IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:

Chapter 11

Case No. 11-13511 (KJC)

Debtors.

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NOTICE OF FILING OF DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE FIRST AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF SYMS CORP. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT on May 24, 2012, the debtors and debtors in possession in the above-captioned jointly administered cases (collectively, the "Debtors") filed the Disclosure Statement with Respect to Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of Syms Corp. and Its Subsidiaries (Docket No. 1364) (the "Initial Disclosure Statement").

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE THAT on July 12, 2012, the Debtors filed the Disclosure Statement with Respect to the First Amended Joint Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of Syms Corp. and Its Subsidiaries (the "First Amended Disclosure Statement"), attached hereto as Exhibit A.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE THAT a blackline version of the First Amended Disclosure Statement (the "Blackline First Amended Disclosure Statement"),

The Debtors and the last four digits of their respective taxpayer identification numbers are as follows: Filene's Basement, LLC (8277), Syms Corp. (5228), Syms Clothing, Inc. (3869), and Syms Advertising Inc. (5234). The Debtors' address is One Syms Way, Secaucus, New Jersey 07094.



reflecting the revisions made to the Initial Disclosure Statement since the Initial Disclosure Statement was filed, is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that copies of the pleadings filed in these chapter 11 cases can be obtained by using the Bankruptcy Court's electronic case filing system at www.deb.uscourts.gov (password required) or for free on the website maintained by the Debtors' claims agent at www.kccllc.net/filenes.

Dated: Wilmington, Delaware July 12, 2012

/s/ Jason M. Liberi

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Counsel for Debtors and Debtors in Possession

Exhibit A

First Amended Disclosure Statement

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

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In re: : Chapter 11

FILENE'S BASEMENT, LLC, et al., : Case No. 11-13511 (KJC)

Debtors. : Jointly Administered

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE FIRST AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF SYMS CORP. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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Counsel for Debtors and Debtors in Possession

Dated: July 12, 2012

Wilmington, Delaware

DISCLAIMER

THIS IS NOT A SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN. ACCEPTANCES OR REJECTIONS MAY NOT BE SOLICITED UNTIL THE BANKRUPTCY COURT HAS APPROVED THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS BEING SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL BUT HAS NOT YET BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS INCLUDED HEREIN FOR PURPOSES OF SOLICITING ACCEPTANCES OF THE DEBTORS' JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION, AND MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN TO DETERMINE HOW TO VOTE ON THE PLAN. NO PERSON MAY GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS, OTHER THAN THE INFORMATION AND REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, REGARDING THE PLAN OR THE SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN.

ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS WHO ARE ELIGIBLE TO VOTE ON THE PLAN ARE ADVISED AND ENCOURAGED TO READ THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN IN THEIR ENTIRETY BEFORE VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN. PLAN SUMMARIES AND STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE PLAN AND THE EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES ANNEXED TO THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE MADE ONLY AS OF THE DATE HEREOF, AND THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE THAT THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN WILL BE CORRECT AT ANY TIME AFTER THE DATE HEREOF.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1125 OF THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY CODE AND RULE 3016(c) OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE TO PROVIDE HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS WITH "ADEQUATE INFORMATION" AS DEFINED IN THE BANKRUPTCY CODE SO THAT THEY CAN MAKE AN INFORMED JUDGMENT ABOUT THE PLAN AND NOT NECESSARILY IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES LAWS OR OTHER NON-BANKRUPTCY LAW.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN NEITHER APPROVED NOR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC"), ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY SECURITIES EXCHANGE OR ASSOCIATION, NOR HAS THE SEC, ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR ANY SECURITIES EXCHANGE OR ASSOCIATION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN. PERSONS OR ENTITIES TRADING IN OR OTHERWISE PURCHASING, SELLING OR TRANSFERRING SECURITIES OR CLAIMS OF SYMS CORP., FILENE'S BASEMENT, LLC OR ANY OF THE OTHER DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION IN THESE CASES, SHOULD EVALUATE THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN IN LIGHT OF THE PURPOSE FOR WHICH THEY WERE PREPARED.

AS TO CONTESTED MATTERS, ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS AND OTHER ACTIONS OR THREATENED ACTIONS, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE OR BE CONSTRUED AS AN ADMISSION OF ANY FACT OR LIABILITY, STIPULATION OR WAIVER, BUT RATHER AS A STATEMENT MADE IN SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS PURSUANT TO RULE 408 OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF EVIDENCE AND OTHER APPLICABLE EVIDENTIARY RULES. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHALL NOT BE ADMISSIBLE IN ANY NON-BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDING INVOLVING THE DEBTORS OR ANY OTHER PARTY, NOR SHALL IT BE CONSTRUED TO BE CONCLUSIVE ADVICE ON THE TAX, SECURITIES OR OTHER LEGAL EFFECTS OF THE PLAN AS TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST, OR EQUITY INTERESTS IN, SYMS CORP., FILENE'S BASEMENT, LLC OR ANY OF THE OTHER DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION IN THESE CASES.

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED HEREIN, CAPITALIZED TERMS NOT OTHERWISE DEFINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAVE THE MEANINGS ASCRIBED TO THEM IN THE PLAN. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL DOLLAR AMOUNTS PROVIDED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN ARE GIVEN IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230, EACH HOLDER IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT (A) ANY DISCUSSION OF U.S. FEDERAL TAX ISSUES IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE RELIED UPON, AND CANNOT BE RELIED UPON, BY ANY HOLDER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON A HOLDER UNDER THE TAX CODE, (B) SUCH DISCUSSION IS INCLUDED HEREBY BY THE DEBTORS IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING (WITHIN THE MEANING OF CIRCULAR 230) BY THE DEBTORS OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED HEREIN AND (C) EACH HOLDER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Disclosure Statement contains certain forward-looking statements, all of which are based on various estimates and assumptions. Such forward-looking statements are subject to inherent uncertainties and to a wide variety of significant business, economic, and competitive risks, including, among others, those summarized herein. See Section VIII — "Certain Risk Factors To Be Considered." When used in this Disclosure Statement, the words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "will," "may," "intend," and "expect" and similar expressions generally identify forward-looking statements. Although the Debtors believe that their plans, intentions, and expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, they cannot be sure that they will be achieved. These statements are only predictions and are not guarantees of future performance or results. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by a forward-looking statement. All forward-looking statements attributable to the Debtors or persons acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements set forth in this Disclosure Statement. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made. Except as required by law, the Debtors expressly disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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Other Exhibits to the Plan will be contained in a separate Plan Supplement, which will be filed e Bankruptcy Court at least five (5) Business Days prior to [], the deadline established by the option of the Plan. The Plan Supplement will lable for inspection in the office of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court during normal court hours the Debtors' internet site at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes . Additional copies of the Plan ment may be obtained upon request to the Debtors' Claims Agent at the following address:	
	Disclosure Statement Approval Order

Filene's Claims Processing Center c/o Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC 2335 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245

I. INTRODUCTION

On November 2, 2011 (the "Petition Date"), Syms Corp. ("Syms"), Filene's Basement, LLC ("Filene's"), Syms Advertising Inc. ("Advertising") and Syms Clothing, Inc. ("Clothing" and together with Syms, Filene's and Advertising, the "Debtors") each commenced a case in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court") under chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). As described further below, since the Petition Date, the Debtors have permanently ceased their retail operations; liquidated their retail inventory pursuant to store closing sales; terminated substantially all their employees; and disposed of many of their real property leases under which they were tenants. The assets of the Debtors' estates now include cash from the store closing sales; 17 parcels of real estate owned by Syms; a residential condominium in Secaucus, New Jersey; interests in four long-term ground leases; intellectual property owned by Filene's; and various estate claims and causes of action.

A. Structure of Plan/Treatment of Creditors

Concurrently herewith, the Debtors have filed their first amended joint chapter 11 plan of reorganization, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Plan"). The Plan is being proposed jointly by the Debtors, the Official Committee of Syms Corp. Equity Security Holders (the "Equity Committee") and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "Creditors' Committee"). The Plan is comprised of two separate reorganization plans, one for each of Syms and Filene's. The Debtors believe that Syms is solvent due to the significant value of its real estate holdings. Accordingly, Syms anticipates paying all its creditors in full, including creditors to whom Syms provided guarantees of certain of Filene's liabilities. Reorganized Syms will manage, lease and dispose of its real estate assets over time, in a non-distressed, commercially reasonable manner, in order to maximize the value of these assets for the benefit of its creditors and its shareholders.

On the other hand, the Debtors believe that Filene's is insolvent, and therefore, the Filene's creditors, are only entitled to a distribution equal to a fraction of their claims. The Creditors' Committee disputes that Filene's is insolvent, and believes that the Filene's estate holds various claims against the Syms' estate, as described further below, and that recovery on these claims would bring sufficient value into the Filene's estate to enable Filene's to pay its creditors in full. In the alternative, the Creditors' Committee asserts that the Filene's and Syms estates should be substantively consolidated such that the Filene's and Syms' assets combined should be used to pay all creditors of both estates. The Debtors do not believe that there is a basis for either of the Creditors' Committee's assertions. However, in resolution of such claims, Syms has agreed that Filene's creditors will share in a portion of the proceeds of Syms' assets, thereby affording Filene's creditors a significantly greater recovery than they would have received without the assertion of such claims. In particular, Filene's trade creditors and employees will be paid in full over time from proceeds of the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate. Holders of lease rejection claims will be paid 75% of the allowed amount of their claims over time, also from proceeds from the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate. As an alternative to the foregoing, Filene's creditors will have the option of accepting distributions from Filene's assets only, which will result in an estimated recovery of between 0% and 2%, while preserving whatever claims they may have against Syms. Filene's will be reorganized as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reorganized Syms for the principal purpose of exploring the sale or joint venture opportunities with respect to Filene's intellectual property. The Debtors do not believe that Advertising or Clothing have any assets or liabilities. The Debtors therefore have not proposed a plan for either of these entities.

B. Redemption of Majority Shareholder's Shares

Ms. Marcy Syms and certain trusts that she controls (collectively, the "Majority Shareholder") owns approximately 54.7% of all outstanding shares of Syms common stock. Since early in these Chapter 11 cases, the Equity Committee has expressed a desire for minority shareholders of Syms to obtain operational control of Syms from the Majority Shareholder so they could pursue the development and disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate (as defined below). After significant discussions between the Equity Committee and the Majority Shareholder, and to resolve various differences between the parties and pave the way for a consensual restructuring, the Majority Shareholder has agreed to sell all her shares – 7,857,794 shares in all – to Reorganized Syms for \$2.49 per share, or \$19,565,590 in the aggregate, subject to an agreed reduction in resolution of certain claims described below. That agreement is memorialized in that certain Equity Commitment Agreement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit H.

Syms will purchase the Majority Shareholder's shares on the Plan Effective Date. However, Reorganized Syms will pay for the shares over time. In particular, as described immediately below, Syms will raise new funds from a Rights Offering (as defined below). After payment of exit and other costs, any proceeds remaining from the Rights Offering, plus proceeds of real estate dispositions, will be split between creditors and the Majority Shareholder, with creditors receiving 60% and the Majority Shareholder receiving 40%, until the Majority Shareholder is paid \$10,725,641. The balance of Syms' payment obligation to the Majority Shareholder, in the amount of \$7,065,907, will be paid after Reorganized Syms has satisfied all its obligations to creditors under the Plan.

Reorganized Syms' board of directors will be comprised of 3 designees of the Equity Committee, 1 designee of the Creditors' Committee, and 1 independent director agreeable to both the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee. The Plan contains detailed provisions regarding the use of Reorganized Syms' cash, along with provisions for control of the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate to vest in the Creditors' Committee's board designee if certain disposition milestones are not met. Reorganized Syms will be managed by a real estate expert who will be identified prior to the hearing to consider confirmation of the Plan.

With respect to the split-dollar life insurance policy on Marcy Syms, Syms and the Reorganized Company shall be released from any future obligation (whether to Marcy Syms, any third party or otherwise) to pay premiums and shall release any interest in the insurance policy in return for a credit of approximately \$1.774 million against the amounts to be paid to the Majority Shareholder pursuant to the Share Purchase Transaction. The approximately \$1.774 million has already been netted out of the initial distributions payable to the Majority Shareholder under the Plan Waterfall.

C. Rights Offering

Under the Plan, Syms will offer to sell to existing shareholders, other than the Majority Shareholder, who qualify as "accredited investors" under the securities laws, the right to purchase a total of 10,040,160 new shares at a price equal to \$2.49 per share, or \$25 million in the aggregate. The funds from the Rights Offering will be used, first, to pay certain administrative costs and other amounts necessary for Syms and Filene's to exit Chapter 11, with the balance utilized to pay creditors and to reduce Syms' obligation to pay the Majority Shareholder for her shares as described above.

As a result of the Rights Offering, the total number of Syms common shares will increase by 2,182,367 shares, from the 14,448,188 shares currently outstanding to 16,630,555 shares. Because of this increase, the percentage ownership in Syms held by existing shareholders other than the Majority

Shareholder will likely change. That percentage currently is approximately 45.3%. The extent to which any individual shareholder's percentage ownership may change will depend on, among other things, the level of participation in the Rights Offering. For example, an individual shareholder that does not purchase shares in the Rights Offering, and thus does not maintain such shareholder's pro rata ownership, will be diluted by [13.1%].

Certain members of the Equity Committee and their affiliates have agreed to purchase new shares made available in the Rights Offering that are not subscribed for by other shareholders. These members include DS Advisors LLC, Esopus Creek Value Series Fund LP-Series "A," and Marcato Capital Management LLC (collectively, the "Backstop Parties"). The "backstop" purchase obligation of these parties is memorialized in the Equity Commitment Agreement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit H. If no shareholders other than the Backstop Parties participate in the Rights Offering, the Backstop Parties will own 60.4% of Reorganized Syms, in the aggregate.

The Backstop Parties have been represented by counsel separate from the Equity Committee and abstained from decisions on the Equity Commitment Agreement and Rights Offering made by the Equity Committee. The legal fees of counsel to the Backstop Parties is to be paid by the Debtors under the Equity Commitment Agreement. No other fee or compensation of any kind is being paid to the Backstop Parties for the commitment to backstop the \$25 million Rights Offering. The Rights Offering permits Eligible Holders (as defined below) to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of both the initial offering of shares and to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of any Unsubscribed Shares (as defined below).

D. Estimates of Share Value/Go-Forward Business Plan

The value of Reorganized Syms' shares ultimately will depend on a number of factors, all of which are difficult to predict. The Debtors' business advisors have estimated that Syms Owned Real Estate has an aggregate net realizable value of approximately \$147 million. Based on this estimate, and taking into account the increased number of shares under the Plan, the Debtors estimate that shares in Reorganized Syms are worth between \$1.50 and \$2.00 per share. This range assumes (i) that the ultimate amount of claims allowed in these Chapter 11 cases will be between \$100 million and \$110 million; (ii) that Syms' most valuable parcel of real estate, the so-called "Trinity Property" located in lower Manhattan, is sold as-is, without being further developed; and (iii) that the expected proceeds to be realized from real estate sales should be discounted by 10% to account for the time value of money. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors believe that total claims will be closer to the \$110 million end of the range.

The estimated share value described above could vary significantly for a number of reasons, including if the total amount of claims that ultimately is allowed falls outside the range described above; if anticipated real estate values are not achieved; or if real estate dispositions do not occur as and when expected. In this regard, the Equity Committee and its advisors believe that the value of Syms Owned Real Estate could be significantly greater than the \$147 million aggregate figure estimated by the Debtors' advisors. As described below, the Equity Committee's business plan contemplates the near-term disposition of 13 parcels of Syms Owned Real Estate, followed by the medium-term disposition of 3 additional parcels after they have been leased up and stabilized, followed by the long-term development and disposition of the Trinity Property.

Various development scenarios have been analyzed that contemplate the development and future sale of the Trinity Property as either a mixed use residential apartment property or a mixed use condominium. Using a range of assumptions based on current market conditions, the construction and sale of the asset over a four- to five-year period has the potential to generate incremental gross proceeds

estimated to range from \$0 to \$120 million (where the low end of the range represents a sale of the development site in today's market), as compared to the range suggested by the valuations of the Debtors' professionals. Notwithstanding the risks associated with development, this could result in incremental values of between \$0 and \$7.22 per share, on an undiscounted basis, based on the pro forma share count of 16,630,555. The range of gross incremental value realizable from the Trinity Property does not take into account several factors that could impact shareholder value, including (but not limited to) a deterioration in market conditions; availability of construction financing; potential taxation of future sale proceeds; obligations of reorganized Syms that would be required to be repaid from sale proceeds; and additional carrying costs that could be incurred due to delays in entitlement or development approvals.

Moreover, the Equity Committee's plans for Syms Owned Real Estate, including its estimates of possible future value, contemplate very significant development costs for the Trinity Property. Moreover, the Equity Committee's expectations for future shareholder value depend largely on the Trinity Property, as the other properties owned by Syms likely will be necessary to pay creditor claims. The hoped-for values cannot be achieved without the ability to obtain the financing necessary to fund these development costs. There is no assurance that Reorganized Syms will be able to obtain such financing and realize these values. Moreover, the anticipated values are not expected to be achieved for at least three to five years. There is no assurance that the commercial real estate market will support such values three to five years in the future. Accordingly, there can be no guarantee of the ultimate value of the Trinity Property or any other parcels of real estate and hence, no guarantee regarding the value to Syms shareholders.

* * *

The Debtors have prepared this Disclosure Statement pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1125 for use in the solicitation of votes on the Plan. Certain of the information has been prepared by the Equity Committee with the assistance of its business advisors, including the business plan for disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate, including the Trinity Property and related estimates of value. As noted above, the Plan, while denominated a "joint" Plan, constitutes two separate plans for purposes of voting and distribution: one plan for Syms, and a separate plan for Filene's. This introduction provides a brief overview of each of these two plans. However, it affords a general overview only, which is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, the more detailed discussions, information, financial statements and notes appearing elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement and the Plan. All capitalized terms not defined in this Disclosure Statement have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Plan.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONTAINS SUMMARIES OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN, CERTAIN DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE PLAN, CERTAIN EVENTS IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASES AND CERTAIN FINANCIAL INFORMATION. ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS AND THE EQUITY COMMITTEE BELIEVE THAT SUCH SUMMARIES ARE FAIR AND ACCURATE, SUCH SUMMARIES ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE FULL TEXT OF SUCH DOCUMENTS. FACTUAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY THE DEBTORS' MANAGEMENT, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY NOTED. THE DEBTORS AND THE EQUITY COMMITTEE DO NOT WARRANT OR REPRESENT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, INCLUDING FINANCIAL INFORMATION, IS WITHOUT ANY INACCURACY OR OMISSION.

THE DEBTORS, THE EQUITY COMMITTEE AND THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE BELIEVE THAT THE PLAN WILL ENABLE THE DEBTORS TO ACCOMPLISH THE OBJECTIVES OF CHAPTER 11 AND THAT ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST

INTERESTS OF THE DEBTORS AND THE HOLDERS OF ALL CLAIMS AND INTERESTS. ACCORDINGLY, THE DEBTORS, THE EQUITY COMMITTEE AND THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE URGE HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS TO VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS ON VOTING TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN, SEE SECTION III OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, ENTITLED "PLAN VOTING, CONFIRMATION AND OBJECTION PROCEDURES."

II. OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN

The table below summarizes the classification and treatment of prepetition and postpetition claims against and interests in each of Syms and Filene's. The table below also contains an estimate of the recoveries that the Debtors believe will ultimately be available to each class of claims and interests under each separate plan proposed for Syms and Filene's, respectively. These estimates are based upon a number of assumptions, which may or may not prove to be accurate.

1. Plan for Syms

Description and Amount of	Summary of Treatment
Claims and Interests	
Unclassified Claims Against Syms	
Administrative Claims	Administrative Claims include pre-petition claims held by
	providers of goods for the value of any such goods shipped to
	Syms within 20 days of the Petition Date in the ordinary course of
	business, along with post-petition claims held by persons who
	provided goods and services to Syms after the Petition Date,
	including landlords for unpaid post-petition rent, utility providers,
	and professionals. Under the Plan, each Administrative Claim
	either will be paid in full in cash on the Effective Date of the Plan
	or as soon thereafter as such claim is allowed, or will receive such other less favorable treatment as to which the holder of such claim
	and Syms have agreed upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$21.854million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Superpriority Intercompany Claims	Superpriority Intercompany Claims are Intercompany Claims
	arising from and after the Petition Date, with priority as an
	administrative expense of the kind specified in section 503(b) and
	superpriority of the kind specified in section 507(b) of the
	Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to the Plan settlement described
	below, the holders of such claims shall not receive or retain any
	property under the Plan on account of such claims, and the claims
	shall be deemed cancelled and extinguished.
	Estimated Amount: \$2.155 million
	Estimated Recovery: Settled
Priority Tax Claims	Priority Tax Claims are any claims owed by Syms to
	governmental units for taxes that are entitled to priority under the
	Bankruptcy Code. Syms received authority to pay all such claims
	at the inception of its Chapter 11 case. Accordingly, Syms does
	not believe there are any remaining Priority Tax Claims. To the

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
Claims and Interests	extent any such Claims exist, under the Plan, such claims will be
	paid in full in cash upon the Plan Effective Date or as soon
	thereafter as they are allowed, or will receive such less favorable
	terms as Syms and the holder of any such claim agree upon in
	writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$0
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Classified Claims Against Syms	
Syms Class 1: Secured Claims	Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that
(Unimpaired)	are subject to a right of setoff. Syms has already received authority to pay in full the secured claim of Syms' primary secured
	creditor, Bank of America, N.A., from proceeds of the Syms store
	closing sales, and made such payment in November 2011. Under
	the Plan, any holder of a Secured Claim shall either be paid in full
	in cash, shall receive the collateral securing its claim, or shall
	receive such less favorable treatment as Syms and the holder of
	such claim agree upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$0
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 2: Non-Tax Priority	A Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim entitled to
Claims (Unimpaired)	priority under the Bankruptcy Code other than an Administrative
	Claim or a Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by employees for unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with the
	claims of customers for deposits and similar matters. Under the
	Plan, each holder of a Non-Tax Priority Claim either shall be
	entitled to be paid in full in cash upon the Plan Effective Date or
	on the distribution date immediately following the date on which
	the claim becomes allowed, or shall receive such other less
	favorable treatment as to which such holder and Syms shall have
	agreed upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$1.518 million
Syms Class 3: Convenience Claims	Estimated Recovery: 100%
(Impaired)	A Syms Convenience Claim is a pre-petition claim against Syms that is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code and is
(Impaired)	not secured by a lien on collateral, but that is (i) allowed in an
	amount equal to or less than \$10,000 or (ii) in an amount that is
	greater than \$10,000, but which the holder thereof elects on its
	ballot to be allowed in an amount no greater than \$10,000. Under
	the Plan, each holder of a Convenience Claim that is allowed shall
	be paid in cash up to 100% of the allowed amount of the claim as
	Excess Cash becomes available, with any amounts not paid by
	October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year, which
	interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or shall receive such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder
	and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$1.899 million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
Syms Class 4: Syms General	A Syms General Unsecured Claim is a pre-petition claim that is
Unsecured Claims (Impaired)	not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, is not secured
Chisecured Charms (Impaned)	by a lien on collateral, and does not otherwise qualify as a
	Convenience Claim. Such claims include claims for unpaid trade
	payables, lease rejection damages, employee severance claims,
	and other unsecured claims, including claims on account of written
	Syms guarantees of Filene's leases and trade claims. Under the
	Plan, each holder of a Syms General Unsecured Claim that is
	allowed shall be paid in cash up to 100% of the allowed amount of
	the claim as Excess Cash becomes available, with any amounts not
	paid by October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year,
	which interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or
	shall receive such other less favorable treatment as to which such
	holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing. Syms
	anticipates paying these claims within [one] year of the Plan
	Effective Date.
	Estimated Amount: \$53.896 million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 5: Union Pension Plan	A Syms Union Pension Plan Claim is an obligation owed to Local
Claims (Impaired)	1102 and Local 400 for pension withdrawal liability arising under
	the Syms Pension Plan. Under the Plan, each holder of a Syms
	Union Pension Plan Claim that is allowed shall receive quarterly
	distributions from the Pension Plan Reserve in accordance with
	Syms' contractual or legal obligations under the Pension Plan.
	Estimated Amount: \$6.909 million
G GI C I	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 6: Intercompany	A Syms Intercompany Claim is a claim against Syms held by
Claims (Unimpaired)	another Debtor, including any claim reflected on the books and
	records of such other Debtor and any derivative claim asserted by
	or on behalf of another Debtor against Syms and which is not a
	Syms Superpriority Intercompany Claim. Pursuant to the Plan
	settlement described below, the holders of Syms Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on
	account of such claims. On the Plan Effective Date, all Syms
	Intercompany Claims shall be deemed offset, cancelled and
	extinguished.
	Estimated Amount: See section 1.2 below
	Estimated Recovery: Settled
	Lonnacu Accovery. Octicu

tolder of stock in Syms other than the Majority Shareholder etain such stock under the Plan. As described above, the sty Shareholder will sell her shares to Syms for \$2.49 per A portion of the funds necessary for Syms to pay this at will be raised by Syms under the Plan in the Rights and by offering to shareholders who are "accredited ors" as defined by the securities laws, other than the sty Shareholder, the right to purchase their pro rata share of syms shares at \$2.49 per share. As described above, the resestimate that the estimated value to Syms minority olders will be between \$1.50 and \$2.00 per share. This te reflects the dilution of those shareholders that do not pate in the Rights Offering. It also assumes (i) that the gate net realizable value of Syms Owned Real Estate is stimately \$147 million; (ii) that a discount rate of 10% is do to this value; and (iii) that total claims that ultimately will owed and paid under the Plan are between \$100 million and million (the Debtors believe total claims will be closer to million). As noted above, however, the Equity Committee's set plan contemplates significant development of certain real including the Trinity Property, that, if successfully mented, could result in the aggregate net realizable value of Owned Real Estate being significantly higher than the res' estimates, resulting in a much greater share value.

2. Plan for Filene's

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
Unclassified Claims Against	
Filene's	
Administrative Claims	Administrative Claims include pre-petition claims held by providers of goods for the value of any such goods shipped to Filene's within 20 days of the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business, plus post-petition claims held by persons who provided goods and services to Filene's after the Petition Date, including landlords for unpaid post-petition rent, utility providers, and professionals. Under the Plan, each Administrative Claim either will be paid in full in cash on the Effective Date of the Plan or as soon thereafter as such claim is allowed, or will receive such other less favorable treatment as to which the holder of such claim and Filene's have agreed upon in writing. Estimated Amount: \$8.068 million Estimated Recovery: 100%
Superpriority Intercompany Claims	Superpriority Intercompany Claims are Intercompany Claims
	arising from and after the Petition Date, with priority as an administrative expense of the kind specified in section 503(b) and
	superpriority of the kind specified in section 507(b) of the

Description and Amount of	Summary of Treatment
Claims and Interests	Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to the Plan settlement, the holders of
	such claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such claims and the claims shall be deemed
	cancelled and extinguished.
	Estimated Amount: \$0
	Estimated Amount. 50 Estimated Recovery: Settled
Priority Tax Claims	Priority Tax Claims are any claims owed by Filene's to
Thomas Tux Clambs	governmental units for taxes that are entitled to priority under the
	Bankruptcy Code. Any such claims that are allowed will be paid
	in full in cash upon the Plan Effective Date or as soon thereafter as
	they are allowed, or will receive such less favorable terms as
	Filene's and the holder of any such claim agree upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$1.355 million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Classified Claims Against Filene's	
Filene's Class 1: Secured Claims	Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that
(Unimpaired)	are subject to a right of setoff. Filene's already received authority
	to pay in full the secured claim of Filene's primary secured
	creditor, Bank of America, N.A., from proceeds of Filene's store
	closing sales, and made such payment in November 2011. Under
	the Plan, any holder of a Secured Claim shall either be paid in full
	in cash, shall receive the collateral securing its claim, or shall
	receive such less favorable treatment as Filene's and the holder of
	such claim agree upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$0
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Filene's Class 2: Non-Tax Priority	A Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim entitled to
Claims (Unimpaired)	priority under the Bankruptcy Code other than an Administrative
	Claim or a Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by
	employees for unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with
	claims of customers for deposits and similar matters. Under the
	Plan, each holder of a Non-Tax Priority Claim either shall be entitled to be paid in full in cash upon the Plan Effective Date or
	as on the distribution date immediately following the date on
	which the claim becomes allowed, or shall receive such other less
	favorable treatment as to which such holder and Filene's shall have
	agreed upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$581,000
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Filene's Class 3: Convenience	A Filene's Convenience Claim is a pre-petition claim against
Claims (Impaired)	Filene's that is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code
	and is not secured by a lien on collateral, but that is (i) allowed in
	an amount equal to or less than \$10,000 or (ii) in an amount that is
	greater than \$10,000, but which the holder thereof elects on its
	ballot to be allowed in an amount no greater than \$10,000. Under
	the Plan, each holder of a Convenience Claim that is allowed shall
	be paid in cash up to 100% of the allowed amount of the claim as

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
	Excess Cash becomes available, with any amounts not paid by October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year, which interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or shall receive such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing. Estimated Amount: \$1.613 million Estimated Recovery: 100%
Filene's Class 4: Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims (Impaired)	A Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim is a pre-petition claim against Filene's that is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, is not secured by a lien on collateral, is not guaranteed by Syms, and does not otherwise qualify as a Filene's Convenience Claim. Such claims include claims primarily for unpaid trade payables and employee severance claims. Under the Plan, each holder of a Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim that is allowed shall have the option of (a) being paid in full in cash over time up to 100% of the allowed amount of the claim, with any amounts not paid by October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year, which interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or receiving such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder and Filene's shall have agreed upon in writing, or (b) being paid its pro rata share of the liquidation value of Filene's assets, in cash upon the Plan Effective Date or as soon thereafter as such claims are allowed. Filene's anticipates paying those holders who elect to be paid over time within four years of the Plan Effective Date. Estimated Amount: \$8.755 million Estimated Recovery: 100% (for those electing to be paid
Filene's Class 5: Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims (Impaired)	their pro rata share of the liquidation value of Filene's assets. A Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim is a pre-petition claim against Filene's that is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, is not secured by a lien on collateral, is not guaranteed by Syms, and does not otherwise qualify as either a Filene's Convenience Claim or Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim. Such claims include claims primarily for rejection of executory contracts and unexpired leases. Under the Plan, each holder of a Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim that is allowed shall have the option of (a) being paid 75% of the allowed amount of its claim in cash over time, with any amounts not paid by October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year, which interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or receiving such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder and Filene's shall have agreed upon in writing, or (b) being paid its pro rata share of the liquidation value of Filene's assets, in cash upon the Plan Effective Date or as soon thereafter as such claims are allowed. Filene's anticipates paying those holders who elect to be paid 75% of the allowed value of their claim within four years of the Plan Effective Date.

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
	Estimated Amount: \$36.877 million
	Estimated Recovery: 75% (for those electing to be paid over
	time) and between 0% and 2% for those electing to be paid
	their pro rata share of the liquidation value of Filene's assets.
Filene's Class 6: Union Pension	A Filene's Union Pension Plan Claim is a pension obligation owed
Plan Claims (Impaired)	by Filene's. Under the Plan, each holder of a Filene's Union
	Pension Plan Claim that is allowed shall receive quarterly
	distributions from the Pension Plan Reserve in accordance with
	Syms' contractual or legal obligations under the Pension Plan.
	Estimated Amount: \$ million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Filene's Class 7: Intercompany	A Filene's Intercompany Claim is a claim against Filene's held by
Claims (Impaired)	another Debtor, including but not limited to a claim reflected on
	the books and records of such other Debtor and any derivative
	claim asserted by or on behalf of another Debtor against Filene's
	and which is not a Filene's Superpriority Intercompany Claim.
	Pursuant to the Plan settlement described below, the holders of
	Filene's Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any
	property under the Plan on account of such claims. On the Plan
	Effective Date, all Filene's Intercompany Claims shall be deemed
	offset, cancelled and extinguished.
	Estimated Amount: \$33.0 million
	Estimated Recovery: Settled
Filene's Class 8: Interests	Filene's interests consist of limited liability company membership
(Unimpaired)	interests in Filene's, which are owned exclusively by Syms. On
	the Effective Date, each holder of interests in Filene's shall retain
	its interests.
	Estimated Recovery: 0%

ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS BELIEVE THAT THE ESTIMATED RECOVERIES ARE REASONABLE, THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THE ACTUAL AMOUNTS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS IN EACH CLASS WILL NOT MATERIALLY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED AGGREGATE AMOUNTS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ABOVE. The actual recoveries under the Plan will depend upon a variety of factors, including whether, and in what amount and with what priority, contingent claims against the Debtors become non-contingent and fixed; and whether, and to what extent, disputed claims are resolved in favor of the Debtors. Accordingly, no representation can be or is being made with respect to whether each estimated recovery amount shown in the table above will be realized.

In the view of the Debtors, the Plan provides holders of claims and interests with the best recovery possible. The Debtors, the Equity Committee, and the Creditors' Committee believe that the Plan is in the best interests of creditors and shareholders and should be approved. Therefore, the Debtors, the Equity Committee, and the Creditors' Committee recommend that all persons entitled to vote on the Plan, vote to accept the Plan.

III. PLAN VOTING, CONFIRMATION AND RELATED PROCEDURES

A. General Disclaimer

This Disclosure Statement is being transmitted to holders of claims against and interests in the Debtors that are entitled to vote on the Plan. The primary purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide adequate information so that holders who are entitled to vote on the Plan can make a reasonably informed decision with respect to the Plan before they decide to vote to accept or reject the Plan. A secondary purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide Syms shareholders, other than the Majority Shareholder, who are "accredited investors" as defined by the securities laws, with certain information that will help them decide whether to purchase new Syms shares in the Rights Offering.

The Bankruptcy Court has approved this Disclosure Statement as containing "adequate information," which means information of a kind and in sufficient and adequate detail to enable voting creditors and shareholders to make an informed judgment with respect to acceptance or rejection of the Plan. HOWEVER, THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE EITHER A GUARANTY OF THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN OR AN ENDORSEMENT OF THE PLAN BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT. FURTHERMORE, THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT REPRESENT AN APPROVAL OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN FOR PURPOSES OF THE DEBTORS' DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS UNDER APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS IN CONNECTION WITH THE RIGHTS OFFERING.

WHEN, AND IF, CONFIRMED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, THE PLAN WILL BIND <u>ALL</u> HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH HOLDERS ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE OR DID VOTE ON THE PLAN AND WHETHER OR NOT SUCH HOLDERS RECEIVE OR RETAIN ANY DISTRIBUTIONS OR PROPERTY UNDER THE PLAN. <u>THUS, YOU ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CAREFULLY.</u>

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS THE <u>ONLY</u> DOCUMENT THAT THE COURT HAS APPROVED TO BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOLICITATION OF VOTES ON THE PLAN. No solicitation of votes may be made except after the distribution of this Disclosure Statement, and no person has been authorized to distribute <u>any</u> information concerning the Debtors other than the information contained herein.

