RETENTION OF JURISDICTION

Notwithstanding the entry of the Confirmation Order and the occurrence of the Effective Date and except as otherwise provided by the Mediation Agreement, the Amended TSA, the Cost Allocation Agreement or the Cooperation Agreement Amendment, the Bankruptcy Court shall, after the Effective Date, retain such jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case and all Entities with respect to all matters related to the Chapter 11 Case, the Debtor, and the Plan as legally permissible, including, without limitation, jurisdiction to:

1. allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate, or establish the priority, secured, or unsecured status, or amount of any Claim or Equity Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim, including Claims of a Professional for services rendered to the Debtor or any Committee, and the resolution of any and all objections to the secured or unsecured status, priority, amount, or allowance of Claims or Equity Interests;
2. decide and resolve all matters related to the granting and denying, in whole or in part, any applications for allowance of compensation or reimbursement of expenses to Professionals authorized pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or the Plan;
3. decide and resolve all matters related to the reasonableness of the Indenture Trustee Fees and the Informal Group Fees;
4. resolve any matters related to: (i) the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which the Debtor is party or with respect to which the Debtor may be liable, and the hearing, determination, and, if necessary, liquidation of any Claims arising therefrom, including Cure Claims pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 365; (ii) any potential contractual obligation under any executory contract or unexpired lease that is assumed; and (iii) any dispute regarding whether a contract or lease is or was executory or expired;
5. ensure that distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims and Equity Interests are accomplished pursuant to the provisions of the Plan;
6. adjudicate, decide, or resolve any motions, adversary proceedings, Causes of Action, contested or litigated matters, and any other matters, and grant or deny any applications involving the Debtor that may be pending on the Effective Date;
7. adjudicate, decide, or resolve any and all matters related to Bankruptcy Code sections 1141 and 1145;
8. enter and implement such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to execute, implement, or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases, indentures, and other agreements or documents, including

the Cost Allocation Agreement and the Amended TSA, created in connection with the Plan or the Disclosure Statement;

9. enter and enforce any order pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 363, 1123, or 1146(a) for the sale of property;
10. resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action that may arise in connection with the Consummation, interpretation, or enforcement of the Plan or any Entity's obligations in connection with the Plan;
11. issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders, or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any Entity with Consummation or enforcement of the Plan;
12. resolve any cases, controversies, suits, disputes, or Causes of Action with respect to the releases, injunctions, and other provisions contained in Article VIII of the Plan and enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to implement such releases, injunctions, and other provisions;
13. enter and implement such orders as are necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason modified, stayed, reversed, revoked, or vacated;
14. enter an order or final decree concluding or closing the Chapter 11 Case;
15. adjudicate any and all disputes arising from or relating to distributions under the Plan;
16. consider any modifications of the Plan, to cure any defect or omission, or reconcile any inconsistency in any Bankruptcy Court order, including the Confirmation Order;
17. determine requests for the payment of Administrative Claims or Claims entitled to priority pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 507;
18. hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation, or enforcement of the Plan, or the Confirmation Order, including disputes arising under agreements, securities, instruments, or other documents;
19. hear and determine matters concerning state, local, and federal taxes in accordance with Bankruptcy Code sections 346, 505, and 1146;
20. hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature, or scope of the Debtor's discharge, including any dispute relating to any liability arising out of the termination of employment or the termination of any employee or retiree benefit program, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date;

21. enforce all orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court; and
22. hear any other matter not inconsistent with the Bankruptcy Code.

ARTICLE XII.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Immediate Binding Effect

Subject to Article IX.B of the Plan and notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rules 3020(e), 6004(g), 7062, or otherwise, upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, the terms of the Plan shall be immediately effective and enforceable and deemed binding upon the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and any and all Holders of Claims or Equity Interests (irrespective of whether such Claims or Equity Interests are deemed to have accepted the Plan), all Entities that are parties to or are subject to the settlements, compromises, releases, discharges, and injunctions described in the Plan, each Entity acquiring property under the Plan, and any and all non-Debtor parties to executory contracts and unexpired leases with the Debtor.

B. Additional Documents

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtor may File with the Bankruptcy Court any and all agreements and other documents that may be necessary or appropriate in order to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

C. Payment of Statutory Fees

All fees payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930 and, if applicable, 28 U.S.C. § 3717, as determined by the Bankruptcy Court at a hearing pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1128, shall be paid for each quarter (including any fraction thereof) until the Chapter 11 Case is converted, dismissed, or closed, whichever occurs first.

D. Dissolution of Committee

On the Effective Date, the Committee shall dissolve automatically, whereupon its members, Professionals, and agents shall be released from any further authority, duties obligations and responsibilities in the Chapter 11 Case and under the Bankruptcy Code; *provided, however,* that, following the Effective Date, the Committee shall (i) continue to have standing and a right to be heard with respect to (a) Claims and/or applications for compensation by Professionals and requests for allowance of Administrative Expenses, including, but not limited to, filing applications for Accrued Professional Compensation in accordance with Article II.C of the Plan and (b) any appeals of the Confirmation Order that remain pending as of the Effective Date, and (ii) continue to respond to creditor inquiries for one hundred twenty (120) days following the Effective Date.

E. Reservation of Rights

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Plan shall have no force or effect unless the Bankruptcy Court enters the Confirmation Order. None of the Filing of the Plan, any statement or provision contained in the Plan, or the taking of any action by the Debtor with respect to the Plan or the Disclosure Statement shall be or shall be deemed to be an admission or waiver of any rights of the Debtor with respect to the Holders of Claims or Equity Interests prior to the Effective Date.

F. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits, and obligations of any Entity named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign, Affiliate, officer, director, agent, representative, attorney, beneficiaries, or guardian, if any, of each Entity.

G. Service of Documents

All notices, requests and demands to or upon the Debtor to be effective shall be in writing (including by facsimile transmission) and, unless otherwise expressly provided herein, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made when actually delivered or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received and telephonically confirmed, addressed as follows:

Ambac Financial Group, Inc.
One State Street Plaza
Attn: General Counsel
New York, NY 10004

and

Dewey & LeBoeuf LLP
Counsel for the Debtor
1301 Avenue of the Americas
Attn: Peter A. Ivanick, Esq., and Allison H. Weiss, Esq.
New York, NY 10019

With copies to:

Morrison & Foerster LLP
Counsel for the Committee
1290 Avenue of the Americas
Attn: Anthony Princi, Esq.
New York, NY 10104

and

Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld, LLP
Counsel for the Informal Group
1333 New Hampshire Ave, N.W.
Attn: James R. Savin, Esq.
Washington, D.C. 20036

After the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor has authority to send a notice to Entities that in order to continue to receive documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002, they must File a renewed request to receive documents with the Bankruptcy Court. After the Effective Date, the Debtor is authorized to limit the list of Entities receiving documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002 to those Entities who have Filed such renewed requests.

H. Further Assurances

The Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, all Holders of Claims receiving distributions pursuant to the Plan, and all other Entities shall, from time to time, prepare, execute, and deliver any agreements or documents and take any other actions as may be necessary or advisable to effectuate the provisions and intent of the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

I. Term of Injunctions or Stays

Unless otherwise provided in the Plan or in the Confirmation Order, all injunctions or stays in effect in the Chapter 11 Case pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105 or 362 or any order of the Bankruptcy Court, and extant on the Confirmation Date (excluding any injunctions or stays contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order) shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date. All injunctions or stays contained in the Plan, the Confirmation Order and the Stipulation of Settlement 9019 Approval Order shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

J. Entire Agreement

Except as otherwise indicated, the Plan supersedes all previous and contemporaneous negotiations, promises, covenants, agreements, understandings, and representations on such subjects, all of which have become merged and integrated into the Plan.

K. Exhibits and Related Documents

All exhibits and documents Filed in relation to the Plan are incorporated into and are a part of the Plan as if set forth in full in the Plan. After any exhibits and documents are Filed, copies of such exhibits and documents shall be available upon written request to the Debtor's counsel at the address above or by downloading such exhibits and documents from the Debtor's restructuring website, <http://www.kccllc.net/ambac>, or the Bankruptcy Court's website, <http://www.nys.uscourts.gov> (a PACER login and password are required to access documents on the Bankruptcy Court's website).

L. Severability of Plan Provisions

If, before Confirmation of the Plan, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, the Bankruptcy Court shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void, or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration, or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired, or invalidated by such holding, alteration, or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable.

M. Closing of Chapter 11 Case

Promptly after the full administration of the Chapter 11 Case, the Reorganized Debtor shall File with the Bankruptcy Court all documents required by Bankruptcy Rule 3022 and any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court to close the Chapter 11 Case.

N. Waiver or Estoppel Conflicts

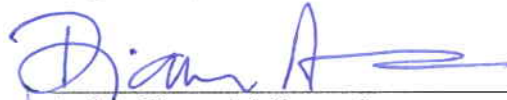
Each Holder of a Claim or Equity Interest shall be deemed to have waived any right to assert any argument, including the right to argue that its Claim or Equity Interest should be Allowed in a certain amount, in a certain priority, secured, or not subordinated, by virtue of an agreement made with the Debtor or its counsel, the Committee or its counsel, or any other Entity, if such agreement was not disclosed in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or papers Filed with the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Confirmation Date.

O. Conflicts

Except as set forth in the Plan or unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent that the Disclosure Statement, any order of the Bankruptcy Court (other than the Confirmation Order), or any exhibit to the Plan or document executed or delivered in connection with the Plan is inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, the terms of the Plan shall control; *provided, however*, that to the extent the Mediation Agreement, the Amended TSA, the Cost Allocation Agreement, the Cooperation Agreement Amendment, the Stipulation of Settlement or the Stipulation of Settlement 9019 Approval Order may be inconsistent with the Plan, the terms of such document shall control.

Dated: September 30, 2011
New York, New York

Respectfully Submitted,



Ambac Financial Group, Inc.

By: *Diana Adams*
Title: *President & CEO*

EXHIBIT A

Amended and Restated TSA

[TO BE PROVIDED]

EXHIBIT B

Cooperation Agreement Amendment

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO COOPERATION AGREEMENT

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO COOPERATION AGREEMENT (this “Amendment”), effective as of the later of (a) the date on which an order is entered pursuant to Section 1129 of chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”) by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the “Bankruptcy Court”) confirming Ambac Financial Group, Inc.’s (“AFGI”) chapter 11 plan of reorganization, as amended, supplemented or modified, and (b) the date on which a non-stayed order is entered by the Dane County Circuit Court (the “Rehabilitation Court”) approving this Agreement (such date, the “Effective Date”), by and between the Segregated Account of Ambac Assurance Corporation (the “Segregated Account”), Ambac Assurance Corporation (“Ambac”), AFGI and the Commissioner of Insurance of the State of Wisconsin, as the court-appointed Rehabilitator of the Segregated Account (the “Rehabilitator”).

WHEREAS, Ambac and the Segregated Account entered into the Cooperation Agreement on March 24, 2010 (the “Agreement”).

WHEREAS, AFGI filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the Bankruptcy Code in the Bankruptcy Court on November 8, 2010.

WHEREAS, Ambac and the Segregated Account desire to amend the Cooperation Agreement to reflect certain terms and provisions of that certain Mediation Agreement (the “Mediation Agreement”) by and among Ambac, the Segregated Account, AFGI, the Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance (“OCI”), the Rehabilitator, and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of AFGI, entered into as of September 21, 2011, and to expressly add AFGI and the Rehabilitator as parties to the Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

1. AFGI and the Rehabilitator shall become parties to the Agreement.
2. The following shall be added to Article I of the Agreement:

SECTION 1.05 Preservation of Net Operating Losses.

Except as otherwise approved by the Rehabilitator, AFGI shall use its best efforts to preserve the use of NOLs realized by the Group for the benefit of the AAC Subgroup, including but not limited to, refraining from taking any action that would result in, and taking such affirmative steps as are appropriate to avoid, any Deconsolidation Event. In furtherance of the foregoing, AFGI shall use its best efforts to obtain a confirmation order from the Bankruptcy Court which (i) memorializes the parties’ intent to preserve the use of NOLs for the benefit of the AAC Subgroup and AFGI as contemplated by the Amended and Restated Tax Sharing Agreement, dated as of the Effective Date, by and among Ambac,

AFGI and the other parties thereto (the “Tax Sharing Agreement”), (ii) approves the adoption by reorganized AFGI of an NOL-preservation plan to remain in effect so long as NOLs remain for the benefit of Ambac as contemplated by the Mediation Agreement and the Tax Sharing Agreement and vests continuing jurisdiction in the Bankruptcy Court to enforce restrictions adopted in connection with such plan, and (iii) memorializes the parties’ intent that any subsequent bankruptcy filing by reorganized AFGI with the intent of rejecting this Agreement, the Mediation Agreement or the Tax Sharing Agreement and/or seeking additional value from the AAC Subgroup for its use of the NOLs is a per se bad faith filing.

SECTION 1.06 Loss Reserving. Ambac shall (i) provide the Rehabilitator the opportunity to participate in all meetings with Ambac management to discuss loss reserves to be included in any statutory financial report; (ii) provide the Rehabilitator with all reports provided to Ambac management (when so provided) concerning the assumptions and vendors utilized or to be utilized in arriving at statutory loss reserves, together with any related reports or materials requested by the Rehabilitator; and (iii) obtain the approval of the Rehabilitator prior to accepting repayment of any intercompany loan in an amount in excess of \$50,000,000 per annum or any modification to or deemed repayment of any intercompany loan in an amount that would result in Ambac recognizing income or a reduction in issue price in excess of \$50,000,000 per annum. No later than February 1st of each year (or more frequently if requested by Ambac), if Ambac proposes to make any changes in the assumptions or vendors utilized in determining statutory loss reserves from the prior year’s statutory loss reserves (or, with respect to 2011, the statutory loss reserves for the period from September 30, 2011 to December 31, 2011), which changes would cause the difference (whether positive or negative) between (w) Ambac’s statutory reserves determined with such proposed changes and (x) Ambac’s statutory reserves determined without such proposed changes to exceed the lesser of (y) \$200,000,000 or (z) 10% of Ambac’s statutory reserves determined without such proposed changes, Ambac shall seek and obtain the approval of its loss reserves from the Rehabilitator, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. In the event that the Rehabilitator disputes Ambac’s loss reserves and does not provide such approval, then, unless OCI prescribes an accounting practice requiring Ambac to follow the position of the Rehabilitator, the parties shall (i) immediately submit such dispute to expedited arbitration before a single arbitrator with requisite expertise to decide which of the positions most appropriately reflects expected claim payments or (ii) jointly agree to an

alternative method of dispute resolution. The decision of an arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the parties, and shall be rendered in such form and substance as shall be necessary to permit Ambac to reasonably rely thereon for purposes of filing its statutory financial statements. The parties shall agree to such procedures as are necessary and prudent to permit the arbitrator to issue a decision by no later than ten business days before the date that the annual financial reports are required to be filed (the “Filing Date”). If the differences of the parties are not resolved in a manner described above at least ten business days before the Filing Date, then Ambac shall request an extension of the Filing Date from OCI. If OCI agrees to such an extension, it will cooperate with Ambac to secure extensions in other jurisdictions as necessary. If such extension (or subsequent extension) is not granted, Ambac shall be entitled to file its financial reports on the basis of its own loss reserving positions.

SECTION 1.07 Investment Portfolio Management.

(a) Any changes to Ambac’s existing Investment Policy (dated November 18, 2010) shall be submitted to the Rehabilitator for approval, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Rehabilitator shall meet with Ambac management (including the CFO) semi-annually to discuss the Investment Policy and any changes appropriate thereto. The Rehabilitator may recommend changes to the Investment Policy and Ambac shall consider such recommendations in good faith. The Rehabilitator shall also be provided with periodic reports of investment transactions in the ordinary course. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Management Services Agreement or any other agreement, in the event that Ambac’s rejection of any proposed changes are not reasonable and fair to the interests of Ambac and the Segregated Account, or are not protective or equitable to the interests of Ambac and the Segregated Account policyholders generally, the Rehabilitator may direct Ambac to transfer investment management functions relating to the investment portfolio to a third party jointly chosen by the Rehabilitator and Ambac. With respect to any subsequent transfers to third parties of investment management functions relating to the investment portfolio, such third parties shall be jointly chosen by the Rehabilitator and Ambac.

(b) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that, if the investment management function is transferred in accordance with the foregoing (a “Change of Investment Manager Event”), the parties’ respective obligations under Section 1.07 and elsewhere set forth in this Agreement shall remain in effect without alteration

or diminishment. In furtherance of the foregoing, (i) the parties shall consult with each other in order to facilitate the uninterrupted provision of the information and other benefits required to be provided hereunder by each party to the other party, (ii) the parties shall ensure that any new provider of investment management services as a result of a Change of Investment Manager Event (each a "Replacement Investment Manager") has the capacity to perform the investment management services formerly provided by Ambac, including without limitation either maintaining an annual Type II SAS 70 internal control letter reasonably acceptable to AFGI or providing AFGI with copies of such Replacement Investment Manager's current documentation of control procedures (such as policies and procedures, process models and process flowcharts) which record the design of internal controls and (iii) the Segregated Account shall at all times following a Change of Investment Manager Event maintain appropriate internal controls and systems to ensure that Ambac will be able to meet its financial reporting, disclosure and legal obligations as described in Section 2.01(H) below and as may be necessary for the Segregated Account to fulfill its obligations under this Agreement. Further, the Segregated Account shall immediately disclose to AFGI any instance of fraud or any significant change to the internal control environment. In addition, the Rehabilitator shall cooperate with Ambac in causing each Replacement Investment Manager to permit Ambac and its affiliates, through Ambac's employees and representatives (including, for the avoidance of doubt, independent auditors of AFGI), the right to audit the Replacement Investment Manager's internal control structure and to examine and make copies of any books and records pertaining to the Segregated Account, and to furnish Ambac with such financial and reporting data and other information as Ambac may from time to time request. If a deficiency or control issue is noted, the Segregated Account will work with AFGI's representatives (including, for the avoidance of doubt, independent auditors of AFGI) to develop and implement an effective remediation strategy. In the event of any breach or threatened breach by any party of any of its obligations as set forth or described in this Agreement following a Change of Investment Manager Event, the parties hereto agree that monetary damages would be an insufficient remedy for any such breach, and in addition to all other remedies available under applicable law, the non-breaching party shall be entitled to specific performance and to injunctive or other equitable relief as a remedy for any such breach.

SECTION 1.08 IRS Dispute. Ambac and the Rehabilitator shall be entitled to full cooperation and all information and

particulars they or either of them may request from AFGI in relation to the IRS Dispute and any other issues that Ambac may have relative to the IRS, including, without limitation, express authorization to engage with the IRS directly on matters arising under the Plan of Rehabilitation in connection with the rehabilitation proceeding with respect to the Segregated Account and any amendment or subsequent iteration thereof (including any efforts to obtain a private letter ruling, pre-filing agreement or other form of guidance or clarification).

3. Section 3.01 of the Agreement shall be deleted and replaced with the following:

SECTION 3.01 Following each taxable year during any part of which Ambac is a member of the Group, AFGI shall, no later than April 1 of such subsequent year, provide the Rehabilitator with a summary of the material provisions of AFGI's expected tax position and the expected differences between Ambac's statutory financial statements and AFGI's expected tax positions. The Rehabilitator shall notify AFGI and Ambac in writing of any concerns of the Rehabilitator with respect to any such expected tax positions no later than May 1 of such year. Promptly thereafter, AFGI and Ambac shall meet with the Rehabilitator to resolve in good faith such concerns. In the event that the Rehabilitator is unable to resolve a dispute with AFGI and Ambac concerning an expected tax position by July 1 of such year, the parties shall immediately submit such dispute to expedited arbitration before a single arbitrator with the requisite tax expertise whose decision shall be issued no later than August 31 of such year and shall be final and binding upon the parties. The parties shall agree to such further procedures as are necessary and prudent to permit the arbitrator to issue a decision by August 31 of such year. If the expected tax position relates to the AAC Subgroup, the sole issue before the arbitrator shall be whether the tax position advocated by the Rehabilitator is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS. If the expected tax position does not relate to the AAC Subgroup, the sole issue before the arbitrator shall be whether the tax position advocated by AFGI is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS. In the event that the arbitrator rules that the tax position advocated by the Rehabilitator (where the expected tax position relates to the AAC Subgroup) or the tax position advocated by AFGI (where the expected tax position does not relate to the AAC Subgroup) is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS, AFGI shall file

its return on the basis of such advocated tax position, which position may be disclosed in such return. In the event that the arbitrator does not rule that a tax position advocated by either the Rehabilitator or AFGI, as the case may be, is more likely than not to be upheld by a court of competent jurisdiction in a subsequent challenge to such position by the IRS, such party shall be precluded from advocating for such tax position in any subsequent year absent any change or changes in facts or circumstances that would support such tax position. The cost of the arbitrator will be split between AFGI and Ambac. The Rehabilitator represents that it is not presently aware of any fact, including, without limitation, any plan of rehabilitation for the Segregated Account that is presently being considered, upon which it would seek to change (under this Section 3.01) the method of realization or accrual of deductions for interest and original issue discount on the surplus notes issued by Ambac in June 2010, including the application of Sections 163(e)(5) and 163(i) of the Code.

4. Section 6.06 of the Agreement shall be deleted and replaced with the following:

SECTION 6.06 Consent to Jurisdiction. AFGI and Ambac hereby consent to the jurisdiction of the state court in Wisconsin before which the rehabilitation proceedings with respect to the Segregated Account are pending, and waive any objection based on lack of personal jurisdiction, improper venue or forum non conveniens, with regard to any actions, claims, disputes or proceedings relating to this Agreement or any other document delivered hereunder or in connection herewith, or any transaction arising from or connected to any of the foregoing.

5. Section 6.10 of the Agreement shall be deleted and replaced with the following:

SECTION 6.10. Parties to this Agreement. Nothing herein shall in any manner create any obligations or establish any rights against the Rehabilitator, Ambac, the Segregated Account or AFGI in favor of any person or entity not a party to this Agreement.

6. The following shall be added to Article VI of the Agreement:

SECTION 6.11 Interpretation. Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the Tax Sharing Agreement.

SECTION 6.12 Dispute Resolution. In the event that AFGI believes Ambac or the Rehabilitator to be, or in the event that

Ambac or the Rehabilitator believes AFGI to be, in material breach of, or otherwise not complying with Sections 1.05, 1.06, 1.07, 1.08, and 3.01 of this Agreement, such party shall provide the alleged breaching or non-complying party with a written notice (copied to their last known legal counsel) describing, in reasonable detail, the nature of the alleged breach or non-compliance. Following delivery of such written notice, the parties shall attempt, in good faith, to resolve their dispute. The party served with a notice of breach or non-compliance shall have 30 days to cure the alleged breach or non-compliance. In the event that there is no cure and the parties are unable to resolve their dispute, any party alleging such breach or non-compliance may, not less than 45 days following delivery of such written notice, seek a judgment from the Rehabilitation Court that the other party has breached this Agreement. Solely for purposes of resolving such dispute, AFGI shall consent to the jurisdiction of the Rehabilitation Court. In the event that the Rehabilitation Court enters a final, non-appealable order in favor of any party alleging such breach or non-compliance, such party may ask the court to grant such further relief as the court deems appropriate in light of the nature and severity of the breach or non-performance, including specific performance, termination of the parties' obligations under this Agreement and/or monetary damages.

SECTION 6.13 Other Agreements. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between this Agreement and the provisions of the Mediation Agreement, the provisions of this Agreement shall govern.

7. Termination.

(a) The provisions of Section 3.01 shall have no further force or effect after the due date (including extensions) of the Group's consolidated federal tax return for any Taxable Period if:

(i) all of the following conditions are met as of the beginning of the immediately following Taxable Period:

(1) no Pre-Determination Date NOLs remain available for use by the AAC Subgroup to offset income for Federal Tax purposes pursuant to subparagraphs 3(c)(i)(1) and (2) of the Tax Sharing Agreement;

(2) no Pre-Determination Date AMT NOLs remain available for use by the AAC Subgroup to offset income for AMT purposes pursuant to the provisions contained in subparagraph 3(c)(iii) of the Tax Sharing Agreement, and

(3) no AFGI NOLs exist regardless of whether AFGI has consented to the use of such AFGI NOLs by the AAC Subgroup to offset income for Federal Tax purposes pursuant to subparagraph 3(c)(i)(3) of the Tax Sharing Agreement;

or

(ii) a Deconsolidation Event has occurred prior to the beginning of such Taxable Period.

(b) The provisions of this Amendment shall have no further force or effect to the extent that a condition to the Closing Date (as defined in the Mediation Agreement) cannot be satisfied.

8. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in more than one counterpart, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and all of which shall, together, constitute one and the same instrument.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank. Signatures to follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, AFGI, Ambac, the Segregated Account and the Rehabilitator have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

AMBAC ASSURANCE CORPORATION

By: _____
Name:
Title:

SEGREGATED ACCOUNT OF AMBAC
ASSURANCE CORPORATION by Ambac
Assurance Corporation, as Management Services
Provider

By: _____
Name:
Title:

THE COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE OF
THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, AS THE COURT-
APPOINTED REHABILITATOR OF THE
SEGREGATED ACCOUNT

By: _____
Name: Roger A. Peterson
Title: Special Deputy Commissioner

EXHIBIT C

Cost Allocation Agreement

EXPENSE SHARING AND COST ALLOCATION AGREEMENT

Expense Sharing and Cost Allocation Agreement (this “Agreement”), effective as of the later of (a) the date on which an order is entered pursuant to Section 1129 of chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York confirming Ambac Financial Group, Inc.’s (“AFGI”) chapter 11 plan of reorganization, as amended, supplemented or modified, and (b) the date on which a non-stayed order is entered by the Dane County Circuit Court (the “Rehabilitation Court”) approving this Agreement (such date, the “Effective Date”), by and among Ambac Assurance Corporation, a Wisconsin stock insurance corporation (“Ambac”), AFGI and their respective subsidiaries and affiliates (other than Ambac Assurance UK Limited) as listed on Schedule A attached hereto and made a part hereof, as such Schedule A may be amended from time to time (together with Ambac and AFGI, the “Affiliates”).

WHEREAS, certain of the Affiliates incur costs and expenses in support of certain service departments or functions, which service departments or functions are necessary or beneficial for certain other Affiliates;

WHEREAS, the costs and expenses incurred in support of each service department or function should be allocated among the Affiliates benefiting from such service department or function according to a defined allocation methodology;

WHEREAS, this Agreement terminates and supersedes all prior expense sharing and cost allocation agreements among the Affiliates, including, but not limited to, that certain Expense Sharing and Cost Allocation Agreement effective as of January 1, 1997 and that certain Expense Sharing And Cost Allocation Agreement dated as of January 1, 2007;

WHEREAS, the Wisconsin Office of the Commissioner of Insurance (“OCI”) commenced a rehabilitation proceeding with respect to the Segregated Account of Ambac Assurance Corporation in the Wisconsin Circuit Court for Dane County on March 24, 2010 (the “Rehabilitation Proceeding”) in which the Wisconsin Commissioner of Insurance was appointed Rehabilitator of the Segregated Account (the “Rehabilitator”); and

WHEREAS, AFGI filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Bankruptcy Code (the “Bankruptcy Code”) in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of New York (the “Bankruptcy Court”) on November 8, 2010 (the “Bankruptcy Case”), and continues to manage and operate its business as debtor in possession pursuant to Section 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements set forth herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

1. Direct Expenses. To the extent feasible, each of Ambac and AFGI shall pay all of its own direct expenses, other than expenses in a *de minimis* amount incurred by it, including, but not limited to, compensation expenses (consisting of base salary, bonus and other compensation expenses), severance expenses, payroll taxes and third-party expenses, including travel, legal and

consulting expenses. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, amounts owed by AFGI to Ambac pursuant to this Agreement for the actual and necessary costs and expenses of preserving AFGI's bankruptcy estate shall be allowed as administrative expenses pursuant to Section 503 of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Expense Allocation and Methodology.

(a) Compensation costs and accruals for compensation costs (including, but not limited to, base compensation, bonuses, severance and payroll taxes) for each shared services department shall be allocated among all Affiliates benefiting from such service department based on the percentage of time spent supporting the activities of each Affiliate. Shared services departments include, but are not limited to, legal, treasury, tax, financial control, risk management, internal audit, investment portfolio management and executive officers. The percentage of time spent supporting the activities of the Segregated Account of Ambac Assurance Corporation (the "Segregated Account"), Ambac and its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and AFGI and its subsidiaries (other than Ambac and its subsidiaries) on the other, shall be determined on the basis of individual time sheets. Individual time sheets shall be completed by each shared services department employee who supports the activities of the Segregated Account, Ambac and its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and AFGI and its subsidiaries (other than Ambac and its subsidiaries) on the other, as mutually determined by the parties.

(b) Overhead department costs (including, but not limited to, premises, depreciation and corporate insurance other than D&O insurance, as well as the total expenses of overhead departments) shall be allocated among all Affiliates based on the percentage of time spent by the shared services departments supporting the activities of each Affiliate. Overhead departments include, but are not limited to, administration, technology and human resources.

(c) Notwithstanding Sections 2(a) and 2(b) above, expenses incurred by any Affiliate relating to public disclosure and fresh start accounting in connection with the Bankruptcy Case (including compensation costs and all expenses arising from AFGI's disclosure obligations as a publicly traded company, including but not limited to operational and accounting expenses arising from the preparation of financial statements and other reporting requirements), D&O insurance, and director fees shall be allocated among all Affiliates benefiting from such matters in accordance with the methodologies set forth in Schedule B attached hereto.