CERTAIN OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS, BY ITS NATURE, FORWARD LOOKING AND CONTAINS ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS THAT MAY BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ACTUAL, FUTURE RESULTS. Unless otherwise specifically and expressly stated herein, this Disclosure Statement does not reflect any events that may occur after the date of this Disclosure Statement, even if those events may have a material impact on the information contained in this Disclosure Statement. The Debtors do not expect to distribute any amendments or supplements to this Disclosure Statement to reflect any occurrences that happen after the date hereof. Therefore, the delivery of this Disclosure Statement shall not under any circumstance imply that the information contained in it remains correct or complete as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN AUDITED BY A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

AND HAS NOT BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

B. Holders of Claims and Interests Entitled to Vote

Under the Bankruptcy Code, only holders of allowed claims or interests in classes of claims or interests that are (a) impaired and (b) placed in a class that will receive a distribution under a plan may vote to accept or reject the plan. In this case, Syms Class 3 Convenience Claims, Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims, Syms Class 5 Pension Plan Claims, Syms Class 7 Interests, Filene's Class 3 Convenience Claims, Filene's Class 4 General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, Filene's Class 5 General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims and Filene's Class 6 Pension Plan Claims are entitled to vote on the Plan.

Classes of claims or equity interests in which the holders thereof are unimpaired under a chapter 11 plan are deemed to have accepted the plan and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan. In this case, Syms Classes 1 and 2 and Filene's Classes 1 and 2 are unimpaired, and holders of claims and interests in such classes are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan. Thus, such holders are not entitled to cast a vote on the Plan.

Classes of claims or interests that receive no distribution on account of their claims or interests are deemed to have rejected the plan and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan. In this case, pursuant to the settlement of various intercompany matters described below, the holders of claims in Syms Class 6 (consisting entirely of intercompany claims against Syms) and Filene's Class 7 (consisting entirely of intercompany claims against Filene's) and the holders of interests in Filene's Class 8 (consisting entirely of Syms' ownership of its equity interest in Filene's) shall not retain or receive any property under the Plan. However, because each of these claims and interests are held exclusively by the Debtors, as plan co-proponents, each such class is deemed to have accepted the Plan.

C. Solicitation Package

Accompanying this Disclosure Statement are copies of (1) the Plan, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A; (2) the Bankruptcy Court's order, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit B (the "Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures Order") that approves this Disclosure Statement, sets forth the time for submitting ballots to accept or reject the Plan, and sets forth the date, time and place of the hearing to consider confirmation of the Plan and the time for filing objections to confirmation of the Plan; and (3) for those entitled to vote on the Plan, one or more ballots (and return envelopes) to be used in voting to accept or reject the Plan.

The Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures Order also explains how the Debtors will tabulate the ballots that are cast on the Plan, including assumptions and procedures for tabulating ballots that are not completed fully or correctly. You should read the Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures Order and the instructions attached to the ballot you have received in this package in connection with this section of the Disclosure Statement.

D. Voting Procedures, Ballots, and Voting Deadline

1. In General

After carefully reviewing the Plan, this Disclosure Statement and the detailed instructions accompanying your ballot, please indicate your acceptance or rejection of the Plan by voting in favor of or against the Plan on the enclosed ballot. You must complete and sign your original ballot (copies will not be accepted) and return it in the envelope provided. Each ballot has been coded to reflect the class of claims or interests it represents. Accordingly, in voting to accept or reject the Plan, you must use only the coded ballot or ballots sent to you with this Disclosure Statement.

THE BALLOT IS THE <u>ONLY</u> REQUIRED ITEM TO BE SENT TO THE VOTING AGENT. PLEASE DO NOT SEND EVIDENCE OF YOUR CLAIM AMOUNT OR ANY CERTIFICATES WITH YOUR BALLOT.

If you have any questions about (i) the procedure for voting your claim or interest or with respect to the packet of materials that you have received or (ii) the amount of your claim or interest, or if you wish to obtain an additional copy of the Plan, this Disclosure Statement, or any appendix or exhibit to the Plan or Disclosure Statement, please contact:

Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC Re: Syms Corp., et al. 2335 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245 Attn.: Voting Department Email: FilenesInfo@kccllc.com Telephone: (877) 606-7510

2. Withdrawal of Ballots; Revocation; Changes to Vote

Any holder of a claim or interest who votes to accept or reject the Plan is entitled to withdraw its ballot at any time before the Voting Deadline. To do so, you must deliver a written notice of withdrawal to the Voting Agent. To be valid, a notice of withdrawal must (i) contain a description of the claim(s) or interests to which it relates and the total amount of such claim(s) or interests, (ii) be signed by the same person who signed the original ballot, (iii) contain a certification that the person withdrawing the ballot owns the claim(s) or interests and possesses the right to withdraw the vote sought to be withdrawn and (iv) be received by the Voting Agent before the Voting Deadline at the address set forth above. The Debtors expressly reserve the absolute right to contest whether any ballot has been validly withdrawn. Unless the Bankruptcy Court orders otherwise, if a notice of withdrawal is not timely received by the Voting Agent, it will not be considered valid to withdraw a previously cast ballot.

Any party who submits a ballot before the Voting Deadline is entitled to change such vote. To do so, you must submit a new, properly completed ballot for acceptance or rejection of the Plan. If a party

submits more than one properly completed ballot before the Voting Deadline, the Voting Agent will only count the ballot that bears the latest date for purposes of counting the ballot towards acceptance or rejection of the Plan.

3. Waivers of Defects and Other Irregularities

Unless otherwise directed by the Bankruptcy Court, the Voting Agent and the Debtors will determine whether the ballots cast on the Plan are valid, in the correct form and were timely received. Their determination will be final and binding. The Debtors reserve the right to reject any and all ballots that are not submitted in proper form, the acceptance of which would, in the opinion of the Debtors or their counsel, be unlawful. The Debtors further reserve the right to waive any defects or irregularities or conditions of delivery as to any particular ballot in order to allow such ballot to be counted.

Unless waived, any defects or irregularities in connection with deliveries of ballots must be cured within such time as the Debtors (or the Bankruptcy Court) determine. The Debtors and the Voting Agent are not obligated to notify any voting party that its ballot was deemed defective or that it was disregarded in the tabulation of votes, and the Debtors and the Voting Agent will not incur any liabilities for failure to provide such notification. Unless otherwise directed by the Bankruptcy Court, delivery of such ballots will not be deemed to have been made until such irregularities have been cured or waived. Ballots previously furnished (and as to which any irregularities have not therefore been cured or waived) will be invalidated.

E. Rights Offering

Syms is offering its existing "accredited investor" shareholders, other than the Majority Shareholder, the opportunity to subscribe for and purchase up to an aggregate of 10,040,160 new shares of common stock (the "Offered Shares") at a purchase price of \$2.49 per share (the "Rights Offering").

In order for the Rights Offering to be exempt from the registration requirements under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), it arguably must comply with Rule 506 of Regulation D, promulgated under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. Pursuant to Rule 506, only current Syms shareholders who qualify as "accredited investors" under Regulation D may participate in the Rights Offering. To identify such accredited investors, the Subscription Agent will mail, no later than July 12, 2012, Accredited Investor Questionnaires, to each broker, dealer, agent, bank or other entity (each, a "Record Holder") that holds book-entry positions in Syms stock as of July 10, 2012, either for itself or for beneficial owners of Syms stock as of July 10, 2012 (collectively "Beneficial Owners").

To be deemed an accredited investor eligible to participate in the Rights Offering, a Beneficial Owner must complete the Accredited Investor Questionnaire certifying such Beneficial Owner's status as an accredited investor and, if the Beneficial Owner is not the Record Holder, return the properly executed Accredited Investor Questionnaire to the Record Holder so as to be actually received by such deadline as the Record Holder may establish. The Record Holder shall certify on the Accredited Investor Questionnaire the amount of shares of Syms stock it holds for the benefit of the Beneficial Owner and return the completed Accredited Investor Questionnaire to the Subscription Agent so as to be actually received by the Subscription Agent before 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) on August 2, 2012. Completed Accredited Investor Questionnaires may be transmitted electronically by Record Holders to the Subscription Agent, by facsimile to (212) 702-0864 or by electronic mail to symsinfo@kccllc.com, so long as such electronic transmissions are actually received by the deadline. Any Record Holder that elects to electronically transmit its completed Accredited Investor Questionnaires to the Subscription

Agent must also deliver the hard-copy original Accredited Investor Questionnaires to the Subscription Agent no later than August 9, 2012.

Any Beneficial Owner that does not validly certify that it is an accredited investor on the Accredited Investor Questionnaire and return the same to the Subscription Agent by August 2, 2012, shall not be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering. Any Accredited Investor Questionnaire that is timely returned to the Subscription Agent but does not indicate whether the relevant Beneficial Owner is or is not an accredited investor will not be deemed to have been validly executed, and the applicable Beneficial Owner will not be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering. Any Beneficial Owner that fails to submit a duly executed Accredited Investor Questionnaire to the Subscription Agent by August 2, 2012 will not be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering.

Once the eligible accredited investors are identified, the Subscription Agent will send agreements to participate in the Rights Offering ("Subscription Agreements") to the eligible accredited investors. The Subscription Agreements are the contracts by which such eligible accredited investors will agree to subscribe for and purchase the Offered Shares from Syms. Each eligible accredited investor who wishes to subscribe for shares in the Rights Offering must sign a Subscription Agreement indicating the number of shares it wishes to purchase. Those who return their Subscription Agreements and who Syms determines are eligible accredited investors are referred to as "Eligible Holders."

Eligible Holders initially may subscribe for up to a maximum of their pro rata share of the Offered Shares (the "Initial Shares"). The pro rata share for each Eligible Holder will be determined by multiplying (a) the total number of Offered Shares by (b) the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the number of shares of Syms common stock held by that Eligible Holder by (ii) the total number of shares of Syms common stock held by all the Eligible Holders, rounded down to the nearest whole share.

Eligible Holders interested in subscribing for additional shares may also indicate on their Subscription Agreement that they would like to subscribe for Unsubscribed Shares. The number of aggregate Unsubscribed Shares will be the number of Offered Shares minus the number of Initial Shares subscribed for by all Eligible Holders. Each Eligible Holder may receive up to its pro rata portion of the Unsubscribed Shares. The pro rata portion of Unsubscribed Shares that electing Eligible Holders may subscribe for will be determined by multiplying (a) the aggregate number of Unsubscribed Shares by (b) the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the number of shares of Syms common stock held by that Eligible Holder by (ii) the total number of shares of Syms common stock held by all the Eligible Holders, rounded down to the nearest whole share.

Once the subscription deadline has passed, Syms will calculate and inform each Eligible Holder who subscribed for Unsubscribed Shares how many of the Unsubscribed Shares will be allotted to each. Each Eligible Holder must then promptly, and not later than August 29, 2012, remit payment for their respective allotted Unsubscribed Shares.

F. Confirmation Hearing and Deadline for Objections to Confirmation

- (i) Syms Corp., et al, One Syms Way, Secaucus, New Jersey, 07904, Attn: Laura Brandt, Esq.;
- (ii) Counsel to the Debtors: Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, One Rodney Square, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, Attn: Mark S. Chehi, Esq. and Jason M. Liberi, Esq.; and Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, Four Times Square, New York, New York 10036, Attn: Mark A. McDermott, Esq. and Suzanne D.T. Lovett, Esq.;
- (iii) Counsel to the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors: Hahn & Hessen LLP, 488 Madison Avenue, 15th Floor, New York, New York 10022, Attn: Mark T. Power, Esq., and Janine M. Cerbone, Esq.; and Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A., One Rodney Square, 920 North King Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, Attn: Paul N. Heath, Esq., and Michael J. Merchant, Esq.;
- (iv) Counsel to the Official Committee of Syms Corp. Equity Security Holders: Munger, Tolles & Olson LLP, 355 South Grand Avenue, 35th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90071, Attn: Thomas B. Walper, Esq., Seth Goldman, Esq. and Bradley R. Schneider, Esq.; and Morris, Nichols, Arsht & Tunnell LLP, 1201 N. Market Street, P.O. Box 1347, Wilmington, Delaware 19899, Attn: Robert J. Dehney, Esq., Gregory W. Werkheiser, Esq., and Matthew B. Harvey, Esq.; and
- (v) The Office of the United States Trustee, J. Caleb Boggs Federal Bldg., 844 North King Street, Room 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, DE 19801, Attn: David Klauder, Esq.

IV. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE DEBTORS

A. Business Overview

1. Syms

Syms was founded in 1959. The company and the number of its retail stores grew over the years until, as of the Petition Date, it operated twenty off-price retail stores under the Syms brand name and five co-branded stores with Filene's. As of the Petition Date, Syms employed approximately 910 employees. Syms stores were located throughout the Northeast, Middle Atlantic, Midwest, Southwest and Southeast regions of the United States. Seventeen of the Syms stores operated in properties owned by Syms, and the other six Syms stores operated in properties that Syms leased from third-party landlords. Syms owns its corporate headquarters facility in Secaucus, New Jersey, which also housed a distribution/warehouse facility until it was closed in December 2011. A list of the owned properties is attached to this Disclosure Statement as Exhibit C (the "Syms Owned Real Estate"). Syms is also a lessee under four separate ground leases underlying some of its owned properties.

Prior to the Petition Date, the Syms stores were known primarily for their men's tailored clothing, although they offered a broad range of first quality, in-season merchandise, bearing nationally recognized designer or brand-name labels, as well as shoes and accessories, for men, women and children at prices substantially lower than those generally found in department and specialty stores. Syms stores had as their tagline "An Educated Consumer Is Our Best Customer," one of the best known and longest lasting taglines in retail. In addition, Syms currently operates as a commercial landlord, managing tenants under 25 leases in its properties located in Florida, Georgia, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Michigan.

2. Filene's

On June 18, 2009, a subsidiary of Syms – SYL, LLC – bought a substantial part of the operating assets of Filene's Basement, Inc. after the latter had declared bankruptcy. These assets included real property leases, inventory, equipment and other assets. After SYL, LLC bought these assets, it changed its name to Filene's Basement, LLC. Filene's Basement, LLC is one of the Debtors in these Chapter 11 cases. As of the Petition Date, Filene's owned and operated twenty-one Filene's stores and employed approximately 1,500 employees. The stores were located throughout the Northeast, Middle Atlantic, Midwest and Southeast regions of the United States. All of the Filene's premises were leased. Filene's also leased and operated a 457,000 square foot distribution facility in Auburn, Massachusetts (the "Auburn Warehouse") and an off -site storage location in Landover, Maryland.

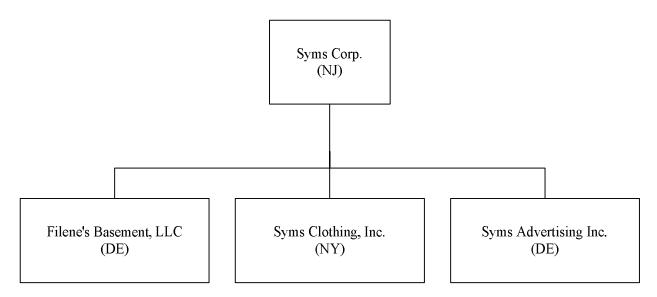
Like Syms stores, the Filene's stores offered a broad range of first quality, in-season merchandise bearing nationally recognized designer or brand-name labels at discounted prices for men, women and children. The Filene's stores were known for their selection of women's ready-to-wear clothing. Some of the Filene's stores also carried a selection of fine jewelry. The Filene's stores were known for their tagline "Where Bargains Were Born," which demonstrates the brand's long-standing position as an original off-price store. The Filene's stores were also known for their "Running of the Brides" events, which focused on bridal gowns and related apparel and were unique to Filene's.

3. Post-2009 Acquisition

Following Syms' 2009 acquisition of Filene's, Syms and Filene's shared common merchandising personnel and purchase departments. The common merchandisers purchased the same merchandise for both Syms and Filene's stores from common vendors. Syms and Filene's consolidated their distribution center functions, which involved a shift of most merchandise processing to the Auburn Warehouse. The merchandise was processed and distributed in the Auburn Warehouse, where it was received from manufacturers, inspected, and recorded as Filene's inventory. The Syms and Filene's merchandise was then allocated and shipped in different quantities to stores pursuant to the Debtors' allocation plan.

B. Prepetition Corporate and Capital Structure

As noted above, there are four Debtors in these cases. The Debtors' corporate organization chart is below.



Syms remains a publicly-held New Jersey corporation. Prior to the Petition Date, Syms' common stock was listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market under the symbol "SYMS." As of the Petition Date, approximately 14.5 million shares of Syms' common stock were outstanding. Since the Petition Date, the price of Syms' common stock has ranged between \$6.46 and \$12.80 per share. Ms. Marcy Syms, the Chair of Syms and its majority shareholder, exercises voting control over approximately 54.7% of the Syms common stock.

Prior to the Petition Date, Syms and Filene's were joint borrowers under a secured \$75 million revolving credit facility pursuant to a credit agreement, dated as of August 27, 2009 (as amended) with Bank of America, N.A. ("BoA") as administrative and collateral agent (the "Credit Agreement"). Syms' and Filene's obligations under the Credit Agreement were secured by liens on their respective inventory and other personal property and two parcels of Syms Owned Real Estate located in Paramus, New Jersey and Secaucus, New Jersey. At the time of the chapter 11 filings, the Debtors owed approximately \$31.3 million to Bank of America under the Credit Agreement, which included amounts owing for letters of credit. As described below, all amounts owed to Bank of America have been paid in full from the proceeds of the Debtors' store liquidation sales.

C. Events Leading to the Chapter 11 Cases

The Debtors experienced significant operational losses prior to the Petition Date. For instance, for the fiscal year ended February 26, 2011, the Debtors' combined losses before income taxes as reported in Syms' Form 10-K was \$51.7 million. For the three months ending October 29, 2011, the Debtors had combined losses of \$65.95 million as reported in Syms' Form 10-Q for the third quarter.

The Debtors' poor economic condition was attributable to numerous factors. The prolonged recession led to a lack of consumer confidence. Consumers' disposable income had been reduced and, as a result, consumers were buying less often and buying fewer items, including the type of merchandise sold in Syms and Filene's stores. Moreover, many of the Filene's customers who were lost as a result of the Filene's Basement, Inc. bankruptcy filing did not return to shop at Filene's after the acquisition. Furthermore, the retail apparel business is highly competitive. Syms and Filene's stores faced increasing competition from discount stores, specialty apparel stores, department stores, manufacturer-owned factory outlet stores and other retail outlets, many of which are units of large national or regional chains that have

substantially greater resources and buying power than the Debtors. The Debtors also faced increasing competition from e-commerce sites.

Additionally, the Debtors did not obtain the economic benefits they had expected from the acquisition of Filene's Basement, Inc.'s assets in June 2009. When the Filene's Basement, Inc. assets were acquired, Syms hoped to achieve significant synergies and cost savings, so that each of Syms and Filene's could grow and be profitable. In particular, Syms wanted to spread corporate overhead over a larger store base while maintaining the separate identity – and longstanding history – of each of the companies and their respective stores, brand names and customer bases. The benefits of the acquisition did not materialize to the degree expected.

In light of the foregoing, in March 2011, the Debtors retained both Rothschild Inc. ("Rothschild") and Alvarez & Marsal Private Equity Performance Improvement, LLC ("A&M"). Rothschild was retained to initiate a process of identifying and evaluating strategic alternatives. A&M was retained to assist the Debtors with working capital and liquidity management, provide additional expertise to the Debtors in developing and implementing performance-enhancing initiatives, and, if, and as appropriate, depending on the scope of the strategic alternatives process, provide due diligence support to the Debtors when third parties indicated interest as part of the strategic alternatives process. A&M instituted inventory planning and allocation practices, eliminated non-performing categories of inventory, negotiated with sources of credit to establish more attractive credit lines, and recommended that certain of the Debtors' underperforming stores be closed.

Rothschild, at the direction of the Board of Directors of Syms, contacted numerous strategic, financial, and real estate buyers to gauge their interest in pursuing one or more transactions with the Debtors. The Debtors placed no restrictions on the types of proposals or transactions that they would consider. The process was exceptionally comprehensive and spanned six months, from May through October 2011. In July 2011, the Debtors also hired Cushman & Wakefield Securities, Inc. and Cushman & Wakefield, Inc. (together, "Cushman"), nationally known real estate firms, to assist the Debtors in evaluating options with respect to the Syms Owned Real Estate. Although the Debtors received indications of interest from various strategic, financial, real estate and liquidation firms, the Debtors ultimately determined with the assistance of their advisors that such indications were unacceptable and did not constitute viable bids for an out-of-court, going concern transaction.

Given the Debtors' decreased liquidity, reduced access to trade terms, and inability to replenish inventory on a timely basis or at the level required to sustain their operations, and in light of their ongoing business losses and the deterioration of the Syms and Filene's retail operations and the lack of any viable, strategic transaction alternatives, the Debtors concluded that they were unable to reorganize their operations on a stand-alone basis, and that their only viable option for maximizing stakeholder value was an orderly wind-down of their retail operations, followed by dispositions of the Syms Owned Real Estate. Accordingly, on November 2, 2011, the Debtors commenced their Chapter 11 cases and sought to immediately conduct store closing sales at all their retail locations.

V. THE CHAPTER 11 CASES

A. General

On the Petition Date, the Debtors filed various motions with the Bankruptcy Court requesting permission to continue operating various aspects of their business as the Debtors wound down their retail operations. The Debtors were granted authority to continue honoring their obligations to their employees

and customers; to continue paying their tax obligations in the ordinary course; and to continue operating their existing cash management system in the ordinary course. The Debtors are represented in the Chapter 11 cases by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP and Young Conaway Stargatt & Taylor, LLP as legal counsel. The Debtors also have retained A&M, Cushman and Rothschild to assist them in these Chapter 11 cases.

The Office of the United States Trustee thereafter appointed two statutory committees in these Chapter 11 cases (together, the "Committees"): the Creditors' Committee, charged with a fiduciary duty to represent the interests of all the Debtors' creditors, and the Equity Committee, charged with a fiduciary duty to represent the interests of all Syms shareholders. The members of the Creditors' Committee are (i) PVH Corp., (ii) Rabina Properties, LLC, (iii) Rosenthal & Rosenthal, Inc., and (iv) Vornado Realty Trust; the members of the Equity Committee are (i) DS Fund I, LLC, (ii) Esopus Creek Value Series Fund LP – Series "L", (iii) Franklin Value Investors Trust, Franklin Balance Sheet Investment Fund, (iv) Kahn Brothers Group, Inc., and (v) Marcato Capital Management, LLC.

Each of the Committees has retained restructuring advisors to assist them in these Chapter 11 cases. In particular, the Creditors' Committee has retained legal counsel, a financial advisor, and a real estate advisor as follows: (i) Hahn & Hessen LLP, (ii) Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A., (iii) Loughlin Management Partners & Company, Inc., and (iv) Abacus Advisors Group LLC. The Equity Committee has retained: (i) Munger, Tolles & Olson LLP, (ii) Morris, Nichols, Arsht & Tunnell LLP, (iii) PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, (iv) Houlihan Lokey Capital, Inc., and (v) Retail Consulting Services, Inc., d/b/a RCS Real Estate Advisors.

B. Significant Events During the Chapter 11 Cases

1. Store Closing Sales

Immediately upon filing their Chapter 11 petitions, the Debtors sought Bankruptcy Court approval to conduct going-out-of-business sales with the assistance of a liquidation agent. On November 16, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order that authorized the Debtors to enter into an agency agreement with a joint venture between Gordon Brothers Retail Partners, LLC and Hilco Merchant Resources, LLC as liquidation agent to commence the store closing sales at the Debtors' then remaining thirty-nine store locations. The Bankruptcy Court further authorized the Debtors to assume an agency agreement that they had entered into prior to filing the Chapter 11 cases with respect to five Filene's retail locations and to continue store closing sales that had been commenced at those locations.

The commencement of these Chapter 11 cases and the store closing sales were timed to coincide with the holiday shopping season so that the Debtors could have the benefit of, among other things, the "Black Friday" shopping weekend after the Thanksgiving holiday. The Debtors sold virtually all their inventory and much of their furniture, fixtures and equipment during the store closing process. The sales concluded across their various locations in the last days of December 2011. As of December 31, 2011, the Debtors had ceased retail operations at all of their stores and vacated all their leased retail store and distribution center locations.

Pursuant to the agency agreement with the liquidators, the Debtors received an initial, guaranteed payment of approximately \$44.25 million. The Debtors used \$33.2 million from this payment to pay in full all amounts accrued and owed to the Debtors' secured lender, Bank of America. Upon conclusion of the store closing process, the Debtors and the liquidators audited and reconciled the results of the store closing sales. The Debtors received additional payments in accordance with the agency agreement of

\$8.8 million. Thus, the total amount that the Debtors received under the agency agreement in connection with their store closing sales totaled \$53.1 million.

2. Real Estate Matters

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors were lessees under twenty-four commercial real estate leases. The Debtors, with the assistance of the Committees, developed a process for marketing those leases in an effort to sell them or to terminate one or more of them with the agreement of their landlords in order to minimize costs and claims under such leases. On December 16, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order that approved the Debtors' proposed procedures for the disposition of their leases. Hilco Real Estate, LLC was retained to assist the Debtors, and conducted an extensive lease marketing process.

The Debtors obtained limited interest in their leases, and ultimately Syms negotiated the sale of only one of its leases, for the store located at 2220 Broadway, New York, NY. The lease was sold to DSW Inc. ("DSW") for approximately \$495,000. As part of the lease transfer, Syms agreed to grant DSW an allowed administrative claim of \$1.6 million as a tenant improvement allowance. The Debtors otherwise negotiated consensual terminations of three of their leases with their respective landlords. With the exception of their long-term ground leases, the Debtors rejected all of their remaining leases and vacated such leased premises as of December 31, 2011.

Under the Bankruptcy Code, when a debtor rejects a real estate lease, the rejection is considered a breach that gives rise to a claim for breach by the landlord against the debtor. However, the Bankruptcy Code imposes certain caps on the maximum amount of breach claims that a landlord may assert. Filene's estimates that lease rejection claims against it total approximately \$51.4 million. Syms estimates that lease rejection claims against it total approximately \$4.6 million. However, Syms provided full and partial guarantees to certain of Filene's landlords; the claims against Syms on account of such guarantees are estimated at approximately \$14.6 million. The Debtors, with the significant pre-petition assistance of Cushman and later, the Equity Committee, negotiated a consensual termination of Syms' lease of its store located at 530 Fifth Avenue in New York City. That agreement avoided a potential rejection claim against Syms of approximately \$8.4 million, and resulted in the return of over \$2.3 million that would have been paid to the landlord to terminate the lease, as well as an additional payment to Syms by the landlord of approximately \$400,000.

As of May 8, 2012, the Debtors had moved to assume all four of their long-term ground leases, and on May 24, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court entered orders authorizing the assumption of two of the Debtors' ground leases for properties located in Elmsford, New York. The Debtors currently are engaged in negotiations regarding certain amounts that allegedly must be paid before the ground lease for their Secaucus, New Jersey property can be assumed. The Debtors also have been engaged in negotiations and litigation regarding various issues relating to the ground lease for their Fairfield, Connecticut property. As of the date hereof, the Debtors have not received Court approval to assume the ground leases for their Secaucus, New Jersey and Fairfield, Connecticut properties.

As described herein, Cushman and Rothschild have worked together on the Debtors' behalf to consider various alternatives for maximizing the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate. To that end, Cushman commenced a comprehensive, nationwide process to identify one or more buyers and/or tenants of one or more parcels of the Syms Owned Real Estate. Cushman and Rothschild have also considered various options for financing one or more parcels of the Syms Owned Real Estate. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors have received several expressions of interest in various parcels, and obtained Bankruptcy Court approval to enter into a lease of Syms' Southfield, Michigan location.

3. Intellectual Property Matters

As of the Petition Date, Filene's owned certain intellectual property assets consisting of, among other things, (i) all of the Debtors' worldwide trademarks, including more than forty (40) registered United States trademarks as well as foreign and state registered marks; (ii) seventy (70) internet domain names including www.syms.com and www.filenesbasement.com; (iii) a perpetual, royalty-free license agreement with Macy's for the Filene's Basement trademark; and (iv) all of the Debtors' customer information databases, which primarily consist of close to two million names, addresses and/or email addresses of customers who joined one of the Debtors' two customer loyalty programs, the *Syms Educated Consumer* program and the *Filene's Basement Fan Club* (collectively, the "IP Assets"). In addition to the retail name marks, the Syms-related IP Assets include, among others, house brands such as *Stanley Blacker* and *Maine Bay*. The Filene's IP Assets include, among others, trademarks and intellectual property related to their well-known *Running of the Brides* event.

The Debtors retained Hilco IP Services LLC d/b/a Hilco Streambank as their intellectual property disposition consultant to market the IP Assets. In consultation with the Committees and with the assistance of their professionals, the Debtors also proposed a set of procedures for the auction and sale of the IP Assets and requested the appointment of a consumer privacy ombudsman to ensure the protection of any consumer-related personally identifiable information included amongst the IP Assets. On April 9, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving the IP bidding procedures. On April 10, 2012, the Office of the United States Trustee appointed Todd B. Ruback as the consumer privacy ombudsman. As of the date hereof, the Debtors have received several expressions of interest in the IP Assets, but have not yet entered into a definitive sale agreement.

4. Employee-Related Matters

As noted above, at the inception of these Chapter 11 cases, the Debtors obtained Bankruptcy Court authority to honor certain of their obligations to their employees in the ordinary course of business, including salaries, wages, and related benefits. Upon conclusion of the store closing sales in December 2011, all store-level employees were terminated. The Debtors continue to employ a small group of corporate employees who are assisting the Debtors in the wind-down of their operations.

As a result of these employee terminations and the Debtors' cessation of their retail operations, the Debtors incurred significant obligations to their former employees that the Debtors unfortunately could not honor in the ordinary course due to restrictions imposed by the Bankruptcy Code. In particular, Syms is obligated on approximately \$2.4 million in severance obligations to its former employees, and Filene's is obligated on approximately \$2.5 million in such obligations to its former employees. A union representing certain of the Debtors' employees asserted that the Debtors owe an additional \$1.3 million in post-petition severance claims under the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act ("WARN"). The union filed an unfair labor practice charge against the Debtors in connection with this matter. The charge was dismissed, and a subsequent appeal of the dismissal was denied by the National Labor Relations Board. The Debtors dispute the union's claims.

Finally, Syms has certain obligations in connection with various pension plans. In particular, Syms has underfunded pension liabilities of approximately \$2.3 million, and it further has received demands for approximately \$7.0 million on account of its withdrawal from two of its multi-employer pension plans. These pension-related obligations and the severance obligations summarized above largely constitute general unsecured claims against Syms that will be paid in accordance with the Plan. Certain portions of the severance obligations and related obligations to the Debtors' former employees will constitute administrative claims or priority claims that will be paid in accordance with the Plan. A

small portion of the withdrawal liability asserted with respect to the multi-employer pension plans will constitute an administrative claim that will be paid in accordance with the Plan. The claim for the asserted WARN violation would, if allowed, constitute a post-petition, administrative claim and would be entitled to be paid in full under the Plan.

VI. OVERVIEW OF CLAIMS, ASSETS, PLAN SETTLEMENT AND REORGANIZED SYMS' BUSINESS PLAN FOR ITS OWNED REAL ESTATE

A. Overview of Claims and Assets

On December 22, 2011, each of the Debtors filed with the Bankruptcy Court separate schedules of assets and liabilities and statements of financial affairs as required by the Bankruptcy Code. Only two of the Debtors – Syms and Filene's – listed assets and liabilities. The other two Debtors, Advertising and Clothing, are mere shell entities with no assets or liabilities. The schedules and statements for each of Syms and Filene's were prepared based on their books and records and, therefore, do not necessarily reflect the actual values of their assets or the amounts of claims that ultimately will be allowed in these Chapter 11 cases.

On January 18, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order establishing March 1, 2012 as the bar date for creditors to file their claims with the Bankruptcy Court. The order also established May 4, 2012 as the bar date for governmental units to file their claims with the Bankruptcy Court. As of the bar dates, approximately 1,352 claims were filed against Syms in the aggregate asserted amount of approximately \$117.5 million, and approximately 1,409 claims were filed against Filene's in the aggregate asserted amount of approximately \$116 million. The Debtors are in the process of reviewing and reconciling claims, have filed several objections to numerous claims, and anticipate filing additional objections over the course of the next several months.

The total amount of claims asserted to date is in excess of the amounts that the Debtors believe ultimately will be allowed. In the experience of the Debtors' restructuring advisors, claims filed by creditors typically vastly exceed the amounts reflected on a debtor's books and records and the amounts which eventually are allowed and paid. As noted in the "Overview of the Plan" section of this Disclosure Statement above, the Debtors believe that total general unsecured claims against Syms are roughly \$58.4 million including convenience class claims, and that total general unsecured claims against Filene's are roughly \$42.7 million, including convenience class claims and excluding any intercompany claims.

The general unsecured claims which Syms estimates it is liable for can be broken down into three main groups. First, general unsecured claims against Syms include trade claims against it of approximately \$17.6 million and claims of Filene's trade creditors that Syms has guaranteed in the approximate amount of \$3.9 million. Second, as noted above, Syms estimates that it has total exposure to landlords on account of rejection of Syms leases and rejection of Filene's leases that Syms has guaranteed, in whole or in part, in the amount of approximately \$20.3 million. Third, Syms estimates that it has total under-funded liability and withdrawal liability with respect to its pension plans of approximately \$14.3 million, plus unpaid severance obligations to its employees in the total amount of approximately \$2.3 million. Additionally, Syms created a disputed claims reserve of \$4.4 million as a contingency.

In the case of Filene's, general unsecured claims also can be broken down into three main groups. First, Filene's estimates that it has total trade claims (*i.e.*, "short-term claims") against it of approximately \$3.5 million. Second, as noted above, Filene's estimates that it has total exposure to landlords on account of rejection of unguaranteed Filene's leases (*i.e.*, "long-term claims") in the amount of approximately

\$36.8 million. Filene's exposure on rejected lease claims is far greater than Syms' exposure because Filene's leased all its locations, whereas Syms leased only a few of its locations. Third, Filene's estimates that it has unpaid severance obligations to its employees in the total amount of approximately \$2.4 million. Filene's also created a disputed claims reserve of \$4.4 million as a contingency.

As noted above, Syms' primary assets include cash from the store liquidation sales and the Syms Owned Real Estate. Filene's primary assets include cash from the store liquidation sales and the IP Assets, including the Syms trademark. Both Debtors also retain the right to bring certain lawsuits against third parties, which could result in settlements of judgments in favor of the Debtors. Syms currently is holding approximately \$1.3 million in cash, and Filene's currently is holding approximately \$6.9 million in cash. These amounts are net of the amount that Syms and Filene's paid in November 2011 to Bank of America in satisfaction of obligations under their prepetition secured credit facility. These amounts also reflect cash balances held by each entity at the inception of the Chapter 11 cases and other cash amounts and reserves, net of post-petition operating expenses.

As noted above, the Syms Owned Real Estate includes 17 parcels of commercial real estate located throughout the United States, certain of which Syms leases to third-party commercial tenants, as well as a residential condominium in Secaucus, New Jersey. Attached hereto as Exhibit C is a chart that summarizes basic information about each parcel of Syms Owned Real Estate, including its location, size, and, where applicable, certain tenant information. Syms, with the assistance of Cushman, has estimated that the aggregate net realizable value of the Syms Owned Real Estate from a commercially reasonable disposition process is approximately \$147 million.

B. Resolution of Intercompany Matters

As noted above, Syms' assets, listed on its books and records, including the Syms Owned Real Estate, are sufficient to pay all its creditors, including Filene's creditors that Syms guaranteed, in full while affording a dividend to its shareholders. There has been a dispute, however, between Syms and the Equity Committee, on the one hand, and the Creditors' Committee, on the other hand, regarding whether Filene's creditors also should be paid in full. In particular, while the Filene's estate currently has limited liquid assets available for its unsecured creditors, the Creditors' Committee has asserted that (i) Filene's has significant claims against Syms that, once liquidated and paid from the proceeds of the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate, will allow Filene's creditors, as well as Syms' creditors, to be paid in full, and (ii) aside from such claims, Filene's bankruptcy estate should be substantively consolidated with the Syms bankruptcy estate, the result of which would be that Filene's creditors would share in the proceeds of the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate and all creditors would likely be paid in full.

1. Asserted Intercompany Claims

The Creditors' Committee has raised three main issues respecting intercompany claims. The first relates to the secured claim of the Debtors' pre-petition lender, BoA. As of the Petition Date, BoA was owed approximately \$33.2 million. As noted above, this amount was paid in full from proceeds of the store closing sales. The issue between Syms and the Equity Committee, on the one hand, and the Creditors' Committee, on the other hand, is whether this secured debt should be deemed repaid solely by

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In certain instances, Syms is a tenant under a long-term ground lease for certain of the Syms Owned Real Estate, rather than an owner of the fee interest in the property.

Syms, or proportionally by both Syms and Filene's based on their allocable share of the store liquidation proceeds. The Creditors' Committee acknowledges that Syms and Filene's were joint obligors on the BoA debt under the terms of the Credit Agreement. However, the Creditors' Committee points out that the liability to BoA was carried exclusively on Syms' books and records prior to the Petition Date, and BoA advanced all funds under the credit facility to Syms. Syms would then advance some of the funds received from BoA to Filene's and record the advance in the intercompany account between Syms and Filene's. All funding to Filene's was booked as an intercompany advance. Filene's balance sheet shows that it owes no secured debt. The Creditors' Committee's position has been and is that based on the accounting records and their course of conduct, as between Syms and Filene's, Syms borrowed the entire amount owed to BoA and then either lent on an unsecured basis or invested as capital into Filene's its share of the proceeds of the BoA debt. Further, pursuant to the terms of the BoA Credit Agreement, Syms waived its right to step into BoA's shoes to seek reimbursement or contribution from Filene's while Filene's is insolvent. Under the circumstances, the Creditors' Committee advocates that Syms should bear the entire burden of the debt. Thus, Filene's has a post-petition claim against Syms for its share of the store disposition proceeds used to pay off the BoA debt. This position, if adopted, would result in Filene's having another approximately \$15 million in store disposition proceeds available for Filene's general unsecured creditors, thereby significantly enhancing their recovery. The Creditors' Committee further argues that even if it were unsuccessful if it litigated this theory, the Debtors nonetheless treated Filene's unfairly by allocating the entire BoA debt based on the value of Syms' and Filene's inventory, rather than taking into account the Syms Owned Real Estate that was also collateral for and used in the borrowing base for Syms' secured debt.

Syms and the Equity Committee, on the other hand, dispute this contention. They have taken the position that since both Syms and Filene's were joint obligors on the BoA debt, each of Syms and Filene's is responsible for its allocable share of the total debt, with such allocation determined based on each entity's share of the store liquidation proceeds. Syms and the Equity Committee believe this is consistent with the fact that the Bank BoA loan was a revolving credit facility, and that the available borrowing base was a function of both Syms' and Filene's available inventory. Indeed, Syms and Filene's entered into the BoA facility for Filene's benefit at the time that Syms acquired Filene's operating assets in 2009. Prior to that time, Syms had no need for a revolving facility from BoA.

Second, the Creditors' Committee asserts that Syms owes Filene's significant royalty payments on account of Filene's ownership of Syms' trademarks and tradenames. In support of its assertion, the Creditors' Committee has pointed to a license agreement between the two entities, originally entered into in 1986, that contemplated Syms' payment of a royalty fee equal to a percentage of net merchandise sales. The license agreement provides that it continues in perpetuity until terminated on 270 days prior written notice. The Creditors' Committee has seen no evidence that the license agreement was properly terminated nor that Syms ever made the required payments to Filene's dating back to 1986. Furthermore, because SYL, Inc. was at all times under the dominion and control of Syms, the Creditors' Committee contends that the applicable statute of limitations will be tolled under the adverse domination doctrine, and Syms will be liable to Filene's for the full amount owed for the entire 26-year period of delinquency. The Creditors' Committee's theory is grounded in breach of contract and argues that the unambiguous terms of the license agreement speak for themselves and preclude the Debtors from introducing any external evidence to the contrary. If the parties wanted to terminate the license agreement, they should have done so in accordance with its terms, which they failed to do. Based on this assertion, the Creditors' Committee believes that Syms owes Filene's approximately \$287.1 million in royalties under the license agreement, of which at least \$15.5 million is attributable to the period since Syms acquired Filene's in 2009, although it is only seeking a recovery in an amount sufficient to satisfy Filene's creditors in full.

Syms and the Equity Committee dispute these contentions. The entity that is currently named "Filene's" previously was known as SYL, Inc. That entity was formed in 1986 in connection with certain tax planning strategies that Syms was undertaking at the time. In particular, SYL, Inc. was formed as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Syms with a single purpose: to hold the Syms trademarks and trade names. SYL, Inc. and Syms simultaneously entered into the license agreement, the purpose of which was to afford various tax benefits. This arrangement remained in place until December 2003. It was discontinued at that time, however, as a result of challenges brought by various state taxing authorities, not only against Syms but also against numerous other companies that had implemented such intercompany arrangements.

Syms and the Equity Committee assert that, since 2003, Syms and SYL, Inc. have not observed any aspect of this arrangement: no royalties were paid, and no tax benefits were realized. SYL, Inc. converted to SYL, LLC on December 15, 2003, by filing a certificate of conversion and a certificate of formation with the Delaware Secretary of State. The Debtors and the Equity Committee believe that SYL, Inc., and subsequently SYL, LLC, had no assets or operations other than this intellectual property until June 2009, when SYL, LLC was utilized as the vehicle for acquiring Filene's operating assets. At that time, SYL, LLC converted Filene's Basement, Inc. to a limited liability company and renamed it Filene's Basement, LLC. While the intellectual property was left in Filene's, Filene's did not use it; no royalties were paid; and no tax benefits were realized by Syms.

Based upon the foregoing, Syms and the Equity Committee dispute the Creditors' Committee's assertions that Syms became obligated, beginning in June 2009 when it acquired Filene's, to start paying royalties to Filene's, and that Filene's bankruptcy estate has a claim against Syms for unpaid royalties. Because the arrangement between Syms and Filene's was discontinued almost six years before Filene's was acquired, in the view of Syms and the Equity Committee, the Creditors' Committee cannot now credibly create a claim for millions of dollars in asserted, unpaid royalties.

Third, the Creditors' Committee asserts that certain claims that Syms has against Filene's should be equitably subordinated or recharacterized as equity. If the Creditors' Committee were to succeed in these assertions, then remaining Filene's creditors would be entitled to a proportionally greater recovery. The Creditors' Committee's assertions relate to a \$33 million prepetition, general unsecured, intercompany claim that Syms has asserted against Filene's, plus subrogation claims of approximately \$18.4 million that Syms would be entitled to assert under guarantees of certain Filene's trade claims and leases. The Creditors' Committee asserts that because there is no contemporaneous evidence that Syms intended to make an arms-length, third-party loan to Filene's at the time of each advance; because Syms and Filene's never documented these matters as loans or claims; because Filene's did not make payments on them; because no interest was charged; because Filene's had limited ability to repay them; and because the intercompany obligations had no attributes of a debt obligation, then these amounts should be deemed capital contributions rather than loans.

Syms and the Equity Committee, on the other hand, assert that Syms afforded significant financial support to Filene's for which Syms should be given appropriate credit. This support allowed Filene's to operate and pay its creditors for much of the time that it was owned by Syms. This support, accordingly, benefited Filene's and its creditors. Indeed, the amount of the \$33 million pre-petition intercompany claim is roughly equivalent to the amount of Filene's cumulative losses based on the books and records maintained by Syms during the period of time that Syms owned it. At a minimum, therefore, it is only equitable that this claim be available to offset whatever other claims the Creditors' Committee asserts.

The Creditors' Committee also argues various chapter 5 avoidance claims against Syms based upon certain avoidable pre-Petition Date transfers between Filene's and Syms pursuant to which Filene's did not receive reasonably equivalent value.

2. Asserted Substantive Consolidation

In addition to, and as an alternative to, the foregoing, the Creditors' Committee has asserted, among other theories, that it believes that Syms and Filene's historically operated as a single entity; that the Debtors cannot meaningfully distinguish Syms creditors from Filene's creditors; that the two entities commingled their operations and assets; that all creditors effectively dealt with Syms and Filene's as a single entity; that intercompany claims and accounts between the Debtors should be ignored; and hence, that all creditors should be allowed to be paid from all assets of both Syms and Filene's, including the Syms Owned Real Estate. These assertions are based on a doctrine in bankruptcy known as "substantive consolidation" under which a bankruptcy court has the power to disregard the separate forms of affiliated legal entities; to pool the assets of, and claims against, the consolidated bankruptcy estates; to disregard any and all intercompany claims; and to satisfy all creditors' claims from the common fund.

There are no statutorily-prescribed standards for determining whether two legal entities operated as one or whether their bankruptcy estates should be substantively consolidated. Instead, the propriety of doing so must be determined on a case-by-case basis based on all the particularized facts and circumstances of the estates in question. The two, judicially-created standards for determining whether separate estates should be substantively consolidated are easily stated, but difficult to apply in practice: whether separate entities so disregarded their separateness that creditors relied on the breakdown of entity borders and treated them as one legal entity, or whether the entities' assets and liabilities are so hopelessly scrambled that separating them is prohibitive and hurts all stakeholders.

The Creditors' Committee has asserted that several aspects of the Debtors' historic operations support its belief that Syms and Filene's effectively operated as a single legal entity and hence, that all creditors should be paid in full, including that Syms hoped to achieve operational synergies when it acquired Filene's in 2009; that Syms and Filene's integrated certain of their operations in pursuit of such synergies; that certain aspects of the Debtors' merchandising, purchasing, warehousing, distribution and sales practices allegedly were integrated to the point where one could not differentiate the product lines and families of merchandise between Syms and Filene's; that Syms and Filene's had a single credit facility based on a common borrowing base and a common cash management system; and that the Debtors had co-branded stores and used both Syms' and Filene's logos on checks, purchase orders, corporate letterhead, promotional materials, and employee nameplates.

Syms and the Equity Committee, however, believe that Syms and Filene's operated as distinct legal entities and that their estates, therefore, should not be substantively consolidated. Syms and Filene's had separate stores, separate websites, and separate advertisements and promotions; the Debtors' prepetition revolving lender treated them as two separate entities by requiring both of them to become borrowers under the lending facility; vendors invoiced Syms and Filene's separately based on their historic business dealings prior to the acquisition of Filene's assets, with such vendors being paid from accounts owned by Syms and Filene's, respectively; many other Filene's vendors and landlords dealt with Syms and Filene's as separate entities, as evidenced by some Filene's vendors and landlords negotiating for Syms guarantees, whereas others negotiated that term away in favor of enhanced economics; and the Debtors' unions viewed Syms and Filene's as separate employers by negotiating separate collective bargaining agreements to govern relationships with Syms' and Filene's separate pools of employees.

3. Proposed Settlement

Syms acknowledges that litigation over these matters likely would be expensive and protracted, thereby delaying the Debtors' exit from Chapter 11 and reducing recoveries for Syms shareholders. Syms also acknowledges that the results of litigation over these matters is not free from doubt. Syms and the Equity Committee, on the one hand, and the Creditors' Committee, on the other hand, each have various factual and legal strengths and weaknesses to their various positions. Accordingly, in order to avoid the expense and delay of protracted litigation over these matters and avoid the risk to Syms shareholders of adverse judicial rulings that order the Syms and Filene's estates to be substantively consolidated or that otherwise could result in enhanced recoveries to Filene's creditors to the detriment of Syms shareholders, the Debtors propose a compromise and settlement as follows.

Under this proposed plan settlement, Syms creditors would be paid in full. Filene's general unsecured creditors, however, would be broken into two separate groups: Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Creditors and Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Creditors. As described above, the former group includes claims primarily for unpaid trade payables and employee severance claims in the estimated amount of approximately \$8.775 million, whereas the latter group includes non-guaranteed claims by Filene's landlords for lease rejection claims in the estimated amount of approximately \$36.877 million. Under the proposed settlement, Syms would ensure that the former group is paid in full, whereas the latter group is paid 75 cents on the dollar.

The reason for this distinction is that holders of trade claims and employees for severance and related claims arguably may have stronger arguments that, from their perspective, Syms and Filene's appeared to have operated as a unitary enterprise and hence, that their bankruptcy estates should be substantively consolidated. Syms by no means believes this to be the case, but given the risks and costs of litigation, and given the relatively small amount of claims in this group in relation to the potential costs of such litigation, Syms concluded to simply pay such claims in full rather than dissipate value on litigation expense.

In Syms' view, however, which the Creditors' Committee disputes, the Filene's landlords in the latter group have a weaker legal position than the holders of trade claims and employees for severance and related claims. This is because, in Syms' view, each of those landlords is a sophisticated real estate enterprise who had contractual relationships in place with the Filene's business at the time it was acquired by Syms. Some of those landlords chose to keep those contractual arrangements in place unaltered, whereas others chose to negotiate guarantees from Syms or other enhanced economics in lieu of such guarantees. In contrast, employees and certain trade vendors arguably may not have appreciated the distinction between the two entities after the acquisition.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Syms acknowledges the risks and significant expenses of litigation, including the potential delays occasioned by litigation. In light of these risks, Syms is prepared to ensure, though the Plan, that Filene's landlords will receive 75 cents on the dollar in full and final compromise of their claims.

Under section 1123(b)(3)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code and Rule 9019 of the Bankruptcy Rules, a settlement should be approved if it represents a reasonable compromise that is in the collective best interests of all constituencies in light of the risks of continued litigation. The settlement need not afford the best possible recovery to any particular constituency, but instead need only represent a recovery that falls within a reasonable range of litigation possibilities. The Debtors believe that the foregoing settlement, which does not allow either Syms shareholders or creditors of Filene's to receive all that they would like to receive, falls within a reasonable range of litigation outcomes and is in the collective best interest of all stakeholders in light of the costs, delay, and risks of litigation. Moreover, the proposed

settlement terms and treatment of creditors (including Filene's creditors) facilitates plan feasibility through its implementation of deferred payments to creditors of Reorganized Syms.

C. Settlement With Local 1102 Retirement Trust, Filene's Local 1102 Union and Syms Local 1102 Union

Local 1102 Retirement Trust filed a Claim against Syms asserting priority status in the amount of \$6,408,848 on account of alleged multi-employer pension plan withdrawal liability arising under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Syms disputes the asserted Claim and its asserted priority status.

Filene's Local 1102 Union represents former Filene's employees who were covered by the Filene's Local 1102 CBA. Filene's Local 1102 Union filed certain Claims in the Chapter 11 cases.

Syms Local 1102 Union represents former Syms employees who were covered by the Syms Local 1102 CBA. Syms Local 1102 Union filed certain Claims in the Chapter 11 cases.

The Debtors, Local 1102 Retirement Trust, Filene's Local 1102 Union and Syms Local 1102 Union have reached a global settlement of certain matters as follows:

- 1. (a) On the Effective Date, Syms will pay to Local 1102 Retirement Trust the amount of \$203,232, representing one minimum funding payment due April 21, 2012, plus interest accruing at a rate of 3.25% per year from April 21, 2012.
- (b) On November 15, Syms will pay Local 1102 Retirement Trust \$406,464, representing (i) one minimum funding payment due July 1, 2012, plus interest accruing at a rate of 3.25% per year from July 1, 2012, and (ii) one minimum funding payment due November 1, 2012, plus interest accruing at a rate of 3.25% per year from November 1, 2012.
- (c) Syms will thereafter make quarterly payments to Local 1102 Retirement Trust in the amount of \$203,232, beginning February 1, 2013 and on the first of every third month thereafter, until Local 1102 Retirement Trust's entire \$6,408,848 claim is paid in full.
- 2. Claims filed by Filene's Local 1102 Union and Syms Local 1102 Union will be administered and treated in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and Confirmation Order.
- 3. On the Effective Date, the Filene's Local 1102 CBA and the Syms Local 1102 CBA will be deemed voluntarily terminated by agreement of the Debtors, Filene's Local 1102 Union, Syms Local 1102 Union and Local 1102 Retirement Trust. The Debtors shall have no other or further obligations under the Filene's Local 1102 CBA and the Syms Local 1102 CBA; excluding, however, any Claims and obligations arising prior to the Effective Date and previously asserted by Filene's Local 1102 Union, Syms Local 1102 Union or their respective constituents.

D. Share Purchase Transaction/Rights Offering

As noted above, the Plan contemplates a transaction involving the Majority Shareholder. The Majority Shareholder owns 7,857,794 shares of Syms common stock that will be the subject of this transaction. Such shares represent approximately 54.7% of all outstanding shares of Syms common stock. Since early in these Chapter 11 cases, the Equity Committee has expressed a desire for the Majority Shareholder to give up control and for Reorganized Syms to pursue a plan to develop Syms

Owned Real Estate. After significant discussions between the Equity Committee and the Majority Shareholder, and to resolve various differences between the parties and pave the way for a consensual restructuring, the Majority Shareholder agreed to sell the foregoing shares to reorganized Syms for \$2.49 per share, or \$19,565,907.06 in the aggregate. That agreement is memorialized in that certain Equity Commitment Agreement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit H.

Syms will obtain a portion of the funds necessary to purchase the Majority Shareholder's shares by offering to sell to existing minority shareholders of Syms, who qualify as "accredited investors" under the securities laws, the right to purchase 10,040,160 new shares (the "Offered Shares") at \$2.49 per share, or \$25 million in the aggregate (the "Rights Offering"). To ensure that the Rights Offering will result in \$25 million of proceeds, certain members of the Equity Committee and their affiliates have agreed to purchase those new shares not subscribed for by other shareholders (the "Unsubscribed Shares"). This obligation is memorialized in the Equity Commitment Agreement. Accordingly, if the Plan is confirmed and the Equity Commitment Agreement is consummated, the Majority Shareholder will no longer have any ownership in Syms; all ownership in Syms will instead be in the hands of Syms existing, minority shareholders.

The Backstop Parties have been represented by counsel separate from the Equity Committee and abstained from decisions on the Equity Commitment Agreement and Rights Offering made by the Equity Committee. The legal fees of counsel to the Backstop Parties is to be paid by the Debtors under the Equity Commitment Agreement. No other fee or compensation of any kind is being paid to the Backstop Parties for the commitment to backstop the \$25 million Rights Offering. The Rights Offering permits Eligible Holders to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of both the initial offering of shares and to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of any Unsubscribed Shares.

The funds from the Rights Offering will be used, first, to pay certain administrative expenses, priority claims and other amounts necessary for Syms and Filene's to exit Chapter 11, with the balance allocated 60% to creditors and 40% to the Majority Shareholder, until the amount of \$10,725,641 has been paid in full to the Majority Shareholder, pursuant to the Share Purchase Transaction. Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims shall then be paid in full. Next, Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims shall be paid in full. Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims shall then be paid until 75% of such Claims are paid. Finally, the Majority Shareholder shall be paid in the aggregate amount of \$7,065,907, which amount represents the remaining payment due to the Majority Shareholder for the purchase of the Majority Shareholder's shares, less the reimbursement to the Estates related to the Split-Dollar Policy.

There are currently a total of 6,590,394 outstanding shares of Syms stock held by shareholders other than the Majority Shareholder, subject to the foregoing, representing approximately 45.6% of all outstanding shares. If the Plan is consummated, the total number of shares will increase to 16,650,554 shares. Existing shareholders therefore will be diluted to an approximate 39.6% ownership.

Three Backstop Parties have each agreed to subscribe for and purchase their respective pro rata share of the Offered Shares and all other remaining Unsubscribed Shares in accordance with the Equity Commitment Agreement. In particular, if any Eligible Holder (other than the other Backstop Parties) defaults on its obligation to remit payment for its allotted Unsubscribed Shares, the Backstop Parties are obligated to purchase those shares. If one of the Backstop Parties defaults on its obligation to remit payment for its shares, the other Backstop Parties have the right, but not the obligation, to purchase those shares. If a Backstop Party defaults, resulting in a deficiency of no more than \$3.0 million, and the other Backstop Parties do not purchase the extra shares, then the Majority Shareholder shall reduce the number of shares she will sell to Syms by the number of shares the defaulting Backstop Party did not purchase

and shall instead purchase such shares. If the number of shares sold by the Majority Shareholder is reduced, Syms may reduce the number of shares it issues in the Rights Offering. Such a reduction would not affect earlier pro rata calculations. The Backstop Parties shall agree to put in escrow, in cash, their respective estimated pro rata share of the shares of Syms common stock offered to, but not purchased by, other Eligible Holders in the Rights Offering, in accordance with the Equity Commitment Agreement, no later than 2 business days prior to the Confirmation Hearing.

After any necessary adjustments have been made, Syms will purchase all of the shares of Syms common stock owned by the Majority Shareholder. Concurrently, Syms will issue new shares to the Eligible Holders and the Backstop Parties. After the completion of the Rights Offering, Syms will make necessary notice filings with the SEC and with the states where the Offered Shares were offered.

E. Overview of Reorganized Syms' Business Plan: Disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate

As described above, prior to the Petition Date, Syms had begun considering different alternatives with respect to the Syms Owned Real Estate. In particular, Syms, with the assistance of Rothschild, attempted to find one or more transaction partners with respect to both its retail and real estate assets, as well as considered other possible alternatives for the Syms Owned Real Estate other than liquidation.

Syms' efforts to consider various alternatives for the Syms Owned Real Estate continued post-petition with the assistance of Cushman and Rothschild and with the input of the Creditors' Committee, the Equity Committee and their respective advisors. This included consideration of the possibility of either reorganizing as a real estate holding company that would hold, manage, and lease the Syms Owned Real Estate on a long term basis for the benefit of Syms shareholders or, alternatively, reorganizing as a real estate investment trust.

There were many factors that Syms considered as part of this evaluative process. For instance, the Debtors have significant net operating loss tax assets ("NOLs") of approximately \$101.1 million that could be of value in certain reorganization scenarios. However, as discussed in Section IX.A of this Disclosure Statement, the value of the NOLs could be significantly limited in certain other reorganization scenarios. Moreover, while it is possible that the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate could appreciate in value if held and managed long-term, there are carrying costs to do so, as well as execution and other risks, including the risk that values will not increase as anticipated; that the costs of developing the real estate and locating tenants, which are significant, could be greater than anticipated; and that hoped-for rent and income levels will not be achieved.

The Debtors also considered the fact that many of the parcels of Syms Owned Real Estate are located in disparate locations; that efforts to reorganize around a core group of such parcels arguably could be focused only on those parcels located in and around the New York City metropolitan area; and that the Syms Owned Real Estate collectively is comprised of relatively few locations as to which Syms may be able to achieve operational efficiencies and synergies in managing them. Based upon all the foregoing considerations, the Debtors ultimately determined, with the assistance of Cushman and Rothschild, that the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate will be maximized by selling the entire portfolio over time, in a non-distressed, commercially reasonable manner.

Under the Plan, the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate will be controlled by Syms current minority shareholders. In particular, as described above and further below, the Plan contemplates a transaction whereby the Majority Shareholder will sell her shares to Syms at \$2.49 per share. Syms existing minority shareholders who are accredited investors will be afforded the opportunity, via the

Rights Offering, to purchase new shares at the same price. In this fashion, the Majority Shareholder's ownership of and control over Syms will cease; Syms current minority shareholders will become the sole owners of the Reorganized Company. The members of the Equity Committee have the right under the Plan to appoint a majority of Reorganized Syms' board and to select a real estate management company to operate Syms Owned Real Estate pending its disposition, subject to the right of unsecured creditors to take control of Reorganized Syms' board if their allowed claims have not been paid in full by October 1, 2016, as more fully set forth herein.

Given the diverse asset opportunities within the real estate portfolio, a business plan has been developed by the Equity Committee with the assistance of its advisors to optimize the value of each property utilizing a combination of strategies, including the near-term marketing of remaining non-core properties on an "as-is" basis, the lease-up and future sale of select assets with upside potential, and a longer-term development of the Trinity Property. Detail on the objectives and timing of each strategy is outlined below. All discussions of strategies with respect to the marketing, value-enhancement, development or disposition of the Syms Owned Real Estate has been prepared based on current expectations and is subject to change by the Board of Directors of Reorganized Syms in its own judgment or as circumstances dictate consistent with the terms of the Plan.

1. Sale of 13 Non-Core Properties on a Vacant or "As-Is" Basis

Thirteen of the 17 properties comprising the Syms Owned Real Estate are intended to be marketed for sale on an "as-is" basis, requiring minimal capital outlay. The sale process is estimated to continue for approximately 12 months post-emergence. Cushman estimates that net sales proceeds (after deduction of carrying costs and selling commissions) will be approximately \$55-\$65 million. Proceeds will be used, if necessary under the terms of the Plan, to fund the budget for the ongoing operations of Reorganized Syms, and the Net Proceeds shall be used to make distributions to Holders of Allowed Convenience Claims, Allowed General Unsecured Claims and payment under the Share Redemption Transaction, described below and in accordance with the Plan. A schedule classifying the Syms Owned Real Estate is contained in Exhibit D.

2. Lease Up and Sale of Three Value-Enhancement Properties on a Stabilized Basis

The value of the 3 properties located in the New York metropolitan region other than the Trinity Property is expected to be enhanced through a marketing strategy that targets a lease-up and sale/refinance strategy over the first [24-30] months following the Plan Effective Date. These are the properties located in Paramus, New Jersey; Elmsford, New York; and Westbury, New York. Upon stabilization, each property is expected to be individually marketed for monetization (with options including a full sale, partial sale, or financing) shortly thereafter. The New York metropolitan market is recovering from the recession of 2008-2010. These assets are considered to be irreplaceable locations in dominant retail corridors and are positioned well for a value-enhancement strategy. Near-term prospects appear to be favorable, with a major tenant showing interest in leasing one of these properties in its entirety.

Costs associated with leasing these properties (including capital improvements and repairs, tenant improvements and leasing commissions) are expected to enhance value on a risk-adjusted basis, yielding potential returns in excess of [20%]. If these properties are successfully monetized on a leased basis, the expected Net Proceeds generated from the sales or financing are projected to be sufficient to satisfy the Plan distribution obligations to the Holders of Allowed Syms Convenience Claims, Allowed Filene's Convenience Claims, Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Filene's General Unsecured (Short-

Term) Claims, and Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and to complete the payment obligations owed under the Share Redemption Transaction in accordance with the Plan.

As discussed further below, the Plan provides for hiring a seasoned executive from a local New York metropolitan real estate company to provide asset management services to Reorganized Syms. The responsibilities of this executive will primarily consist of the day-to-day management of the properties, including managing the lease-up and sale/financing processes described above for the 3 value-enhancement properties.

3. Redevelopment of the Trinity Property (New York)

While the near-term priority will be the marketing of any of the 13 non-core properties remaining unsold and a repositioning/leasing-up of the three New York metropolitan properties, there is considerable potential upside associated with exploiting the development potential of the Trinity Property. The 11,470 square foot plot of land under this building allows for an as-of-right floor-area ratio of 15, along with approximately 16,500 square feet of owned air rights and an adjacent smaller building that would permit the construction of a new mixed use structure of approximately 220,000 square feet, considerably in excess of the size of the current improvements.

The lower Manhattan residential market continues to benefit from the strengthening of the local economy and real estate sub-markets, and, importantly, will directly benefit from demand associated with the ongoing redevelopment efforts in the Financial District, particularly the development of the new World Trade Center complex, which is located two blocks north of the Trinity Property. It is expected that thousands of new jobs will be created from these development efforts, and this will create considerable new demand for residential properties nearby. It is anticipated that value realizable from the Trinity Property can be considerably enhanced by pursuing entitlement and approvals over the coming 24 months, which will better position the site to benefit from these very favorable trends.

The creation of a joint venture partnership with a local "best in class" developer will also be pursued over the next 24 months, with full redevelopment of the Trinity Property likely to commence shortly thereafter. Assuming real estate market conditions remain favorable, the site is expected to be developed into a mixed-use residential property within an estimated 48 month timeframe. It is anticipated that the Trinity Property will be an excellent candidate for vertical development, given the combination of water/city views and unique sight lines, significant lot size, favorable zoning, limited new construction in the area, and improving economic conditions. Depending on market demand, the Trinity Property could potentially be developed into either a condominium or residential apartment rental building with a commercial development located within the base of the building to maximize the development potential.

Under the terms of the Plan, Reorganized Syms will have the right to (a) transfer the Trinity Property into a new joint venture (the "<u>Trinity Joint Venture</u>"), (b) sell or otherwise dispose of a minority interest in the Trinity Joint Venture to a non-insider (a "<u>JV Interest Sale</u>"), and/or (c) authorize the Trinity Joint Venture to incur mortgage debt financing to be secured by the Trinity Property in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (i) \$30 million or (ii) 50% of the fair market value of the Trinity Property based on a commercial appraisal prepared in accordance with acceptable industry standards (a "<u>Trinity Mortgage</u>"), so long as the following conditions are met:

i. The Reorganized Company maintains a majority economic interest in the property; and

- ii. If distributions are owed under the Plan to holders of Allowed Syms or Filene's Unsecured Claims or to the Majority Shareholder under the Share Redemption Transaction following the Trinity Joint Venture, JV Interest Sale or Trinity Mortgage:
 - (u) all proceeds realized from the JV Interest Sale (net of transaction-related expenses) shall be distributed as follows, unless the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock to be appointed under the Plan agrees otherwise: not less than 60% of the balance of net proceeds will be included as Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall, and the remaining 40% or lesser amount of the balance of such net proceeds shall be invested in full in the Trinity Joint Venture;
 - (v) funds received from the Trinity Mortgage shall be distributed as follows, unless the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock to be appointed under the Plan agrees otherwise: first, an amount equal to the amount of funds used to fund (including any reallocation of funds) the Trinity Carry Reserve, which funds shall become Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall, and the balance of borrowed funds shall remain in the Trinity Joint Venture and will be limited to be used for pre-construction costs, direct development and construction costs, corporate overhead and carry costs for the Trinity Property, and taxes, licenses and fees for the Trinity Property, as applicable, at the Board of Directors' discretion;
 - (w) if there is a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or the Majority Shareholder pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company's interest in the Trinity Joint Venture (the "Company's Trinity Interest") shall be freely assignable to (i) an accredited institutional investor which could include a Public Real Estate Company, Insurance Company, Real Estate Fund, or Asset Manager, or (ii) a privately-owned companies and individuals who are experienced real estate investors, in each case in good credit standing and with sufficient liquidity and experience to perform its duties under the partnership or joint venture agreement; provided, however, that if a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has not occurred by October 1, 2016, then the Reorganized Company shall have the right to agree with the its joint venture entity in the Trinity Joint Venture to make any such assignment of the Company's Trinity Interest subject to a right of first offer or refusal by such other joint venture entity to purchase the Company's Trinity Interest on terms that are the same or not less favorable to the Reorganized Company as those terms set forth in a bona fide purchase offer for the Company's Trinity Interest received by the Reorganized Company that is acceptable to the Reorganized Company;
 - (x) the Reorganized Company's interest may be otherwise assigned, subject to the approval of the Venture's General Partner, which shall not be unreasonably withheld;
 - (y) a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or the Majority

Shareholder pursuant to the terms of the Plan shall not constitute a default under the terms of the Trinity Joint Venture or the Trinity Mortgage; and

- (z) prior to a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or the Majority Shareholder pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company may only sell or otherwise dispose of a majority interest in the Trinity Joint Venture to a non-insider if (x) there has been (or will be as a result of such sale) a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, and to the extent a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has occurred, the Majority Shareholder has received full payment of its Plan distributions, or (y) the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock, or to the extent the General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has occurred, the Majority Shareholder consents.
- 4. Corporate Structure and Management

Upon emergence from Chapter 11, Reorganized Syms is expected to be a public corporation, incorporated under Delaware law, exclusively focused on the repositioning and development of its real estate assets. To execute the value-enhancement and development strategies previously outlined, Reorganized Syms will seek to employ or retain an experienced professional management team to provide oversight, asset management and decision making in connection with the following objectives:

- i) the disposition of any remaining non-core properties without additional capital outlays;
- ii) the repositioning/value-enhancement and future monetization efforts relating to the 3 value-enhancement properties (Paramus, New Jersey; Elmsford, New York; and Westbury, New York);
- iii) the development of the Trinity Property.

In addition, the management team retained by Reorganized Syms would be responsible for the day-to-day management of all the Syms Owned Real Estate, maintaining compliance with corporate reporting requirements, preparation of budgets and annual business plans, and advisory services to the Board of Directors on any matters related to the Syms Owned Real Estate.

Filene's will be reorganized as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reorganized Syms for the principal purpose of exploring the sale or joint venture opportunities with respect to the IP Assets. Advertising and Clothing shall be merged into Reorganized Syms.

5. Business Plan Forecast

The Equity Committee, with the assistance of its financial advisors, has developed a long-term business plan designed to optimize the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate and provide agreed upon distributions to all stakeholders in a timely fashion. A two-year forecast showing the projected cash flows associated with the business plan is set forth in Exhibit E. Key assumptions reflected in this forecast are described below.

(a) Real Estate Assumptions

Thirteen Non-Core Properties: The forecast contemplates the sale of the 13 non-core properties within the next 12 months at values equal to the higher of (i) the current high offer received to date; or (ii) the latest estimate of vacant sale proceeds provided by Cushman, in each case net of carrying expenses and selling costs. For the purposes of conservatism, the completion of each sale is assumed to occur 90 days later than the estimates provided by Cushman.

Three Value-Enhancement Properties: The forecast contemplates the stabilization and future sale of the 3 value-enhancement properties within a timeframe of approximately [24-30] months. Expected costs associated with the lease-up of the 3 properties include carrying expenses, tenant improvement expenses, and leasing commissions. As part of the Plan, it is contemplated that a real estate expense reserve not to exceed \$9.0 million in the aggregate will be funded as part of the budget with proceeds from, among other things, the Rights Offering and the sale of the non-core properties. Once the properties have tenants in place, it is expected that rental income will provide sufficient positive cash flow to offset costs associated with carrying these properties through the anticipated sale dates.

Trinity Property: The forecast contemplates the development of the Trinity Property over a longer term horizon which extends beyond the two-year forecast provided in Exhibit E. Costs associated with the Trinity Property within the two-year forecast include \$1.7 million of annual carrying costs and \$0.8 million of expenditures related to ongoing façade repairs at the property, which are expected to be completed by the end of 2012. The forecast also assumes equity proceeds of approximately \$6.0 million will be received by the Reorganized Company upon the sale of a minority equity interest in early 2014 to a joint venture partner as permitted under the Plan and as determined by the Board of Directors of Reorganized Syms. The Plan provides a reserve for taxes, insurance, repairs, and other similar expenses and improvements for the Trinity Property, not to exceed \$3.0 million in the aggregate.

(b) Corporate Overhead and Other Expenses

The forecast includes annual minimum catch-up contributions required to maintain the previously "frozen" Syms' single-employer pension plan, which is being assumed by Reorganized Syms under the Plan. It is anticipated that these costs will be covered by a pension reserve of \$2.0 million funded under the budget with proceeds from, among other things, cash on hand, the Rights Offering and the sale of the non-core properties to cover payments required over the first 24 months following the Effective Date. The annual contributions provided for in the forecast are based on estimates provided by third-party pension consultants and are subject to change depending on the future performance of the underlying investments.