(d) The expense allocation and methodology set forth in this Section 2 shall be implemented by the Affiliates no later than one hundred and twenty (120) days following the Effective Date. During this period, the Affiliates shall use reasonable efforts to implement the processes set forth in this Agreement while the necessary IT systems are modified to operate according to the expense allocation and methodology set forth in this Section 2.

3. Interim Payments by AFGI. Within twenty (20) days of the end of each month, Ambac shall provide to AFGI (i) an estimate of the amount of AFGI's expense allocation, which estimate may be based on AFGI's actual expense allocation for the immediately prior quarter, and (ii) the amount of any direct expenses of AFGI paid directly by Ambac during such month, which amounts contemplated by both clauses (i) and (ii) shall be paid by AFGI to Ambac within five (5) days of receipt.

4. Interim Payments by Ambac. Within twenty (20) days of the end of each month, AFGI shall provide to Ambac (i) an estimate of the amount of Ambac's expense allocation, which estimate may be based on Ambac's actual expense allocation for the immediately prior quarter, (ii) the amount of Ambac's expense allocation relating to the adversary proceeding initiated by AFGI as debtor in the Bankruptcy Case against the Internal Revenue Service (captioned Ambac Financial Group, Inc. vs. United States of America, Case No. 10-04210) (the "IRS Dispute") pursuant to Section 4 of the Mediation Agreement, and (iii) the amount of any direct expenses of Ambac paid directly by AFGI during such month, which amounts contemplated by clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) shall be paid by Ambac to AFGI within five (5) days of receipt.

5. Quarterly Actual Cost. Within fifty-five (55) days after the end of each quarter during the term of this Agreement, each of AFGI and Ambac shall calculate each Affiliate's expense allocation for each service department or function (including fees and expenses relating to the IRS Dispute pursuant to Section 4 of the Mediation Agreement), and prepare reports which provide the individual and aggregate expense allocation to each Affiliate (including AFGI and Ambac) for all service departments and functions for such quarter. The expense allocation for each Affiliate will be recorded to each Affiliate's intercompany account. All intercompany account balances, taking into account amounts paid pursuant to Sections 3 and 4, will be settled within sixty (60) days after the end of each quarter; provided, that any balance owed from the Segregated Account shall automatically reduce the principal amount of that certain Secured Note, dated as of March 24, 2010, by and between Ambac and the Segregated Account, in accordance with the terms thereof.

6. Reimbursement of AFGI Operating Expenses.

(a) Within fifty-five (55) days of the first day of the month in which the Effective Date occurs (the "Anniversary Date") and in which this Section 6 is in effect, beginning in the calendar year following the year in which the Effective Date occurs, AFGI shall provide to Ambac a report of the amount of expenses incurred by AFGI (pursuant to Sections 1 and 2) during the twelve months preceding such Anniversary Date. Within five (5) days of the receipt of such report, Ambac shall reimburse AFGI for such expenses to the extent that such amount does not exceed the per annum cap set forth in subsection (b) below.

(b) Until (and including) the fifth anniversary of the Anniversary Date, Ambac's obligation to reimburse reasonable operating expenses incurred by AFGI pursuant to subsection (a) shall be subject to a \$5 million per annum cap. Following the fifth anniversary of the Anniversary Date, Ambac shall, only with the approval of the Rehabilitator, reimburse such expenses incurred by AFGI pursuant to subsection (a), subject to a \$4 million per annum cap.

(c) AFGI shall prepare in good faith an annual operating expense budget (based on reasonable assumptions) for the forthcoming fiscal year, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Rehabilitator (each, an "Annual Budget"). As soon as available, and in any event within 30 days prior to the commencement of each calendar year, AFGI shall provide each Annual Budget to the Rehabilitator. Within forty-five (45) days after each March 31, June 30 and September 30, AFGI shall provide the Rehabilitator with a comparison (in form reasonably satisfactory to the Rehabilitator) of (a) actual expenses incurred through such date, and expenses

expected to be incurred from such date until the end of the then-current fiscal year, to (b) the projected expenses as set forth on the Annual Budget. AFGI's actual operating expenses shall not exceed the amounts set forth in the Annual Budget unless such excess expenses are reasonable.

(d) The provisions of this Section 6 shall have no further force or effect, upon the occurrence of any of the following:

(i) the conversion of the Bankruptcy Case to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, or the confirmation of a plan of reorganization that entails the liquidation of all or substantially all of AFGI's assets and the subsequent distribution of the proceeds of such assets to AFGI's creditors;

(ii) the filing of a new petition for relief under chapter 7 or chapter 11 of title 11 of the Bankruptcy Code by AFGI;

(iii) AFGI's taking or refraining from taking any action which impairs the ability of Ambac to continue to use net operating loss carryovers ("NOLs") made available for use by Ambac as set forth in AFGI's Plan of Reorganization filed in the Bankruptcy Case (the "Plan of Reorganization");

(iv) the imposition, under Section 382(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), of an annual "section 382 limitation" (within the meaning of Section 382(b) of the Code) of \$37.5 million or less on the use of NOLs available to the AAC Subgroup (as defined in the Amended and Restated Tax Sharing Agreement, effective on the Effective Date, by and among Ambac, AFGI and the other parties thereto (the "Tax Sharing Agreement");

(v) AFGI's material breach of, or its noncompliance with material obligations under, this Section 6 determined in accordance with procedures set forth in Section 9(b), or its material breach of, or its noncompliance with material obligations under the Mediation Agreement (as defined below), the Tax Sharing Agreement or the Cooperation Agreement (as amended by Amendment No. 1 to Cooperation Agreement), determined in accordance with procedures set forth in each respective agreement; provided, however, that any noncompliance by AFGI with its material obligations under this Section 6 or the aforementioned agreements which is primarily the result of any material breach of this Agreement or such other agreements by Ambac shall be excepted from the provisions of this subsection (d)(v);

(vi) A condition to the Closing Date (as defined in Section 11 of the Mediation Agreement) not being able to be satisfied;

(vii) at the option of Ambac, to the extent that none of the NOLs included in the Allocated NOLs Amount (as defined in the Tax Sharing Agreement) remains available for use by the AAC Subgroup; or

(viii) the Rehabilitator declining to approve the payment by Ambac or the Segregated Account to AFGI of reasonable operating expenses at any time after (but excluding) the fifth anniversary of the Effective Date.

7. Right of Offset. Notwithstanding Section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code or any other provisions of the Bankruptcy Code to the contrary, (i) Ambac will have the right to offset any amounts due from AFGI against cash or other assets owed to AFGI (in each case solely with respect to expenses incurred subsequent to November 8, 2010) without notice or further order of the Bankruptcy Court and AFGI will have the right to offset any amounts due from Ambac against cash or other assets owed to Ambac (in each case solely with respect to expenses incurred subsequent to November 8, 2010) without notice or further order of the Bankruptcy Court and (ii) Ambac will have the right to offset any amounts due from AFGI against cash or other assets owed to AFGI (in each case solely with respect to expenses incurred prior to November 8, 2010) without notice or further order of the Bankruptcy Court and AFGI will have the right to offset any amounts due from Ambac against cash or other assets owed to Ambac (in each case solely with respect to expenses incurred prior to November 8, 2010) without notice or further order of the Bankruptcy Court.

8. Binding Effect: Successors. This Agreement shall be binding upon the Affiliates and each Affiliate consents to the terms hereof and guarantees the performance of the agreements contained herein. Ambac and AFGI shall cause each of their future affiliates or subsidiaries to assent to the terms of this Agreement promptly after becoming an affiliate or subsidiary. Each Affiliate hereby assents to each new affiliate or subsidiary becoming a party to this Agreement and to each new affiliate or subsidiary being deemed to be an Affiliate hereunder. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon any successors or assigns of the parties hereto.

9. Termination and Enforcement.

(a) This Agreement shall be terminated on the happening of any of the following events:

(i) If each of Ambac and AFGI agree, in writing, to terminate this Agreement;

(ii) With respect to any Affiliate, if such Affiliate ceases to be an affiliate or subsidiary of Ambac for any reason; or

(iii) Upon the receipt of written direction from the Rehabilitator following (x) conversion of the Bankruptcy Case to a case under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (y) confirmation of a plan of reorganization that entails the liquidation of all or substantially all of AFGI's assets and the subsequent distribution of the proceeds of such assets to AFGI's creditors.

Notwithstanding the termination of this Agreement, its provisions will remain in effect with respect to amounts outstanding under this Agreement prior to its termination.

(b) In the event that AFGI believes Ambac or the Rehabilitator to be, or in the event that Ambac or the Rehabilitator believes AFGI to be, in material breach of, or otherwise not complying with their respective material obligations under, this agreement, such party shall provide the alleged breaching or non-complying party with a written notice (copied to their last known legal counsel) describing, in reasonable detail, the nature of the alleged breach or non-compliance. Following delivery of such written notice, the parties shall attempt, in good faith, to resolve their dispute. The party served with a notice of breach or non-compliance shall have 30 days to cure the alleged breach or non-compliance. In the event that there is no cure and the parties are unable to resolve their dispute, any party alleging such breach or non-compliance may, not less than 45 days following delivery of such written notice, seek a judgment from the Rehabilitation Court that the other party has breached this agreement. Solely for purposes of resolving such dispute, AFGI shall consent to the jurisdiction of the Rehabilitation Court. In the event that the Rehabilitation Court enters a final, non-appealable order in favor of any party alleging such breach or non-compliance, such party may ask the court to grant such further relief as the court deems appropriate in light of the nature and severity of the breach or non-performance, including specific performance, termination of the parties' obligations under this agreement and/or monetary damages.

10. Severability. If any one or more of the covenants, agreements, provisions or terms of this Agreement shall be for any reason whatsoever held invalid, then such covenants, agreements, provisions or terms shall be deemed severable from the remaining covenants, agreements, provisions and terms and shall in no way affect the validity or enforceability of the other provisions of this Agreement.

11. Transfers and Assigns. Neither this Agreement nor any interest or obligation in or under this Agreement may be transferred or assigned by any Affiliate without the prior written consent of both Ambac and AFGI.

12. Amendments. This Agreement, including any schedules, appendices and exhibits hereto, may be amended from time to time; provided, however, that any amendment shall not be effective unless it is in writing and signed by Ambac and AFGI.

13. Governing Law. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Wisconsin (without reference to choice of law doctrine).

14. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in more than one counterpart, each of which shall be deemed to be an original and all of which shall, together, constitute one and the same instrument.

15. Notices. Any notice or communication in respect of this Agreement shall be sufficiently given to a party if in writing and delivered in person, sent by recorded delivery or registered post or the equivalent (with return receipt requested) or by overnight courier or given by facsimile transmission, at the address or facsimile number set out in Schedule C attached hereto, or to such other address or facsimile number as shall be notified in writing by one party to the other. A notice or communication shall be deemed to be given:

(i) if delivered by hand or sent by overnight courier, on the day and at the time it is delivered or, if that day is not a business day, or if delivered after the close of business on a business day, at 9:00 a.m. (local time to the recipient) on the immediately following business day;

(ii) if sent by facsimile transmission or email, on the day and at the time the transmission is received or, if that is not a business day, or if received after the close of business on a business day, at 9:00 a.m. (local time to the recipient) on the immediately following business day; or

(iii) if sent by recorded delivery or registered post or the equivalent (return receipt requested), three business days after being sent.

16. Parties to this Agreement. Nothing herein shall in any manner create any obligations or establish any rights against any party to this Agreement in favor of any person not a party to this Agreement; provided, however, that the Rehabilitator shall be an express third party beneficiary of Section 2(c), subsections (b), (c) and (d) of Section 6 and Section 9 of this Agreement to the same extent as if it were a party to this Agreement.

17. Other Agreements. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between this Agreement and the provisions of the Mediation Agreement, dated as of September 21, 2011 (the "Mediation Agreement"), by and among AFGI, Ambac, the Segregated Account, the Rehabilitator, the OCI and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of Ambac Financial Group, Inc., the provisions of this Agreement shall govern. This Agreement supersedes all prior expense sharing and cost allocation agreements among the Affiliates, including, but not limited to, that certain Expense Sharing and Cost Allocation Agreement effective as of January 1, 1997 and that certain Expense Sharing And Cost Allocation Agreement dated as of January 1, 2007, and such prior agreements are hereby terminated.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank. Signatures to follow]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Affiliates have caused this Agreement to be duly executed and delivered as of the day and year first above written.

AMBAC ASSURANCE CORPORATION

By: _____
Name:
Title:

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

[Add Signature Blocks for other Affiliates]

SCHEDULE A

AFFILIATES

Ambac Financial Group, Inc.
Ambac Bermuda, Ltd.

Ambac Assurance Corporation
Segregated Account of Ambac Assurance Corporation
Connie Lee Holdings, Inc.
Everspan Financial Guarantee Corp.
Ambac Credit Products, LLC
Ambac Financial Services, LLC
Ambac Capital Corporation
Ambac Capital Funding, Inc.
Ambac Investments, Inc.

Ambac Conduit Funding, LLC
Aleutian Investments, LLC
Juneau Investments, LLC
Ambac Private Holdings, LLC
Ambac Capital Services, LLC
Contingent Capital Company, LLC
SP Note Investor I, LLC
AE Global Holding, LLC
AE Global Asset Funding, LLC
AE Global Investments, LLC
AME Holdings, LLC
AME Asset Funding, LLC
AME Investments, LLC
Ambac Asset Funding Corporation
Ambac AII Corp.

SCHEDULE B

NON-COMPENSATION EXPENSE ALLOCATION METHODOLOGY

The expenses incurred by any Affiliate with respect to the matters set forth below shall be allocated among the Affiliates benefitting from such matter as follows, with calculations made as of the first business day of the applicable quarter:

Matter	Allocation Basis
Public Disclosure Costs	50% allocated to Ambac and 50% allocated to AFGI for any such costs incurred following the Signing Date (as defined in the Mediation Agreement)
Fresh Start Accounting Costs	50% allocated to Ambac (but not to exceed \$1 million) and 50% allocated to AFGI (but in any event all amounts in excess of \$2 million) for any such costs incurred, whether before or after the Signing Date
D&O Insurance	<p>82.5% allocated to Ambac and 17.5% allocated to AFGI for the policy ending on July 18, 2012.</p> <p>For all subsequent policies, Ambac shall request an independent broker to estimate pricing for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) a policy for Ambac directors and officers solely in their capacity as Ambac directors and officers, and(ii) a policy for Ambac and AFGI directors and officers in their respective capacities as both Ambac and AFGI directors and officers, as applicable. <p>To the extent that pricing for (ii) exceeds the pricing for (i), such excess shall be allocated to AFGI.</p> <p>In the event that such pricing is not available for any policy year, costs shall be allocated on the same percentage basis as the prior policy year.</p> <p>Any D&O tail insurance or other insurance policy required by the Bankruptcy Court or by the plan of reorganization in the Bankruptcy case shall be 50% allocated to Ambac (but not to exceed \$2.5 million) and 50% allocated to AFGI (but in any event all amounts in excess of \$5 million) for any such costs incurred following the Signing Date.</p>

<p>Director Fees</p>	<p>With respect to the annual retainer, (i) for Ambac directors who do not serve on the board of AFGI, 100% allocated to Ambac and, (ii) for Ambac directors who serve on the board of AFGI, 50% allocated to Ambac and 50% allocated to AFGI.</p> <p>With respect to meeting fees, each of Ambac and AFGI shall pay the fees relating to its respective board and committee meetings; provided, that in the case of a joint meeting of the boards or committees of Ambac and AFGI, (i) for Ambac directors who do not serve on the board of AFGI, 100% allocated to Ambac and, (ii) for Ambac directors who serve on the board of AFGI, 50% allocated to Ambac and 50% allocated to AFGI.</p> <p>With respect to committee chair fees, (i) for joint committee chair fees between Ambac and AFGI, 50% allocated to Ambac and 50% allocated to AFGI, (ii) for Ambac-only committee chair fees, 100% allocated to Ambac, and (iii) for AFGI-only committee chair fees, 100% allocated to AFGI.</p>
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SCHEDULE C

NOTICES

[Add notice information for each Affiliate listed in Schedule A]

EXHIBIT D

New By-Laws

BY-LAWS
OF
AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
(EFFECTIVE [●])

ARTICLE I

OFFICES

Section 1.01. *Registered Office.* The registered office of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. (the “**Corporation**”) in the State of Delaware shall be at the principal office of The Corporation Trust Company in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle, and the registered agent in charge thereof shall be The Corporation Trust Company.

Section 1.02. *Other Offices.* The Corporation may also have an office or offices at any other place or places within or without the State of Delaware as the Board of Directors of the Corporation (the “**Board**”) may from time to time determine or the business of the Corporation may from time to time require.

ARTICLE II

MEETINGS OF STOCKHOLDERS

Section 2.01. *Annual Meetings.* The annual meeting of Stockholders (as defined in Section 2.04) of the Corporation for the election of directors of the Corporation (“**Directors**”), and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting, shall be held at such place, date and time as shall be fixed by the Board and designated in the notice or waiver of notice of such annual meeting.

Section 2.02. *Special Meetings.* Special meetings of Stockholders for any purpose or purposes may be called by the Board or the Chairman of the Board of the Corporation (the “**Chairman**”), the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation (the “**CEO**”), the President of the Corporation (the “**President**”), the Secretary of the Corporation (the “**Secretary**”) or the recordholders of 25% or more of the shares of common stock of the Corporation issued and outstanding (“**Shares**”), to be held at such place, date and time as shall be designated in the notice or waiver of notice thereof. Business transacted at all special meetings shall be confined to the objects stated in the notice of special meeting.

Section 2.03. *Fixing Date for Determination of Stockholders of Record.* In order that the Corporation may determine the Stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of Stockholders or any adjournment thereof, or to express consent to, or to dissent from, corporate action in writing without a meeting, or entitled to receive payment of any dividend or other distribution or allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change,

conversion or exchange of stock, or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board may fix, in advance, a record date, which shall not be more than 60 nor less than 10 days before the date of such meeting, nor more than 60 days prior to any other such action. A determination of the Stockholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of Stockholders shall apply to any adjournment of such meeting; provided, however, that the Board may fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

Section 2.04. *Notice of Meetings.*

(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, written notice of each annual or special meeting of Stockholders stating the place, date and time of such meeting and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose or purposes for which such meeting is to be held, shall be given to each recordholder of Shares entitled to vote thereat, not less than 10 nor more than 90 days before the date of such meeting. If mailed, such notice shall be deemed to be given when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, directed to the recordholder of Shares (a “**Stockholder**”) at such Stockholder’s address as it appears on the records of the Corporation. Without limiting the manner by which notice may otherwise be given effectively to Stockholders, notice of meetings may be given to Stockholders by means of electronic transmission in accordance with applicable law.

(b) Notice of a special meeting of Stockholders may be given by the person or persons calling the meeting, or, upon the written request of such person or persons, such notice shall be given by the Secretary on behalf of such person or persons. If the person or persons calling a special meeting of Stockholders give notice thereof, such person or persons shall deliver a copy of such notice to the Secretary. Each request to the Secretary for the giving of notice of a special meeting of Stockholders shall state the purpose or purposes of such meeting.

Section 2.05. *Waiver of Notice.* Notice of any annual or special meeting of Stockholders need not be given to any Stockholder who files a written waiver of notice with the Secretary, signed by the person entitled to notice whether before or after such meeting. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any meeting of Stockholders need to be specified in any written waiver of notice thereof. Attendance of a Stockholder at a meeting, in person or by proxy, shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except when such Stockholder attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the notice of such meeting was inadequate or improperly given.

Section 2.06. *Adjournments.* Whenever a meeting of Stockholders, annual or special, is adjourned to another date, time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the date, time and place thereof are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken. If the adjournment is for more than 30 days, or if after the adjournment a new record date is fixed for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each Stockholder entitled to vote thereat. At the adjourned meeting, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the original meeting. Any previously scheduled meeting of the Stockholders may be postponed, and, unless the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation (the “**Certificate of Incorporation**”) otherwise provides, any special meeting of the Stockholders, other than special meetings called by the stockholders in accordance with Section

2.02, may be canceled, by resolution of the Board upon public notice given prior to the date previously scheduled for such meeting.

Section 2.07. *Quorum.* Except as otherwise provided by law or the Certificate of Incorporation, the recordholders of a majority of the Shares entitled to vote thereat, present in person or by proxy, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all meetings of Stockholders, whether annual or special. If, however, such quorum shall not be present in person or by proxy at any meeting of Stockholders, the presiding officer at the meeting of the Stockholders entitled to vote thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time in accordance with Section 2.06 hereof until a quorum shall be present in person or by proxy.

Section 2.08. *Voting.* Except as otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation, each Stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each Share held of record by such Stockholder. Except as otherwise provided by law or the Certificate of Incorporation, when a quorum is present at any meeting of Stockholders, the vote of the recordholders of a majority of the Shares constituting such quorum shall decide any question brought before such meeting. If any class or series of the Corporation's capital stock shall be entitled to more or less than one vote for any Share, on any matter for which such class or series is entitled to vote with one or more other classes or series, together as one class, every reference in these By-laws and in any relevant provision of law to a majority or other proportion of stock shall refer to such majority or other proportion of the votes of such stock.

Section 2.09. *Proxies.* Each Stockholder entitled to vote at a meeting of Stockholders or to express, in writing, consent to or dissent from any action of Stockholders without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for such Stockholder by proxy. Such authorization must be in writing and executed by the Stockholder or his or her authorized officer, director, employee or agent. No proxy shall be voted or acted upon more than three years from its date, unless the proxy provides for a longer period. Each proxy shall be delivered to the inspectors of election prior to or at the meeting. A duly executed proxy shall be irrevocable if it states that it is irrevocable and if, and only as long as, it is coupled with an interest sufficient in law to support an irrevocable power. A Stockholder may revoke any proxy which is not irrevocable by attending the meeting and voting in person or by filing an instrument in writing revoking the proxy or by filing a subsequent duly executed proxy with the Secretary. Unless a greater number of affirmative votes is required by the Certificate of Incorporation, these By-laws, the rules or regulations of any stock exchange applicable to the Corporation, or as otherwise required by law or pursuant to any regulation applicable to the Corporation, if a quorum exists at any meeting of Stockholders, Stockholders shall have approved any matter, other than the election of directors, if the votes cast by Stockholders present in person or represented by proxy at the meeting and entitled to vote on the matter in favor of such matter exceed the votes cast by such Stockholders against such matter. Directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast.

Section 2.10. *Chairman and Secretary at Meetings.* At any meeting of Stockholders, the Chairman, or in his absence, the President, or if neither such person is available, then a person designated by the Board, shall preside at and act as chairman of the meeting. The Secretary, or in his absence a person designated by the chairman of the meeting, shall act as secretary of the meeting.

Section 2.11. *Inspectors of Election.* The votes at each meeting of Stockholders shall be supervised by not less than two inspectors of election who shall decide all questions respecting the qualification of voters, the validity of the proxies and the acceptance or rejection of votes. The Board shall, in advance of any meeting of Stockholders, appoint two or more inspectors of election to act at the meeting and make a written report thereof. The Board may designate one or more persons as alternate inspectors to replace any inspector who fails to act. In the event that there are less than two inspectors present and acting at any meeting, the chairman of the meeting shall appoint an additional inspector or inspectors so that there shall always be at least two inspectors to act at the meeting. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of this or her duties, shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of inspector with strict impartiality and according to the best of his or her ability.

Section 2.12. *List of Stockholders.* A complete list of the Stockholders entitled to vote at each meeting of Stockholders, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address and number of Shares registered in the name of each Stockholder, shall be prepared and made available for examination during regular business hours by any Stockholder for any purpose germane to the meeting. The list shall be available for such examination for a period of not less than ten days prior to the meeting and during the whole time of the meeting either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of meeting or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held.

Section 2.13. *Notice of Stockholder Business.* At an annual meeting of the Stockholders, only such business shall be conducted as shall have been brought before the meeting (a) by or at the direction of the Board or (b) by any Stockholder who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 2.13. For business to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a Stockholder, the Stockholder must have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation. To be timely, a Stockholder's notice must be delivered to or mailed and received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation, not less than sixty days nor more than ninety days prior to the meeting; provided, however, that in the event that less than seventy days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to the Stockholders, notice by the Stockholder to be timely must be received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made. A Stockholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth as to each matter the Stockholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting (a) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting; (b) the name and address, as they appear on the Corporation's books, of the Stockholder proposing such business; (c) the class and number of Shares of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by the Stockholder; and (d) any material interest of the Stockholder in such business. Notwithstanding anything in these By-laws to the contrary, no business shall be conducted at an annual meeting except in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 2.13. The chairman of an annual meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that business was not properly brought before the meeting and in accordance with the provisions of this Section 2.13, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and any such business not properly brought before the meeting shall not be transacted. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 2.13, a Stockholder seeking to have a proposal included in the Corporation's proxy

statement shall comply with the requirements of Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (including, but not limited to, Rule 14a-8 or its successor provision.)

Section 2.14. *Notice of Stockholder Nominees.* Only persons who are nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in these By-laws shall be eligible for election as Directors. Nominations of persons for election to the Board may be made at a meeting of Stockholders (a) by or at the direction of the Board or (b) by any Stockholder entitled to vote for the election of Directors at the meeting who complies with the notice procedures set forth in this Section 2.14. Nominations by Stockholders shall be made pursuant to timely notice in writing to the Secretary of the Corporation. To be timely, a Stockholder's notice shall be delivered to or mailed and received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not less than sixty days nor more than ninety days prior to the meeting; *provided, however*, that in the event that less than seventy days' notice or prior public disclosure of the date of the meeting is given or made to Stockholders, notice by the Stockholder to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the 10th day following the day on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or such public disclosure was made. Such nominations and written notice of any nominations by Stockholders under this section shall contain the following information: (a) name, residence and business address of the nominating Stockholder; (b) a representation that the Stockholder is a record holder or beneficial owner of the Corporation's voting shares and a statement of the number of such shares; (c) a representation that the Stockholder intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to nominate the individuals specified in the notice, if the nominations are to be made at a meeting of Stockholders; (d) information regarding each nominee such as would be required to be included in a proxy statement or is otherwise required, in each case pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**"); (e) a description of all arrangements or understandings between and among the Stockholder and each and every nominee; and (f) the written consent of each nominee to serve as a Director, if elected. The chairman of the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination was not made in accordance with the procedures prescribed by these By-laws, and if he should so determine, he shall so declare to the meeting and the defective nomination shall be disregarded.

Section 2.15. *Stockholders' Consent in Lieu of Meeting.*

(a) Consents to Corporate Action. Any action which is required to be or may be taken at any annual or special meeting of Stockholders, subject to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of this Section 2.15, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote if consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall have been signed by the holders of the outstanding Shares having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or to take such action at a meeting at which all Shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted; *provided, however*, that prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting and by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those Stockholders who have not consented in writing.

(b) Determination of Record Date of Action by Written Consent. The record date for determining Stockholders entitled to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting shall be fixed by the Board. Any Stockholder of record seeking to have the Stockholders authorize or take corporate action by written consent without a meeting shall, by written notice to

the Secretary, request the Board to fix a record date. Upon receipt of such a request, the Secretary shall place such request before the Board at its next regularly scheduled meeting, provided, however, that if the Stockholder represents in such request that he intends, and is prepared, to commence a consent solicitation as soon as is permitted by the Exchange Act, and the regulations thereunder and other applicable law, the Secretary shall, as promptly as practicable, call a special meeting of the Board, which meeting shall be held as promptly as practicable. At such regular or special meeting, the Board shall fix a record date as provided in Section 213(a) (or its successor provision) of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the “**General Corporation Law**”). Should the Board fail to fix a record date as provided for in this Subsection (b), then the record date shall be the day on which the first written consent is expressed.

(c) Procedures for Written Consent. In the event of the delivery to the Corporation of a written consent or consents purporting to represent the requisite voting power to authorize or take corporate action and/or related revocations, the Secretary shall provide for safekeeping of such consents and revocations and shall, as promptly as practicable, engage nationally recognized independent judges of election for the purpose of promptly performing a ministerial review of the validity of the consents and revocations. No action by written consent and without a meeting shall be effective until such judges have completed their review, determined that the requisite number of valid and unrevoked consents has been obtained to authorize or take action specified in the consents, and certified such determination for entry in the records of the Corporation kept for the purpose of recording the proceedings of meetings of Stockholders.

ARTICLE III

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 3.01. *General Powers.* The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by the Board, which may exercise all such powers of the Corporation and do all such lawful acts and things as are not by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws directed or required to be exercised or done by Stockholders.

Section 3.02. *Number and Term of Office.* Prior to the first annual meeting of the Stockholders, the Board shall consist of the Corporation’s CEO (as defined herein) and four interim Directors selected on the date hereof by the Stockholders. Following the first annual meeting of the Stockholders, the Board shall consist of the Corporation’s CEO and four additional directors, or such other number as shall be fixed from time to time by the Board. Directors need not be Stockholders. Directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of Stockholders, and each Director shall hold office until his successor is elected and qualified, or until his earlier death or resignation or removal in the manner hereinafter provided.

Section 3.03. *Resignation.* Any Director may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board, the Chairman or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified in such notice or, if the time is not specified, upon receipt thereof by the Board, the Chairman or the Secretary, as the case may be. Unless otherwise specified therein, acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

Section 3.04. *Removal.* Any or all of the Directors may be removed, with or without cause, at any time by vote of the recordholders of a majority of the Shares then entitled to vote at an election of Directors, or by written consent of the recordholders of Shares pursuant to Section 2.15 hereof.