Corporate overhead expenses (including board member and officer salaries) necessary to run the business of approximately \$[2.4] million per year, totaling \$[3.9] million over the first 24 months following the Effective Date, are also included in the budget. The overhead expenses in the budget assume that Reorganized Syms is publicly-traded on the OTC/pink sheets, and therefore includes audit and other expenses associated with maintaining regulatory compliance. An operating reserve of \$5.0 million will be funded under the budget with proceeds from, among other things, cash on hand, the Rights Offering and the sale of the non-core properties to cover corporate overhead outlays over the first 24 months following the Effective Date.

(c) Creditor Repayments

Based on the real estate assumptions and projected overhead expenses required to operate Reorganized Syms over the 24 months following the Effective Date, it is expected that sufficient Excess Cash will be generated from the \$25 million Rights Offering and the sale of the 16 properties (*i.e.*, other than the Trinity Property) to pay all distributions under the Plan to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, and Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and to complete the payment obligations owed under the Share Purchase Transaction in accordance with the Plan prior to the development of the Trinity Property.

(d) Sources and Uses

Attached as Exhibit F to this Disclosure Statement is a sources and uses statement that summarizes the sources, uses, and amounts of cash as of the Effective Date of the Plan. The Debtors have estimated the Effective Date of the Plan to be September 15, 2012 though, as noted in the Risk Factors to this Disclosure Statement, there is no assurance that the Plan will become effective by that date.

F. Assessment of Plan Value

Based on the range of estimated proceeds realizable from the property portfolio under the strategies outlined previously, which assume no material changes to the health and liquidity of the commercial retail real estate markets, it is contemplated that Reorganized Syms will pay all distributions under the Plan to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, and Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and complete the payment obligations owed under the Share Redemption Transaction in accordance with the Plan prior to the development of the Trinity Property.

Shareholders of Reorganized Syms are unlikely to receive significant distributions from the sale of the 13 non-core properties or the 3 value-enhancement properties; therefore, the return to shareholders under the Plan is heavily dependent on the successful development and eventual sale of the Trinity Property. The development of this property is subject to a high level of risk, as the success of the project will be contingent upon a number of factors, many of which cannot be predicted with high levels of accuracy. Some of the important factors that will influence the success of the development project include (but are not limited to):

- Ability to partner with a "best-in-class" development partner;
- Availability of funding (primarily construction and development loans) under attractive terms;
- Health of the real estate market in Manhattan and general economic conditions;
- Success of the current municipal efforts to revitalize the Financial District, which will directly impact and shape commercial and residential real estate demand in the area;
- Changes in municipal and state regulations, zoning and/or codes;
- Demand for residential housing options in Lower Manhattan;

- Additional supply of housing in the form of new construction; and
- Changes in tax policies as it relates to real estate development.

Various development scenarios have been analyzed that contemplate the development and future sale of the Trinity Property as either a single-use residential property (that could take various forms, *i.e.*, condominium or rental with the potential for floors dedicated to a hotel) or a multi-use residential and commercial property. Using a range of assumptions based on current market conditions, the estimated incremental value that could be achieved for stakeholders who are willing to roll their interest into a venture to create a mixed-use rental or condominium building, which can be realized through construction and sale of the asset over a four- to five-year period, could range from \$0 to \$120 million, where the low end of the range represents a vacant use of the asset in today's market. This range is illustrative in nature and has not been adjusted to reflect the potential impact on returns from any of the following:

- Deduction of joint venture partnership interests, which could range from 10% 49% depending on the agreement and structure of the partnership;
- Deduction of proceeds to repay construction and development loans, which could range from 50 100% on a loan-to-cost basis;
- Taxes payable upon future sale of the property, which would depend on existence of NOLs at the time of sale as well as the ultimate use of the developed space;
- Remaining obligations of Reorganized Syms, including, potentially, the single-employer pension plan assumed and funded by Reorganized Syms; and
- Additional carrying costs due to delays in entitlement or development approvals.

Based on the level of risk involved and the high degree of uncertainty surrounding the ultimate development strategy, it is impossible to provide an accurate assessment of plan value beyond the ranges provided above.

VII. DETAILED SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

THIS SECTION PROVIDES A DETAILED SUMMARY OF THE STRUCTURE, CLASSIFICATION, TREATMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE PLAN, WHICH ACCOMPANIES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, AND TO THE EXHIBITS ATTACHED THERETO. THE PLAN ITSELF AND THE DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO THEREIN WILL CONTROL THE TREATMENT OF CREDITORS AND EQUITY SECURITY HOLDERS UNDER THE PLAN AND WILL, UPON THE EFFECTIVE DATE, BE BINDING UPON HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST, AND INTERESTS IN, THE DEBTORS AND OTHER PARTIES IN INTEREST.

A. Purpose and Effect of the Plan

Chapter 11 is the principal business reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Under Chapter 11, a debtor is authorized to reorganize its business for the benefit of its creditors and shareholders. As a general matter, a plan of reorganization sets forth the means for satisfying claims against and interests in a debtor. Confirmation of a plan of reorganization by a bankruptcy court makes

such plan binding upon a debtor and any creditor of or equity security holder in such debtor, whether or not such creditor or equity security holder (i) is impaired under or has accepted the plan or (ii) receives or retains any property under the plan.

Under the Plan, claims against, and interests in, the Debtors are divided into classes according to their relative seniority and other criteria. If the Plan is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court and becomes effective, the claims and interests of the various classes will be treated in accordance with the Plan provisions for each such class. On the date that the Plan becomes effective, known as the "Effective Date," and at certain times thereafter, distributions will be made to each Debtor's creditors and Syms' shareholders as provided in the Plan. At the beginning of this Disclosure Statement is a table that summarizes the classification and treatment of claims and interests against the Debtors. What follows below is a more detailed description of the classes of claims against the Debtors created under the Plan, the treatment of those classes under the Plan, and the property to be distributed under the Plan.

B. Plan Waterfall

Excess Cash will be distributed in accordance with the Provisions Governing Distributions in Article VIII of the Plan and subject to the following waterfall (the "Plan Waterfall"):

- 1. Excess Cash shall be distributed in the following allocations: <u>first</u>, to payment of Allowed Senior Claims, as and when Allowed, to the extent not previously reserved for and, <u>second</u> (i) 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash to Holders of Allowed Convenience Class Claims, then to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, and (ii) 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash to the Majority Shareholder until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment in the amount of \$10,725,641 has been paid in full; then
- 2. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be paid to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims until such Claims are paid in full; then
- 3. Any remaining Excess cash shall be paid to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims until such Claims are paid in full; then
- 4. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be paid to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims until 75% of such Claims are paid; then
- 5. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be paid to the Majority Shareholder until the Majority Shareholder has received, exclusive of the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment, the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment in the aggregate amount of \$7,065,907, which amount represents the remaining payment due to the Majority Shareholder for the purchase of the Majority Shareholder's shares, less the reimbursement to the Estates related to the Split-Dollar Policy; then
- 6. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be retained by Reorganized Syms and distributed or otherwise utilized as directed by the Reorganized Company's' Board of Directors.

C. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests

1. Treatment of Unclassified Claims Against Syms and Filene's

(a) Administrative Claims

An Administrative Claim means a claim arising under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(2) for costs and expenses of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases under Bankruptcy Code sections 503(b), 507(b), or 1114(e)(2), including: (a) any actual and necessary costs and expenses, incurred after the Petition Date, of preserving the estates and operating the businesses of the Debtors (such as wages, salaries and commissions for services and payments for inventory, leased equipment and premises) and claims of governmental units for taxes (including tax audit claims related to tax years commencing after the Petition Date, but excluding claims relating to tax periods, or portions thereof, ending on or before the Petition Date); and (b) all other claims entitled to administrative claim status pursuant to a final order of the Bankruptcy Court, but excluding Priority Tax Claims, Non-Tax Priority Claims and Professional Fee Claims.

As explained above, on January 18, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court issued an order setting an Initial Administrative Bar Date of 5:00 p.m. (Eastern) on March 1, 2012, for all Administrative Claims first arising on or before December 31, 2011 (Dkt. 674).

Pursuant to the Plan, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after the later of, (i) the Initial Distribution Date or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which an Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Claim, each Holder of such Allowed Administrative Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Administrative Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of the Face Amount of such Allowed Administrative Claim, or (b) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing; provided, however, that Allowed Administrative Claims with respect to liabilities incurred by Syms in the ordinary course of business during the Chapter 11 Cases may be paid in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the terms and conditions of any agreements relating thereto.

The Debtors have estimated that the aggregate amount of Allowed Administrative Claims payable under the Plan will be approximately \$21.854 million for Syms and \$8.068 million for Filene's.

(b) Superpriority Intercompany Claims

Superpriority Intercompany Claims are claims by any Debtor against another Debtor that arose on account of goods, services or other value provided after the Petition Date. Pursuant to the Plan Settlement, the Holders of Superpriority Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such Claims. On the Effective Date, all Superpriority Intercompany Claims shall be deemed offset, cancelled and extinguished.

Filene's holds such a claim against Syms in the amount of approximately \$2.155 million. Syms does not hold such a claim against Filene's.

(c) Priority Tax Claims

A Priority Tax Claim means a claim of a governmental unit of the kind specified in Bankruptcy Code sections 502(i) or 507(a)(8).

Under the Plan, except to the extent that an Allowed Priority Tax Claim has been paid prior to the Initial Distribution Date, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after the later of, (i) the Initial Distribution Date or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, each Holder of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of the Face Amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, or (b) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing.

The Debtors have estimated that the aggregate amount of Allowed Priority Tax Claims payable under the Plan will be approximately \$0 at Syms and \$1.355 million at Filene's.

2. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests

(a) Secured Claims

(i) Syms Class 1 Secured Claims – Unimpaired

Syms Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that are subject to a right of setoff. Syms received authority to pay in full the secured claim of Syms' primary secured creditor, Bank of America, from proceeds of Syms' store closing sales. Syms believes that there may be certain other secured claims arising out of its workers' compensation program. Under the Plan, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date, or (b) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Secured Claim, the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for, such Allowed Secured Claim, (i) Cash equal to the value of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing. Any Holder of a Secured Claim shall retain its right of setoff or Lien in the Collateral or the proceeds of the Collateral (to the extent that such Collateral is sold (or deemed abandoned) by Syms free and clear of such right of setoff or Lien) to the same extent and with the same priority as such right of setoff or Lien as of the Petition Date until such time as (A) the Holder of such Secured Claim (i) has been paid Cash equal to the value of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) has received a return of the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) has been afforded such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing; or (B) such purported right of setoff or Lien has been determined by an order of the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid or otherwise avoidable.

(ii) Filene's Class 1 Secured Claims – Unimpaired

Filene's Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that are subject to a right of setoff. Filene's received authority to pay in full the secured claim of Filene's primary secured creditor, Bank of America, from proceeds of Filene's store closing sales. Filene's believes that there may be certain

Secured Claims arising out of its workers' compensation program. Under the Plan, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date, or (b) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Secured Claim, the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for, such Allowed Secured Claim, (i) Cash equal to the value of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and the Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing. Any Holder of a Secured Claim shall retain its right of setoff or Lien in the Collateral or the proceeds of the Collateral (to the extent that such Collateral is sold (or deemed abandoned) by the Debtors free and clear of such right of setoff or Lien) to the same extent and with the same priority as such right of setoff or Lien as of the Petition Date until such time as (A) the Holder of such Secured Claim (i) has been paid Cash equal to the amount of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) has received a return of the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) has been afforded such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and the Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing; or (B) such purported right of setoff or Lien has been determined by an order of the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid or otherwise avoidable.

(b) Non-Tax Priority Claims

(i) Syms Class 2 Non-Tax Priority Claims – Unimpaired

A Syms Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim that is entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, other than an Administrative Claim or a Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by employees for unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with the claims of Syms' customers for deposits and similar matters. Under the Plan, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (i) the Initial Distribution Date, or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Non-Tax Priority Claim becomes an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim shall be entitled to receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, Cash in an amount equal to its Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim [plus interest at the Case Interest Rate.]

(ii) Filene's Class 2 Non-Tax Priority Claims – Unimpaired

A Filene's Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim that is entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, other than an Administrative Claim or a Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by Filene's employees for unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with claims of Filene's customers for deposits and similar matters. Under the Plan, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (i) the Initial Distribution Date, or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Non-Tax Priority Claim becomes an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim shall be entitled to receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, Cash in an amount equal to its Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim [plus interest at the Case Interest Rate.]

(c) Unsecured Claims

(i) Syms Class 3 Convenience Class – Impaired

Syms Class 3 consists of Syms Convenience Class Claims and is an impaired class of claims. A convenience class claim is any allowed unsecured claim against Syms in an amount which is less than \$10,000, or is a greater amount but the holder of such claim elects to reduce such claim to \$10,000 in order to be treated in this class. After all Allowed Senior Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash becomes available, each Holder of an Allowed Syms Convenience Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Syms Convenience Claim becomes an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim (1) one or more cash payments from 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment is made in full from the other 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash, and then cash payments aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Syms Convenience Claim, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims from and after October 1, 2015.

(ii) Filene's Class 3 Convenience Claims – Impaired

Filene's Class 3 consists of Filene's Convenience Class Claims and is an impaired class of claims. A convenience class claim is any allowed unsecured claim against Filene's in an amount which is less than \$10,000, or is a greater amount but the holder of such claim elects to reduce such claim to \$10,000 in order to be treated in this class. After all Allowed Senior Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash becomes available, each Holder of an Allowed Filene's Convenience Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's Convenience Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured Claim (1) one or more cash payments from 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment is made in full from the other 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash, and then cash payments aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Filene's Convenience Claim, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Filene's shall have agreed upon in writing, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured Claim. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims from and after October 1, 2015.

(iii) Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims – Impaired

Syms Class 4 consists of Syms General Unsecured Claims. After all Allowed Senior Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash becomes available, each Holder of an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Syms General Unsecured Claim becomes an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim (1) one or more

cash payments from 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment is made in full from the other 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash, and then cash payments aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims from and after October 1, 2015. Interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually.

For the avoidance of a doubt, Syms Class 4 does not include Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claims.

(iv) Filene's Class 4: Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims – Impaired

Filene's Class 4 consists of Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims. Each Holder in Filene's Class 4 shall receive the treatment specified in Class 4A unless the Holder elects to opt-out and receive the treatment specified in Class 4B.

Class 4A: After all Allowed Senior Claims, Allowed Convenience Claims, Allowed Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims and the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash become available, each Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim and its Individual Filene's Creditor Claims (1) one or more cash payments from the Excess Cash aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and the Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims from and after October 1, 2015. Interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually.

Class 4B: Holders of Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims will have the option to indicate on their respective Ballots their refusal to grant the releases provided in Section XII.G. ("Opt-Out"), provided, however, such Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim, a payment equal to a Pro Rata distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims from the Filene's General Unsecured Creditor Liquidation Value, and retention of any Claims of the Holder against Syms to the extent timely asserted and subject to any defenses or counterclaims of Syms.

For the avoidance of a doubt, Filene's Class 4 does not include Filene's Class 6 Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims.

(v) Filene's Class 5: Filene's General Unsecured (Long-

Term) Claims - Impaired

Filene's Class 5 consists of Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims. Each Holder in Filene's Class 5 shall receive the treatment specified in Class 5A unless the Holder elects to opt-out and receive the treatment specified in Class 5B.

Class 5A: After all Allowed Senior Claims, Allowed Convenience Claims, Allowed Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims, the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment and Allowed Filene's Class 4 General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash become available, each Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim and its Individual Filene's Creditor Claims (1) one or more cash payments from the Excess Cash aggregating not more than 75% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and the Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims from and after October 1, 2015. Interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually.

Class 5B: Holders of Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims will have the ability to Opt-Out, <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, such Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim, a payment equal to a Pro Rata distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims from the Filene's General Unsecured Creditor Liquidation Value, and retention of any Claims of the Holder against Syms to the extent timely asserted and subject to any defenses or counterclaims of Syms.

For the avoidance of a doubt, Filene's Class 5 does not include Filene's Class 6 Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims.

If there has not been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction by October 1, 2016, then, effective on such date, [(A) the terms of the two Equity Committee Directors then in office who are youngest in age shall automatically terminate, the term of the Independent Director shall automatically terminate, and the persons formerly holding such directorships shall cease to be directors, all without the need for any action by the Board of Directors, (B) immediately following such termination of directorships and the resultant automatic reduction in the size of the Board of Directors to two (2) directors (the one Equity Committee Director and the Series A Director), the size of the Board of Directors shall automatically be increased so that the Board of Directors is comprised of a total of nine (9) authorized directorships with the seven (7) directorships created thereby to be filled solely by the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, voting as a separate class to the exclusion of the holders of Common Stock and any other Preferred Stock. Thereafter, upon the occurrence of a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction after October 1, 2016, Reorganized Syms shall immediately redeem the Series A Preferred Stock, the terms of all directors elected by the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust shall automatically terminate, the persons holding such directorships immediately prior to such termination shall cease to be directors and the size of the

Board of Directors shall be automatically reduced to one (1) authorized directorship. Subject to the rights of the Majority Shareholder described below, following the redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock (whether before or after October 1, 2016), (a) all directors shall be elected exclusively by the holders of Common Stock, and (b) the total number of directors comprising the Board of Directors may be fixed from time to time solely by resolution of the Board of Directors, and vacancies and newly created directorships may be filled solely by a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum.]

(vi) Syms Class 5: Syms Union Pension Plan Claims –

Impaired

Syms Class 5 consists of Syms Union Pension Plan Claims. Pursuant to the Plan, the Holders of Syms Pension Plan Claims will receive quarterly Distributions from the Pension Plan Reserve for the Allowed amount of such Pension Plan Claims, as set forth in Article VII.G.3. below, in accordance with Syms' contractual or legal obligations under the Pension Plans and the settlement of any Claims under the Plan.

(vii) Filene's Class 6: Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims –

Impaired

Filene's Class 6 consists of Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims. Pursuant to the Plan, the Holders of Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims will receive quarterly Distributions from the Pension Plan Reserve for the Allowed amount of such Pension Plan Claims, as set forth in Article VII.G.3. below, in accordance with Syms' contractual or legal obligations under the Union Pension Plans and the settlement of any Claims under the Plan.

(viii) Syms Class 6 Intercompany Claims – Impaired

Syms Class 6 consists of Intercompany Claims against Syms and is an impaired class of claims. Syms Intercompany Claims include but are limited to claims by a Debtor against Syms which claims are reflected on the books and records of such Debtor, are derivative claims asserted by or on behalf of such Debtor, or are asserted by a Debtor on account of a guarantee. Pursuant to the Plan Settlement, the Holders of Syms Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such Claims. On the Effective Date, all Syms Intercompany Claims shall be deemed offset, cancelled and extinguished.

(ix) Filene's Class 7 Intercompany Claims – Impaired

Filene's Class 7 consists of Filene's Intercompany Claims. Pursuant to the Plan Settlement, the Holders of Filene's Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such Claims. On the Effective Date, all Filene's Intercompany Claims shall be deemed cancelled and extinguished.

(d) Interests

(i) Syms Class 7 Interests – Impaired

Syms Class 7 consists of all Interests in Syms. All Interests in Syms are Allowed Interests and each Holder of an Interest in Syms, other than the Majority Shareholder, shall (A) retain its Interest, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, and (B) if the Holder is an Eligible Holder, shall receive Subscription Rights to participate in the Rights Offering on the terms and conditions of the Rights Offering Procedures; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Majority Shareholder shall not receive any Subscription Rights in the Rights Offering.

(ii) Filene's Class 8 Interests – Impaired

Filene's Class 8 consists of all equity interests in Filene's. Syms is the only holder of Filene's Class 8 interests. On the Effective Date, each Holder of Interests in Filene's shall retain its Interests.

3. Special Provision Regarding Unimpaired Claims

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, any other order of the Court, or any document or agreement enforceable pursuant to the terms of the Plan, nothing shall affect the rights and defenses, both legal and equitable, of the Debtors with respect to any Unimpaired Claims, including, but not limited to, all rights with respect to legal and equitable defenses to setoffs or recoupment against Unimpaired Claims.

4. Allowed Claims

Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, Distributions shall be made only to Holders of Allowed Claims. No Holder of a Disputed Claim shall receive any Distribution on account thereof until (and then only to the extent that) its Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. The Debtors may, in their discretion, withhold Distributions otherwise due hereunder to any Claimholder until the Claims Objection Deadline to enable a timely objection thereto to be filed. Any Holder of a Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim after the Effective Date will receive its Distribution in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Plan.

5. Pension Plan Obligations

Following confirmation of the Plan, the Debtors shall maintain the Syms Pension Plan and make all contributions required under applicable minimum funding rules: <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Debtors may terminate the Syms Pension Plan from and after January 1, 2017. Prior to January 1, 2017, the Reorganized Company shall not accelerate the Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims in Syms Class 5 and Filene's Class 6 as provided in the Plan. In the event that the Debtors terminate the Pension Plan, the Debtors intend that any such termination shall be a standard termination pursuant to Section 4041(c) of the Employer Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

No provision of, or proceeding within, the Debtors' bankruptcy proceedings, Confirmation Order or Plan shall in any way be construed to discharge, release, limit, or relieve the Debtors or any other party, in any capacity, from any liability or responsibility with respect to the Syms Pension Plan under

any law, governmental policy, or regulatory provision. PBGC and the Syms Pension Plan shall not be enjoined or precluded from enforcing such liability or responsibility, if any, by any provision of, or proceeding within, the Debtors' bankruptcy proceedings, Confirmation Order or Plan; provided, however, that nothing contained in the Plan shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of any rights or protections that the Debtors may have under 11 U.S.C. section 362. Any and all obligations under the Syms Pension Plan shall be made by Reorganized Syms from the Pension Reserve.

6. Special Provisions Regarding Insured Claims

Distributions under the Plan to each Holder of an Insured Claim shall be in accordance with the treatment provided under the Plan for Syms General Unsecured Claims and Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims; provided, however, that the amount of any such Claim shall be determined as follows:

- (a) to the extent a Holder has an Allowed Insured Claim, all or a portion of which is within the applicable deductible or self-insured retention under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors, then such amount shall be paid following the allowance of the Allowed Insured Claim, in the ordinary course of the Debtor's business and consistent with the Debtor's insurance policies and past practices;
- (b) to the extent a Holder has an Allowed Insured Claim, a portion of which exceeds the applicable deductible or self-insured retention under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors, then the amount of such Allowed Insured Claim that (i) exceeds the applicable deductible or self-insured retention but (ii) is less than or equal to the limits of coverage under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors (the "Insurer Covered Amount") shall not be Allowed as a Syms General Unsecured Claim or a Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim; and
- (c) t to the extent a Holder has an Allowed Insured Claim, a portion of which exceeds the limits of coverage under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors, then such Holder shall have an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim or Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim in the amount by which such Allowed Insured Claim exceeds the limits of coverage under the Debtors' relevant insurance policy;

provided, further, that:

- (d) the Insurer Covered Amount shall not be recoverable from the Debtors, and shall only be recoverable from the applicable insurer; and
- (e) an Allowed Insured Claim shall not be valid or enforceable against the Debtors' insurers unless and until, among other things, the applicable deductible or self-insured retention has been satisfied in accordance with subsection (1) above and the underlying insurance policy or policies.

Nothing in this section shall constitute a waiver of any causes of action the Debtors or the Reorganized Company may hold against any Person, including the Debtors' or the Reorganized Company's insurance carriers, or a waiver of any rights, claims or defenses the insurers may have. Nothing in this section is intended to, shall, or shall be deemed to preclude any holder of an Allowed Insured Claim from seeking and/or obtaining a distribution or other recovery from any insurer of the Debtors in addition to (but not in duplication of) any distribution such holder may receive under the Plan

or to preclude any insurer from contesting or asserting defenses to the claims of such holders. The Debtors and the Reorganized Company do not waive, and expressly reserve their rights to assert that any insurance coverage is property of the Estates to which they are entitled and the insurers expressly reserve their rights to contest or assert defenses to any such assertion by the Debtors or the Reorganized Company. Nothing in the Disclosure Statement, Plan or Confirmation Order shall be construed as, or is, a determination as to coverage in connection with any Insured Claim under any applicable insurance policy.

7. Special Provisions Regarding Workers' Compensation Claims and Obligations

As of the Effective Date, the Debtors and the Reorganized Company shall continue to honor in the ordinary course of business their obligations under the terms and conditions of (1) all applicable workers' compensation laws in states in which the Debtors and the Reorganized Company operate and (2) the Debtors' and the Reorganized Company's written contracts, agreements, policies, programs and plans for workers' compensation and workers' compensation insurance; provided, however, that nothing in the Plan shall limit, diminish or otherwise alter the Debtors' or Reorganized Company's defenses, causes of action or other rights under applicable non-bankruptcy law with respect to any such contracts, agreements, policies, programs and plans; provided, further, that nothing in the Plan shall be deemed to impose any obligations on the Debtors or the Reorganized Company in addition to those arising under applicable state law.

All Proofs of Claim on account of workers' compensation shall be deemed withdrawn automatically and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

D. Acceptance or Rejection of the Plan

1. Impaired Classes Entitled to Vote

Only Holders of Syms Class 3 Syms Convenience Claims, Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claims, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Claims, Syms Class 7 Syms Interests, Filene's Class 3 Filene's Convenience Claims, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and Filene's Class 6 Filene's Union Pension Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

2. Acceptance by an Impaired Class

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1126(c) and except as provided in Bankruptcy Code section 1126(e), (i) an Impaired Class of Claims shall have accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by the Holders of at least two-thirds in dollar amount and more than one-half in number of the Allowed Claims in such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan and (ii) an Impaired Class of Interests shall have accepted the Plan if the Plan is accepted by the Holders of at least two-thirds of the Allowed Interests in such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan.

3. Presumed Acceptances/Rejections

Syms Classes 1 and 2 and Filene's Classes 1, 2, and 8 are Unimpaired by the Plan. Under Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), Holders of Claims in such Classes are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan, and the votes of such Holders will not be solicited. Under Bankruptcy Code section 1126(g),

Holders of Syms Class 6 Claims and Holders of Filene's Class 7 Claims are not entitled to receive any recovery under the Plan but have proposed the Plan and therefore shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan.

E. Corporate Action

1. Continued Corporate Existence of Reorganized Syms and Reorganized Filene's

Subject to the transactions contemplated by the Plan, Reorganized Syms shall continue to exist after the Effective Date as a separate entity, with all the powers of a corporation under applicable law and Reorganized Filene's shall continue to exist as a wholly owned LLC subsidiary of Reorganized Syms for the principal purpose of exploring the sale or the joint venture opportunities with respect to Filene's intellectual property. On and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Company may operate its businesses and may use, acquire and dispose of property and compromise or settle any Claims without supervision or approval by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, other than those restrictions expressly imposed by the Plan or the Confirmation Order. Reorganized Syms shall be reorganized and reincorporated as a Delaware corporation as of the Effective Date pursuant to its certificate of incorporation and bylaws or other organizational documents as set forth in Plan Exhibit C, without prejudice to any right to terminate such existence (whether by merger, dissolution or otherwise) under applicable law after the Effective Date. Among other things, Reorganized Syms' certificate of incorporation shall comply with section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Governance and Management of the Reorganized Company

The Reorganized Syms Board of Directors shall be comprised of five (5) members as of the Effective Date. Three (3) Equity Committee Directors shall be appointed by the Equity Committee as of the Effective Date, of which two (2) of the three (3) shall be designated by the Backstop Parties if there are Unsubscribed Shares in the Rights Offering. One (1) director shall be the Independent Director and one (1) director shall be the Creditors' Committee Director. The Board of Directors will be "staggered" with the Independent Director and the Creditors' Committee Director constituting "Class I" and the Equity Committee Directors constituting "Class II." All directors will have terms of two years, with the Class I directors first standing for election at the first annual meeting following the Effective Date, and the Class II directors first standing for election at the second annual meeting following the Effective Date. No actions of the Board of Directors shall be valid without the presence of at least four of the five directors, except if the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust or the Majority Shareholder come to control the election of a majority of the seats on the Board of Directors as provided in the Plan and in the Corporate Organization Documents of Reorganized Syms. In the event there is a vacancy of an Equity Committee Director seat, the remaining Equity Committee Directors shall have the right to appoint a replacement. In the event there is a vacancy of the Creditors' Committee Director seat, the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust shall have the right to appoint a replacement. In the event there is a vacancy of the Independent Director seat, the Creditors' Committee Director and the Equity Committee Directors will mutually agree on a replacement who meets the requirements to serve as the Independent Directors. The Creditors' Committee Director and the Independent Director shall automatically cease to be directors when there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction. Without the affirmative vote of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, Reorganized Syms shall not directly or indirectly amend, alter or repeal any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or the Bylaws, and without the affirmative vote of the Majority Shareholder, Reorganized Syms shall not directly or indirectly amend, alter or repeal any if such

amendment would amend, alter or repeal any rights, privileges or terms applicable to the Preferred Stock held by the Majority Shareholder.

Subject to any requirement of Bankruptcy Court approval pursuant to section 1129(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, the initial board of directors and the officers of the Reorganized Company will be identified in the Plan Supplement. The compensation to be disbursed to the directors, executives and officers serving as of the Effective Date also will be disclosed in the Budget.

3. Ms. Marcy Syms' Covenant Not to Interfere

For the avoidance of doubt, in consideration of the benefits received by the Majority Shareholder under the Plan, Ms. Marcy Syms covenants not to and shall not directly or indirectly interfere with or participate in any disposition of property or operations of the Reorganized Company except as specifically provided for in the Plan. The Reorganized Company shall have the right to offset any damages incurred as a result of a breach of this covenant by Ms. Marcy Syms against the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment. Nothing in the Plan contained shall be deemed to limit any rights of the Majority Shareholder to enforce any remedies available under the Plan, or at law or equity, in the event of a default or breach under the Plan.

4. Merger of Advertising and Clothing into Reorganized Syms

On the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, Advertising and Clothing shall be merged with and into Reorganized Syms in accordance with applicable governing law. The officers, directors and managers of Advertising and Clothing shall be deemed to have resigned upon the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as the Merger may be effected in accordance with applicable law; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that such resignations shall not relieve such officers, directors and managers from all remaining responsibilities with respect to such entities in accordance with applicable law. If necessary or appropriate, Reorganized Syms shall cause certificates of merger to be filed for Advertising and Clothing and shall take all other actions necessary or appropriate to effect the Merger under applicable law.

5. No Further Corporate Action

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each of the matters provided for under the Plan involving the corporate or limited liability company structure of the Debtors or corporate or limited liability company action to be taken by or required of the Debtors shall, as of the Effective Date, be deemed to have occurred and be effective as provided in the Plan, and shall be authorized and approved in all respects without any requirement of further action by any Person, including but not limited to, Holders of Claims against or Interests in the Debtors, or directors or officers of the Debtors.

6. Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions

The Debtors' officers and directors, as appropriate, shall be authorized to execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents, and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

F. Vesting of Estate Assets

On the Effective Date, and except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, all property of the Estates, including the Syms Owned Real Estate and all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in a Schedule to the Plan Supplement, shall vest in Reorganized Syms free and clear of all Claims, Liens, charges, encumbrances, rights, and Interests of creditors and equity security holders; provided, however, that any and all rights to the "Syms" name shall be transferred to Ms. Marcy Syms on the Effective Date and Ms. Syms shall not sell or use the "Syms" name for any commercial purpose including any transaction resulting in Ms. Syms receiving, directly or indirectly, any profit or any financial or other benefit, without the consent of, and the payment of all gross proceeds to, the Reorganized Company. Any documents necessary to effect this conditional transfer shall be included in the Plan Supplement. The Reorganized Company shall not use for commercial purposes any images of Ms. Marcy Syms or her family members, absent their express consent, and the Reorganized Company shall transfer to her for no consideration, taped commercials in the Debtors' possession which contain images of Ms. Marcy Syms or her family members, which commercials she agrees not to use for any commercial purposes. No transfer of the taped commercials shall constitute the transfer of any rights or interests, or in any way limit the use of, intellectual property of the Debtors and the Reorganized Company. All other trade names, marks and intellectual property of the Debtors shall remain the property of the Reorganized Company and subject to the direction of the Reorganized Company's Board of Directors, other than Filene's Intellectual Property, which shall revest in Reorganized Filene's free and clear of all Claims, Liens, charges, encumbrances, rights, and interests of creditors and shall revest subject to the direction of the Reorganized Company's Board of Directors acting as the sole member of Reorganized Filene's; provided, however, that 100% of any Cash realized or received by Filene's after the Effective Date shall constitute Net Proceeds to be used in accordance with the Plan by Reorganized Syms.

As of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Company shall operate its business and use, acquire and dispose of its property, including by operating, leasing and disposing of the Syms Owned Real Estate, without supervision of the Bankruptcy Court, and free of any restrictions imposed by the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, other than those restrictions expressly imposed by the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

G. Sources of Distributions and Uses of Net Proceeds of Syms Owned Real Estate

Distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan shall be made from, among other things, (i) Cash on hand as of the Effective Date, (ii) proceeds of the Rights Offering, (iii) Net Proceeds and/or (iv) proceeds from any post-Effective Date financings or capital raises as may be authorized by the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company.

1. Syms Owned Real Estate Disposition and Development

If not sold prior to the Effective Date, with the consent of the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee, Reorganized Syms will seek to sell the 13 Near Term Properties promptly in a commercially reasonable manner. The three Medium Term Properties will be leased and sold over a longer period of time in an effort to maximize their values. The Trinity Property will be developed or sold over an extended period of time as determined by the Board of Directors.

If, by October 1, 2013, the Allowed Syms and Filene's Class 3 (Convenience Claims) and the Allowed Syms Unsecured Creditors in Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims are not paid in full, the Creditors' Committee Director, acting through a one director committee of the Board of Directors, shall

control the sale, by auction or otherwise, of any unsold Near Term Properties which shall be done in a commercially reasonable manner consistent with maximizing the value of the Near Term Properties and the Net Proceeds of such sale shall fund the Operating Reserve to the extent not previously fully funded, and the excess shall be treated as Excess Cash for distribution under the Plan Waterfall.

If, by October 1, 2014, the Allowed Filene's Class 4A and B General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims and Allowed Filene's Class 5A and B General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims are not paid in full, the Creditors' Committee Director, acting through a one director committee of the Board of Directors, shall control the sale, by auction or otherwise, of any Medium Term Properties, and any Near Term Properties that remain unsold, which shall be done in a commercially reasonable manner consistent with maximizing the value of the Medium Term Properties and, if applicable, Near Term Properties, and the Net Proceeds of such sale shall fund the Operating Reserves to the extent not previously fully funded and the excess shall be treated as Excess Cash for distribution purposes under the Plan Waterfall; provided, however, that such October 1, 2014 deadline may be extended to April 1, 2015 if the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust consents or, even without the consent of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, the Independent Director concludes that Reorganized Syms is proceeding in good faith to lease and sell the unsold Near Term Property(ies) and Medium Term Property(ies) such that additional time is appropriate because Reorganized Syms still has a reasonable prospect of leasing and selling the Near Term Property(ies) or Medium Term Property(ies) with any extension period.