Section 3.05. *Vacancies.* Vacancies occurring on the Board as a result of the removal of Directors without cause may be filled only by vote of the recordholders of a majority of the Shares then entitled to vote at an election of Directors, or by written consent of such recordholders pursuant to Section 2.15 hereof. Vacancies occurring on the Board for any other reason, including, without limitation, vacancies occurring as a result of the creation of new directorships that increase the number of Directors, may be filled by such vote or written consent or by vote of the Board or by written consent of the Directors pursuant to Section 3.09 hereof. If the number of Directors then in office is less than quorum, such other vacancies may be filled by vote of a majority of the Directors then in office or by written consent of all such Directors pursuant to Section 3.09 hereof. Unless earlier removed pursuant to Section 3.04 hereof, each Director chosen in accordance with this Section 3.05 shall hold office until the next annual election of Directors by the Stockholders and until his successor shall be elected and qualified.

Section 3.06. *The Chairman.* The Chairman of the Board may also be the Chief Executive Officer or any other officer of the Corporation. The Chairman shall be appointed by a majority of the directors of the Board of Directors and shall be designated by the Board as either a Non-Executive Chairman or in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.01 of these By-laws, an Executive Chairman of the Board. (References in these By-laws to the "Chairman" shall mean the Non-Executive Chairman or Executive Chairman, as designated by the Board). The Chairman shall have the power to call special meetings of Stockholders, to call special meetings of the Board and, if present, to preside at all meetings of Stockholders and all meetings of the Board. The Chairman shall perform all duties incident to the office of Chairman and all such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board or these By-laws.

Section 3.07. *Meetings.*

(a) Annual Meetings. As soon as practicable after each annual election of Directors by the Stockholders, the Board shall meet for the purpose of organization and the transaction of other business, unless it shall have transacted all such business by written consent pursuant to Section 3.09 hereof.

(b) Stated Meetings. The Board may provide for stated meetings of the Board.

(c) Other Meetings. Other meetings of the Board shall be held at such times as the Chairman, the President, the Secretary or a majority of the Board shall from time to time determine.

(d) Notice of Meetings. No notice need be given of any organization or stated meeting of the Board for which the date, hour and place have been fixed by the Board. The Secretary shall give written notice to each Director of each other organization and stated meeting and of all special meetings of the Board, which notice shall state the place, date, time and purpose of such meeting. Notice of each such meeting shall be given to each Director, if by mail,

addressed to him at his residence or usual place of business, at least two days before the day on which such meeting is to be held, or shall be sent to him at such place by facsimile or other form of recorded communication, or be delivered personally or by telephone or e-mail not later than the day before the day on which such meeting is to be held. A written waiver of notice, signed by the Director entitled to notice, whether before or after the time of the meeting referred to in such waiver, shall be deemed equivalent to notice. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of any meeting of the Board need be specified in any written waiver of notice thereof. Attendance of a Director at a meeting of the Board shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except as provided by law.

(e) Place of Meetings. The Board may hold its meetings at such place or places within or without the State of Delaware as the Board or the Chairman may from time to time determine, or as shall be designated in the respective notices or waivers of notice of such meetings.

(f) Quorum and Manner of Acting. A majority of the total number of Directors then in office (but in no event less than three Directors) shall be present in person at any meeting of the Board in order to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at such meeting, and the vote of a majority of those Directors present at any such meeting at which a quorum is present shall be necessary for the passage of any resolution or act of the Board, except as otherwise expressly required by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-laws. In the absence of a quorum for any such meeting, a majority of the Directors present thereat may adjourn such meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be present.

(g) Organization. At each meeting of the Board, one of the following shall act as chairman of the meeting and preside, in the following order of precedence:

- (i) the Chairman;
- (ii) the President;
- (iii) any Director chosen by a majority of the Directors present.

The Secretary or, in the case of his absence, any person (who shall be an Assistant Secretary, if an Assistant Secretary is present) whom the chairman of the meeting shall appoint shall act as secretary of such meeting and keep the minutes thereof.

Section 3.08. *Committees of the Board.* The Board may designate one or more committees, each committee to consist of one or more Directors. The Board may designate one or more Directors as alternate members of any committee, who may replace any absent or disqualified member at any meeting of such committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of a committee, the member or members thereof present at any meeting and not disqualified from voting, whether or not he or they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another Director to act at the meeting in the place of any such absent or disqualified member. A majority of the members of any committee of the Board shall be present in person at any meeting of the committee in order to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at such meeting, and the act of a majority of the members present at any such meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the committee. In the absence of a quorum for any such

meeting, a majority of the members present thereat may adjourn such meeting from time to time until a quorum shall be present. Any committee of the Board, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board designating such committee, shall have and may exercise all the powers and authority of the Board in the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation, and may authorize the seal of the Corporation to be affixed to all papers which may require it; *provided, however*, that no such committee shall have such power or authority in reference to the following matters: (i) approving or adopting, or recommending to the stockholders, any action or matter expressly required by the General Corporation Law to be submitted to stockholders for approval or (ii) adopting, amending or repealing these By-laws. In addition, each committee of the Board so appointed may appoint a sub-committee of the Board in furtherance of the duties delegated to it by the Board. Each committee of the Board shall keep regular minutes of its proceedings and report the same to the Board when so requested by the Board.

Section 3.09. *Directors' Consent in Lieu of Meeting.* Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board or of any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed, including by electronic signature, by all the members of the Board or such committee and such consent is filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board or such committee.

Section 3.10. *Action by Means of Telephone or Similar Communications Equipment.* Any one or more members of the Board, or of any committee thereof, may participate in a meeting of the Board or such committee by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, and participation in a meeting by such means shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

Section 3.11. *Compensation.* Unless otherwise restricted by the Certificate of Incorporation, the Board may determine the compensation of Directors. In addition, as determined by the Board, Directors may be reimbursed by the Corporation for their expenses, if any, in the performance of their duties as Directors. No such compensation or reimbursement shall preclude any Director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore.

ARTICLE IV

OFFICERS

Section 4.01. *Officers.* The officers of the Corporation shall be the President, the Secretary and a Treasurer and may include one or more of the following: a Chairman, Vice Chairmen, Vice Presidents, Managing Directors and Assistant Secretaries. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person provided that the office of President and Secretary shall not be held by the same person. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Board may designate the Chairman of the Board, as an Executive Chairman, in which case such person shall be an officer of the Corporation and shall have, in addition to the duties set forth in these By-laws, such powers and authority as determined by the Board. If the Chief Executive Officer is absent or incapacitated, the Board or any committee designated by the Board for such purpose

shall determine the person who shall have all the power and authority of the Chief Executive Officer.

Section 4.02. *Authority and Duties.* All officers shall have such authority and perform such duties in the management of the Corporation as may be provided in these By-laws or, to the extent not so provided, by resolution of the Board.

Section 4.03. *Term of Office, Resignation and Removal.*

(a) Each officer shall be appointed by the Board and shall hold office for such term as may be determined by the Board. Each officer shall hold office until his successor has been appointed and qualified or his earlier death or resignation or removal in the manner hereinafter provided. The Board may require any officer to give security for the faithful performance of his duties.

(b) Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board, the President or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified in such notice or, if the time be not specified, upon receipt thereof by the Board, the President or the Secretary, as the case may be. Unless otherwise specified therein, acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

(c) All officers and agents appointed by the Board shall be subject to removal, with or without cause, at any time by the Board or by the action of the recordholders of a majority of the Shares entitled to vote thereon

Section 4.04. *Vacancies.* Any vacancy occurring in any office of the Corporation, for any reason, shall be filled by action of the Board. Unless earlier removed pursuant to Section 4.03 hereof, any officer appointed by the Board to fill any such vacancy shall serve only until such time as the unexpired term of his predecessor expires unless reappointed by the Board.

Section 4.05. *The Chief Executive Officer.* The CEO shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation and shall have general and active management and control of the business and affairs of the Corporation, subject to the control of the Board, and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect. The CEO shall have the power to call special meetings of Stockholders, to call special meetings of the Board and, if present and only in the absence of the Chairman, to preside at all meetings of Stockholders and all meetings of the Board. The CEO shall perform all duties incident to the office of CEO and all such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board or these By-laws.

Section 4.06. *The President.* The President shall be the chief operating officer of the Corporation and shall have general and active management and control the operations of the Corporation, subject to the control of the Board, and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect. The President shall perform all duties incident to the office of President and all such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board or these By-laws.

Section 4.07. *Vice Chairmen, Vice Presidents and Managing Directors.* Vice Chairmen, Vice Presidents and Managing Directors, if any, in order of their seniority or in any other order

determined by the Board, shall generally assist the President and perform such other duties as the Board or the President shall prescribe, and in the absence or disability of the President, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President. A Managing Director may be designated as a Senior Managing Director. A Vice President may be designated as an Executive Vice President, a Senior Vice President, a First Vice President, a Vice President or an Assistant Vice President.

Section 4.08. *The Secretary.* The Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, attend all meetings of the Board and all meetings of Stockholders and shall record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall perform the same duties for any committee of the Board when so requested by such committee. He or she shall give or cause to be given notice of all meetings of Stockholders and of the Board, shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board, the Chairman or the President and shall act under the supervision of the Chairman and the President. He or she shall keep in safe custody the seal of the Corporation and affix the same to any instrument that requires that the seal be affixed to it and which shall have been duly authorized for signature in the name of the Corporation and, when so affixed, the seal shall be attested by his or her signature or by the signature of the Treasurer of the Corporation (the “**Treasurer**”) or an Assistant Secretary of the Corporation. He or she shall keep in safe custody the certificate books and stockholder records and such other books and records of the Corporation as the Board, the Chairman or the President may direct and shall perform all other duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him or her by the Board, the Chairman or the President.

Section 4.09. *Assistant Secretaries.* Assistant Secretaries of the Corporation (“**Assistant Secretaries**”), if any, in order of their seniority or in any other order determined by the Board, shall generally assist the Secretary and perform such other duties as the Board or the Secretary shall prescribe, and, in the absence or disability of the Secretary, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary.

Section 4.10. *The Treasurer.* The Treasurer shall have the care and custody of all the funds of the Corporation and shall deposit such funds in such banks or other depositories as the Board, or any officer or officers, or any officer and agent jointly, duly authorized by the Board, shall, from time to time, direct or approve. He shall disburse the funds of the Corporation under the direction of the Board and the President. He shall keep a full and accurate account of all moneys received and paid on account of the Corporation and shall render a statement of his accounts whenever the Board, the Chairman or the President shall so request. He shall perform all other necessary actions and duties in connection with the administration of the financial affairs of the Corporation and shall generally perform all the duties usually appertaining to the office of treasurer of a corporation. When required by the Board, he shall give bonds for the faithful discharge of his duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board shall approve.

Section 4.11. *Assistant Treasurers.* Assistant Treasurers of the Corporation (“**Assistant Treasurers**”), if any, in order of their seniority or in any other order determined by the Board, shall generally assist the Treasurer and perform such other duties as the Board or the Treasurer shall prescribe, and, in the absence or disability of the Treasurer, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Treasurer.

ARTICLE V

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES AND PROXIES

Section 5.01. *Checks, Drafts and Notes.* All checks, drafts and other orders for the payment of money, notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of the Corporation shall be signed by such officer or officers, agent or agents of the Corporation and in such manner as shall be determined from time to time, by resolution of the Board.

Section 5.02. *Execution of Proxies.* The President, or, in the absence or disability of both of them, any Vice Chairman, Vice President or Managing Director, may authorize, from time to time, the execution and issuance of proxies to vote shares of stock or other securities of other corporations held of record by the Corporation and the execution of consents to action taken or to be taken by any such corporation. All such proxies and consents, unless otherwise authorized by the Board, shall be signed in the name of the Corporation by the President or any Vice Chairman, Vice President or Managing Director.

ARTICLE VI

SHARES AND TRANSFERS OF SHARES

Section 6.01. *Certificates Evidencing Shares.* Shares shall be (1) evidenced by certificates in such form or forms as shall be approved by the Board or (2) held in uncertificated form. Each registered holder shall be provided a certificate of stock representing the number of shares owned by such holder.

If certificates of stock are issued, they shall be issued in consecutive order and shall be numbered in the order of their issue, and shall be signed by the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer, the President or any Vice Chairman, Vice President or Managing Director and by the Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, or the Treasurer; *provided* that if such a certificate is manually signed by one such officer, any other signature on the certificate may be a facsimile and, if such a certificate is countersigned by a transfer agent or registrar other than the Corporation or its employee, any other signature on the certificate may be a facsimile. No certificate for a fractional share of Common Stock shall be issued. In the event any such officer who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall have ceased to hold such office or to be employed by the Corporation before such certificate is issued, such certificate may be issued by the Corporation with the same effect as if such officer had held such office on the date of issue.

Section 6.02. *Transfers of Shares.* Subject to Article XI of the Certificate of Incorporation, Transfers of Shares shall be made upon the books of the Corporation: (1) upon presentation of the certificates by the registered holder in person or by duly authorized attorney, or upon presentation of proper evidence of succession, assignment or authority to transfer the stock, and upon surrender of the appropriate certificate(s); or (2) in the case of uncertificated shares, upon receipt of proper transfer instructions from the registered owner of such

uncertificated shares, or from a duly authorized attorney or from an individual presenting proper evidence of succession, assignment or authority to transfer the stock. The Corporation may impose such additional conditions to the transfer of its Shares as may be necessary or appropriate for compliance with applicable law or to protect the Corporation, a Transfer Agent or the Registrar from liability with respect to such transfer.

Section 6.03. *Holder of Record.* The Corporation shall be entitled to treat the holder of any Share or Shares of stock as the holder in fact thereof and accordingly shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such share or on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, save as expressly provided by the laws of the State of Delaware.

Section 6.04. *Addresses of Stockholders.* Each Stockholder shall designate to the Corporation an address at which notices of meetings and all other corporate notices may be served or mailed to such Stockholder, and, if any Stockholder shall fail to so designate such an address, corporate notices may be served upon such Stockholder by mail directed to the mailing address, if any, as the same appears in the stock ledger of the Corporation or at the last known mailing address of such Stockholder.

Section 6.05. *Lost, Destroyed and Mutilated Certificates.* Each recordholder of Shares shall promptly notify the Corporation of any loss, destruction or mutilation of any certificate or certificates evidencing any Share or Shares of which he is the recordholder. The Board, in its discretion, or any transfer agent thereunto duly authorized by the Board, may authorize the issue of a new certificate in place of any certificate theretofore issued and alleged to have been mutilated, lost, stolen or destroyed, upon the surrender of the mutilated certificate or, in the case of loss, theft or destruction of the certificate, upon satisfactory proof of such loss, theft or destruction, and the Board may, in its discretion, require, and its transfer agents and registrars may so require, the recordholder of the Shares evidenced by the lost, stolen or destroyed certificate or his legal representative to give the Corporation a bond sufficient to indemnify the Corporation against any claim made against it on account of the alleged loss, theft or destruction of any such certificate or the issuance of such new certificate.

Section 6.06. *Regulations.* The Board may make such other rules and regulations as it may deem expedient, not inconsistent with these By-laws, concerning the issue, transfer and registration of certificates evidencing Shares.

ARTICLE VII

SEAL

Section 7.01. *Seal.* The Board may approve and adopt a corporate seal, which shall be in the form of a circle and shall bear the full name of the Corporation, the year of its incorporation and the words "Corporate Seal Delaware".

ARTICLE VIII

FISCAL YEAR

Section 8.01. *Fiscal Year.* The fiscal year of the Corporation shall end on the thirty-first day of December of each year unless changed by resolution of the Board.

ARTICLE IX

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OTHERS, AND INSURANCE

Section 9.01. *Indemnification.*

(a) The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, other than an action by or in the right of the Corporation, by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of *nolo contendere* or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person seeking indemnification did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

(b) The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the Corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

(c) To the extent that a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in Section 9.01(a) and (b) of these By-laws, or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, he shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection therewith.

(d) Any indemnification under Section 9.01(a) and (b) of these By-laws (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the Corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in Section 9.01(a) and (b) of these By-laws. Such determination shall be made (i) by the Board by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding, or (ii) if such a quorum is not obtainable, or, even if obtainable, a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (iii) by the stockholders of the Corporation.

(e) Expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by a director or officer in defending any civil, criminal, administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he is not entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation authorized in this Article IX. Such expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by other employees and agents may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the Board deems appropriate.

(f) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, other Sections of this Article IX shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any law, by-law, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in an official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office.

(g) For purposes of this Article IX, references to the "Corporation" shall include, in addition to the resulting corporation, any constituent corporation (including any constituent of a constituent) absorbed in a consolidation or merger which, if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its directors, officers, employees or agents so that any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of such constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall stand in the same position under the provisions of this Article IX with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as he would have with respect to such constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued.

(h) For purposes of this Article IX, references to "other enterprises" shall include employee benefit plans, references to "fines" shall include any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to an employee benefit plan; and references to "serving at the request of the Corporation" shall include any service as a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation which imposes duties on, or involves service by, such director, officer, employee or agent with respect to any employee benefit plan, its participants, or beneficiaries; and a person

who acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan shall be deemed to have acted in a manner “not opposed to the best interests of the Corporation” as referred to in this Article IX.

(i) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this Article IX shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

Section 9.02. *Insurance for Indemnification.* The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under the provisions of Section 145 of the General Corporation Law.

ARTICLE X

AMENDMENTS

Section 10.01. *Amendments.* Any By-law may be adopted, amended or repealed by vote of the Board or by a written consent of Directors pursuant to Section 3.09 hereof. The stockholders, at a meeting at which a quorum of stockholders is present, may also adopt, amend or repeal any By-law, whether adopted by them or otherwise, but only upon the affirmative vote of the recordholders of a majority of the Shares, present at such meeting in person or represented by proxy.

EXHIBIT E

New Certificate of Incorporation

AMENDED AND RESTATED CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

OF

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

Ambac Financial Group, Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware (the “**Corporation**”), DOES HEREBY CERTIFY as follows:

1. The name of the Corporation is Ambac Financial Group Inc. The Corporation was originally incorporated under the name of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and the original Certificate of Incorporation was filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on April 29, 1991.

2. On July 11, 1997, in the manner prescribed by Section 242 and 245 of the General Corporation law of the State of Delaware, the certificate of incorporation, was amended and restated by an amended and restated Certificate of Incorporation by resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors and the stockholders of the Corporation pursuant to Section 141 and 228 of the General Corporation law of the State of Delaware, which Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation was subsequently amended by amendments filed on May 13, 1998, May 28, 2004 and June 20, 2008 (the “**Restated Certificate of Incorporation**”).

3. Pursuant to Sections 242 and 245 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (this “**Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation**”) restates and integrates and further amends the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation.

4. The text of the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation is hereby restated and further amended to read in its entirety as follows:

ARTICLE I

NAME

The name of the corporation is Ambac Financial Group, Inc. (the “**Corporation**”).

ARTICLE II

REGISTERED OFFICE AND REGISTERED AGENT

The address of the registered office of the Corporation in the State of Delaware is Corporation Trust Center, 1209 Orange Street, in the City of Wilmington, County of New Castle. The name of the registered agent of the Corporation at such address is The Corporation Trust Company.

ARTICLE III

CORPORATE PURPOSE

The purpose of the Corporation is to engage in any lawful act or activity for which corporations may be organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the “**General Corporation Law**”).

ARTICLE IV

CAPITAL STOCK

Section 4.01. *Authorized Capital.* The total number of shares of all classes of stock that the Corporation shall have authority to issue is [●], consisting of [●] shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the “**Common Stock**”), and [●] shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the “**Preferred Stock**”). To the extent prohibited by Section 1123(a)(6) of Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code (the “**Bankruptcy Code**”), the Corporation will not issue non-voting equity securities; provided, however that the foregoing restriction will (a) have no further force and effect beyond that required under Section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) only have such force and effect for so long as Section 1123 of the Bankruptcy Code is in effect and applicable to the Corporation, and (c) in all events may be amended or eliminated in accordance with applicable law as from time to time may be in effect.

Section 4.02. *Preferred Stock.* The designations and the powers, preferences and rights and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof of the shares of each class as Preferred Stock are as follows:

(a) The Preferred Stock may be issued from time to time in one or more series, the shares of each series to have such voting powers, full or limited, and such designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof as are stated and expressed herein or in the resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of such series, adopted by the Board of Directors as hereinafter provided; provided, however, that in the event the Board of Directors of the Corporation provides that any series of Preferred Stock shall be given voting powers, such series shall not be entitled to vote separately as a single class other than as expressly required by law and for the election of one or more additional directors of the Corporation in the case of dividend arrearages or other specified events and such series of Preferred Stock shall not be granted the right to cast in excess of one vote per share of Preferred Stock.

(b) Authority is hereby expressly granted to the Board of Directors, subject to the provisions of this Article IV and to the limitations prescribed by law, to authorize the issuance of one or more series of Preferred Stock and with respect to each such series to fix by resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of such series the voting powers, full or limited, if any, of the shares of such series and the designations, preferences and relative, participating, optional or other special rights and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof. The authority of the Board of Directors with respect to each series shall include, but not be limited to, the determination or fixing of the following:

- (i) The designation of such series;
- (ii) The dividend rate of such series, the conditions and dates upon which such dividends shall be payable, the relation which such dividends shall bear to the dividends payable on any other class or classes of stock, and whether such dividends shall be cumulative or non-cumulative;
- (iii) Whether the shares of such series shall be subject to redemption by the Corporation and, if made subject to such redemption, the times, prices and other terms and conditions of such redemption;
- (iv) The terms and amount of any sinking fund provided for the purchase or redemption of the shares of such series;
- (v) Whether or not the shares of such series shall be convertible into or exchangeable for shares of any other class or classes or of any other series of any class or classes of stock, or for debt securities, of the Corporation and, if provision be made for conversion or exchange, the times, prices, rates, adjustments, and other terms and conditions of such conversion or exchange;
- (vi) The extent, if any, to which the holders of the shares of such series shall be entitled to vote with respect to the election of directors or otherwise;
- (vii) The restrictions, if any, on the issue or reissue of any additional Preferred Stock; and
- (viii) The rights of the holders of the shares of such series upon the dissolution of, or upon the distribution of assets of, the Corporation.

Section 4.03. *Common Stock.* Except as otherwise provided by this Certificate of Incorporation or as otherwise from time to time provided by law, the holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by the stockholders of the Corporation.

Section 4.04. *Substantial Stockholder.*

(a) So long as any Person other than the Corporation or a Subsidiary thereof is (without giving effect to this Section 4.04(a)) the beneficial owner of capital stock representing 10% or more of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of all Outstanding shares of capital stock (a “**Substantial Stockholder**”), the record holders of the shares of capital stock beneficially owned by such Substantial Stockholder shall have limited voting rights on all matters, as follows: with respect to the shares of capital stock that would entitle such record holders in the aggregate to cast less than 10% of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of all Outstanding shares of capital stock, such record holders shall be entitled to cast the vote per share specified in this Certificate of Incorporation; and with respect to the shares of capital stock that would otherwise entitle such record holders in the aggregate to cast 10% or more of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of all Outstanding shares of capital stock, such record holders shall not be entitled to cast any votes for such shares, so that such record holders shall be

entitled to cast with respect to all shares of capital stock held by such record holders in the aggregate only such number of votes that would equal (after giving effect to this Section 4.04(a)) one vote less than 10% of the votes entitled to be cast by all holders of Outstanding shares of capital stock; provided, however, that the restriction on voting contained in this Section 4.04(a) shall not apply to any capital stock beneficially owned by any Substantial Stockholder whose acquisition or ownership of capital stock representing 10% or more of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of all Outstanding shares of capital stock has been approved by the Wisconsin Insurance Commissioner. The aggregate voting power of such record holders, so limited, for all shares of capital stock beneficially owned by the Substantial Stockholder shall be allocated proportionately among such record holders as follows: for each such record holder, this allocation shall be accomplished by multiplying the aggregate voting power (after giving effect to the provisions of this Section 4.04(a)) of the Outstanding shares of capital stock beneficially owned by the Substantial Stockholder by a fraction the numerator of which is the number of votes that the shares of capital stock owned of record by such record holder would have entitled such record holder to cast were no effect given to this Section 4.04(a), and the denominator of which is the total number of votes which all shares of capital stock beneficially owned by the Substantial Stockholder would have entitled their record holders to cast were no effect given to this Section 4.04(a).

(b) The Board of Directors by majority vote shall have the power and duty to determine for the purposes of this Article IV, on the basis of information known to them after reasonable inquiry, (i) whether a Person is a Substantial Stockholder, (ii) the number of shares of capital stock beneficially owned by any Person, (iii) whether a Person is an Affiliate or Associate of another, (iv) the Persons who may be deemed to be the record holders of shares beneficially owned by a Substantial Stockholder and (v) such other matters with respect to which a determination is required under this Article IV. Any such determination made in good faith shall be binding and conclusive on all parties.

(c) The Board of Directors shall have the right to demand that any Person who is reasonably believed to be a Substantial Stockholder (or to hold of record shares of capital stock beneficially owned by a Substantial Stockholder) supply the Corporation with complete information as to (i) the record holder or holders of all shares beneficially owned by such Person, (ii) the number of shares of capital stock beneficially owned by such Person and held of record by each such record holder, and (iii) any other factual matter relating to the applicability or effect of this Article IV, as may reasonably be requested of such Person, and such Person shall furnish such information within ten days after the receipt of such demand.

(d) Nothing contained in this Article IV shall be construed to relieve any Substantial Stockholder from any fiduciary obligation imposed by law.

ARTICLE V

MEETINGS

Section 5.01. *Annual Meetings.* The annual meeting of stockholders of the Corporation for the election of directors of the Corporation, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting, shall be held at such place, date and time as shall be

fixed by the Board of Directors and designated in the notice or waiver of notice of such annual meeting.

Section 5.02. *Special Meetings.* Special meetings of stockholders for any purpose or purposes may be called by the Board of Directors or the Chairman of the Board of the Corporation, the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation, the President of the Corporation, the Secretary of the Corporation or the record holders of 25% or more of the shares of common stock of the Corporation issued and Outstanding, to be held at such place, date and time as shall be designated in the notice or waiver of notice thereof. Business transacted at all special meetings shall be confined to the objects stated in the notice of special meeting.

Section 5.03. *Consents to Corporate Action.* Any action which is required to be or may be taken at any annual or special meeting of stockholders may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote if consents in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall have been signed by the holders of the Outstanding shares of common stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or to take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted; provided, however, that prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting and by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those stockholders who have not consented in writing.

ARTICLE VI

DEFINITIONS

As used in this Certificate of Incorporation, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

“**Affiliate**”, with respect to any Person, means any other Person directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with, such Person. For purposes of this definition, “**Control**” (including, with correlative meanings, the terms “**Controlling**,” “**Controlled By**” or “**Under Common Control With**”), as used with respect to any Person, shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract, by common management or otherwise. A Person having a contract or arrangement giving that Person control is deemed to be in control despite any limitations placed by law on the validity of the contract or arrangement. A corporation is deemed to be under common control with any corporation, regardless of ownership, if substantially the same group of persons manage the two corporations.

“**Associate**”, used to indicate a relationship with a specified Person, shall mean (i) any Person (other than the Corporation or a Subsidiary) of which such specified Person is an officer or partner or is, directly or indirectly, the beneficial owner of 10% or more of the voting securities of such Person, (ii) any trust or other estate in which such specified Person has a substantial beneficial interest or as to which such specified Person serves as trustee or in a similar fiduciary capacity, (iii) any relative or such spouse of such specified Person or any relative of such spouse who has the same home as such specified Person or who is a director or

officer of the Corporation or any Subsidiary, and (iv) any Person who is a director or officer of such specified Person or any of its parents or subsidiaries (other than the Corporation or a Subsidiary). A Person shall be deemed a “**Beneficial Owner**” of any shares of capital stock of the Corporation (a) which such Person or any of its Affiliates or Associates beneficially owns, directly or indirectly; (b) which such Person or any of its Affiliates or Associates has, directly or indirectly, the right to vote pursuant to any agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding, or (c) which are beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by any other Person with which such Person or any of its Affiliates or Associates has any contract, agreement, arrangement or understanding for the purpose of holding or voting of any capital stock of the Corporation.

“**Outstanding**”, when used in reference to shares of stock, shall mean issued shares, excluding shares held in treasury.

“**Person**” shall mean any individual, firm, corporation or other entity and shall include any group comprised of any Person and any other Person with whom such Person or any Affiliate or Associate of such Person has any agreement, contract, arrangement or understanding, directly or indirectly, for the purpose of acquiring, holding, voting or disposing of any shares of capital stock of the Corporation; provided that a different definition of “Person” shall apply solely for purposes of Article XII, as set forth therein.

“**Subsidiary**” shall mean any corporation of which a majority of any class of equity securities is beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by the Corporation.

“**Substantial Stockholder**” shall be defined as in Section 4.04 of this Certificate of Incorporation.

ARTICLE VII

DIRECTORS

Section 7.01. *No Liability.* To the fullest extent permitted by the General Corporation Law as it now exists and as it may hereafter be amended, no director of the Corporation shall be personally liable to the Corporation or its stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of fiduciary duty as a director.

ARTICLE VIII

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OTHERS, AND INSURANCE

Section 8.01. *Indemnification.*

(a) The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative (other than an action by or in the right of the Corporation) by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, against expenses (including attorneys’ fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement

actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with such action, suit or proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. The termination of any action, suit or proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or upon a plea of *nolo contendere* or its equivalent, shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person seeking indemnification did not act in good faith and in a manner which he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful.

(b) The Corporation shall indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened, pending or completed action or suit by or in the right of the Corporation to procure a judgment in its favor by reason of the fact that he is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection with the defense or settlement of such action or suit if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interests of the Corporation and except that no indemnification shall be made in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which such person shall have been adjudged to be liable to the Corporation unless and only to the extent that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware or the court in which such action or suit was brought shall determine upon application that, despite the adjudication of liability but in view of all the circumstances of the case, such person is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for such expenses which the Court of Chancery or such other court shall deem proper.