H. Cancellation of Existing Securities and Agreements

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, and in any contract, instrument or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable Distributions made pursuant to Article V hereof, all promissory notes, share certificates, other instruments evidencing any Claims or Interests and all options, warrants, calls, rights, puts, awards, commitments, or any other agreements of any character to acquire Syms Class 7 Interests, shall be deemed canceled and of no further force and effect, without any further act or action under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order, or rule, and the obligations of the Debtors under the notes, share certificates, and other agreements and instruments governing such Claims and Interests shall be discharged. The holders of or parties to such canceled notes, share certificates and other agreements and instruments shall have no rights arising from or relating to such notes, share certificates and other agreements and instruments or the cancellation thereof, except the rights provided pursuant to the Plan. The foregoing shall not apply to a Claim or Interest that is Unimpaired under the Plan or to Syms Class 7 Interests.

I. Issuance of New Shares; Redemption of Majority Shareholder Shares

Pursuant to and in accordance with the Equity Committee Agreement, the Accredited Investor Procedures, and the Rights Offering Procedures, on the Effective Date, Reorganized Syms shall (i) issue 10,040,160 new shares to the Eligible Holders and the Backstop Parties, collectively, and (ii) purchase 7,857,794 shares from the Majority Shareholder. Syms' purchase of the Majority Shareholder Interests shall occur substantially contemporaneously with the issuance of the new shares to the Eligible Holders and Backstop Parties.

The issuance of the Subscription Rights under the Rights Offering Procedures and related documents and the distribution thereof under the Plan, and the distribution and exercise of the Subscription Rights, shall be exempt from registration under applicable securities laws pursuant to section 1145(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and/or section 4(2) of the Securities Act, and/or any other applicable exemptions. All documents, agreements, and instruments entered into and delivered on or as of the

Effective Date contemplated by or in furtherance of the Plan shall become, and the Equity Commitment Agreement shall remain, effective and binding in accordance with their respective terms and conditions upon the parties thereto, in each case without further notice to or order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order, or rule or the vote, consent, authorization or approval of any entity (other than as expressly required by such applicable agreement).

The Majority Shareholder shall receive the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment in the form of cash payments from 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Majority Shareholder has received payment in full of the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment. After there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, the Subsequent Majority shareholder Payment shall be paid from any remaining Excess Cash, in the total amount of \$7,065,907. Provided that there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment shall be made no later than October 1, 2016. If the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment is not made on or before October 1, 2016, the Majority Shareholder may pursue collection remedies and proceed to judgment, so long as execution on the judgment is not effected until all Allowed General Unsecured Claim Holders are paid in full. No distributions, dividends or redemptions shall be made by the Reorganized Company until after the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment and the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment are made in full. Ms. Syms and the Trusts shall be entitled to pursue any remedies available at law or equity as a creditor of the Reorganized Company, including for actions taken in violation of the terms of the Plan and the failure to pay distributions under the Plan to Ms. Syms and the Trusts in accordance with or by the deadlines set in the Plan. The Certificate of Incorporation shall provide a preferred series share, which share shall be pledged as security and held in escrow, entitling the Majority Shareholder to control a majority of the Board of Directors if the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment and the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment are not made by October 16, 2016, provided that and conditioned upon the General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction.

Reorganized Syms shall provide at least the information rights for the time period required, each as set forth in its Bylaws contained in Plan Exhibit C to permit a market maker to quote the Offered Shares and Syms Interests on the OTC Pink tier of the OTC Markets Group quotation service or an equivalent successor electronic quotation system that (a) displays quotes from broker-dealers for over-the-counter securities and (b) does not maintain regulatory filing requirements.

J. Capital Raising and Use of Cash Proceeds

Following the Effective Date, the Reorganized Company may issue new debt or equity capital in accordance with applicable law, as and to the extent authorized by the Board of Directors of Reorganized Syms and consistent with the Plan.

The Reorganized Company shall be permitted to incur debt, grant liens and lease and sell all or any portion of any asset without any restrictions (except in connection with any transaction with any insider or affiliate of the Reorganized Company or any directors, which must be approved by the consent of the Board of Directors including the Creditors' Committee Director) other than:

(1) So long as Plan obligations are unpaid under the Plan Waterfall, and unless otherwise required to be used to fund the Operating Reserves, 100% of net cash proceeds from each transaction, including the incurrence of any debt, lien or other obligation (net of transaction expenses and, in the case of financings, reasonable interest reserves through a date no later than September 30, 2016) received by the Reorganized Company, shall be treated as Excess Cash and used to fund distributions under the Plan Waterfall.

- (2) For the avoidance of doubt, with respect to the Trinity Property, the Reorganized Company shall have the right to (a) transfer the Trinity Property into a Trinity Joint Venture, (b) conduct a JV Interest Sale, and/or (c) authorize the Trinity Joint Venture to incur a Trinity Mortgage subject in each case to compliance with the following terms and conditioned in the event that Syms and Filene's General Unsecured Creditors in Syms Classes 3 and 4 and Filene;s Classes 3, 4, and 5, or Ms.Marcy Syms and the Trusts have not been paid their full Distributions under the Plan or would not be paid their full distributions under the Plan following the Trinity Joint Venture, JV Interest Sale, or Trinity Mortgage:
 - (a) all proceeds realized from the JV Interest Sale (net of transaction related expenses) shall be distributed, unless the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust agrees otherwise, as follows: not less than 60% of the balance of net proceeds will be included as Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall, and the remaining 40% or lesser amount of the balance of such net proceeds shall be invested in full in the Trinity Joint Venture;
 - (b) the funds received from any Trinity Mortgage shall be distributed, unless the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust agrees otherwise, as follows: first, the Trinity Carry Reserve Amount to the extent that an amount equal to the Trinity Carry Cost Reserve Amount was not distributed as Excess Cash from a JV Interest Sale, which funds shall become Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall; and thereafter the balance of borrowed funds shall remain in the Trinity Joint Venture and will be limited to be used for in pre-construction costs, direct development and construction costs, corporate overhead and carry costs for the Trinity Property, and taxes, licenses and fees for the Trinity Property, as applicable, to be determined at the Board of Directors discretion:
 - (c) in the event of a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or Marcy Syms and the Trusts pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company's interest in the Trinity Joint Venture (the "Company's Trinity Interest") shall be freely assignable to (i) an accredited institutional investor which could include a Public Real Estate Company, (ii) privately-owned companies and individuals who are experienced real estate investors, in each case in good credit standing and with sufficient liquidity and experience to perform its duties under the partnership or joint venture agreement; provided, however, that if a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has not occurred by October 1, 2016, then the Reorganized Company shall have the right to agree with the its joint venture entity in the Trinity Joint Venture to make any such assignment of the Company's Trinity Interest subject to a right of first offer or refusal by such other joint venture entity to purchase the Company's Trinity Interest on terms that are the same or not less favorable to the Reorganized Company as those terms set forth in a bona fide purchase offer for the Company's Trinity Interest received by the Reorganized Company that is acceptable to the Reorganized Company. The Plan shall provide that the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction over any sale of the Company's Trinity Interest.
 - (d) the interest may be otherwise assigned subject to the approval of the Venture's General Partner, which shall not be unreasonably withheld;

- (e) a change in control to either Unsecured Creditors or Marcy Syms and the Trusts of the Reorganized Company pursuant to the terms of the Plan shall not constitute a default under the terms of the Trinity Joint Venture or the Trinity Mortgage; and
- (f) prior to a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or Marcy Syms and the Trusts pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company may only sell or otherwise dispose of a majority interest in the Trinity Joint Venture to a non-insider if (x) there has been (or will be as a result of such sale) a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction and to the extent a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has occurred, Marcy Syms and the Trusts have received full payment of their Plan distributions, or (y) the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust or to the extent the General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has occurred, Marcy Syms consents.

K. Funding of Reserves

(a) Professional Fee Reserve

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors shall fund the Professional Fee Reserve in the amount of the aggregate Professional Fee Estimate. The Debtors shall (i) segregate and shall not commingle the Cash held therein and (ii) pay each Allowed Professional Fee Claim from the Professional Fee Reserve upon entry of a Final Order allowing such Claim. In the event that Cash remains in the Professional Fee Reserve after payment of all Allowed Professional Fee Claims, such residual Cash shall be utilized to make distributions to Holders of Claims and Interests as provided for in the Plan.

(b) Administrative Claims Reserve

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors shall fund the Administrative Claims Reserve in an amount equal to an estimate of all Allowed Administrative Claims. The Debtors shall (i) segregate and shall not commingle the Cash held therein and (ii) pay each Allowed Administrative Claim, upon entry of a Final Order allowing such Claim or on such other date provided in the Plan. In the event that Cash remains in the Administrative Claims Reserve after payment of all Allowed Administrative Claims, such residual Cash shall be used to make distributions to Holders of Claims and Interests as provided for in the Plan.

(c) Operating Reserves

The Equity Committee has prepared the Budget attached to the Plan as Exhibit F and provided the Budget to the Creditors' Committee. The only limitation such Budget shall have on the Board of Directors shall be the Budget total in the aggregate and by Sub-Category Expense Reserve. The Board of Directors shall not be bound or limited by any line item references within individual Sub-Category Expense Reserves; provided, however, that (a) no funds in the Budget may be used in connection with any insider or affiliate transaction absent the consent of the Board of Directors, including the Creditors' Committee Director (b) any fees or other compensation payable to Directors as reflected in the Budget shall not be increased absent the consent of the Board of Directors and of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, and (c) absent the consent of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, the aggregate cap

for any Sub-Category Expense Reserve may not be increased and the amounts reserved in each of the Sub-Category Expense Reserves may not be used to fund any expenses designated to be paid from another Sub-Category Expense Reserve, except that, (i) by majority vote of the Board of Directors, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve and (ii) by majority vote of the Board of Directors, and with the consent of the Independent Director, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Trinity Carry Reserve.

The Operating Reserves for the first two year period of the Budget, commencing on the Effective Date (projected to be October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2014), are: (w) a Corporate Overhead Reserve of \$5.0 million in the aggregate, (x) a [\$2.0 million] Pension Fund Reserve, (y) a Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve of \$9.0 million in the aggregate, and (z) a Trinity Carry Reserve of \$3.0 million in the aggregate

- (1) The Operating Reserves shall be funded for the two year period commencing on the Effective Date as follows: (m) \$5 million in cash on the Effective Date to the extent available after payment of Exit Costs and, to be allocated to each Sub-Category Expense Reserve in an amount to be determined by the Board of Directors, and (n) from the future proceeds realized by the Reorganized Company in the one year following the Effective Date from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash; provided however, that the amount allocated in the second year of the Budget for the Corporate Overhead Reserve and the Pension Reserve shall be funded in the last quarter of the first year, unless the Board of Directors determines that the delay of such funding would provide the Reorganized Company with inadequate liquidity to operate in accordance with the Budget and maximizing value.
- (2) For the third year period after the Effective Date (projected to be October 1, 2014 to September 30, 2015), the aggregate caps for each Sub-Category Expense Reserve shall be increased to cover projected expenses to be incurred during that year in amounts not to exceed the following, less any remaining unused funds in such Sub-Category Expense Reserves as of the end of the two year period: (w) \$1,250,000 for the Corporate Overhead Reserve, (x) the projected amount of the minimum annual payment due under the Syms Pension Plan during such third year for the Pension Reserve and the amount necessary to fund the minimum quarterly payments to be paid for the Syms and Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims during such third year, and (y) the amount of Carry Costs projected to be incurred, plus 20%, of the Carry Costs projected for any unsold Near Term Properties or Medium Term Properties for the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve.
- (3) For the fourth year period after the Effective Date (projected to be October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2016), the aggregate caps for each Sub-Category Expense Reserve shall be increased to cover projected expenses to be incurred during that year in amounts not to exceed the following, less any remaining unused funds in such Sub-Category Expense Reserves as of the end of the two year period: (w) \$750,000 for the Corporate Overhead Reserve, (x) the projected amount of the minimum annual payment due under the Syms Pension Plan during such fourth year for the Pension Reserve and the amount necessary to fund the minimum quarterly payments to be paid for the Syms and Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims during such fourth year, and (y) the amount of Carry Costs projected to be incurred, plus 20% of the Carry Costs projected, for any unsold Near Term Properties or Medium Term Properties for the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve.
- (4) On the two year anniversary of the Effective Date, the Board of Directors shall review and revise the Sub-Category Reserve amounts set forth above for the third and fourth year periods after the Plan Effective Date, provided that any increase in the aggregate amount of the cap increases for the Sub-Category Reserves shall not exceed the amounts set forth above in Section VII.G.3(2) and (3)

without the consent of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, except that, (i) by majority vote of the Board of Directors, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve and (ii) by majority vote of the Board, and with the consent of the Independent Director, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Trinity Carry Reserve. At the end of the two year period commencing on the Effective Date, the Operating Reserves for the third and fourth years periods after the Effective Date shall be funded from proceeds realized by the Reorganized Company from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash.

- \$500,000, to be funded from Net Proceeds realized by the Reorganized Company from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash, shall be set aside in an "Emergency Fund Reserve" to be used, by the Reorganized Company with the consent of the Creditors' Committee Director, for operating and other expenses. The Creditors' Committee Director may at any time reduce the amount of funds in the Emergency Fund Reserve and make such reduced funds Excess Cash. If distributing the Emergency Fund Reserve would effect a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, the amounts necessary for the Emergency Fund Reserve shall instead be treated as Excess Cash and used for Plan distributions.
- (6) At the end of the two year period commencing on the Plan Effective Date, the sum of \$500,000, to be funded from proceeds realized by the Reorganized Company from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash (as defined below), shall be set aside in a discretionary fund that shall be allocated and used for operating and other expenses of Reorganized Syms as determined by a majority vote of the Board, and with the consent of the Independent Director.
- (7) After the Reorganized Company has sold all of the Near Term Properties and Medium Term Properties, any unused funds remaining in the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve shall become Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall.

L. Exemption From Certain Transfer Taxes

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1146(a), any transfers from any of the Debtors to any Person, including any transfers of Syms Owned Real Estate after Confirmation in the United States, shall not be subject to any stamp tax or similar tax, and the Confirmation Order shall direct the appropriate state or local governmental officials or agents to forgo the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and to accept for filing and recordation any of the foregoing instruments or other documents without the payment of any such tax or governmental assessment.

M. Preservation and Settlement of Certain Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions

1. Preservation of Certain Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions.

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(3), except as agreed to by the Plan Proponents and identified on Exhibit A to the Plan, to be included with the Plan Supplement, all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions shall be released as of the Effective Date. The Debtors shall retain all of the Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement and all such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions shall vest in the Reorganized Company on the Effective Date. The Reorganized Company may investigate, enforce, sue on, settle or compromise (or decline to do

any of the foregoing) any or all of the Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement. The failure of the Debtors to list a claim, right, cause of action, suit or proceeding in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement shall constitute a waiver and release by the Debtors and their Estates of such claim, right of action, suit or proceeding.

2. Settlement of Certain Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions.

At any time after the Confirmation Date but before the Effective Date, notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the Reorganized Company may settle some or all of the Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019 with the approval of the Court and upon notice to the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee; after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Company, will determine whether to bring, settle, release, compromise, enforce or abandon such rights (or decline to do any of the foregoing).

N. Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions

The Debtors shall be authorized to execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents, and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan, that are not inconsistent with the other terms and conditions of the Plan.

O. Provisions Governing Distributions

1. Distributions for Claims Allowed as of the Effective Date

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, all Distributions to be made on account of Claims that are Allowed Claims as of the Effective Date shall be made on the Initial Distribution Date or as soon thereafter as Cash becomes available therefore and Distributions on account of Claims that first become Allowed Claims after the Effective Date shall be made pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Plan, and on such day as selected by the Reorganized Company; provided, however, that the Excess Cash shall be used to make Distributions, in accordance with the Plan Waterfall, on not less than a quarterly basis if the distributable amount of Excess Cash is no less than the Minimum Distribution Threshold or is the last distribution to a Class. Once there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, Excess Cash shall be distributed to the Majority Shareholder in satisfaction of the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment not less than a quarterly basis [if the distributable amount of Excess Cash is no less than \$10,000.]

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, no Distribution shall be made on account of any Allowed Claim or portion thereof that has been satisfied after the Petition Date pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court.

2. Reorganized Syms as Disbursing Agent

Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, Reorganized Syms shall make all Distributions required under the Plan with respect to the Debtors' Estates, <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that Reorganized Syms may employ a third-party disbursing agent, in the discretion of the Board of Directors, upon the filing of a notice with the Court. Reorganized Syms shall not be required to give any bond or surety or other

security for the performance of its duties unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or required by the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules. Reorganized Syms shall be authorized and directed to rely upon the Debtors' books and records and the Debtors' representatives and professionals in determining Claims not entitled to a Distribution under the Plan in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

3. Delivery of Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions

(a) Delivery of Distributions in General

Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims shall be made by Reorganized Syms (a) at the addresses set forth on the Proofs of Claim filed by such Holders (or at the last known addresses of such Holders if no Proof of Claim is filed or if the Debtors have been notified of a change of address), (b) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Debtors after the date of any related Proof of Claim, (c) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no Proof of Claim has been filed and the Debtors have not received a written notice of a change of address, (d) at the addresses set forth in the other records of the Debtors at the time of the Distribution or (e) in the case of the Holder of a Claim that is governed by an agreement and is administered by an agent or servicer, at the addresses contained in the official records of such agent or servicer. In making Distributions under the Plan, Reorganized Syms may rely upon the accuracy of the claims register maintained by the Claims Agent in the Chapter 11 Cases, as modified by any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court disallowing Claims in whole or in part.

(b) Undeliverable and Unclaimed Distributions

If the Distribution to any Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest is returned to Reorganized Syms as undeliverable or is otherwise unclaimed, no further Distributions shall be made to such Holder unless and until Reorganized Syms is notified in writing of such Holder's then-current address, at which time all missed Distributions shall be made to such Holder without interest. Amounts in respect of undeliverable Distributions shall be returned to Reorganized Syms until such Distributions are claimed. Reorganized Syms shall segregate and, deposit in a segregated account (the "Unclaimed Distribution Reserve") undeliverable and unclaimed Distributions for the benefit of all such similarly situated Persons or Governmental Units until such time as a Distribution becomes deliverable or is claimed.

Any Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest that does not assert a Claim or Interest pursuant to the Plan for an undeliverable or unclaimed Distribution within six (6) months after the last Distribution Date shall be deemed to have forfeited its Claim or Interest for such undeliverable or unclaimed Distribution and shall be forever barred and enjoined from asserting any such Claim or Interest for an undeliverable or unclaimed Distribution against the Debtors and their Estates, and their respective agents, attorneys, representatives, employees or independent contractors, and/or any of its and their property. In such cases, any Cash otherwise reserved for undeliverable or unclaimed Distributions shall be distributed in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Nothing contained in the Plan shall require Reorganized Syms to attempt to locate any Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest.

4. Prepayment

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, Reorganized Syms shall have the right to prepay, without penalty, all or any portion of an Allowed Claim.

5. Means of Cash Payment

Cash payments made pursuant to the Plan shall be in U.S. dollars and shall be made at the option and in the sole discretion of Reorganized Syms by (i) checks drawn on or (ii) wire transfers from a domestic bank selected by Reorganized Syms. In the case of foreign creditors, Cash payments may be made, at the option of Reorganized Syms, in such funds and by such means as are necessary or customary in a particular jurisdiction.

6. Interest on Disputed Claims

Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, interest shall not accrue or be paid upon any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Petition Date to the date such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim; [provided, however, that interest shall accrue at the rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Disputed Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim from and after October 1, 2015 until Distribution is made on such Claim.]

7. Withholding and Reporting Requirements

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 346 and in connection with the Plan and all Distributions thereunder, Reorganized Syms shall, to the extent applicable, comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any U.S. federal, state, local, or non-U.S. taxing authority. Reorganized Syms shall be authorized to take any and all actions necessary and appropriate to comply with such requirements. All Distributions hereunder may be subject to the withholding and reporting requirements. As a condition of making any Distribution under the Plan, Reorganized Syms may require the Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest to provide such Holder's taxpayer identification number, and such other information, certification, or forms as necessary to comply with applicable tax reporting and withholding laws. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, each Entity receiving a Distribution pursuant to the Plan shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of tax obligations on account of any such Distribution. Reorganized Syms may move to disallow an otherwise Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest entitled to a Distribution under the Plan if the Holder of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, after reasonable notice, does not provide Reorganized Syms with such Holder's taxpayer identification number, and such other information, certification, or forms as necessary to comply with applicable tax reporting and withholding laws.

8. Setoffs

(a) By Reorganized Syms

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, Reorganized Syms may, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 553, 558 or any other applicable law, but shall not be required to, set off against any Claim, and the payments or other Distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim, Claims of

any nature whatsoever that the Debtors may have against the Holder of such Claim and that has not been released under the Plan or otherwise; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors of any such Claim that the Debtors may have against such Holder.

(b) By Non-Debtors

Unless otherwise authorized by a Final Order, any Holder of a Claim must assert any setoff rights against a Claim by a Debtor against such Entity by timely filing (i) a Proof of Claim asserting such right of setoff, (ii) an appropriate motion on or before the Confirmation Date seeking authority to setoff, or (iii) an objection to Confirmation on or before the Confirmation Objection Deadline asserting, preserving or otherwise referencing the existence of such right of setoff, or will be deemed to have waived and be forever barred from asserting any right to setoff against a Claim by a Debtor; provided, however, that the right of any Debtor to object to the validity of any asserted right of setoff shall be preserved.

9. Procedure for Treating and Resolving Disputed, Contingent and/or Unliquidated Claims

(a) Objection Deadline; Prosecution of Objections

Except as set forth in the Plan with respect to Professional Fee Claims and Administrative Claims, all objections to Claims must be filed and served on the Holders of such Claims by the Claims Objection Deadline, as the same may be extended by the Bankruptcy Court. If an objection has not been filed to a Claim or the Schedules have not been amended with respect to a Claim that (i) was Scheduled by the Debtors but (ii) was not Scheduled as contingent, unliquidated, and/or disputed, by the Claims Objection Deadline, as the same may be extended by order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Claim to which the Proof of Claim or Scheduled Claim relates will be treated as an Allowed Claim if such Claim has not been allowed earlier. Notice of any motion for an order extending the Claims Objection Deadline shall be required to be given only to those Entities that have requested notice in the Chapter 11 Cases, or to such Entities as the Bankruptcy Court shall order. From the Confirmation Date through the Claims Objection Deadline, Reorganized Syms shall have the exclusive authority to file objections, settle, compromise, withdraw, or litigate to judgment objections to Claims.

(b) No Distributions Pending Allowance

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no payments or Distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim have been settled or withdrawn or have been determined by Final Order, and the Disputed Claim, or some portion thereof, has become an Allowed Claim. To the extent that a Claim is not a Disputed Claim but is held by a Holder that is or may be liable to the Debtors, no payments or Distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of such Claim unless and until such Claim and liability have been settled or withdrawn or have been determined by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or such other court having jurisdiction over the matter. On each Distribution Date, Reorganized Syms will make Distributions (a) on account of any Disputed Claim that has become an Allowed Claim since the preceding Distribution Date and (b) on account of previously Allowed Claims, from the applicable reserves, of property that would have been distributed to such Claimholders on the dates Distributions previously were made to Holders of Allowed Claims had the Disputed Claims that have become Allowed Claims been Allowed on such dates.

(c) *De Minimis* Distributions

Reorganized Syms shall not have any obligation to make a Distribution on account of an Allowed Claim from any reserve or otherwise if (a) the aggregate amount of all Distributions authorized to be made from such reserve or otherwise on the Distribution Date in question (other than the final Distribution Date) is or has a value less than the Minimum Distribution Threshold, or (b) if the amount to be distributed to the specific Holder of the Allowed Claim on the particular Distribution Date does not constitute a final Distribution to such Holder and such Distribution has a value less than \$25.00. Reorganized Syms shall have no obligation to make any Distribution, whether final or not, unless and until the total amount of such Distribution to a specific Holder of an Allowed Claim is equal to or greater than \$25.00.

The foregoing limitations on "*De Minimis* Distributions" shall not apply to Distributions to be made to the Majority Shareholder.

(d) Claims Resolution and Compromise

As of the Effective Date, Reorganized Syms is authorized to compromise or settle all Claims, Disputed Claims, and Liens pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019(b), and to execute necessary documents, including Lien releases (subject to the written consent of the party having such Lien) and stipulations of settlement or release, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, other than those restrictions expressly imposed by the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

10. Fractional Dollars

Any other provision of the Plan notwithstanding, Reorganized Syms shall not be required to make Distributions or payments of fractions of dollars. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a dollar under the Plan would otherwise be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole dollar (up or down), with half dollars being rounded down.

11. Allocation of Plan Distributions Between Principal and Interest

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a Distribution under the Plan is composed of indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, such Distribution shall, for all income tax purposes, be allocated to the principal amount of the Claim first and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Claim, to the portion of such Claim representing accrued but unpaid interest.

12. Distribution Record Date

Reorganized Syms shall have no obligation to recognize the transfer of or sale of any participation in any Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest that occurs after the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, and will be entitled for all purposes in the Plan to recognize and distribute only to those Holders of Allowed Claims and Interests who are Holders, or participants therein, as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date. Instead, Reorganized Syms shall be entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes under the Plan with only those record holders stated on the official claims register or other applicable records as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date.

P. Treatment of Executory Contracts

1. Rejected Contracts and Leases

Except as otherwise provided in the Confirmation Order, the Plan, or any other Plan document, the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order under Bankruptcy Code section 365 rejecting all prepetition executory contracts, including purchase orders, and unexpired leases to which any Debtor is a party, to the extent such contracts or leases are executory contracts or unexpired leases, on and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, unless such contract or lease (a) previously shall have been assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected by the Debtors, (b) previously shall have expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms before the Effective Date, (c) is the subject of a pending motion to assume or reject on the Confirmation Date, or (d) is identified in Exhibit B to the Plan as an insurance policy or insurance agreement of the Debtors; provided, however, that the Debtors may amend such Exhibit B at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an insurance agreement on such Exhibit shall not constitute an admission by a Debtor that such agreement is an executory contract or that any Debtor has any liability thereunder. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the Confirmation Order or any other Plan document, the Syms Local 108 CBA and Syms Local 400 CBA and the Syms Pension Plan shall not be rejected by operation of the Confirmation Order.

2. Insurance Policies and Agreements

Except as set forth in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, Insurance policies issued to, or insurance agreements entered into by, the Debtors prior to the Petition Date (including, without limitation, any policies covering directors' or officers' conduct) shall continue in effect after the Effective Date. To the extent that such insurance policies or agreements (including, without limitation, any policies covering directors' or officers' conduct) are considered to be executory contracts, then, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the Plan shall constitute a motion to assume or ratify such insurance policies and agreements, and, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute approval of such assumption pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that each such assumption is in the best interests of each Debtor and its Estate. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to a Final Order or agreed to by the parties thereto prior to the Effective Date, no payments shall be required to cure any defaults of the Debtors existing as of the Confirmation Date with respect to each such insurance policy or agreement. To the extent that the Bankruptcy Court determines otherwise as to any such insurance policy or agreement, the Debtors reserve the right to seek the rejection of such insurance policy or agreement or other available relief.

With respect to the agreement relating to a life insurance policy on Marcy Syms, issued by Massachusetts Life Insurance Company to Laben Lathan, Trustee of Trust UTD 5/20/99 (the "Split-Dollar Policy"), Syms and Reorganized Syms shall be released from any future obligation (whether to Marcy Syms, any third party or otherwise) to pay premiums and shall release any interest in the insurance policy in return for a credit of \$1.774 million against the amounts to be paid to the Majority Shareholder under the Share Redemption Transaction. The Plan Supplement shall include an amendment of the split dollar agreement and any other documents necessary to effect this settlement.

3. Indemnification Obligations

Notwithstanding Article IX.A. of the Plan, or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into in connection with the Plan, any and all Indemnification Obligations that the Debtors have pursuant to a contract, instrument, agreement, certificate of incorporation, by-law, comparable organizational document or any other document, or applicable law that has not been rejected under Bankruptcy Code section 365 pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court or pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed an executory contract that is assumed as of the Effective Date, and all Claims arising out of Indemnification Obligations shall be deemed to be, and shall be treated as though they are, executory contracts that are assumed by the Reorganized Company pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. No reserve shall be established hereunder for such Indemnification Obligations.

By the date for filing of the Plan Supplement, the Directors and Officers of the Debtors shall provide the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee with a schedule of the potential claims of which they have actual knowledge and will represent that those are the only claims of which they have actual knowledge, and in the event that the Directors and Officers later assert indemnity for a claim which is not listed on the schedule but of which they had actual knowledge, they will be barred from asserting an indemnity obligation for such claim

Indemnification Obligations owed to any Professionals retained pursuant to sections 327 or 328 of the Bankruptcy Code and order of the Court, to the extent that such Indemnification Obligations relate to the period after the Petition Date, shall be deemed to be, and shall be treated as though they are, executory contracts that are assumed pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code under the Plan.

4. Bar To Rejection Damages

If the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to the Plan gives rise to a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, such Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the applicable Debtor or its Estate, or their respective successors or properties unless a Proof of Claim is filed with the Claims Agent and served on the Debtors and counsel for the Debtors within thirty (30) days after service of a notice of occurrence of the Effective Date, unless another order of the Bankruptcy Court provides for an earlier date.

5. Assumed and Assigned Contracts and Leases

Except as otherwise provided in the Confirmation Order, the Plan, or any other Plan document entered into after the Petition Date or in connection with the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order under Bankruptcy Code section 365 assuming, as of the Effective Date, those agreements listed on Exhibit B to the Plan; provided, however, that the Debtors may amend such Exhibit at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an agreement on such Exhibit shall not constitute an admission by a Debtor that such agreement is an executory contract or that any Debtor has any liability thereunder.

Q. Confirmation and Consummation of the Plan

1. Conditions to Confirmation

The following are conditions precedent to the occurrence of the Confirmation Date:

- (a) The entry of a Final Order finding that the Disclosure Statement contains adequate information pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1125, which order shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee, the Equity Committee, and the Backstop Parties;
- (b) The proposed Confirmation Order shall be, in form and substance, reasonably acceptable to the Plan Proponents, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee and the Backstop Parties; and
- (c) All provisions, terms and conditions hereof are approved in the Confirmation Order.
- (d) A default has not occurred under the Equity Commitment Agreement that has not been cured and the Equity Commitment Agreement is in full force and effect.

For a more detailed description of the requirements for confirmation of the Plan, see Section X of this Disclosure Statement entitled, "Feasibility of the Plan and Best Interests of Creditors."

2. Conditions to the Effective Date

The following are conditions precedent to the occurrence of the Effective Date, each of which must be satisfied or waived in writing in accordance with Article X.C:

- (a) The Confirmation Order shall have been entered and become a Final Order, shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Plan Proponents, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee and the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and shall provide that the Debtors and the Backstop Parties are authorized and directed to take all actions necessary or appropriate to enter into, implement and consummate the contracts, instruments, releases, leases, indentures, and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan or effectuate, advance, or further the purposes thereof;
- (b) All Plan Exhibits and documents filed as part of the Plan Supplement shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Plan Proponents, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee and the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties, and shall have been executed and delivered by all parties signatory thereto;
- (c) The Debtors shall be authorized and directed to take all actions necessary or appropriate to enter into, implement and consummate the contracts, instruments, releases, and the agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan;
- (d) All other actions, documents, and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected or executed and shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Plan Proponents;
- (e) The Professional Fee Reserve, the Administrative Claims Reserve and the Operating Reserve shall have been funded to the extent required under the Plan and the Budget;
- (f) All conditions to closing set forth in the Equity Commitment Agreement shall have been satisfied or duly waived in accordance with the terms of the Equity Commitment Agreement and the Equity Commitment Agreement shall be in full force and effect; and
- (g) The Independent Director shall be mutually chosen by the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee and designated to the Board of Directors and the Creditors' Committee Director and the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust shall be designated by the Creditors' Committee and designated to the Board of Directors.
 - (h) The Effective Date shall occur no later than September 15, 2012.

3. Waiver of Conditions

Each of the conditions set forth in Articles X.A and X.B of the Plan may be waived in whole or in part by the Plan Proponents and with the consent of the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties. The failure to satisfy or waive any condition to the Effective Date may be asserted by the Plan Proponents regardless of the circumstances giving rise to the failure of such condition to be satisfied. The failure of a party to exercise any of the foregoing rights shall not be deemed a waiver of any other rights, and each such right shall be deemed an ongoing right that may be asserted at any time.

4. Consequences of Non-Occurrence of Effective Date

In the event that the Effective Date does not timely occur, the Plan Proponents reserve all rights to seek an order from the Bankruptcy Court directing that the Confirmation Order be vacated, that the Plan be null and void in all respects, and/or that any settlement of Claims provided for in the Plan be null and void. In the event that the Bankruptcy Court shall enter an order vacating the Confirmation Order, the time within which the Debtors may assume and assign, or reject all executory contracts and unexpired leases not previously assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected, shall be extended for a period of thirty (30) days after the date the Confirmation Order is vacated, without prejudice to further extensions.

5. Cram Down

The Plan Proponents request Confirmation under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to any Impaired Class that does not accept the Plan pursuant to section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors reserve the right to modify the Plan to the extent, if any, that Confirmation pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code requires modification.

R. Allowance and Payment of Certain Administrative Claims

1. Professional Fee Claims

(a) Final Fee Applications

All Final Fee Applications must be filed no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date. Objections, if any, to Final Fee Applications of such Professionals must be filed and served on the Debtors and their respective counsel, the Creditors' Committee and its counsel and the Equity Committee and its counsel, the requesting Professional and the Office of the U.S. Trustee no later than twenty (20) days from the date on which each such Final Fee Application is served and filed. After notice and a hearing in accordance with the procedures established by the Bankruptcy Code and prior orders of the Bankruptcy Court, the allowed amounts of such Professional Fee Claims shall be determined by the Court.

(b) Employment of Professionals after the Effective Date

From and after the Effective Date, any requirement that professionals comply with Bankruptcy Code sections 327 through 331 or any order previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court in seeking retention or compensation for services rendered or expenses incurred after such date will terminate.

2. Substantial Contribution Compensation and Expenses Bar Date

Any Person who wishes to make a Substantial Contribution Claim based on facts or circumstances arising after the Petition Date, must file an application with the clerk of the Court, on or before the Administrative Claims Bar Date, and serve such application on counsel for the Debtors, counsel for the Creditors' Committee, and counsel for the Equity Committee, and as otherwise required by the Court and the Bankruptcy Code, or be forever barred from seeking such compensation or expense

reimbursement. Objections, if any, to the Substantial Contribution Claim must be filed no later than the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline, unless otherwise extended by Order of the Court.

3. Administrative Claims

All Administrative Claims arising after the Petition Date, other than Professional Fee Claims, must be filed with the Claims Agent and served on counsel for the Debtors so as to be received no later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time on the Administrative Claims Bar Date. Any such Claim may be submitted in person or by courier service, hand delivery or mail addressed to the Claims Agent at the Claims Agent's applicable addresses as specified in Article XIV.F of the Plan. Any such Claim submitted by facsimile will not be accepted and will not be deemed filed until such Claim is submitted by one of the methods described in the foregoing sentence. An Administrative Claim will be deemed filed only when actually received by the Claims Agent. Unless Reorganized Syms or any other party in interest objects by the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline to an Administrative Claim, such Claim shall be deemed allowed after the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline in the amount requested. In the event that Reorganized Syms or any other party in interest objects to such a Claim, the Bankruptcy Court shall determine the allowed amount of such Claim.

S. Effect of Plan Confirmation

1. Binding Effect

The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, all present and former Holders of Claims and Interests, and their respective successors and assigns.

2. Discharge

(a) Discharge of the Debtors

Upon the Effective Date, the Debtors shall be discharged and released under section 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code from any and all Claims, including, but not limited to, demands and liabilities that arose before the Effective Date, and all debts of the kind specified in section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, whether or not (i) a proof of claim based upon such debt is filed or deemed filed under section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) a Claim based upon such debt is Allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, (iii) a Claim based upon such debt is or has been disallowed by order of the Bankruptcy Court, or (iv) the Holder of a Claim based upon such debt accepted the Plan.

As of the Effective Date, except as provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, all Persons shall be precluded from asserting against the Debtors or their properties, including the Syms Owned Real Estate, any other or further Claims, debts, rights, Causes of Action, claims for relief, or liabilities relating to the Debtors based upon any act, omission, transaction, occurrence, or other activity of any nature that occurred prior to the Effective Date. In accordance with the foregoing, except as provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, the Confirmation Order shall be a judicial determination of discharge of all such Claims and other debts and liabilities, pursuant to sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, and such discharge shall void any judgment obtained against the Debtors at any time, to the extent that such judgment relates to a discharged Claim.

3. Injunction

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall provide, among other things, that from and after the Effective Date, all Persons who have held, hold or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtors are permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions against the Estates, the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or any of their property on account of any such Claims or Interests: (A) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action or other proceeding; (B) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree or order; (C) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any lien or encumbrance; (D) asserting a setoff, right of subrogation, or recoupment of any kind against any debt, liability, or obligation due to the Debtors; and (E) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan; provided, however, that nothing contained in the Plan shall preclude such Persons from exercising their rights pursuant to and consistent with the terms of the Plan or the Confirmation Order; provided further, however, that nothing in this Article shall impair (i) the rights of any Holder of a Disputed Claim to establish its Claim in response to an objection filed by Reorganized Syms, or (ii) the rights of any defendant in a Cause of Action or Avoidance Action filed by Reorganized Syms to assert defenses in such action.

4. Exculpation and Limitation of Liability

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, (i) the Debtors, (ii) all of the present or former directors, officers, or employees of any of the Debtors, acting in such capacity and serving as of the Petition Date, (iii) any Professionals of the Debtors, (iv) the Majority Shareholder; (v) any Professionals of the Majority Shareholder; and (vi) the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee and their respective members, and the professionals retained by each of the foregoing acting in their capacities as such, and any of such parties' successors and assigns, shall not have or incur any liability, claim, action, proceeding, Cause of Action, Avoidance Action, suit, account, controversy, agreement, promise, right to legal remedies, right to equitable remedies, right to payment, or Claim (as defined in Bankruptcy Code Section 101(5)), whether known, unknown, reduced to judgment, not reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, secured, or unsecured and whether asserted or assertable directly or derivatively, in law, equity, or otherwise to one another or to any Claimholder or Interestholder, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys, or affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission originating or occurring on or after the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date in connection with, relating to, or arising out of the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, the negotiation and filing of the Plan or any prior plans, the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan or any prior plans, the consummation of the Plan including the Rights Offering and Share Purchase Transaction, the administration of the Plan, or the property to be liquidated and/or distributed under the Plan, except for their willful misconduct or gross negligence as determined by a Final Order of a court of competent jurisdiction, and in all respects shall be entitled to rely reasonably upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities under the Plan provided, however, that the foregoing shall not extinguish the personal liability of any of the aforementioned Entities for any statutory violation of applicable tax laws or bar any right of action asserted by a governmental taxing authority against the aforementioned Entities for any statutory violation of applicable tax laws, or any obligation or liability arising under the Equity Commitment Agreement or the terms of the Plan.

5. Debtor Releases

Pursuant to section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for good and valuable consideration, on and after the Effective Date, except as set forth on Exhibit A, (i) all current and former officers, directors, employees, agents and professionals of the Debtors in their capacity as such, (ii) the Majority Shareholder in her capacity as such; (iii) the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee and their respective members, and the professionals retained by each of the foregoing acting in their capacities as such, and (iv) the Majority Shareholder (the "Released Parties") are deemed released and discharged by the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Estates from any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies and liabilities whatsoever, including any derivative claims, asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtors, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or the Estates would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively) or on behalf of the Holder of any Claim or Interest or other Person, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, the purchase, sale or rescission of the purchase or sale of any security of the Debtors or Reorganized Syms, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor and any of the foregoing releasees, the restructuring of Claims and Interests before or during the Chapter 11 Cases, the negotiation, formulation or preparation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or related agreements, instruments or other documents, or upon any other act or omission, transaction, agreement, event or other occurrence taking place on or before the Effective Date.

6. The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Release, Exculpation and Indemnification

(a) The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Release

For good and valuable consideration, on and after the Effective Date, the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and their respective directors, officers, partners, members, affiliates, representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys (each a "Backstop Releasee") are deemed released and discharged by the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Estates from any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated thereby, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or the Estates would have otherwise been entitled to assert.

(b) The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Exculpation

The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and their respective directors, officers, partners, members, affiliates, representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys shall not have or incur any liability, claim, action, proceeding, cause of action, suit, account, controversy, agreement, promise, right to legal remedies, right to equitable remedies, or right to payment, whether known, unknown, reduced to judgment, not reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, secured, or unsecured and whether asserted or assertable directly or derivatively, in law, equity, or otherwise to any Holder of Claims or Interests, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys, or affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity

Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated thereby; except for the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' willful misconduct or gross negligence as determined by a Final Order of a court of competent jurisdiction, and in all respects the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties shall be entitled to rely reasonably upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities thereunder.

(c) The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Indemnification

The Debtors or Reorganized Debtors, and the Estates, as the case may be, agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and their respective directors, officers, partners, members, affiliates, representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys (each a "Backstop Party Indemnitee") from and against any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities that any such Backstop Party Indemnitee may incur, have asserted against it or be involved in as a result of or arising out of or in any way related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including any related transaction or any claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, regardless of whether any of such Backstop Party Indemnitee is a party thereto, and to reimburse each of such Backstop Party Indemnitee within ten (10) days after demand for any legal or other expenses incurred in connection with any of the foregoing; provided however, that the foregoing indemnity shall not, as to any Backstop Party Indemnitee, apply to claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities to the extent they have resulted from the willful misconduct or gross negligence of such Backstop Party Indemnitee. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, no Backstop Party Indemnitee shall be liable for any special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages in connection with its activities related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. The terms set forth in this subsection shall survive termination of the Equity Commitment Agreement and shall remain in full force and effect regardless of whether the Rights Offering is consummated.

7. The Majority Shareholder's Indemnification

The Debtors or Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Estates, as the case may be, agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Majority Shareholder and its representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys (each a "Majority Shareholder Indemnitee") from and against any and claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities that any such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee may incur, have asserted against it or be involved in as a result of or arising out of or in any way related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including any related transaction or any claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, regardless of whether any of such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee is a party thereto, and to reimburse each of such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee within ten (10) days after demand for any legal or other expenses incurred in connection with any of the foregoing; provided however, that the foregoing indemnity shall not, as to any Majority Shareholder Indemnitee, apply to (i) claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities to the extent they have resulted from the willful misconduct or gross negligence of such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee; (ii) claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities to the extent they have resulted from a breach or default by the Majority Shareholder under the Equity Commitment Agreement; and (iii) claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities asserted by a third party that is unrelated to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, the Share Purchase Transaction, or any other transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, no Majority Shareholder Indemnitee shall be liable for any special, indirect, consequential or punitive

damages in connection with its activities related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. The terms set forth in this subsection shall survive termination of the Equity Commitment Agreement and shall remain in full force and effect regardless of whether the Rights Offering is consummated.

8. Third Party Releases

As of the Effective Date, all Persons who directly or indirectly have been a Holder, are a Holder, or may become a Holder of a Claim or Interest and (a) who vote to accept the Plan as set forth on the relevant Ballot and do not mark their Ballot to indicate their refusal to grant the releases provided in this paragraph, (b) are Holders in Filene's Classes 4A or 5A, or (c) whose Claim or Interest is deemed Unimpaired under the Plan (the "Third Party Releasors"), shall be deemed, by virtue of their receipt of Distributions and/or other treatment contemplated under the Plan, to have unconditionally, irrevocably and forever released and covenanted with Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Released Parties not to (y) sue or otherwise seek recovery from Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or any Released Party on account of any Claim or Interest in any way related to the Debtors or their business and affairs, including but not limited to any Claim or Interest based upon tort, breach of contract, violations of federal or state securities laws or otherwise, based upon any act, occurrence, or failure to act from the beginning of time through the Effective Date or (z) assert against Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or any Released Party any claim, obligation, right, cause of action or liability that any Holder of a Claim or Interest may be entitled to assert, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereafter arising, based in whole or in part on any act or omission, transaction, agreement or occurrence from the beginning of time through the Effective Date in any way relating to the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Plan, provided, however, (i) none of the Released Parties shall be released from any Claim primarily based on any act or omission that constitutes gross negligence or willful misconduct as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, and (ii) the foregoing release shall not apply to obligations arising under the Plan, and (iii) the foregoing release shall not apply or be construed to prohibit a party in interest from seeking to enforce the terms of the Plan.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Equity Committee, the Majority Shareholder, and the Creditors' Committee, and their respective members and Professionals in their capacity as such, release the Released Parties in accordance with Article XII.G of the Plan.

For the avoidance of doubt, Article XII.G of the Plan shall not be applied to, and shall not be deemed to, modify, limit or override the effect, scope and operation of Articles XII.A, XII.B, XII.C, XII.D and XII.E of the Plan.

9. Term of Bankruptcy Injunction or Stays

All injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases under Bankruptcy Code section 105 or 362, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date. All injunctions or stays contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

10. Separate Plans Meeting Confirmation Standards

If the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan meets the standards for confirmation as to Syms but not as to Filene's, the Creditors Committee shall have the option to either:

	(a)	continue the Confirmation Hearing for up to five (5) busine	ess days to
rectify the confirmation	defici	ency of the Plan as to Filene's; or	

(b) consent to confirmation of the Plan and the effectiveness of the Plan as to the Debtors other than Filene's, and then take no more than the next 120 calendar days to confirm a plan of reorganization or liquidation for Filene's with the same economic terms for Filene's and for Syms as contained in the Plan, and failing confirmation and going effective within those 120 days, Syms obligations to make distributions to Holder of Claims in the Filene's Classes under the Plan shall be null and void. Under this option, if the sum of (y) administrative expenses of Filene's that are incurred during the 120 period for a Filene's-only plan to go effective and(z) administrative claims paid under the Filene's-only plan, exceed the Debtors' projected administrative expenses to be incurred by Filene's through September 30, 2012, which amount is [\$______,] the excess shall reduce the distribution percentage for Holders of Claims in Filene's Classes under the Plan and shall not be paid or borne by Syms or Reorganized Syms.

T. Retention of Jurisdiction

Under Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a) and 1142, and notwithstanding entry of the Confirmation Order, substantial consummation of the Plan and occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction over all matters arising out of, and related to, the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan, including, among other things, jurisdiction to:

- 1. Allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim, the resolution of any objections to the allowance or priority of Claims or Interests and the determination of requests for the payment of Claims entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(1), including compensation of any reimbursement of expenses of parties entitled thereto;
- 2. Hear and determine all applications for compensation and reimbursement of expenses of Professionals under the Plan or under Bankruptcy Code sections 330, 331, 503(b), 1103, and 1129(a)(4); provided, however, that from and after the Effective Date, the payment of the fees and expenses of the retained Professionals of the Debtors shall be made in the ordinary course of business and shall not be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court except to the extent otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order;
- 3. Hear and determine all matters with respect to the assumption or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which a Debtor is a party or with respect to which a Debtor may be liable, and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate any Claims arising therefrom;
- 4. Effectuate performance of and payments under the provisions of the Plan;
- 5. Hear and determine any and all adversary proceedings, motions, applications and contested or litigated matters arising out of, under or related to the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan;
- 6. Enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to execute, implement or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order;
- 7. Hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation, consummation or enforcement of the Plan, including disputes arising under agreements, documents or instruments executed in connection with the Plan;
- 8. Consider any modifications of the Plan, and cure any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order;
- 9. Issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any entity with

implementation, consummation, or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order:

- 10. Enter and implement such orders as may be necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason reversed, stayed, revoked, modified or vacated:
- 11. Hear and determine any matters arising in connection with or relating to the Plan, the Plan Supplement, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Plan Supplement, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order;
- 12. Enforce all orders, judgments, injunctions, releases, exculpations, indemnifications and rulings entered in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases;
- 13. Except as otherwise limited in the Plan, recover all assets of the Debtors and property of the Estates, wherever located;
- 14. Hear and determine matters concerning state, local and federal taxes in accordance with Bankruptcy Code sections 346, 505 and 1146;
- 15. Hear and determine any Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions, including any such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions brought by the Debtors;
- 16. Hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature or scope of the injunctions, indemnification, exculpation and releases granted pursuant to the Plan;
- 17. Hear and determine all matters related to (i) the property of the Estates from and after the Confirmation Date, (ii) any winding up of the Debtors' affairs, and (iii) the activities of the Debtors, including (A) challenges to or approvals of the Debtors' activities and (B) reporting by, termination of and accounting by the Debtors;
- 18. Hear and determine all disputes involving any dispute relating to any liability arising out of any termination of employment or the termination of any employee or retiree benefit provision, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date;

- 19. Hear and determine such other matters as may be provided in the Confirmation Order or as may be authorized under, or not inconsistent with, provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- 20. Enforce all orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court;
- 21. Dismiss any and/or all of the Chapter 11 Cases; and
- U. Enter a final decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases.

V. Miscellaneous Provisions

1. Modifications and Amendments

The Plan Proponents may alter, amend or modify the Plan or any Exhibits thereto under Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) at any time prior to the Confirmation Date. After the Confirmation Date and prior to substantial consummation of the Plan as defined in Bankruptcy Code section 1101(2), the Plan Proponents may, under Bankruptcy Code section 1127(b), institute proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, and such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purpose and effect of the Plan so long as such proceedings do not adversely affect the treatment of Holders of Claims or Interests; provided, however, that prior notice of such proceedings shall be served in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules or order of the Court. Any changes or modifications to the Plan shall require the consent of each of the Debtors, the Equity Committee, and the Creditors Committee, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, and any disagreement shall be resolved by the Bankruptcy Court by hearing on shortened notice.

2. Severability of Plan Provisions

If, prior to Confirmation, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, then the Bankruptcy Court, at the request of the Debtors, shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted. Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alteration or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

3. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of that Person.

4. Payment of Statutory Fees

All fees then due and payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as determined by the Court at the Confirmation Hearing, shall be paid on or before the Effective Date by the Debtors. All such fees that become due and payable thereafter by a Debtor shall be paid by the Reorganized Company. The Reorganized Company shall pay quarterly fees to the U.S. Trustee until the Chapter 11 Cases are closed or converted and/or the entry of final decrees. The Reorganized Company shall file post-confirmation quarterly reports or any pre-confirmation monthly operating reports not filed as of the Confirmation Hearing in conformance with the U.S. Trustee Guidelines which report shall also include a summary of the status of Distributions to be made under the Plan to the extent not provided in financial statements available to the public. The U.S. Trustee shall not be required to file a request for payment of its quarterly fees, which shall be paid by the Reorganized Company.

5. Dissolution of Official Committees

On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee will dissolve as official committees in the cases on the Effective Date of the Plan, except that the Creditors' Committee or its designee will remain in existence, without any compensation or counsel or any other cost to the Debtors or the Reorganized Company, post-Effective Date for the purpose of selecting a replacement Creditors' Committee Director, Independent Director or other director pursuant to Article [] of the Plan. The Creditors' Committee will designate in the Plan Supplement a representative who will act as Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust which will hold the Series A Preferred Stock to be issued by the Reorganized Company. The Reorganized Company will expand its directors and officers policy to cover the trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust or will pay for independent coverage. Any reasonable, out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with the exercise of the foregoing will be reimbursed by the Reorganized Company. If the members of an official committee choose to continue to operate on an unofficial basis, for any other purpose, the unofficial committee will pay its own professionals and any and all other expenses, if any.

The Reorganized Company will select and direct counsel to represent the Reorganized Company in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Bankruptcy Court.

6. Revocation, Withdrawal or Non-Consummation

The Plan Proponents reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors prior to the Confirmation Date and to file subsequent plans. If the Plan Proponents revoke or withdraw the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors, or if Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors does not occur, then with respect to such Debtors (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (b) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Class of Claims), assumption or rejection of executory

contracts or leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed null and void, and (c) nothing contained in the Plan, and no acts taken in preparation for Consummation of the Plan, shall (i) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or any other Person, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of such Debtors or any other Person, or (iii) constitute an admission of any sort by such Debtors or any other Person.

If the Bankruptcy Court does not confirm the Plan with respect to Filene's for any reason, the Plan shall be deemed modified to withdraw Filene's from the Plan and the other Debtors shall reorganize pursuant to the modified terms of the Plan and the requirements of the Confirmation Order with respect to the modified Plan. With respect to Filene's and Holders of Claims against Filene's (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (b) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Class of Claims), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed null and void, and (c) nothing contained in the Plan, and no acts taken in preparation for Consummation of the Plan, shall (i) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or any other Person, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of such Debtors or any other Person, or (iii) constitute an admission of any sort by such Debtors or any other Person.

7. Dissolution of Official Committees

On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee shall dissolve as official committees in the cases on the Effective Date of the Plan, except that the Creditors Committee or its designee shall remain in existence, without any compensation or counsel or any other cost to the Debtors or the Reorganized Company, post-Effective Date for the purpose of selecting a replacement Creditors' Committee Director, Independent Director or other director pursuant to Article [] of the Plan. The Creditors' Committee shall designate in the Plan Supplement a representative who shall act as Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust which shall hold the Series A Preferred Stock to be issued by the Reorganized Company. Reasonable, out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with forming and maintaining the trust and the Trustee's actions as a holder of the Series A Preferred Stock shall be reimbursed by the Reorganized Company. If the members of an official committee choose to continue to operate on an unofficial basis for any other purpose, the unofficial committee shall pay its own professionals and any and all other expenses, if any.

The Reorganized Company shall select and direct counsel to represent the Reorganized Company in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Bankruptcy Court.

VIII. CERTAIN RISK FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED

As set forth at the beginning of this Disclosure Statement, there is no guarantee that the assumptions underlying the Debtors' business plan will continue to be accurate or valid at any time after the date hereof. This section of the Disclosure Statement explains that there are certain risk factors that each voting holder of a claim or interest should consider in determining whether to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Accordingly, each holder of a claim or interest who is entitled to vote on the Plan and/or participate in the Rights Offering should read and carefully consider the following factors, as well as the other information set forth in this Disclosure Statement (and the documents delivered together herewith and/or incorporated by reference herein), before deciding whether to vote to accept or to reject the Plan or to participate in the Rights Offering.

A. General Considerations

The Plan sets forth the means for satisfying the claims against and interests in each of Syms and Filene's. Certain claims may not receive payment in full. Nevertheless, the reorganization of the Debtors' businesses and operations under the proposed Plan avoids the potentially adverse impact of the likely increased delays and costs associated with a chapter 7 liquidation of either or both entities.

B. Certain Bankruptcy Considerations

Even if all impaired voting classes vote in favor of the Plan and, with respect to any impaired class deemed to have rejected the Plan, the requirements for "cramdown" are met, the Bankruptcy Court may not confirm the Plan if circumstances warrant. Bankruptcy Code section 1129 requires, among other things, a showing that the value of distributions to dissenting holders of claims and interests may not be less than the value such holders would receive if the Debtors were liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Although the Debtors believe that the Plan will meet such tests, there can be no assurance that the Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion. See Exhibit G annexed hereto for a Liquidation Analysis of the Debtors.

Additionally, certain conditions must be fulfilled prior to confirmation of the Plan and the Effective Date. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, there can be no assurance that any or all of the conditions in the Plan will be met (or waived) or that the other conditions to consummation, if any, will be satisfied. The Debtors reserve their right to seek to dismiss or convert one or more of the Chapter 11 cases. In addition, if a chapter 7 liquidation were to occur, there is a substantial risk that the value of the Debtors' Estates would be substantially eroded to the detriment of all stakeholders.

C. Certain Real Estate – Related Considerations

1. Future Economic Conditions

The value of the Syms Owned Real Estate may be affected by volatility and illiquidity in the financial and credit markets and other market or economic challenges experienced by the U.S. economy or real estate industry as a whole. For instance, as a result of the economic downturn and global recession that began in the second half of 2007, demand for retail space such as that owned by Syms declined nationwide due to industry slowdowns, bankruptcies, downsizing, layoffs and cost cutting. Real estate transactions and development opportunities lessened compared to the period prior to the current economic downturn. A return to the strong real estate conditions that prevailed in the first half of 2007 is not expected in the near term, and demand for retail space such as the Syms Owned Real Estate may continue to be flat or decline further.

Given the current economic conditions, it may be difficult to lease space, collect rent, and attract new tenants for the Syms Owned Real Estate, and it may become more difficult to market and sell any particular parcel of the Syms Owned Real Estate. Further, the cost and availability of credit may be adversely affected by illiquid credit markets and wider credit spreads, which may adversely affect the liquidity and financial condition of Syms' tenants.

The Syms Owned Real Estate is located predominately in the New York City metropolitan area, as well as in markets in the Southeastern section of the United States. A downturn in the economies of any these local markets could reduce demand for retail space even in the event of a general market

upswing. Because the Syms portfolio consists primarily of retail space (as compared to a more diversified real estate portfolio), a decrease in demand for retail space in turn could adversely affect the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate.

2. Effectiveness and Modification of Business Plan/ Ability to Sell Real Estate Within Forecast Time Period and Application of Transfer Restrictions

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid, and as a result, Syms' ability to sell one or more parcels of the Syms Owned Real Estate may be limited. There can be no assurance that Syms will be able to dispose of any particular parcel of the Syms Owned Real Estate within a stated time period or for a stated price. In addition, significant carrying costs are associated with each parcel of real property, such as insurance, real estate taxes and maintenance costs.

3. Ability to Obtain New Tenants and Relet Space

The value of the Syms Owned Real Estate will depend in part on whether the properties are leased up with long-term, credit worthy tenants. Therefore, if current tenants decide not to renew their leases when such leases expire, Syms may have difficulty finding replacement tenants for those leases. Moreover, even if existing tenants do renew their leases or Syms can relet the space, it may not be able to retain favorable economic terms because of, among other factors, the cost of required renovations for any particular property. If Syms is unable to promptly renew the leases or relet the space at similar rates, the value of the affected real property could be adversely affected.

4. Tenants May Be Unable to Meet Rent Terms

The value of the Syms Owned Real Estate will depend in part on tenants' ability to remain current on their rent. If a significant number of tenants cannot pay their rent or if Syms is not able to maintain occupancy levels on favorable terms, the sale value of the affected property may decline. In addition, if a tenant does not pay its rent, Syms may incur costs to enforce its rights as landlord. During economic downturns in the economy, there may be an increase in the number of tenants that cannot pay their rent and a corresponding increase in vacancy rates.

5. Competitive Nature of Real Estate Business

The Syms Owned Real Estate is located in various locations across the United States, some of which are highly competitive environments. Reorganized Syms will compete with a large number of property owners and developers, some of which may be willing to accept lower returns on their investments. Principal competitive factors include rents charged, attractiveness of location, the quality of the property and the breadth and quality of services provided. The value of the Syms Owned Real Estate depends upon, among other factors, trends in the national, regional and local economies, financial condition and operating results of current and prospective tenants and customers, availability and cost of capital, construction and renovation costs, taxes, governmental regulation, legislation and population trends.

6. Operating Costs Do Not Decline in Proportion to Revenue

Pending disposition of the Syms Owned Real Estate, Syms will earn a substantial majority of its income from renting its properties. Its operating costs, however, do not fluctuate in relation to changes in rental revenue. As a result, costs will not necessarily decline even if revenues do. Similarly, operating costs could increase while revenues stay flat or decline. In either such event, Syms may be forced to borrow to cover costs, it may incur losses or it may not have cash available for distributions to creditors or shareholders.

7. Reliance on Small Number of Properties for Significant Portion of Revenue

Syms' revenue and cash available for distribution to creditors and dividends to shareholders would be materially adversely affected if any of its properties were materially damaged or destroyed. Additionally, revenue and cash available for distribution could be materially adversely affected if tenants at these properties fail to timely make rental payments due to adverse financial conditions or otherwise default under their leases or file for bankruptcy.

8. Potential Costs to Comply with Environmental Laws

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real estate may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances released at a property, and may be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage or personal injuries and for investigation and clean-up costs incurred by the parties in connection with the contamination. These laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release of the hazardous or toxic substances. The presence of contamination or the failure to remediate contamination may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or lease real estate or to borrow using the real estate as collateral. Other federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations require abatement or removal of asbestos-containing materials in the event of demolition or certain renovations or remodeling, the cost of which may be substantial for certain redevelopment projects that a potential purchaser would want to undertake with respect to any particular parcel of Syms Owned Real Estate, and also govern emissions of and exposure to asbestos fibers in the air. Federal and state laws also regulate the operation and removal of underground storage tanks. In connection with the ownership and management of certain properties, Reorganized Syms could be held liable for the costs of remedial action with respect to these regulated substances or related claims.

9. Potential Natural or Other Disasters

A number of the parcels comprising the Syms Owned Real Estate are located in areas which could be subject to natural or other disasters, including hurricanes, severe tropical storms, and tornados.

10. Some Potential Property Losses Are Not Insured

Reorganized Syms will carry comprehensive liability, fire, flood, earthquake, extended coverage and rental loss insurance on all properties, which it believes will be adequate and appropriate. There are, however, some types of losses, including lease and other contract claims, which may not be covered by insurance. If an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occurs, such loss could have a

negative impact on Reorganized Syms and/or the anticipated future revenue from any particular parcel of Syms Owned Real Estate.

11. Risks Related to Terrorism

Future terrorist attacks in the United States or other acts of violence may result in declining economic activity, which could harm the demand for goods and services offered by Syms' tenants and the value of its properties. Such a resulting decrease in retail demand could make it difficult for Syms to renew, re-lease or sell Syms Owned Real Estate. Terrorist activities or violence also could directly affect the value of its properties through damage, destruction or loss, and the availability of insurance for such acts, or of insurance generally, might be lower or cost more, which could increase Syms' operating expenses and adversely affect its financial condition and results of operations. To the extent that Syms' tenants are affected by future attacks, their businesses similarly could be adversely affected, including their ability to continue to meet obligations under their existing leases. These acts might erode business and consumer confidence and spending and might result in increased volatility in national and international financial markets and economies. Any one of these events might decrease demand for real estate, or decrease or delay the occupancy of Syms' new or redeveloped properties.

12. Inflation

Increased inflation could have a pronounced negative impact on Syms' general and administrative expenses, as these costs could increase at a rate higher than Syms' rents. Conversely, deflation could lead to downward pressure on rents and other sources of income.

13. Compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act and Similar Laws

Syms Owned Real Estate may be subject to risks relating to current or future laws, including laws benefiting disabled persons, and other state or local zoning, construction or other regulations. These laws may require significant property modifications in the future, which could result in fines being levied against Syms. The occurrence of any of these events could have an adverse impact on Reorganized Syms' cash flows and ability to make timely distributions.

Under the Americans with Disabilities Act (the "ADA"), all public accommodations must meet federal requirements related to access and use by disabled persons. Additional federal, state and local laws also may require modifications to Syms Owned Real Estate, or restrict Syms' ability to renovate its properties. If one or more of Syms' properties is not in compliance with the ADA or other legislation, then Syms may be required to incur additional costs to bring the property into compliance with the ADA or similar state or local laws. Syms cannot predict the ultimate amount of the cost of compliance with the ADA or other legislation. If Syms incurs substantial costs to comply with the ADA and any other legislation, Reorganized Syms' financial condition, results of operations and cash flow and/or ability to satisfy its debt service obligations and to make distributions could be adversely affected.

D. Cash Available for Distribution on Account of General Unsecured Claims

While the Debtors currently estimate that there will be cash available for distributions to holders of unsecured claims and Syms shareholders, not all claims have been resolved or fixed in amount, and all costs and expenses of completing the wind-down of the estates cannot be estimated with certainty. As a

result, the actual allowed amounts of all such claims could turn out to be substantially higher than the estimates made by the Debtors. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that there will be cash available for distribution to all holders of unsecured claims or Syms shareholders.

E. Potential Governmental Claims Relating to Employee Benefits

The Debtors' employee benefit plans are subject to the regulatory authority of governmental agencies, including the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (the "PBGC"), the Department of Labor, and the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"). As noted above, the Syms Corp. Pension Plan (the "Pension Plan") is likely underfunded. The Pension Plan has not yet been terminated. Syms also participates in certain multi-employer pension plans, and faces potential withdrawal liability for those plans. The PBGC, as the government agency that affords certain guarantees of pension plan liabilities for terminated single and multi-employer pension plans, is anticipated to assert joint and several claims based upon the estimate of the difference between liabilities to the Debtors' plan beneficiaries and the current value of the plan assets. The ultimate allowance of claims that have been filed against the Debtors by the PBGC may impact the distributions to holders of Syms' and Filene's general unsecured claims.

IX. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

The following discussion summarizes certain anticipated U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan to the Debtors and certain Holders of Claims and Interests that are impaired under the Plan and that are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. This discussion is provided for information purposes only and is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Tax Code</u>"), Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial authorities, and current administrative rulings and practice, all as in effect as of the date hereof, and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect.

This discussion does not purport to address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to a particular Claimholder or Interestholder in light of its particular facts and circumstances, or to certain types of Claimholders or Interestholders subject to special treatment under the Tax Code (for example, non-U.S. taxpayers, governmental entities and entities exercising governmental authority, banks and certain other financial institutions, broker-dealers, insurance companies, tax-exempt organizations, real estate investment trusts, regulated investment companies, persons holding a Claim or Interest as part of a hedge, straddle, constructive sale, conversion transaction or other integrated transaction, Claimholders or Interestholders that are or hold their Claims or Interests through a partnership or other pass-through entity, persons that have a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar, dealers in securities or foreign currencies, employees of the Debtors, and persons who received their claims pursuant to the exercise of an employee stock option or otherwise as compensation). This discussion assumes that Claimholders or Interestholders hold their Claims or Interests as capital assets for U.S. federal income tax purposes (generally, property held for investment). This discussion does not address any aspects of state, local, non-U.S. taxation or U.S. federal taxation other than income taxation. Furthermore, this discussion does not address the U.S. federal income tax consequences to Claimholders or Interestholders that are unimpaired under the Plan or Claimholders or Interestholders that are not entitled to receive or retain any property under the Plan.

If a partnership (including any entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds Claims or Interests, the U.S. federal income tax consequences to the partners of such partnership will depend on the activities of the partnership and the status of the partners. A partnership

considering participating in the Plan should consult its tax advisor regarding the consequences to the partnership and its partners of the Plan.

The tax treatment of Claimholders or Interestholders and the character, amount and timing of income, gain or loss recognized as a consequence of the Plan and the distributions provided for by the Plan may vary, depending upon, among other things: (i) whether the Claim or Interest (or portion thereof) constitutes a Claim for principal or interest; (ii) the type of consideration received by the Claimholder or Interestholder in exchange for the Claim or Interest and whether the Claimholder or Interestholder receives distributions under the Plan in more than one taxable year; (iii) whether the Claimholder or Interestholder is a citizen or resident of the United States for tax purposes, is otherwise subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis, or falls into any special class of taxpayers, such as those that are excluded from this discussion as noted above; (iv) the manner in which the Claimholder or Interestholder acquired the Claim or Interest; (v) the length of time that the Claim or Interest has been held; (vi) whether the Claim or Interest was acquired at a discount; (vii) whether the Claimholder or Interestholder has taken a bad debt deduction with respect to the Claim or Interest (or any portion thereof) in the current or prior years; (viii) whether the Claimholder or Interestholder has previously included accrued but unpaid interest with respect to the Claim or Interest; (ix) the method of tax accounting of the Claimholder or Interestholder; (x) whether the Claim or Interest is an installment obligation for U.S. federal income tax purposes; (xi) whether the Claim or Interest, and any instrument received in exchange therefor, is considered a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes; and (xii) whether the "market discount" rules are applicable to the Claimholder or Interestholder. Therefore, each Claimholder or Interestholder should consult its tax advisor for information that may be relevant to its particular situation and circumstances, and the particular tax consequences to such Claimholder or Interestholder of the transactions contemplated by the Plan.

A substantial amount of time may elapse between the date of this Disclosure Statement and the receipt of a final distribution under the Plan. Events occurring after the date of this Disclosure Statement, such as additional tax legislation, court decisions or administrative changes, could affect the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan and the transactions contemplated thereunder. There can be no assurance that the IRS will not take a contrary view with respect to one or more of the issues discussed below. No ruling has been or will be sought from the IRS with respect to any of the tax aspects of the Plan, and no opinion of counsel has been or will be obtained by the Debtors with respect thereto. No representations are being made regarding the particular tax consequences of the confirmation or implementation of the Plan as to any Claimholder or Interestholder. This discussion is not binding upon the IRS or other taxing authorities. No assurance can be given that the IRS or another authority would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a different position from any discussed herein. Accordingly, each Claimholder or Interestholder is strongly urged to consult its tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal, state, local, and non-U.S. tax consequences of the Plan to such Claimholder or Interestholder.

THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION IS INTENDED ONLY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION IS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. THE TAX CONSEQUENCES ARE IN MANY CASES UNCERTAIN AND MAY VARY DEPENDING ON A CLAIMHOLDER'S OR INTERESTHOLDER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES. ACCORDINGLY, EACH CLAIMHOLDER OR INTERESTHOLDER IS STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT ITS TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND APPLICABLE NON-U.S. INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230, CLAIMHOLDERS AND INTERESTHOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT: (A) ANY DISCUSSION OF U.S. FEDERAL TAX ISSUES IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE RELIED UPON, AND CANNOT BE RELIED UPON, BY CLAIMHOLDERS OR INTERESTHOLDERS FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON CLAIMHOLDERS OR INTERESTHOLDERS UNDER THE TAX CODE; (B) SUCH DISCUSSION IS BEING USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING (WITHIN THE MEANING OF CIRCULAR 230) BY THE DEBTORS OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED HEREIN; AND (C) EACH CLAIMHOLDER OR INTERESTHOLDER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

A. Consequences to the Debtors

1. Cancellation of Indebtedness Income

In general, the discharge of a debt obligation in exchange for cash and other property having an aggregate fair market value (or, in the case of a new debt instrument, an "issue price") less than the "adjusted issue price" of the debt gives rise to cancellation of indebtedness ("COD") income to the debtor. COD income also includes any interest that has been previously accrued but remains unpaid at the time the indebtedness is discharged. Under the Tax Code, a U.S. taxpayer generally must include in gross income its COD income realized during the taxable year. However, COD income is not included in the debtor's income if the debt discharge occurs in a Title 11 bankruptcy case. Rather, under the Tax Code, such COD income instead should reduce certain of the debtor's tax attributes, generally in the following order: (a) net operating losses and net operating loss carryforwards (collectively, "NOLs"); (b) general business credit carryforwards; (c) minimum tax credit carryforwards; (d) capital loss carryforwards; (e) the tax basis of the debtor's depreciable and nondepreciable assets (but not below the amount of its liabilities immediately after the discharge); (f) passive activity loss and credit carryforwards; and (g) foreign tax credit carryforwards.