(c) To the extent that a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation has been successful on the merits or otherwise in defense of any action, suit or proceeding referred to in Sections 7.01(a) and (b) or in defense of any claim, issue or matter therein, he shall be indemnified against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred by him in connection therewith.

(d) Any indemnification under Sections 7.01(a) and (b) (unless ordered by a court) shall be made by the Corporation only as authorized in the specific case upon a determination that indemnification of the director, officer, employee or agent is proper in the circumstances because he has met the applicable standard of conduct set forth in such Sections 7.01(a) and (b). Such determination shall be made (i) by the Board of Directors of the Corporation by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of directors who were not parties to such action, suit or proceeding, or (ii) if such a quorum is not obtainable, or, even if obtainable, a quorum of disinterested directors so directs, by independent legal counsel in a written opinion, or (iii) by the stockholders of the Corporation.

(e) Expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by a director or officer of the Corporation in defending any civil, criminal administrative or investigative action, suit or proceeding may be paid by the Corporation in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such director or officer to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he is not entitled to be indemnified by

the Corporation authorized in this Article VIII. Such expenses (including attorneys' fees) incurred by other employees and agents may be so paid upon such terms and conditions, if any, as the Board of Directors of the Corporation deems appropriate.

(f) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, the other Sections of this Article VIII shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any law, by-law, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in an official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office.

(g) For purposes of this Article VIII, references to the "**Corporation**" shall include, in addition to the resulting corporation, any constituent corporation (including any constituent of a constituent) absorbed in a consolidation or merger which, if its separate existence had continued, would have had power and authority to indemnify its directors, officers, employees or agents so that any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of such constituent corporation, or is or was serving at the request of such constituent corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise, shall stand in the same position under the provisions of this Article VIII with respect to the resulting or surviving corporation as he would have with respect to such constituent corporation if its separate existence had continued.

(h) For purposes of this Article VIII, references to "Other Enterprises" shall include employee benefit plans; references to "fines" shall include any excise taxes assessed on a person with respect to an employee benefit plan; and references to "Serving At The Request Of The Corporation" shall include any service as a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation which imposes duties on, or involves service by, such director, officer, employee or agent with respect to any employee benefit plan, its participants or beneficiaries; and a person who acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in the interest of the participants and beneficiaries of an employee benefit plan shall be deemed to have acted in a manner "Not Opposed To The Best Interests Of The Corporation" as referred to in this Article VIII.

(i) The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this Article VII shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

Section 8.02. The Corporation may purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director, officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust or other enterprise against any liability asserted against him and incurred by him in any such capacity, or arising out of his status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify him against such liability under the provisions of Section 145 of the General Corporation Law.

ARTICLE IX

BY-LAWS

Any By-law may be adopted, amended or repealed by vote of the Board or by a written consent of Directors to the extent provided for in the By-laws. The stockholders, at a meeting at which a quorum of stockholders is present, may also adopt, amend or repeal any By-law, whether adopted by them or otherwise, but only upon the affirmative vote of the record holders of a majority of the Shares, present at such meeting in person or represented by proxy to the extent provided for in the By-laws.

ARTICLE X

REORGANIZATION

Whenever a compromise or arrangement is proposed between this Corporation and its creditors or any class of them and/or between this Corporation and its stockholders or any class of them, any court of equitable jurisdiction within the State of Delaware may, on the application in a summary way of this Corporation or of any creditor or stockholder thereof or on the application of any receiver or receivers appointed for this Corporation under the provisions of section 291 of Title 8 of the Delaware Code or on the application of trustees in dissolution or of any receiver or receivers appointed for this Corporation under the provisions of section 279 of Title 8 of the Delaware Code order a meeting of the creditors or class of creditors, and/or of the stockholders or class of stockholders of this Corporation, as the case may be, to be summoned in such manner as the said court directs. If a majority in number representing three-fourths in value of the creditors or class of creditors, and/or of the stockholders or class of stockholders of this Corporation, as the case may be, agree to any compromise or arrangement and to any reorganization of this Corporation as consequence of such compromise or arrangement, the said compromise or arrangement and the said reorganization shall, if sanctioned by the court to which the said application has been made, be binding on all the creditors or class of creditors, and/or on all the stockholders or class of stockholders, of this Corporation, as the case may be, and also on this Corporation.

ARTICLE XI

AMENDMENT

The Corporation reserves the right to amend, alter, change or repeal any provision of this Certificate of Incorporation, in the manner now or hereafter prescribed by law and the Certificate of Incorporation, and all rights conferred on stockholders in this Certificate of Incorporation are subject to this reservation.

ARTICLE XII

RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER

(a) *Definitions.* For purposes of this Article XII the following terms shall have the following meanings:

“**Agent**” shall mean an agent designated by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

“**Code**” shall mean the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

“**Corporation Securities**” shall mean (i) shares of Common Stock, (ii) shares of Preferred Stock (other than preferred stock described in Section 1504(a)(4) of the Code), (iii) warrants, rights, or options (within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.382-4(d)(9)) to purchase stock of the Corporation (other than preferred stock described in Section 1504(a)(4) of the Code), and (iv) any other interests that would be treated as “**stock**” of the Corporation pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.382-2T(f)(18), or any successor provision.

“**Effective Date**” shall mean the date of filing of this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation.

“**Excess Securities**” shall mean the Corporation Securities which are the subject of the Prohibited Transfer.

“**Five-Percent Shareholder**” shall mean (i) a Person or group of Persons that is identified as a “5-percent shareholder” of the Corporation pursuant to Treasury Regulation Section 1.382-2T(g) or (ii) a Person that is a “**first tier entity**” or “**higher tier entity**” (as such terms are defined in Treasury Regulations Section 1.382-2T(f)) of the Corporation if (A) that Person has a “**public group**” or individual, or (B) a “**higher tier entity**” of that Person has a “**public group**” or individual, that, in each case, is treated as a “**5-percent shareholder**” of the Corporation pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.382-2T(g).

“**Percentage Stock Ownership**” shall mean the percentage stock ownership interest as determined in accordance with Treasury Regulations Sections 1.382-2(a)(3), 1.382-2T(g), (h), (j) and (k), 1.382-3(a), and 1.382-4(d); provided, however, that for the sole purpose of determining the percentage stock ownership of any entity (and not for the purpose of determining the percentage stock ownership of any other Person), Corporation Securities held by such entity shall not be treated as no longer owned by such entity pursuant to Treasury Regulations Section 1.382-2T(h)(2)(i)(A).

“**Person**” shall mean any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, trust, syndicate, estate, association, joint venture or similar organization, other entity, or group of persons making a “**coordinated acquisition**” of Corporation Securities or otherwise treated as an “**entity**” within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.382-3(a)(1) or otherwise, and includes, without limitation, an unincorporated group of persons who, by formal or informal agreement or arrangement (whether or not in writing), have embarked on a common purpose or act, and also includes any successor (by merger or otherwise) of any such individual or entity.

“**Plan**” shall mean the Plan of Reorganization of the Corporation, dated [●].

“**Prohibited Distributions**” shall mean any dividends or other distributions that were paid by the Corporation and received by a Purported Transferee with respect to the Excess Securities.

“**Prohibited Transfer**” shall mean any purported Transfer of Corporation Securities to the extent that such Transfer is prohibited and/or void under this Article XII.

“**Purported Transferee**” shall mean the purported transferee of a Prohibited Transfer.

“**Restriction Release Date**” shall mean the earliest of (i) the repeal of Section 382 of the Code (and any comparable successor provision) or (ii) the earliest date on which the Board of Directors determines that (1) the consummation of the Plan did not satisfy the requirements of Section 382(1)(5) of the Code or treatment under Section 382(1)(5) of the Code is not in the best interests of the Corporation, its affiliates and its shareholders, taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances, including, without limitation, the market and other impact of maintaining these Transfer restrictions herein, (2) an ownership change (within the meaning of Section 382 of the Code) would not result in a substantial limitation on the ability of the Corporation (or a direct or indirect subsidiary of the Corporation) to use otherwise available Tax Benefits, or (3) no significant value attributable to the Tax Benefits would be preserved by continuing the Transfer restrictions herein.

“**Tax Benefits**” shall mean the net operating loss carryovers, capital loss carryovers, general business credit carryovers, alternative minimum tax credit carryovers and foreign tax credit carryovers, as well as any “net unrealized built-in loss” within the meaning of Section 382 of the Code, of the Corporation or any direct or indirect subsidiary thereof.

“**Transfer**” shall mean, subject to the last sentence of this definition, any direct or indirect sale, transfer, assignment, conveyance, pledge, or other disposition and shall also include the creation or grant of an option (within the meaning of Treasury Regulations Section 1.382-4(d)(9)). A Transfer shall not include an issuance or grant of Corporation Securities by the Corporation, the modification, amendment or adjustment of an existing option by the Corporation and the exercise by an employee of the Corporation of any option to purchase Corporation Securities granted to such employee pursuant to contract or any stock option plan or other equity compensation plan of the Corporation.

“**Treasury Regulation**” shall mean the income tax regulations (whether temporary, proposed or final) promulgated under the Code and any successor regulations. References to any subsection of such regulations include references to any successor subsection thereof.

(b) Restrictions on Transfer. In order to preserve the Tax Benefits, subject to Section (c) of this Article XII, any attempted Transfer of Corporation Securities prior to the Restriction Release Date, or any attempted Transfer of Corporation Securities pursuant to an agreement entered into prior to the Restriction Release Date, shall be prohibited and void *ab initio* to the extent that, as a result of such Transfer (or any series of Transfers of which such Transfer is a part), either (i) any Person or group of Persons shall become a Five-Percent Shareholder or (ii) the Percentage Stock Ownership interest in the Corporation of any Five-Percent Shareholder

shall be increased. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Article XII shall prevent a Person that is a member of a public group of the Corporation (as defined in Treasury Regulation Section 1.382-2T(f)(13)) from transferring Corporation Securities to a new or existing public group of the Corporation.

(c) Certain Exceptions.

(i) The restrictions set forth in Section (b) of this Article XII shall not apply to an attempted Transfer of Corporation Securities if the transferor or the transferee obtains the written approval of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, which approval may be granted or denied in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section (c) of Article XII. In connection therewith, and to provide for effective policing of such restrictions, prior to the date of any proposed Transfer of Corporation Securities that, in the absence of the approval of the Board of Directors pursuant to this Section (c) of Article XII, would be a Prohibited Transfer, either (a) the proposed transferee of such Corporation Securities (a “**Restricted Transferee**”) or (b) the proposed transferor of such Corporation Securities (a “**Restricted Transferor**”) shall request in writing (a “**Request**”) that the Board of Directors review the proposed Transfer of Corporation Securities and authorize or not authorize such proposed Transfer in accordance with this Section (c) of Article XII.

(ii) A Request shall be mailed or delivered to the Secretary of the Corporation at the Corporation’s principal place of business, or telecopied to the Corporation’s telecopier number at its principal place of business. Such Request shall be deemed to have been received by the Corporation when actually received by the Corporation.

(iii) A Request shall include: (A) the name, address and telephone number of the Restricted Transferee; (B) a description of the Restricted Transferee’s existing direct or indirect ownership of Corporation Securities; (C) a description of the Corporation Securities that are proposed to be Transferred to the Restricted Transferee; (D) the date on which such proposed Transfer is expected to take place (or, if such Transfer is proposed to be made in a transaction on a national securities exchange or any national securities quotation system, a statement to that effect); (E) the name, address and telephone number of the Restricted Transferor (or, if such Transfer is proposed to be made in a transaction on a national securities exchange or any national securities quotation system, a statement to that effect); and (F) a request that the Board of Directors authorize, if appropriate, such Transfer pursuant to this Section (c) of Article XII.

(iv) The Board of Directors shall use reasonable best efforts to make a determination to authorize or deny any Request on or before the [twentieth] business day (or, if necessary to permit the Restricted Transferee and/or Restricted Transferor to provide the information requested pursuant to this Section (c) of Article XII, such later date as reasonably determined by the Board of Directors in consultation with the Restricted Transferor or Restricted Transferee that made such Request) following receipt of the Request by the Corporation.

(v) The Board of Directors may authorize a Transfer of Corporation Securities to a Restricted Transferee, if it determines, in its sole discretion that, after taking into account the preservation of the Tax Benefits, such Transfer of Corporation Securities would be in the best interests of the Corporation and its stockholders. For purposes of this determination, the Board of Directors shall consider, among other items, the following: (i) the total owner shift under Section 382 of the Code, (ii) all other pending proposed Transfer requests, (iii) whether the proposed Transfer is structured to minimize the resulting owner shift, and (iv) any reasonably foreseeable events of which the Board of Directors has knowledge that would constitute additional owner shifts. Any determination by the Board of Directors not to authorize a proposed Transfer of Corporation Securities to a Restricted Transferee shall cause such proposed Transfer to be deemed a Prohibited Transfer. The Board of Directors may impose any conditions that it deems reasonable and appropriate in connection with such approval, including, without limitation, restrictions on the ability of any Restricted Transferee to Transfer Corporation Securities acquired through a Transfer. Approvals of the Board of Directors hereunder may be given prospectively or retroactively. The Board of Directors, to the fullest extent permitted by law, may exercise the authority granted by this Section (c) of Article XII through duly authorized officers or agents of the Corporation. Nothing in this Section (c) of Article XII shall be construed to limit or restrict the Board of Directors in the exercise of its fiduciary duties under applicable law.

(vi) In addition, the Board of Directors may, in its sole discretion, require (A) such representations from the Restricted Transferee and/or Restricted Transferor as to such matters as the Board of Directors may determine or (B) at the expense of the Restricted Transferor and/or Restricted Transferee, an opinion of counsel selected by the Board of Directors that the Transfer will not result in the application of any Section 382 limitation on the use of the Tax Benefits under Section 382 of the Code; provided that the Board of Directors may grant such approval notwithstanding the effect of such approval on the Tax Benefits if it determines that the approval is in the best interests of the Corporation. Any Restricted Transferee and/or Restricted Transferor who makes a Request to the Board of Directors shall reimburse the Corporation, on demand, for all costs and expenses (including expenses of counsel and/or tax advisors) incurred by the Corporation with respect to any proposed Transfer of Corporation Securities, including, without limitation, such costs and expenses incurred in determining whether to authorize the proposed Transfer.

(vii) The Corporation shall promptly notify the Restricted Transferee and the Restricted Transferor of the Board of Directors' determination to authorize or deny the Transfer described in the Request.

(viii) If the Board of Directors authorizes the Transfer of Corporation Securities, the Restricted Transferee and Restricted Transferor shall be permitted to consummate such Transfer described in the Request.

(d) Treatment of Excess Securities.