Where the debtor joins in the filing of a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return, applicable Treasury regulations require, in certain circumstances, that certain tax attributes of the consolidated subsidiaries of the debtor and other members of the group be reduced. Under these rules, Syms' own tax attributes will be reduced first by the amount of COD income Syms realizes, followed by the tax attributes (other than tax basis) of other members of the consolidated group. A corporation's own tax attributes are generally tax attributes generated by the corporation itself, such as NOLs and credits, as well as tax basis in its assets, including tax basis in the stock of its subsidiaries. If a corporation reduces its tax basis in the stock of its subsidiaries, each such subsidiary is treated as realizing COD income by the amount of such reduction, and the subsidiary must in turn reduce its tax attributes by that amount.

The reduction in tax attributes occurs only after the tax for the year of the debt discharge has been determined (i.e., such attributes may be available to offset taxable income, if any, that is generated between the date of discharge and the end of the debtor's tax year and/or may be carried back to prior years). Any excess COD income remaining after the required reduction of tax attributes is generally not subject to U.S. federal income tax and generally has no other current U.S. federal income tax impact.

A debtor may elect to alter the preceding order of attribute reduction and, instead, first reduce the tax basis of its depreciable assets (and, possibly, the depreciable assets of its subsidiaries). The Debtors have not yet determined whether to make this election.

The Debtors expect to realize COD income as a result of the discharge of obligations pursuant to the Plan, which, under the attribute reduction rules described above, is generally expected to result in a reduction of certain of the Debtors' attributes, including NOLs.

2. Net Operating Losses – Section 382

Section 382 of the Tax Code contains rules that limit the ability of a company that has NOLs and undergoes an "ownership change" (generally an increase in the ownership by certain shareholders of more than 50% in value of its stock over a three year period) to utilize its NOL carryforwards and certain built-in losses recognized in years after the ownership change. The limitation under Section 382 of the Tax Code also may apply to certain losses or deductions that are "built-in" (i.e., economically accrued but unrecognized) as of the date of the ownership change and that are subsequently recognized. These rules generally operate by taking into account "owner shifts" on the part of stockholders that own, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the stock of the loss corporation and any changes in ownership arising from a new issuance of stock by the loss corporation.

Generally, if an ownership change occurs, the NOLs that the loss corporation can use each year will be limited to the product of the applicable long-term tax-exempt rate (a rate published monthly by the U.S. Treasury department, 3.26% for ownership changes occurring in July 2012) and the fair market value of the company's stock (or, in the case of a consolidated group, the stock of the common parent) immediately before the ownership change, with certain adjustments. Any unused portion of the annual limitation on pre-change losses may be carried forward until expiration (where applicable, as in the case of NOLs), thereby increasing the annual limitation in the subsequent taxable year. However, if the corporation (or the consolidated group) does not continue its historic business or use a significant portion of its assets in a new business for two years after the ownership change, the annual limitation resulting from the ownership change is zero. If the loss corporation (or consolidated group) has a net unrealized built-in gain at the time it incurs an ownership change, any built-in gains recognized during the following five years (up to the amount of the original net unrealized built-in gain) generally will increase the annual limitation in the year recognized, permitting the loss corporation (or consolidated group) to use its prechange losses against such recognized built-in gains in addition to its regular annual limitation. Although the rule applicable to net unrealized built-in losses generally applies to consolidated groups on a consolidated basis, certain corporations that join the consolidated group within the preceding five years may not be able to be taken into account in the group computation of net unrealized built-in loss. Such corporations would nevertheless still be taken into account in determining whether the consolidated group has a net unrealized built-in gain. In general, a loss corporation's (or consolidated group's) net unrealized built-in gain will be deemed to be zero unless it is greater than the lesser of (i) \$10,000,000 or (ii) 15% of the fair market value of its assets (with certain adjustments) before the ownership change. The Debtors believe that they have more than sufficient net unrealized built-in gains to satisfy these thresholds.

If an ownership change does occur, certain special relief provisions provided in Section 382(1)(5) may be available, in which event the application of Section 382 could be materially different from that described above. In that case, the Debtors' ability to utilize pre-Effective Date NOLs would not be limited as described above. Section 382(1)(5) cannot apply unless existing stockholders and qualified creditors of a debtor (generally trade creditors and those who held the debt for at least 18 months prior to the bankruptcy filing) receive, in exchange for their stock and debt claims, at least 50% of the vote and value of the stock of Reorganized Syms pursuant to a confirmed Chapter 11 bankruptcy case. However, if Reorganized Syms undergoes another ownership change within two years after the Effective Date, Reorganized Syms' Section 382 limitation with respect to that ownership change will be zero. If the Debtors qualify for the special rule under Section 382(1)(5), the use of the Debtors' NOLs will be subject

to Section 382(l)(5) unless the Debtors affirmatively elect for the provisions not to apply. The Debtors have not yet determined whether they would seek to have the Section 382(l)(5) rules apply to an ownership change arising from the consummation of the Plan even if Section 382(l)(5) were to apply.

If an ownership change does occur and the Debtors do not qualify for, or elect not to apply, the special rules under Section 382(1)(5) for corporations in bankruptcy described above, a special rule under Section 382 applicable to corporations under the jurisdiction of a bankruptcy court will apply in calculating Reorganized Syms' annual Section 382 limitation. Under Section 382(1)(6), the limitation will be calculated by reference to the lesser of the value of Reorganized Syms' equity (with certain adjustments) immediately after the ownership change or the value of their assets (determined without regard to liabilities) immediately before the ownership change. Although such calculation may substantially increase the annual Section 382 limitation, the Debtors' use of any NOLs or other tax attributes remaining after implementation of the Plan may still be substantially limited after an ownership change. Furthermore, as discussed above, if Reorganized Syms does not continue its historic business or use a significant portion of its assets in a new business for two years after the ownership change, the annual limitation resulting from the ownership change will be zero, increased by any built-in gains recognized during the following five years (up to the amount of the original net unrealized built-in gain), as discussed above.

The Rights Offering and redemption of the shares of the Majority Shareholder are expected to cause Reorganized Syms to undergo an "ownership change" and accordingly cause the NOLs and built-in losses that they can use to be limited by Section 382 of the Tax Code in the manner described above.

3. Alternative Minimum Tax

For purposes of computing the Debtors' regular tax liability, all of their taxable income recognized in a taxable year generally is permitted to be offset by the carryover of NOLs (to the extent permitted under the Tax Code and subject to various limitations, including Section 382, as discussed above). Even if all of the Debtors' regular tax liability for a given year is reduced to zero by virtue of their NOLS, however, the Debtors may still be subject to the alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). The AMT imposes a tax equal to the amount by which 20% of a corporation's alternative minimum taxable income ("AMTI") exceeds the corporation's regular tax liability. AMTI is calculated pursuant to specific rules in the Tax Code which eliminate or limit the availability of certain tax deductions and which include as income certain amounts not generally included in computing regular tax liability.

B. Consequences to Claimholders

1. Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims (Syms Class 4), Allowed Syms Union Pension Plan Claims (Syms Class 5), Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims (Filene's Class 4), and Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims (Filene's Class 5)

The U.S. federal income tax treatment of Holders that exchange a Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim for a right to distributions pursuant to the Plan (an "Impaired Claim Distribution Right") is not entirely clear. Such treatment will depend in part on whether the receipt of the Impaired Claim Distribution Right is a "closed transaction" or an "open transaction" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Open transaction

treatment will apply only if the fair market value of the Impaired Claim Distribution Right is not reasonably ascertainable on the Effective Date. It is the position of the IRS, as reflected in the applicable Treasury Regulations, that only in "rare and extraordinary cases" is the value of property not reasonably ascertainable such that open transaction treatment is available. The discussion below assumes that closed transaction treatment will apply to a Holder's receipt of the Impaired Claim Distribution Right with respect to its Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim pursuant to the Plan. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding this issue.

The federal income tax consequences of the Plan to a Holder of a Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim generally will depend on the nature of the Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim and its character in the hands of the Holder. Generally, a Holder of a Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the "amount realized" and such Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Claim. The "amount realized" generally should equal the fair market value of the distributions to be received under the Plan in respect of a Holder's Claim. Amounts received by any Holder, however, will be treated as "amounts realized" only to the extent not treated as interest as described in parts 2 and 3 below. A Holder's tax basis in the Impaired Claim Distribution Right received under the Plan will generally be equal to its fair market value on the Effective Date. The Holder's holding period in the Impaired Claim Distribution Right received should begin on the day following the Effective Date.

Any gain or loss with respect to the receipt of an Impaired Claim Distribution Right in respect of such Claim pursuant to the Plan will generally be treated as capital gain or loss or ordinary income or deduction depending on the status of the Holder, the nature of the Claim in its hands, the purpose and circumstances of its acquisition, the Holder's holding period for the Claim, the extent to which the Holder previously claimed a deduction for the worthlessness of all or a portion of the Claim, and whether such Claim was acquired at a market discount. Capital losses may generally offset only capital gains, although individuals may, to a limited extent, offset ordinary income with capital losses.

If a payment is made in the future with respect to the Impaired Claim Distribution Right, each Holder of an Impaired Claim Distribution Right will recognize gain in the amount by which the distributions with respect to the Impaired Claim Distribution Right (other than the portion characterized as interest as described below under "— Imputation of Interest on Plan Distributions") exceed the holder's tax basis in the Impaired Claim Distribution Right. If no payment is made, or if the payment is less than the Holder's tax basis in the right distributions, the Holder will recognize a loss. It is unclear under current law whether such gain or loss would be capital or ordinary in nature. As a result, Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the receipt of distributions pursuant to an Impaired Claim Distribution Right.

Under both the "closed transaction" and the "open transaction" methods, a portion of each deferred payment received more than six months after the Effective Date may be treated as imputed interest, and a Holder may be required to include such interest as taxable ordinary income, under such Holder's method of accounting, regardless of whether the Holder otherwise realizes an overall loss as a result of the Plan, as described below under "— Imputation of Interest on Plan Distributions."

In addition, Holders may be subject to other special tax rules that affect the character, timing and amount of any income, gain, loss or deduction. Accordingly, Holders of Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claims, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims are particularly urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the Plan to them.

2. Allocation of Plan Distributions between Principal and Interest

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a distribution under the Plan comprises indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, the Debtors intend to take the position that, for income tax purposes, such distribution shall be allocated to the principal amount of the Allowed Claim first and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Allowed Claim, to the portion of such Allowed Claim representing accrued but unpaid interest. No assurances can be made in this regard. If, contrary to the Debtors' intended position, such a distribution were treated as being allocated first to accrued but unpaid interest, a Holder of such an Allowed Claim would realize ordinary income with respect to the distribution in an amount equal to the accrued but unpaid interest not already taken into income under the Holder's method of accounting, regardless of whether the Holder otherwise realized a loss as a result of the Plan. Conversely, a Holder generally would recognize a deductible loss to the extent that any accrued interest was previously included in its gross income and was not paid in full. To the extent that any portion of the distribution is treated as interest, Holders may be required to provide certain tax information in order to avoid the withholding of taxes.

If a Holder acquired a Claim constituting a debt instrument after its original issuance at a market discount (generally defined as the amount, if any, by which a Holder's tax basis in a debt obligation immediately after its acquisition is exceeded by the adjusted issue price of the debt obligation at such time, subject to a *de minimis* exception), the Holder generally will be required to treat any gain recognized pursuant to the Plan as ordinary income to the extent of the market discount accrued during the Holder's period of ownership, unless the Holder elected to include the market discount in income as it accrued.

3. Imputation of Interest on Plan Distributions

Under current law, the deferred receipt of distributions with respect to a Impaired Claim Distribution Right could result in a portion of such distributions being treated as interest income if some or all of the distributions are issued more than six months after the Effective Date. Where there is no express provision for interest, as is the case here, under the current regulations interest will be imputed under Section 483 of the Tax Code. Thus, if distributions become payable more than six months after the Effective Date, a portion of such distributions will constitute ordinary interest income. The amount of such interest income will be calculated by taking the amount of such cash distributions and discounting such amount from the date of issuance back to the Effective Date using the imputed interest rate under the Tax Code. The imputed interest rate will be the "applicable federal rate" provided under Section 1274(d) of the Tax Code as of the Effective Date. Thus, the longer the period of time until the distributions are received, the greater the proportion of such interests that will be treated as ordinary interest income.

C. Consequences to Holders of Syms Interests (Syms Class 7)

Pursuant to the plan, Holders of the Interests in Syms Class 7 will retain such Interests and the rights of such Interests will not be modified. As a result, Holders of Interests in Syms Class 7 should not

recognize gain or loss as a result of the Plan. A Holder's tax basis in the Interests in Syms Class 7 after the Effective Date would equal the Holder's adjusted tax basis in its Interests in Syms Class 7 before the Effective Date. The holding period for Interests in Syms Class 7 will include the Holder's holding period for the Interests in Syms Class 7 prior to the Effective Date.

D. Consequences to Holders of Rights Issued Under the Rights Offering

A Holder that receives rights in the Rights Offering should not recognize taxable income, gain or loss upon the receipt or exercise of such rights. The tax basis in the Holder's existing Syms common stock should be allocated among the common stock and rights based upon the relative fair market values thereof. The tax basis in the Holder's new shares of Syms common stock received upon exercise of the rights should equal the sum of the Holder's tax basis in the rights and the exercise price paid for such new shares. The holding period in such new shares of Syms common stock received as a result of the exercise of the rights should begin on the day following the exercise date. Holders of rights issued in the Rights Offering are strongly urged to consult their own tax advisors for the particular tax consequences to them in connection with the Rights Offering.

E. Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Certain payments, including the payments with respect to Claims or Interests pursuant to the Plan, may be subject to information reporting to the IRS. Moreover, under certain circumstances, Claimholders or Interestholders may be subject to "backup withholding" at a rate of 28% with respect to payments made pursuant to the Plan, unless such Claimholder or Interestholder either (i) comes within certain exempt categories (which generally include corporations), or (ii) provides a correct U.S. taxpayer identification number and certifies under penalty of perjury that the Claimholder or Interestholder is a U.S. person and otherwise satisfies the backup withholding rules.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be credited against a Claimholder's or Interestholder's U.S. federal income tax liability, and a Claimholder or Interestholder may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules by filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS (generally, a U.S. federal income tax return).

In addition, Treasury regulations generally require disclosure by a taxpayer on its U.S. federal income tax return of certain types of transactions in which the taxpayer participated, including, among other types of transactions, certain transactions that result in the taxpayer claiming a loss in excess of specified thresholds. Each Claimholder or Interestholder is strongly urged to consult its tax advisor regarding these regulations and whether the transactions contemplated by the Plan would be subject to these regulations and require disclosure on the Claimholders' or Interestholders' tax returns.

F. Importance of Obtaining Professional Tax Assistance

THE FOREGOING DISCUSSION IS INTENDED ONLY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. THE ABOVE DISCUSSION IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. THE TAX CONSEQUENCES ARE IN MANY CASES UNCERTAIN AND MAY VARY DEPENDING ON A CLAIMHOLDER'S OR INTERESTHOLDER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES. ACCORDINGLY,

CLAIMHOLDERS AND INTERESTHOLDERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS ABOUT THE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL, AND APPLICABLE FOREIGN INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

X. FEASIBILITY OF THE PLAN, BEST INTERESTS OF CREDITORS AND THE CRAMDOWN ALTERNATIVE

A. Feasibility of the Plan

The Bankruptcy Code requires that the Bankruptcy Court determine that the confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of the Debtors. For purposes of showing that the Plan meets this "feasibility" standard, the Debtors have analyzed their ability to meet their respective obligations under the Plan. To support their belief in the feasibility of the Plan, the Debtors prepared their respective financial projection (the "Financial Projections") set forth as Exhibit E to this Disclosure Statement and a sources and uses statement (the "Sources and Uses Statement") set forth on Exhibit F to this Disclosure Statement. The Financial Projections show that the Debtors should have sufficient cash to make payments required under the Plan and to pay their operating expenses pending disposition of their assets. Accordingly, the Debtors believe the Plan is feasible and meets the requirements of section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code.

THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS ARE BY THEIR NATURE FORWARD LOOKING, AND ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THE INFORMATION SET FORTH THEREIN. ACCORDINGLY, READERS OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO PLACE UNDUE RELIANCE ON THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS, AND SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW SECTION VIII "CERTAIN RISK FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED" HEREIN.

The Financial Projections were not prepared with a view toward compliance with the published guidelines of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants or any other regulatory or professional agency or body or generally accepted accounting principles. Furthermore, the Debtors' independent certified public accountants have not compiled or examined the Financial Projections and accordingly, do not express any opinion or any other form of assurance with respect thereto and assume no responsibility for the Financial Projections.

In addition to assumptions footnoted in the Financial Projections themselves, the Financial Projections also assume that (i) the Plan will be confirmed and consummated in accordance with its terms, and (ii) there will be no material contingent or unliquidated litigation or indemnity claims applicable to the Debtors. Although considered reasonable by the Debtors as of the date hereof, unanticipated events and circumstances occurring after the preparation of the Financial Projections may affect actual recoveries under the Plan.

As discussed at the beginning of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors do not intend to update or otherwise revise the Disclosure Statement, including the Financial Projections, to reflect events or circumstances existing or arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, even if any or all of the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, the Debtors reserve the right to update or revise this Disclosure Statement, including the Financial Projections, prior to the Confirmation Hearing to reflect the disposition of any significant asset of the Debtors, such as a parcel of the Syms Owned Real Estate.

B. Best Interests Test

As a general matter, under the Bankruptcy Code, confirmation of a plan also requires a finding that, with respect to each impaired class of claims and interests, that each holder of an allowed claim or interest has voted to accept the plan, or that the plan provides that such holder will receive or retain property of a value, as of the plan's effective date, that is not less than the amount that such holder would receive or retain if the debtor were to be liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. This requirement is known as the "best interests of creditors" test.

In this case, the best interests test must be satisfied with respect to holders of claims in Syms Classes 4 and 5, holders of interests in Syms Class 7, and holders of claims in Filene's Classes 4 and 5, because those are the only classes of claims and interests entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. In order to calculate the probable distribution to holders of claims and interests in such classes if the Debtors were liquidated under chapter 7, the Bankruptcy Court must first determine the aggregate dollar amount that would be generated from each Debtor's assets if their chapter 11 cases were converted to chapter 7 cases under the Bankruptcy Code. This "liquidation value" would consist primarily of the proceeds from a forced sale of the Debtors' assets by a chapter 7 trustee.

The amount of liquidation value available to Syms and Filene's unsecured creditors would be reduced by, first, the claims of secured creditors to the extent of the value of their collateral, and, second, by the costs and expenses of liquidation, as well as by other administrative expenses and costs of both the chapter 7 cases and the chapter 11 cases. Costs of liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would include the fees payable to a chapter 7 trustee, as well as those attorneys and other professionals that such trustee would retain. All claims arising from the operations of the Debtors during the pendency of the chapter 11 cases would also have to be satisfied as chapter 7 expenses. In addition, the liquidation costs would include expenses incurred with respect to selling the Syms Owned Real Estate and the IP Assets belonging to Filene's. The liquidation itself may trigger certain tax and other priority claims that otherwise would be due in the ordinary course of business. Those priority claims would be paid in full from the liquidation proceeds before the balance would be made available to pay general unsecured claims or to make any distribution in respect of equity interests.

After considering the effects that a chapter 7 liquidation would have on the ultimate proceeds available for distribution to Syms and Filene's unsecured creditors, including (i) the increased costs and expenses of liquidation under chapter 7 arising from fees payable to a trustee in bankruptcy, (ii) the erosion in value of assets in the context of the expeditious liquidation required in a chapter 7 case and the "forced sale" atmosphere that would prevail, and (iii) the increase in administrative costs and other claims that would be satisfied on a priority basis, the Debtors have determined that confirmation of the Plan will provide each holder of an allowed claim with a recovery that is not less than such holder would receive under a liquidation of the Debtors under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Debtors' analysis of creditor and shareholders recoveries under a chapter 7 liquidation scenario (the "<u>Liquidation Analysis</u>") is attached as <u>Exhibit G</u>. The Liquidation Analysis focuses on Filene's only, as the Debtors believe Syms is solvent and all its creditors are being paid in full. The information set forth in <u>Exhibit G</u> provides a summary of the liquidation values of Filene's assets assuming a chapter 7 liquidation in which a trustee appointed by the Bankruptcy Court would liquidate the assets of Filene's. Underlying the Liquidation Analysis are a number of estimates and assumptions that, although considered reasonable by the Debtors' management, are inherently subject to significant economic and market uncertainties and contingencies. The Liquidation Analysis is also based upon assumptions with regard to liquidation decisions that are subject to change. Accordingly, the values

reflected in the Liquidation Analysis may not be realized if the Debtors were, in fact, to undergo such a chapter 7 liquidation.

The Debtors believe that holders of Class 4 claims against Syms and Class 4 and 5 claims against Filene's will receive at least as much under the Plan than in a liquidation. Creditors of Syms would be paid in full in a chapter 7 liquidation. The same is true under the Plan. Accordingly, the best interests test is satisfied with respect to Syms. In the event of a chapter 7 liquidation of Filene's, the Debtors believe that estimated distributions to unsecured creditors would be approximately 2% (such projection does not include any potential recoveries from Filene's claims against the Syms estate, as set forth more fully in Section VI.B.), whereas under the Plan, holders of Filene's Class 4 claims will receive recoveries of 100 cents on the dollar and holders of Filene's Class 5 claims will receive recoveries of 75 cents on the dollar. Accordingly, the best interests test is satisfied with respect to Filene's as well.

C. Confirmation Without Acceptance of All Impaired Classes: The "Cramdown" Alternative

Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b) provides that a plan can be confirmed even if the plan is not accepted by all impaired classes, as long as at least one impaired class of claims has accepted it. Under this section of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Court may confirm the Plan at the request of the Debtors if the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" as to each impaired class that has not accepted the plan.

In general, a plan does not discriminate unfairly within the meaning of the Bankruptcy Code if a dissenting class is treated fairly with respect to other classes of equal rank. A plan is fair and equitable as to a class of claims which rejects a plan if the plan provides (a) for each holder of a claim included in the rejecting class to receive or retain on account of that claim property that has a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the allowed amount of such claim; or (b) that the holder of any claim or interest that is junior to the claims of such class will not receive or retain on account of such junior claim or interest any property at all. With respect to a class of interests, a plan is fair and equitable with respect to such class if the plan provides that each holder of an interest receive or retain on account of such interest property that has a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the greatest of (a) the allowed amount of any fixed liquidation preference to which such holder is entitled, (b) any fixed redemption price to which such holder is entitled, or (c) the value of such interest.

In this case, the Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies these standards and would be confirmed over the rejecting vote of any impaired class or classes.

XI. APPLICABILITY OF SECURITIES LAWS

The Offered Shares are being offered and sold in the Rights Offering pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, including, where applicable, in reliance upon Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The Offered Shares are therefore exempt from federal securities registration and, in addition, involve a "covered security" under the National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996 ("NSMIA"). State regulation of such an offering (but not notice filings and fees) has been preempted by NSMIA.

Because the Offered Shares have not been registered under the Securities Act or any other applicable securities law, such securities will be "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act. Accordingly, they may not be offered, sold or otherwise

transferred except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or any other applicable securities law, or pursuant to an exemption therefrom or in a transaction not subject thereto.

As a purchaser of securities that have not been registered under the Securities Act, each holder of Offered Shares should proceed on the assumption that the economic risk of the investment must be borne for an indefinite period, since the securities may not be resold unless they are subsequently registered under the Securities Act or an exemption from such registration is available. The exemption provided by Rule 144 generally will permit non-affiliates of an issuer that does not make periodic filings with the SEC to make unlimited public resales of the Offered Shares after holding them for one year. By contrast, affiliates of an issuer that does not make periodic filings with the SEC may only make public resales of the Offered Shares pursuant to Rule 144 after holding the Offered Shares for one year and only so long as certain public information requirements, volume limitations, manner of sale requirements and SEC filing requirements are met.

Certificates evidencing the Offered Shares will bear a legend substantially in the form below:

"THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR ANY SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED WITHOUT REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW EXCEPT FOR TRANSFERS THAT ARE EXEMPT FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW."

THE DEBTORS RECOMMEND THAT HOLDERS OF CLAIMS CONSULT THEIR OWN COUNSEL CONCERNING WHETHER THEY MAY FREELY TRADE THE OFFERED SHARES.

XII. PLAN SUPPLEMENT

Exhibits to the Plan not attached hereto shall be filed in one or more Plan Supplements. Any Plan Supplement (and amendments thereto) filed by the Debtors shall be deemed an integral part of the Plan and shall be incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein. The Plan Supplements may be viewed at the office of the clerk of the Court or its designee during normal business hours, by visiting the Court's website at www.deb.uscourts.gov (PACER account required) or at the Claims Agent website http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at:

Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC Re: Syms Corp., et al. 2335 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245 Attn.: Voting Department Email: FilenesInfo@kccllc.com

Telephone: (877) 606-7510

The documents contained in any Plan Supplements shall be subject to approval by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Confirmation Order.

XIII. RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

Dated: Wilmington, Delaware

July 12, 2012

SYMS CORP.

(for itself and on behalf of its Subsidiary Debtors)

By: /s/ Gary P. Binkoski

Name: Gary P. Binkoski Title: Chief Financial Officer

/s/ Mark S. Chehi

Mark S. Chehi (I.D. No. 2855) Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP One Rodney Square P.O. Box 636 Wilmington, Delaware 19899-0636 (302) 651-3000

- and -

Jay M. Goffman Mark A. McDermott Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP Four Times Square New York, New York 10036-6522

Counsel for Debtors and Debtors in Possession

EXHIBIT A

First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization

EXHIBIT B

Disclosure Statement Approval Order

EXHIBIT C

Schedule of Syms Owned Real Estate

Address	Total Property	Tenant(s)	Lease Term	Tenant Sq. Ft.
4400 Forest Hill Blvd, West Palm Beach, FL 33406	112,414	20 tenants	Ranging from month-to-month through March 2016	58,114
1340 Swedesford Rd, Berwyn, PA 19312	71,026	Devon Fitness	Through Dec 2016	16,294
4615 NW 77th Avenue, Miami, FL 33166	53,000	None	None	0
21700 Telegraph Road, Southfield, MI 48034	53,784	Lear Corp	Through Feb 2022	53,784
5775 Jimmy Carter Boulevard, Norcross, GA 30071	69,200	None	None	0
10770 Westheimer, Houston, TX 77042	41,824	None	None	0
652 Commerce Drive, Fairfield, CT 06825	42,900	None	None	0
295 Tarrytown Road, Elmsford, NY 10523	143,116	Bed Bath & Beyond	Through February 2018	84,500
1803 Roswell Road, Marietta, GA 30062	77,086	4 tenants	Ranging from month-to-month through June 2014	29,422
280 West North Avenue, Addison, IL 60101	62,523	None	None	0
1865 E. Marlton Pike, Cherry Hill, NJ 08003	150,000	None	None	0
8075 Sheridan Drive, Williamsville, NY 14221	102,347	787 Elk LLC dba Len-Co	Through April 2017	56,130
5300 Powerline, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33309	55,110	None	None	0
695 Merrick Avenue, Westbury, NY 11590	90,520	None	None	0
330 Route 17 North, Paramus, NJ 07652 1 Syms Way, Secaucus, NJ 07094	77,148 339,981	Hillmans Eyewear dba Lenscrafters None	Through October 2016 None	4,100 None
28-42 Trinity Place, New York 10007	69.965	None	None	None

EXHIBIT D

Real Estate Disposition Plan

	Square
Property	Footage
Near-Term Sale:	
Southfield	53,784
Houston	41,824
Secaucus	339,981
Cherry Hill	150,000
Berwyn	71,026
Williamsville	102,347
Fairfield	42,900
Addison	62,523
Ft. Lauderdale	55,110
West Palm	112,414
Miami	53,000
Norcross	69,200
Marietta	77,086
Cont. Handison R. M. Jimon Torres Codes	
Stabilization & Medium-Term Sale:	
Westchester	143,116
Westbury	90,520
Paramus	77,148
Longer-Term Development:	
Trinity Place	69,965

EXHIBIT E

Financial Projections

(\$ in millions)	Emerg.									
	9/30/12	12/31/12	3/31/13	6/30/13	9/30/13	12/31/13	3/31/14	6/30/14	9/30/14	Cumulative
Beginning Cash	\$6.3	\$1.3	\$19.3	\$12.6	\$11.3	\$7.2	\$5:9	\$5.1	\$4.3	\$6.3
Less: Cash Held in Reserves (Beginning of Period)	_	(1.3)	(19.3)	(12.6)	(11.3)	(7.2)	(5.9)	(5.0)	(4.2)	-
Unrestricted Cash	\$6.3	-	-	-	-	-	/ /	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$6.3
										<u> </u>
Rights Offering Proceeds	\$25.0	-	-	-	-	/-		-	-	\$25.0
Other Chapter 11 Recoveries(1)	0.9	-	4.6	-	-	/		-	-	5.5
Draw from Operating Reserves		1.3	6.6	1.3	4.1	1.2	1.0	0.8	4.2	20.6
Net Proceeds	\$25.9	\$1.3	\$11.3	\$1.3	\$4.1	\$1.2	\$1.0	\$0.8	\$4.2	\$51.1
N (D (C) E	640	000.1	022.4	¢10.0	(0164/	(00.4)	000 0			6114.5
Net Property Cash Flows	\$4.0	\$22.1	\$23.4	\$19.9	\$16.4 (0.9)	(\$0.4)	\$29.0	/ /	(1.1)	\$114.5
Pension Related Expenses (Single Employer) ⁽²⁾ Pension Related Expenses (Local 1102) ⁽³⁾	(0.6)	(0.7) (0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.1) (0.2)	(2.7)
Other HoldCo Operating Cash Flows	(0.6)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(4.9)
Total HoldCo Cash Flows	\$3.4	\$20.6	\$22.6	\$19.1	\$14.7	(\$1.2)	\$28.2	(\$0.8)	(\$1.9)	\$104.6
Total Holder Cash Hows	\$3.4	\$20.0	\$22.0	\$19.1	\$14.7	(\$1.2)	\$20.2	(\$0.6)	(\$1.9)	\$104.0
Funding to Operating Reserves	(1.3)	(19.3)			/	\ _	_	_	_	(20.6)
runding to operating reserves	(1.5)	(17.5)	/ "							(20.0)
Cash Available for Distribution	\$34.2	\$2.7	\$33.9	\$20.4	\$18.8	-	\$29.1	\$0.1	\$2.4	\$141.4
			1.5	1.			> ' ' '			
Priority & Admin Paydown ⁽⁴⁾	(\$34.2)	-	/-	\ ->	· _ `	\ <u>\</u>	-	-	_	(\$34.2)
Distributions to Unsecured Creditors(5)		(1.6)	(24.2)	(20.4)	(18.8)	> -	(21.9)	-	_	(87.0)
Distributions to Majority Shareholder	/	(1.1)	(9.7)		/ -		(7.1)	-	-	(17.8)
Total Paydowns & Distributions	(\$34.2)	(\$2.7)	(\$33.9)	(\$20.4)	(\$18.8)	-	(\$29.0)	- '	-	(\$139.0)
)								ļ
Gross Ending Cash Balance	\$1,3	\$19.3	\$12.6	\$11.3	\$7.2	\$5.9	\$5.1	\$4.3	\$2.4	\$2.4
Less: Cash Held In Reserves (End of Period)	(1.3)	(19.3)	(12.6)	(11.3)	(7.2)	(5.9)	(5.0)	(4.2)	-	ļ
Ending Excess Cash Balance	-	<u> </u>	- `	\\ \ \ \ \ -	-	-	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$2.4	\$2.4
Operating Reserves ⁽⁶⁾		01.2	010.2	¢10.6	¢11.2	ф 7 .0	\$5.0	0.5.0	¢4.2	1
Beginning Balance Fund	1.3	\$1.3 19.3	\$19.3	\$12.6	\$11.3	\$7.2	\$5.9	\$5.0	\$4.2	20.6
Draw	\ 1.3		((()	(1.2)		(1.2)	(1.0)	(0.0)		(20.6)
	\$1.3	(1.3) \$19.3	(6.6) \$12.6	(1.3) \$11.3	(4.1) \$7.2	(1.2) \$5.9	(1.0) \$5.0	(0.8) \$4.2	(4.2)	(20.6)
Ending Balance	\$1.3	\$19.3	\$12.0	\$11.5	\$1.2	\$5.9	\$5.0	\$4.2	-	<u> </u>
Outstanding Obligations & Payments Due										ļ
Unsecured Creditors	\$87.0	\$85.4	\$61.2	\$40.8	\$21.9	\$21.9	_	_	=	ļ _
Majority Shareholder	17.8	16.7	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	_	-	-	į į
Outstanding Pension Obligations ⁽⁷⁾	13.1	12.3	12.0	11.8	10.7	10.5	10.3	10.1	8.8	8.8
Net Remaining Payments	\$117.9	\$114.4	\$80.3	\$59.7	\$39.7	\$39.5	\$10.3	\$10.1	\$8.8	\$8.8
remaining rayments	Ψ117.7	Ψ11-1	Ψ00.5	Ψυν.1	Ψ37.1	Ψυν.υ	Ψ10.5	Ψ10.1	Ψ0.0	, ψο.ο

Quarter Ending

- (1) For purposes of conservatism, assumes additional Ch.11 recoveries (including the return of the Liberty Mutual Letters of Credit, estimated IP sale proceeds and certain received 6 months post-emergence.
- (2) Includes minimum contributions to single employer plan.
- (3) Includes quarterly withdrawal liability payments associated with the Local 1102 multi-employer plan.
- (4) Assumes all professional fees payable in July-September are deferred through the emergence date.
- (5) Excludes \$13.7 million of pension termination claims. Assumes the single employer plan (\$7.3mm underfunded status) is not terminated at emergence, and the \$6.9 million Local 1102 multi-employer withdrawal liability is paid over time in 44 quarterly installments.
- (6) Total reserves (\$20.6 million) comprised of a \$5.0 million working capital reserve, \$3.6 million pension reserve, and a combined TI & carry cost reserve of \$11.0 million
- (7) Represents the remaining balance associated with the \$13.7 million of pension obligations at emergence. Total future liability for the single employer pension assumed to be the underfunded status of \$7.3mm.

(¢ in millions)

EXHIBIT F

Sources and Uses Statement

Syms / Filene's Basement

Exit Funding Requirement - Sources / Uses (\$'s in '000s)

DURCES			(1)	USES			П
Rights Offering	\$	25,000	[2]	Professional Fees	\$	18,448	Ī
Sale of Property		4,000	[3]	Disputed Admin Claims - Reserve Amount		4,010	
CIT Receivable		862		503(b)(9) Claims		3,023	i
Cash		6,335		DSW Lease		1,600	
				Disputed Secured Claims - Reserve Amount		1,349	
				Tax Claims		1,355	1
				Landlord Claims		1,257	1
				Severance & Vacation		594	1
				Pension Withdrawal - Admin/Priority Portion		554	1
				Misc. Expenses		162	
				Reincorporation and Corporate Fees		200	
				Disputed Priority Claims - Reserve Amount		20	
				General Contingency		2,225	Ė
				Working Capital at New Co.		1,401	ĺ
Total Sources	•	36,197		Total Uses	5	36,197	

Notes:

 This analysis assumes an effective date of 9/15/12. Should a delay occur, additional funding will be required to support the incremental professional fees and operating expenses.