(i) No officer, director, employee or agent of the Corporation shall record any Prohibited Transfer, and a Purported Transferee shall not be recognized as a stockholder of the Corporation for any purpose whatsoever in respect of Excess Securities. Until the Excess Securities are acquired by another Person in a Transfer that is not a Prohibited Transfer, the Purported Transferee shall not be entitled with respect to such Excess Securities to any rights of stockholders of the Corporation, including, without limitation, the right to vote such Excess Securities and to receive dividends or distributions, whether liquidating or otherwise, in respect thereof, if any, and the Excess Securities shall be deemed to remain with the transferor unless and until the Excess Securities are transferred to the Agent pursuant to Section (d)(iii) of this Article XII or until approval is obtained under Section (c) of this Article XII. Once the Excess Securities have been acquired in a Transfer that is not a Prohibited Transfer, the Securities shall cease to be Excess Securities. For this purpose, any Transfer of Excess Securities not in accordance with the provision of this Section (d)(i) or Section (d)(iii) shall also be a Prohibited Transfer.

(ii) The Corporation may require as a condition to the registration of the Transfer of any Corporation Securities or the payment of any distribution on any Corporation Securities that the proposed transferee or payee furnish the Corporation all information reasonably requested by the Corporation with respect to all the direct and indirect ownership interests in such Corporation Securities. The Corporation may make such arrangements or issue such instructions to its stock transfer agent as may be determined by the Board of Directors to be necessary or advisable to implement Article XII, including, without limitation, authorizing such transfer agent to require an affidavit from a Purported Transferee regarding such Person's actual and constructive ownership of Corporation Securities and other evidence that a Transfer will not be prohibited by Section (b) of this Article XII as a condition to registering any Transfer.

(iii) If the Board of Directors determines that a Transfer of Corporation Securities constitutes a Prohibited Transfer then, upon written demand by the Corporation, the Purported Transferee shall transfer or cause to be transferred any certificate or other evidence of ownership of the Excess Securities within the Purported Transferee's possession or control, together with Prohibited Distributions, to the Agent. The Agent shall thereupon sell to a buyer or buyers, which may include the Corporation, the Excess Securities transferred to it in one or more arm's-length transactions (on the public securities market on which the Corporation Securities may be traded, if possible, or otherwise privately); provided, however, that any such sale must not constitute a Prohibited Transfer and provided, further, that the Agent shall effect such sale or sales in an orderly fashion and shall not be required to effect any such sale within any specific time frame if, in the Agent's discretion, such sale or sales would disrupt the market for the Corporation Securities or otherwise would adversely affect the value of the Corporation Securities. If the Purported Transferee has resold the Excess Securities before receiving the Corporation's demand to surrender the Excess Securities to the Agent, the Purported Transferee shall be deemed to have sold the Excess Securities for the Agent, and shall be required to transfer to the Agent any Prohibited Distributions and

proceeds of such sale, except to the extent that the Corporation grants written permission to the Purported Transferee to retain a portion of such sales proceeds not exceeding the amount that the Purported Transferee would have received from the Agent pursuant to Section (d)(iv) of this Article XII if the Agent rather than the Purported Transferee had resold the Excess Securities.

(iv) The Agent shall apply any proceeds of a sale by it of Excess Securities, and if the Purported Transferee had previously resold the Excess Securities, any amounts received by the Agent from a Purported Transferee, as follows: (A) first, such amounts shall be paid to the Agent to the extent necessary to cover its costs and expenses incurred in connection with its duties hereunder; (B) second, any remaining amounts shall be paid to the Purported Transferee, up to the amount paid by the Purported Transferee for the Excess Securities (or their fair market value at the time of the Transfer, in the event the purported Transfer of the Excess Securities was, in whole or in part, a gift, inheritance, or similar Transfer) which amount shall be determined at the discretion of the Board of Directors; and (C) third, any remaining amounts, subject to the limitations imposed by the following proviso, shall be paid to one or more organizations qualifying under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code (or any comparable or successor provision) selected by the Board of Directors; provided, however, that if the Excess Securities (including any Excess Securities arising from a previous Prohibited Transfer not sold by the Agent in a prior sale or sales) represent a 5-percent or greater Percentage Stock Ownership interest in the Corporation, then such remaining amounts shall be paid to two or more organizations qualifying under Section 501(c)(3) selected by the Board of Directors such that no organization qualifying under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code shall possess Percentage Stock Ownership in the Corporation in excess of 5-percent. The Purported Transferee's sole right with respect to such Corporation Securities shall be limited to the amount payable to the Purported Transferee pursuant to this Section (d)(iv). In no event shall the proceeds of any sale of Excess Securities pursuant to this Article XII inure to the benefit of the Corporation.

(e) Board Determinations.

(i) The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall have the power to determine all matters necessary for determining compliance with this Article XII, including, without limitation: (A) the identification of Five-Percent Shareholders; (B) whether a Transfer is a Prohibited Transfer; (C) the Percentage Stock Ownership in the Corporation of any Five-Percent Shareholder; (D) whether an instrument constitutes a Corporation Security; (E) the amount (or fair market value) due to a Purported Transferee pursuant to clause (ii) of Section (d)(iv) of this Article XII; (F) whether compliance with any restriction or limitation on stock ownership and transfers set forth in this Article XII is no longer required; and (G) any other matters which the Board of Directors determines to be relevant; and the determination of the Board of Directors on such matters shall be conclusive and binding for all the purposes of this Article XII.

(ii) Nothing contained in this Article XII shall limit the authority of the Board of Directors to take such other action to the extent permitted by law as it deems necessary or advisable to protect the Corporation and its stockholders in preserving the Tax

Benefits, including without limitation implementing and enforcing the provisions of this Article XII. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in the event of a change in law making one or more of the following actions necessary or desirable, the Board of Directors may, subject to Section 242(b) of the General Corporation Law, by adopting a written resolution, (A) modify the ownership interest percentage in the Corporation or the Persons or groups covered by this Article XII, provided that, such ownership interest percentages may only be modified to the extent necessary to reflect changes to Section 382 and the applicable Treasury Regulations, (B) modify the definitions of any terms set forth in this Article XII, or (C) modify the terms of this Article XII as appropriate, in each case, in order to prevent an ownership change for purposes of Section 382 of the Code as a result of any changes in applicable Treasury Regulations or otherwise. Stockholders of the Corporation shall be notified of such determination through a filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission or such other method of notice as the Secretary of the Corporation shall deem appropriate; provided, further, notwithstanding the first sentence of this Section (e)(ii) of Article XII, the Corporation shall not be entitled modify the terms of this Article XII in order to accelerate or extend the Restriction Release Date.

(iii) In the case of an ambiguity in the application of any of the provisions of this Article XII, including any definition used herein, the Board of Directors shall have the power to determine the application of such provisions with respect to any situation based on its reasonable belief, understanding or knowledge of the circumstances. In the event this Article XII requires an action by the Board of Directors but fails to provide specific guidance with respect to such action, the Board of Directors shall have the power to determine the action to be taken so long as such action is not contrary to the provisions of this Article XII. All such actions, calculations, interpretations and determinations which are done or made by the Board of Directors in good faith shall be conclusive and binding on the Corporation, the Agent, and all other parties for all other purposes of this Article XII. The Board of Directors may delegate all or any portion of its duties and powers under this Article XII to a committee of the Board of Directors as it deems necessary or advisable and, to the fullest extent permitted by law, may exercise the authority granted by this Article XII through duly authorized officers or agents of the Corporation. Nothing in this Article XII shall be construed to limit or restrict the Board of Directors in the exercise of its fiduciary duties under applicable law.

(f) Securities Exchange Transactions. Nothing in this Article XII (including, without limitation, any determinations made, or actions taken, by the Board of Directors pursuant to Section (c) of Article XII) shall preclude the settlement of any transaction entered into through the facilities of a national securities exchange or any national securities quotation system. The fact that the settlement of any transaction occurs shall not negate the effect of any other provision of this Article XII and any Purported Transferee in such a transaction shall be subject to all of the provisions and limitations set forth in this Article XII.

(g) Legal Proceedings; Prompt Enforcement. If the Purported Transferee fails to surrender the Excess Securities or the proceeds of a sale thereof to the Agent within thirty days from the date on which the Corporation makes a written demand, then the Corporation shall promptly take all cost effective actions which it believes are appropriate to enforce the provisions

hereof, including the institution of legal proceedings to compel the surrender. Nothing in this section shall (a) be deemed inconsistent with any Transfer of the Excess Securities provided in this Article XII being void ab initio or (b) preclude the Corporation in its discretion from immediately bringing legal proceedings without a prior demand. The Board of Directors may authorize such additional actions as it deems advisable to give effect to the provisions of this Article XII.

(h) Liability. To the fullest extent permitted by law, any stockholder subject to the provisions of this Article XII who knowingly violates the provisions of this Article XII and any Persons controlling, controlled by or under common control with such stockholder shall be jointly and severally liable to the Corporation for, and shall indemnify and hold the Corporation harmless against, any and all damages suffered as a result of such violation, including but not limited to damages resulting from a reduction in, or elimination of, the Corporation's ability to utilize its Tax Benefits, and attorneys' and auditors' fees incurred in connection with such violation.

(i) Notice to Corporation. Any Person who acquires or attempts to acquire Corporation Securities in excess of the limitations set forth in this Article XII shall immediately give written notice to the Corporation of such event and shall provide to the Corporation such other information as the Corporation may request in order to determine the effect, if any, of such Prohibited Transfer on the preservation and usage of the Tax Benefits. As a condition to the registration of the Transfer of any Corporation Securities, any Person who is a beneficial, legal, or record holder of Corporation Securities, and any proposed transferee and any Person controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the proposed transferee, shall provide such information as the Corporation may request from time to time in order to determine compliance with this Article XII or the status of the Tax Benefits of the Corporation.

(j) By-laws. The By-laws may make appropriate provisions to effectuate the requirements of this Article XII.

(k) Certificates. All certificates representing Corporation Securities on or after the Effective Date shall, until the Restriction Release Date, bear a conspicuous legend in substantially the following form:

THE TRANSFER OF SECURITIES REPRESENTED HEREBY IS SUBJECT TO RESTRICTION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE XII OF THE CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP INC., AS AMENDED AND IN EFFECT FROM TIME TO TIME, A COPY OF WHICH MAY BE OBTAINED FROM THE CORPORATION UPON REQUEST.

(l) Reliance. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Corporation and the members of the Board of Directors shall be fully protected in relying in good faith upon the information, opinions, reports or statements of the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the chief accounting officer or the corporate controller of the Corporation or of the Corporation's legal counsel, independent auditors, transfer agent, investment bankers or other employees and agents in making the determinations and findings contemplated by this Article XII, and the members of the Board of Directors shall not be responsible for any good

faith errors made in connection therewith. For purposes of determining the existence and identity of, and the amount of any Corporation Securities owned by any stockholder, the Corporation is entitled to rely on the existence and absence of filings of Schedule 13D or 13G under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (or similar filings), as of any date, subject to its actual knowledge of the ownership of Corporation Securities.

(m) Benefits of Article XII. Nothing in this Article XII shall be construed to give to any Person other than the Corporation or the Agent any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under this Article XII. This Article XII shall be for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Corporation and the Agent.

(n) Severability. The purpose of this Article XII is to facilitate the Corporation's ability to maintain or preserve its Tax Benefits. If any provision of this Article XII or the application of any such provision to any Person or under any circumstance shall be held invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision of this Article XII.

(o) Waiver. With regard to any power, remedy or right provided herein or otherwise available to the Corporation or the Agent under this Article XII, (i) no waiver will be effective unless expressly contained in a writing signed by the waiving party; and (ii) no alteration, modification or impairment will be implied by reason of any previous waiver, extension of time, delay or omission in exercise, or other indulgence.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Ambac Financial Group Inc. has caused this Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to be signed on this [●], [●], in its name and on its behalf by its [●].

By: _____
Name:
Title:

EXHIBIT F

Schedule of Assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases

Schedule of Executory Contracts and Leases

Name of other parties to lease or contract	Description of contract or lease and nature of Debtor's interest	Treatment	Assignee	Cure Amount
ALGORITHMICS U S INC	SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., CORPORATE SERVICES OPERATIONS	CORPORATE CARD SERVICES	Assume	N/A	0.00
BABSON CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLC	MONITORING CONTRACT	Assume	N/A	0.00
BG CANTOR MARKET DATA	VOLATILITIES TO PRICE CAPS/FLOORS	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
BLACKROCK PROVIDENT	MONEY MARKET FUND AGREEMENT	Assume	N/A	0.00
BLOOMBERG DISASTER RECOVERY	DISASTER RECOVERY	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	29.44
BLOOMBERG POM	DATA SERVICES, TRADE POSTING	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	1,072.95
BLOOMBERG WORKSTATIONS	FIXED INCOME DATA	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	858.09
CITIBANK IRELAND FINANCIAL SERVICES PLC	WORLD GLOBAL PAYMENTS SERVICE AGREEMENT	Assume	N/A	0.00
CITIBANK, N A	BANK ACCOUNT AGREEMENT	Assume	N/A	0.00
CITIBANK, N A LONDON BRANCH	BANK ACCOUNT AGREEMENT	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
CORPORATE COUNSELING ASSOCIATES, INC	EMPLOYEE COUNSELING SERVICE	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
IBM COGNOS	SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
MARSH (MERCER)	INSURANCE CONSULTING	Assume	N/A	760.87
MOODYS RATINGS RESEARCH	RESEARCH ON WEB	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
MOODYS SITE LICENSE CS & FPF	RATINGS RESEARCH	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
NTT AMERICA INC	WEB HOSTING AMBAC.COM	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	710.70
NUWARE TECHNOLOGIES	BI (COGNOS) CONSULTANTS	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
OPENPAGES, INC	SYSTEM MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
ORACLE CORPORATION	DATABASE MAINTENANCE	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
PNC GLOBAL INVESTMENT SERVICING EUROPE LIMITED	MONEY MARKET FUND AGREEMENT	Assume	N/A	0.00
SHORELINE	DOCUMENT AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	1,798.80
STANDARD & POORS RATING AGENCY	RATINGS RESEARCH ON WEB	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	8,517.32
STANDARD & POORS RATING AGENCY	RATINGS RESEARCH	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
SUNGARD AVANTGARD LLC	SOFTWARE LICENSING AND SERVICES AGREEMENT	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
SUNGARD AVANTGARD LLC	SOFTWARE LICENSING AND SERVICES AGREEMENT	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
SUNGARD STN	MONEY FUND APPLICATION	Assume	N/A	0.00
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	REGISTRAR	Assume	N/A	9,976.37
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	BANK ACCOUNT AGREEMENT	Assume	N/A	0.00
THOMSON REUTERS TAX & ACCOUNTING INC	TAX RESEARCH	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00
WESTERN ASSETS	MONEY MARKET FUND SERVICE AGREEMENT	Assume	N/A	0.00
XEROX CORPORATION	COPY EQUIPMENT - LEASED	Assume and Assign	Ambac Assurance Corporation	0.00

EXHIBIT G

Warrant Agreement

[TO BE PROVIDED]