Footnotes

- [1] Sources included are those recovered prior to the effective date. Other sources that are not listed above are assumed to be recovered after the effective date.
- [2] Provided by backstop financing.
- [3] Assumed to close prior to effective date, net proceeds of approximately \$4M.
- [4] Assumes no professional fees are paid from July through September and all outstanding fees are paid at exit.
- [5] Allowed administrative claim as part of the 79th Street lease assignment to DSW.
- [6] Primarily Massachusetts unemployment tax claim.
- [7] Various post petition unpaid rent.
- [8] Administrative and priority portion of severance & vacation.
- [9] Administrative and priority portion of pension withdrawal.
- [10] Primarily utility claims.
- [11] Assumes reincorporation in Delaware

EXHIBIT G

Liquidation Analysis

Overview

This document contains the Best Interests Analysis (the "Liquidation Analysis") of Filene's Basement, LLC (the "Debtor", or "Filene's Basement", or the "Company"). The Debtor, with the assistance of their financial advisors, have prepared this Liquidation Analysis for the purpose of evaluating whether the Plan meets the best interests test under section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Debtor has prepared this Liquidation Analysis based on a hypothetical liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. It is assumed, among other things, that the hypothetical liquidation under Chapter 7 would commence under the direction of a Court-appointed trustee and would continue for a period of time, during which time all of Filene's Basement's remaining assets would be sold and the cash proceeds, net of liquidation related costs, would then be distributed to creditors in accordance with Bankruptcy Code.

The determination of the costs of, and proceeds from, the hypothetical liquidation of the Company's assets in a Chapter 7 case is an uncertain process involving the extensive use of estimates and assumptions that, although considered reasonable by Filene's Basement, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, and competitive uncertainties and contingencies beyond its control of its management and legal advisors. Inevitably, some assumptions in the Liquidation Analysis might not materialize in an actual Chapter 7 liquidation, and unanticipated events and circumstances could affect the ultimate results in an actual Chapter 7 liquidation.

THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS IS NOT INTENDED AND SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE. THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE A VALUATION OF THE COMPANY'S ASSETS AS A GOING CONCERN, AND THERE MAY BE A SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS AND THE VALUES THAT MAY BE REALIZED IN AN ACTUAL LIQUIDATION.

THE UNDERLYING FINANCIAL INFORMATION IN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS WAS NOT COMPILED OR EXAMINED BY ANY INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS. NEITHER THE DEBTOR NOR THEIR ADVISORS MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY THAT THE ACTUAL RESULTS WOULD OR WOULD NOT APPROXIMATE THE ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS REPRESENTED IN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS. ACTUAL RESULTS COULD VARY MATERIALLY.

This Liquidation Analysis assumes that a liquidation of Filene's Basement would occur over approximately two (2) months beginning on July 1, 2012 and ending on August 31, 2012. It is assumed that the Chapter 7 trustee would arrange for the Debtor to focus their efforts on selling substantially all assets during this time.

The Liquidation Analysis should be read in conjunction with the following notes and assumptions:

Summary Notes to Liquidation Analysis:

- 1. Dependence on assumptions. The Liquidation Analysis depends on estimates and assumptions. The Liquidation Analysis is based on a number of estimates and assumptions that, although developed and considered reasonable by the management and the advisors of the Debtor, are inherently subject to significant economic, business, regulatory and competitive uncertainties and contingencies beyond the control of the Debtor or their management. The Liquidation Analysis is also based on the Debtor's best judgment of how numerous decisions in the liquidation process would be resolved. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the values reflected in this Liquidation Analysis would be realized if the Debtor were, in fact, to undergo such a liquidation. Actual results could vary materially and adversely from those contained herein.
- 2. Dependence on unaudited financial statements. This Liquidation Analysis contains numerous estimates. It is based upon the Debtor's claims register as of the end of June 2012.
- 3. Preference or fraudulent transfers. No recovery or related litigation costs attributed to any potential avoidance actions under the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, including potential preference or fraudulent transfer actions, are assumed within this analysis due to, among other issues, the inherent uncertainty about litigation results, the difficulty of assessing defenses to such actions, the inability to predict costs and fees associated with litigation and the risks of collection. These matters are discussed in greater detail in connection with the plan settlement described in the Disclosure Statement.
- 4. *Claims Estimates*. Claims are estimated based upon: (1) actual claims filed, (2) known book liabilities as of June 2012, and (3) estimated liabilities as of the date of this liquidation analysis. Additional claims may arise that were not estimated as of the date of this liquidation analysis.

Summary of Liquidation Analysis:

Liquidation Analysis

(\$'s in 000's)

	Debtor Estimates / Claims Amounts	Recovery Percentage	Total
Sources			
Cash as of August 31, 2012	\$6,846		\$6,846
Trademark/Customer List	1,000		1,000
Other Assets	954		954
Total Assets Available for Distribution	\$8,800		\$8,800
Super Priority Claims			
Intercompany Payable	<u> </u>	100%	\$2,155
Subtotal - Super Priority Claims	\$2,155	100%	\$2,155
Funds available to Admin Claims, Priority Claims, Unsecured Claims	and Equity Holders		\$10,955
Administrative Expenses			
Trustee Fees	(\$59)	100%	(\$59)
Professional Fees	(4,710)	100%	(4,710)
Severance & Vacation	(61)	100%	(61)
Landlord Claim	(1,070)	100%	(1,070)
Misc. Expenses	(18)	100%	(18)
503(b)(9) Claims	(1,368)	100%	(1,368)
Contingency	(250)	100%	(250)
Subtotal - Administrative Claims	(\$7,536)	100%	(\$7,536)
Priority			
Tax Claims	(\$1,355)	100%	(\$1,355)
Severance & Vacation	(103)	100%	(103)
Misc. Expenses	(1)	100%	(1)
Customer Liability	(207)	100%	(207)
Contingency	(250)	100%	(250)
Subtotal - Priority Claims	(\$1,916)	100%	(\$1,916)
Funds available to Unsecured Creditors & Equity Holders	\$1,504		\$1,504
Unsecured Claims			
Landlord Claims - includes 502 (b)(6) non-guarantee portion	(\$36,770)	2%	(\$659)
Accounts Payable - non guarantee portion	(2,905)	2%	(52)
Severance & Vacation Claims (Pre-Petition)	(2,415)	2%	(43)
Misc. Expense	(629)	2%	(11)
Subrogation claims	(18,494)	2%	(332)
Intercompany Payable (Pre - Petition)	(22,633)	2%	(406)
Contingency	(4,420)	0%	=
Subtotal - Unsecured Claims	(\$88,267)		(\$1,504)
Equity Distribution			\$0

Detailed Assumptions

Asset Recovery Estimates

Asset recovery estimates presented in this liquidation analysis are based on the Company's balance sheet as of the end August 31, 2012, and are as follows:

- (a) <u>Cash</u>: The Liquidation Analysis assumes that all cash balances in the Debtor's possession as of August 31, 2012 totaling approximately \$6.8 million are 100% recoverable.
- (b) <u>Trademarks/Customer List</u>: The Company estimates that trademarks and customer lists have a value of approximately \$1 million.
- (c) Other Assets: Other assets include (a) return of Liberty Mutual letter of credit (\$0.1 million), (b) letter of credit receivables (\$0.5 million), and (c) return of utility deposits (\$0.4 million).
- (d) <u>Superpriority Claims</u>: Superpriority claims are claims by Filene's Basement against Syms that arose on account of goods, services or other value provided after the Petition Date. Filene's Basement holds such a claim against Syms in the amount of approximately \$2.155 million.

Liquidation Expenses & Claims

- (e) <u>Post Petition Administrative Expenses:</u> The wind-down assumes that a liquidation of the Debtor would occur over approximately two (2) months.
 - Liquidation expenses include: (1) trustee fees equal to \$59,000 or 3% of sources excluding cash, (2) professional fee expenses of \$4.7 million, (3) severance and vacation in the amount of \$61,000 (4) landlord claims in the amount of \$1.1 million, (5) Misc Expenses in the amount of \$18,000, and (6) 503(b)(9) claims in the amount of \$1.4 million. Additionally, the Company created a disputed claims reserve in the amount of \$250,000.
- (f) <u>Priority claims</u>: Includes (1) tax claims in the amount of \$1.35 million, (2) severance and vacation in the amount of \$103,000 (3) misc. expenses in the amount of \$1,000 and (4) customer liabilities in the amount of \$207,000. Additionally, the Company created a disputed claims reserve in the amount of \$250,000.
- (g) <u>Unsecured Claims</u>: Includes 502(b)(6) claims (\$36.77 million), account payable claims (\$2.95 million), severance and vacation (\$2.4 million), misc expenses (\$629,000), subrogation claims (\$18.5 million), and intercompany claims (\$22.6 million). Additionally, the Company created a disputed claims reserve in the amount of \$4.4 million.

EXHIBIT H

Equity Commitment Agreement (Partially Redacted)

EXHIBIT I

Rights Offering Procedures

Exhibit B

Blackline First Amended Disclosure Statement

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

..... x

In re: : Chapter 11

Filene's Basement, L.L.C., et al.,

: Case No. 11-13511 (KJC)

FILENE'S BASEMENT, LLC, et al.,

: Jointly Administered Debtors. :

X

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE FIRST AMENDED JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF SYMS CORP. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIESMark S. Chehi (ID No. 2855) Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP One Rodney Square P.O. Box 636 Wilmington, Delaware 19899-0636 (302) 651-3000

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Counsel for Debtors and Debtors in Possession

Dated: May 24, July 12, 2012

Wilmington, Delaware

DISCLAIMER

THIS IS NOT A SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION OF THE PLAN. ACCEPTANCES OR REJECTIONS MAY NOT BE SOLICITED UNTIL THE BANKRUPTCY COURT HAS APPROVED THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS BEING SUBMITTED FOR APPROVAL BUT HAS NOT YET BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS INCLUDED HEREIN FOR PURPOSES OF SOLICITING ACCEPTANCES OF THE DEBTORS' JOINT CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION, AND MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN TO DETERMINE HOW TO VOTE ON THE PLAN. NO PERSON MAY GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS, OTHER THAN THE INFORMATION AND REPRESENTATIONS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, REGARDING THE PLAN OR THE SOLICITATION OF ACCEPTANCES OF THE PLAN.

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AS TO CONTESTED MATTERS, ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS AND OTHER ACTIONS OR THREATENED ACTIONS, THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE OR BE CONSTRUED AS AN ADMISSION OF ANY FACT OR LIABILITY, STIPULATION OR WAIVER, BUT RATHER AS A STATEMENT MADE IN SETTLEMENT NEGOTIATIONS PURSUANT TO RULE 408 OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF EVIDENCE AND OTHER APPLICABLE EVIDENTIARY RULES. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT SHALL NOT BE ADMISSIBLE IN ANY NON-BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDING INVOLVING THE DEBTORS OR ANY OTHER PARTY, NOR SHALL IT BE CONSTRUED TO BE CONCLUSIVE ADVICE ON THE TAX, SECURITIES OR OTHER LEGAL EFFECTS OF THE PLAN AS TO HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST, OR EQUITY INTERESTS IN, SYMS CORP., FILENE'S BASEMENT, LLC OR ANY OF THE OTHER DEBTORS AND DEBTORS IN POSSESSION IN THESE CASES.

EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED HEREIN, CAPITALIZED TERMS NOT OTHERWISE DEFINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAVE THE MEANINGS ASCRIBED TO THEM IN

THE PLAN. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL DOLLAR AMOUNTS PROVIDED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN ARE GIVEN IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230, EACH HOLDER IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT (A) ANY DISCUSSION OF U.S. FEDERAL TAX ISSUES IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE RELIED UPON, AND CANNOT BE RELIED UPON, BY ANY HOLDER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON A HOLDER UNDER THE TAX CODE, (B) SUCH DISCUSSION IS INCLUDED HEREBY BY THE DEBTORS IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING (WITHIN THE MEANING OF CIRCULAR 230) BY THE DEBTORS OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED HEREIN AND (C) EACH HOLDER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Disclosure Statement contains certain forward-looking statements, all of which are based on various estimates and assumptions. Such forward-looking statements are subject to inherent uncertainties and to a wide variety of significant business, economic, and competitive risks, including, among others, those summarized herein. See Section VIII — "Certain Risk Factors To Be Considered." When used in this Disclosure Statement, the words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "will," "may," "intend," and "expect" and similar expressions generally identify forward-looking statements. Although the Debtors believe that their plans, intentions, and expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, they cannot be sure that they will be achieved. These statements are only predictions and are not guarantees of future performance or results. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by a forward-looking statement. All forward-looking statements attributable to the Debtors or persons acting on their behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements set forth in this Disclosure Statement. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made. Except as required by law, the Debtors expressly disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

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Other Exhibits to the Plan will be contained in a separate Plan Supplement, which will be filed with the Bankruptcy Court at least five (5) Business Days prior to [_____], the deadline established by the Bankruptcy Court for filing and serving objections to confirmation of the Plan. The Plan Supplement will be available for inspection in the office of the Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court during normal court hours and at the Debtors' internet site at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes. Additional copies of the Plan Supplement may be obtained upon request to the Debtors' Claims Agent at the following address:

Filene's Claims Processing Center c/o Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC 2335 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245

I. INTRODUCTION

On November 2, 2011 (the "Petition Date"), Syms Corp. ("Syms"), Filene's Basement, LLC ("Filene's"), Syms Advertising Inc. ("Advertising") and Syms Clothing, Inc. ("Clothing" and together with Syms, Filene's and Advertising, the "Debtors") each commenced a case in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "Bankruptcy Court") under Chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"). As described further below, since the Petition Date, the Debtors have permanently ceased their retail operations; liquidated their retail inventory pursuant to store closing sales; terminated substantially all their employees; and disposed of many of their real property leases under which they were tenants. The assets of the Debtors' estates now include cash from the store closing sales; seventeen 17 parcels of real estate owned by Syms; a residential condominium in Secaucus, New Jersey; interests in four long-term ground leases; intellectual property owned by Filene's; and various estate claims and causes of action.

A. Structure of Plan/Treatment of Creditors

Concurrently herewith, the Debtors have filed their <u>first amended</u> joint chapter 11 plan of reorganization, a copy of which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> (the "<u>Plan</u>"). The <u>Plan is being proposed jointly by the Debtors and</u> the Official Committee of Syms Corp. Equity Security Holders (the "<u>Equity Committee</u>") are co proponents of the Plan. Because Syms is solvent, under the Plan "Equity Committee") and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "Creditors' Committee"). The Plan is comprised of two separate reorganization plans, one for each of Syms and Filene's. The Debtors believe that Syms is solvent due to the significant value of its real estate holdings. Accordingly, Syms anticipates paying all its creditors in full. This includes, including creditors to whom Syms provided guarantees of certain of <u>Filenes Filene's</u> liabilities. Reorganized Syms will retain its real estate assets and own, manage, lease and dispose of themits real estate assets over time, in a non-distressed, commercially reasonable manner, in order to maximize the value of these assets. Filene's is insolvent. In resolution of certain intercompany claims and related matters concerning the Debtors' historic operations for the benefit of its creditors and its shareholders.

On the other hand, the Debtors believe that Filene's is insolvent, and therefore, the Filene's creditors, are only entitled to a distribution equal to a fraction of their claims. The Creditors' Committee disputes that Filene's is insolvent, and believes that the Filene's estate holds various claims against the Syms' estate, as described further below, and that recovery on these claims would bring sufficient value into the Filene's estate to enable Filene's to pay its creditors in full. In the alternative, the Creditors' Committee asserts that the Filene's and Syms estates should be substantively consolidated such that the Filene's and Syms' assets combined should be used to pay all creditors of both estates. The Debtors do not believe that there is a basis for either of the Creditors' Committee's assertions. However, in resolution of such claims, Syms has agreed that Filene's creditors will share pro rata in a portion of the proceeds of Syms' assets as described below, thereby affording Filene's creditors a significantly greater recovery than they would have received without the assertion of such claims. In particular, Filene's trade creditors and employees will be paid in full over time from proceeds of the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate. Holders of lease rejection claims will be paid 75% of the allowed amount of their claims over time, also from proceeds from the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate. As an alternative to the foregoing, Filene's creditors will have the option of accepting distributions from Filene's assets only, which will result in an estimated recovery of between 0% and 2%, while preserving whatever claims they may have against Syms. Filene's will be reorganized as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reorganized Syms for the principal purpose of exploring the sale or joint venture opportunities with respect to Filene's intellectual property. The Debtors do not believe that Advertising or Clothing have any assets or liabilities. Therefore, the The Debtors therefore have not proposed a plan for either of these entities.

B. Redemption of Majority Shareholder's Shares

Ms. Marcy Syms and certain trusts that she controls (collectively, the "Majority Shareholder") owns approximately 54.7% of all outstanding shares of Syms common stock. Since early in these Chapter 11 cases, the Equity Committee has expressed a desire for minority shareholders of Syms to obtain operational control of Syms from the Majority Shareholder so they could pursue the development and disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate (as defined below). After significant discussions between the Equity Committee and the Majority Shareholder, and to resolve various differences between the parties and pave the way for a consensual restructuring, the Majority Shareholder has agreed to sell all her shares — 7,857,794 shares in all – to Reorganized Syms for \$2.49 per share, or \$19,565,590 in the aggregate, subject to an agreed reduction in resolution of certain claims described below. That agreement is memorialized in that certain Equity Commitment Agreement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit H.

Syms will purchase the Majority Shareholder's shares on the Plan Effective Date. However, Reorganized Syms will pay for the shares over time. In particular, as described immediately below, Syms will raise new funds from a Rights Offering (as defined below). After payment of exit and other costs, any proceeds remaining from the Rights Offering, plus proceeds of real estate dispositions, will be split between creditors and the Majority Shareholder, with creditors receiving 60% and the Majority Shareholder receiving 40%, until the Majority Shareholder is paid \$10,725,641. The balance of Syms' payment obligation to the Majority Shareholder, in the amount of \$7,065,907, will be paid after Reorganized Syms has satisfied all its obligations to creditors under the Plan.

Reorganized Syms' board of directors will be comprised of 3 designees of the Equity Committee, 1 designee of the Creditors' Committee, and 1 independent director agreeable to both the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee. The Plan contains detailed provisions regarding the use of Reorganized Syms' cash, along with provisions for control of the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate to vest in the Creditors' Committee's board designee if certain disposition milestones are not met. Reorganized Syms will be managed by a real estate expert who will be identified prior to the hearing to consider confirmation of the Plan.

With respect to the split-dollar life insurance policy on Marcy Syms, Syms and the Reorganized Company shall be released from any future obligation (whether to Marcy Syms, any third party or otherwise) to pay premiums and shall release any interest in the insurance policy in return for a credit of approximately \$1.774 million against the amounts to be paid to the Majority Shareholder pursuant to the Share Purchase Transaction. The approximately \$1.774 million has already been netted out of the initial distributions payable to the Majority Shareholder under the Plan Waterfall.

C. Rights Offering

Under the Plan, Syms will offer to sell to existing shareholders, other than the Majority Shareholder, who qualify as "accredited investors" under the securities laws, the right to purchase a total of 10,040,160 new shares at a price equal to \$2.49 per share, or \$25 million in the aggregate. The funds from the Rights Offering will be used, first, to pay certain administrative costs and other amounts necessary for Syms and Filene's to exit Chapter 11, with the balance utilized to pay creditors and to reduce Syms' obligation to pay the Majority Shareholder for her shares as described above.

As a result of the Rights Offering, the total number of Syms common shares will increase by 2,182,367 shares, from the 14,448,188 shares currently outstanding to 16,630,555 shares. Because of this increase, the percentage ownership in Syms held by existing shareholders other than the Majority Shareholder will likely change. That percentage currently is approximately 45.3%. The extent to which any individual shareholder's percentage ownership may change will depend on, among other things, the

level of participation in the Rights Offering. For example, an individual shareholder that does not purchase shares in the Rights Offering, and thus does not maintain such shareholder's pro rata ownership, will be diluted by [13.1%].

Certain members of the Equity Committee and their affiliates have agreed to purchase new shares made available in the Rights Offering that are not subscribed for by other shareholders. These members include DS Advisors LLC, Esopus Creek Value Series Fund LP-Series "A," and Marcato Capital Management LLC (collectively, the "Backstop Parties"). The "backstop" purchase obligation of these parties is memorialized in the Equity Commitment Agreement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit H. If no shareholders other than the Backstop Parties participate in the Rights Offering, the Backstop Parties will own 60.4% of Reorganized Syms, in the aggregate.

The Backstop Parties have been represented by counsel separate from the Equity Committee and abstained from decisions on the Equity Commitment Agreement and Rights Offering made by the Equity Committee. The legal fees of counsel to the Backstop Parties is to be paid by the Debtors under the Equity Commitment Agreement. No other fee or compensation of any kind is being paid to the Backstop Parties for the commitment to backstop the \$25 million Rights Offering. The Rights Offering permits Eligible Holders (as defined below) to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of both the initial offering of shares and to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of any Unsubscribed Shares (as defined below).

D. Estimates of Share Value/Go-Forward Business Plan

The value of Reorganized Syms' shares ultimately will depend on a number of factors, all of which are difficult to predict. The Debtors' business advisors have estimated that Syms Owned Real Estate has an aggregate net realizable value of approximately \$147 million. Based on this estimate, and taking into account the increased number of shares under the Plan, the Debtors estimate that shares in Reorganized Syms are worth between \$1.50 and \$2.00 per share. This range assumes (i) that the ultimate amount of claims allowed in these Chapter 11 cases will be between \$100 million and \$110 million; (ii) that Syms' most valuable parcel of real estate, the so-called "Trinity Property" located in lower Manhattan, is sold as-is, without being further developed; and (iii) that the expected proceeds to be realized from real estate sales should be discounted by 10% to account for the time value of money. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors believe that total claims will be closer to the \$110 million end of the range.

The estimated share value described above could vary significantly for a number of reasons, including if the total amount of claims that ultimately is allowed falls outside the range described above; if anticipated real estate values are not achieved; or if real estate dispositions do not occur as and when expected. In this regard, the Equity Committee and its advisors believe that the value of Syms Owned Real Estate could be significantly greater than the \$147 million aggregate figure estimated by the Debtors' advisors. As described below, the Equity Committee's business plan contemplates the near-term disposition of 13 parcels of Syms Owned Real Estate, followed by the medium-term disposition of 3 additional parcels after they have been leased up and stabilized, followed by the long-term development and disposition of the Trinity Property.

Various development scenarios have been analyzed that contemplate the development and future sale of the Trinity Property as either a mixed use residential apartment property or a mixed use condominium. Using a range of assumptions based on current market conditions, the construction and sale of the asset over a four- to five-year period has the potential to generate incremental gross proceeds estimated to range from \$0 to \$120 million (where the low end of the range represents a sale of the development site in today's market), as compared to the range suggested by the valuations of the Debtors' professionals. Notwithstanding the risks associated with development, this could result in incremental values of between \$0 and \$7.22 per share, on an undiscounted basis, based on the pro forma share count of

16,630,555. The range of gross incremental value realizable from the Trinity Property does not take into account several factors that could impact shareholder value, including (but not limited to) a deterioration in market conditions; availability of construction financing; potential taxation of future sale proceeds; obligations of reorganized Syms that would be required to be repaid from sale proceeds; and additional carrying costs that could be incurred due to delays in entitlement or development approvals.

Moreover, the Equity Committee's plans for Syms Owned Real Estate, including its estimates of possible future value, contemplate very significant development costs for the Trinity Property. Moreover, the Equity Committee's expectations for future shareholder value depend largely on the Trinity Property, as the other properties owned by Syms likely will be necessary to pay creditor claims. The hoped-for values cannot be achieved without the ability to obtain the financing necessary to fund these development costs. There is no assurance that Reorganized Syms will be able to obtain such financing and realize these values. Moreover, the anticipated values are not expected to be achieved for at least three to five years. There is no assurance that the commercial real estate market will support such values three to five years in the future. Accordingly, there can be no guarantee of the ultimate value of the Trinity Property or any other parcels of real estate and hence, no guarantee regarding the value to Syms shareholders.

* * *

The Debtors have prepared this Disclosure Statement pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1125 for use in the solicitation of votes on the Plan. The Certain of the information has been prepared by the Equity Committee with the assistance of its business advisors, including the business plan for disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate, including the Trinity Property and related estimates of value. As noted above, the Plan, while denominated a "joint" Plan, constitutes two separate plans for purposes of voting and distribution: one plan for Syms, and a separate plan for Filene's. This introduction provides a brief overview of each of these two plans. However, it affords a general overview only, which is qualified in its entirety by, and should be read in conjunction with, the more detailed discussions, information—and_s financial statements and notes appearing elsewhere in this Disclosure Statement and the Plan. All capitalized terms not defined in this Disclosure Statement have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Plan.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONTAINS SUMMARIES OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE PLAN, CERTAIN DOCUMENTS RELATED TO THE PLAN, CERTAIN EVENTS IN THE CHAPTER 11 CASES AND CERTAIN FINANCIAL INFORMATION. ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS AND THE EQUITY COMMITTEE BELIEVE THAT SUCH SUMMARIES ARE FAIR AND ACCURATE, SUCH SUMMARIES ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE FULL TEXT OF SUCH DOCUMENTS. FACTUAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS BEEN PROVIDED BY THE DEBTORS' MANAGEMENT, EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY NOTED. THE DEBTORS AND THE EQUITY COMMITTEE DO NOT WARRANT OR REPRESENT THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, INCLUDING FINANCIAL INFORMATION, IS WITHOUT ANY INACCURACY OR OMISSION.

THE DEBTORS, THE EQUITY COMMITTEE AND THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE BELIEVE THAT THE PLAN WILL ENABLE THE DEBTORS TO ACCOMPLISH THE OBJECTIVES OF CHAPTER 11 AND THAT ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLAN IS IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE DEBTORS AND THE HOLDERS OF ALL CLAIMS AND INTERESTS. ACCORDINGLY, THE DEBTORS, THE EQUITY COMMITTEE AND THE CREDITORS' COMMITTEE URGE HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTS TO VOTE TO ACCEPT THE PLAN. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION AND INSTRUCTIONS ON VOTING TO ACCEPT OR

REJECT THE PLAN, SEE SECTION III OF THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, ENTITLED "PLAN VOTING, CONFIRMATION AND OBJECTION PROCEDURES."

II. OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN

The table below summarizes the classification and treatment of prepetition and postpetition claims against and interests in each of Syms and Filene's. The table below also contains an estimate of the recoveries that the Debtors believe will ultimately be available to each class of claims and interests under each separate plan proposed for Syms and Filene's, respectively. These estimates are based upon a number of assumptions, which may or may not prove to be accurate. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, Syms is holding cash of approximately \$5.5 million and Filene's is holding cash of approximately \$8.6 million. Syms estimates that its real estate assets have an aggregate net realizable value of approximately \$149.5 million.

1. Plan for Syms

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
Unclassified Claims Against Syms	
Administrative Claims	Administrative Claims include pre-petition claims held by providers of goods for the value of any such goods shipped to Syms within 20 days of the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business, along with post-petition claims held by persons who provided goods and services to Syms after the petition depate, including landlords for unpaid post-petition rent, utility providers, and professionals. Under the Plan, each Administrative Claim either will be paid in full in cash from the Syms assets on the effective depate of the pelan or as soon thereafter as such claim is allowed, or will receive such other less favorable treatment as to which the holder of such claim and Syms have agreed upon in writing. Estimated Amount: \$19.5-21.854 million
Superpriority Intercompany Claims	Superpriority Intercompany Claims are Intercompany Claims arising from and after the Petition Date, with priority as an administrative expense of the kind specified in section 503(b) and super priority superpriority of the kind specified in section 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to the pPlan settlement described below, the holders of such claims shall not receive or retain any property under the pPlan on account of such claims, and the claims shall be deemed cancelled and extinguished. Estimated Amount: \$2.6752.155 million Estimated Recovery: Settled
Priority Tax Claims	Priority Tax Claims are any claims owed by Syms to governmental units for taxes that are entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code. Syms received authority to pay all such claims at the inception of its Chapter 11 case. Accordingly, Syms does not believe there are any remaining Priority Tax Claims. To the extent any such Claims exist, under the Plan, such claims will be paid in full in cash from the Syms

⁵ DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Description and Amount of	Summary of Treatment
Claims and Interests	
	assets upon the pPlan eEffective dDate or as soon thereafter as they
	are allowed, or will receive such less favorable terms as Syms and the
	holder of any such claim agree upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$0.000
Classified Claims Against Syms	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 1: Secured Claims	Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that are
(Unimpaired)	subject to a right of setoff. Syms has already received authority to
(Chimpanea)	pay in full the secured claim of Syms' primary secured creditor,
	Bank of America, N.A., from proceeds of the Syms store closing
	sales, and made such payment in November 2011. Syms believes
	that there may be certain other Secured Claims arising out of its
	workers compensation program. Under the Plan, any holder of a
	Secured Claim shall either be paid in full in cash, shall receive the
	collateral securing its claim, or shall receive such less favorable
	treatment as Syms and the holder of such claim agree upon in
	writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$901,0000
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 2: Non-Tax Priority	A Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim entitled to priority
Claims (Unimpaired)	under the Bankruptcy Code other than an Administrative Claim or a
	Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by employees for
	unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with the claims of
	customers for deposits and similar matters. Under the Plan, each holder of a Non-Tax Priority Claim either shall be entitled to be
	paid in full in cash from the Syms assets upon the Plan effective
	date with interest or as soon as thereafter as the claim isupon the
	Plan Effective Date or on the distribution date immediately
	following the date on which the claim becomes allowed, or shall
	receive such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder
	and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$1.31.518 million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 3: Convenience Claims	A Syms Convenience Claim is a pre-petition claim against Syms that
(Unimpaired Impaired)	is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code and is not
	secured by a lien on collateral, but that is (i) allowed in an amount
	equal to or less than \$10,000 or (ii) in an amount that is greater than
	\$10,000, but which the holder thereof elects on its ballot to be allowed
	in an amount no greater than \$10,000. Under the Plan, each holder of a Convenience Claim that is allowed shall be entitled to be paid in full
	in cash from the Syms assets upon the Effective Datepaid in cash up to
	100% of the allowed amount of the claim as Excess Cash becomes
	available, with any amounts not paid by October 1, 2015 accruing
	interest at a rate of 7% per year, which interest shall be paid in kind
	and compounded annually, or shall receive such other less favorable
	treatment as to which such holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in
	writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$2.01.899 million

⁶ DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 4: Syms General Unsecured Claims (Impaired)	Estimated Recovery: 100% A Syms General Unsecured Claim is a pre-petition claim that is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, is not secured by a lien on collateral, and does not otherwise qualify as a Convenience Claim. Such claims include claims for unpaid trade payables, lease rejection damages, employee severance claims, and other unsecured claims, including claims on account of written Syms guarantees of Filene's leases and trade claims. Under the Plan, each holder of a Syms General Unsecured Claim that is allowed shall be paid in full in cash (without interest)cash up to 100% of the allowed amount of the claim as Excess Cash becomes available, with any amounts not paid by October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year, which interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or shall receive such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing. Syms anticipates paying these claims within [fourone] years of the
	Plan eEffective dDate.
	Estimated Amount: \$\frac{\$60.3}{53.896}\$ million
Syms Class 5: Union Pension Plan	Estimated Recovery: 100% A Syms Union Pension Plan Claim is an obligation owed to Local
Claims (Impaired)	1102 and Local 400 for pension withdrawal liability arising under the Syms Pension Plan. Under the Plan, each holder of a Syms Union Pension Plan Claim that is allowed shall receive quarterly distributions from the Pension Plan Reserve in accordance with Syms' contractual or legal obligations under the Pension Plan. Estimated Amount: \$6.909 million Estimated Recovery: 100%
Syms Class 56: Intercompany Claims	A Syms Intercompany Claim is a claim against Syms held by another
(Împaired <u>Unimpaired</u>)	Debtor, including any claim reflected on the books and records of such other Debtor and any derivative claim asserted by or on behalf of another Debtor against Syms and which is not a Syms Superpriority Intercompany Claim. Pursuant to the pPlan settlement described below, the holders of Syms Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such claims. On the pPlan eEffective dDate, all Syms Intercompany Claims shall be deemed offset, cancelled and extinguished. Estimated Amount: See section —1.2 below Estimated Recovery: Settled
Syms Class 67: Interests (Impaired)	Each holder of stock in Syms, or any right to acquire any such stock, other than the Majority Shareholder shall retain such stock or right under the Plan. Estimated Recovery: \$\ per share As described above, the Majority Shareholder will sell her shares to Syms for \$2.49 per share. A portion of the funds necessary for Syms to pay this amount will be raised by Syms under the Plan in the Rights Offering by offering to shareholders who are "accredited investors" as defined by the securities laws, other than the Majority Shareholder, the right to purchase their pro rata share of new Syms shares at \$2.49 per

⁷ DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
	share. As described above, the Debtors estimate that the estimated
	value to Syms minority shareholders will be between \$1.50 and
	\$2.00 per share. This estimate reflects the dilution of those
	shareholders that do not participate in the Rights Offering. It also
	assumes (i) that the aggregate net realizable value of Syms Owned
	Real Estate is approximately \$147 million; (ii) that a discount rate
	of 10% is applied to this value; and (iii) that total claims that
	ultimately will be allowed and paid under the Plan are between
	\$100 million and \$110 million (the Debtors believe total claims will be closer to \$110 million). As noted above, however, the Equity
	Committee's business plan contemplates significant development of
	certain real estate, including the Trinity Property, that, if
	successfully implemented, could result in the aggregate net
	realizable value of Syms Owned Real Estate being significantly
	higher than the Debtors' estimates, resulting in a much greater share
	value.
Plan for Filene's Description and	Summary of Treatment
Amount of Claims and Interests	
Unclassified Claims Against Filene's	
Administrative Claims	Administrative Claims include pre-petition claims held by
	providers of goods for the value of any such goods shipped to
	Filene's within 20 days of the Petition Date in the ordinary course of
	business, plus post-petition claims held by persons who provided
	goods and services to Filene's after the Petition Date, including
	landlords for unpaid post-petition rent, utility providers, and
	professionals. Under the Plan, each Administrative Claim either
	will be paid in full in cash from a segregated fund of Filene's assets
	on the effective date on the Effective Date of the pPlan or as soon thereafter as such claim is allowed, or will receive such other less
	favorable treatment as to which the holder of such claim and
	Filene-'s have agreed upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$\frac{11.48.068}{21.48.068} million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Superpriority Intercompany Claims	Superpriority Intercompany Claims are Intercompany Claims
The state of the s	arising from and after the Petition Date, with priority as an
	administrative expense of the kind specified in section 503(b) and
	super-priority superpriority of the kind specified in section 507(b) of
	the Bankruptcy Code. Pursuant to the Plan settlement, the holders
	of such claims shall not receive or retain any property under the
	PPlan on account of such claims and the claims shall be deemed
	cancelled and extinguished.
	Estimated Amount: \$\\\ \\$\\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \
1	Estimated Recovery: Settled
	Priority Tax Claims are any claims owed by Filene's to governmental
Priority Tax Claims	
Priority Tax Claims	units for taxes that are entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code.
Priority Tax Claims	

⁸ DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment	
	remaining Priority Tax Claims. To the extent any such Claims exist,	
	under the Plan, such claims Any such claims that are allowed will be	
	paid in full in cash from a segregated fund of Filene's assets upon the	
	PPlan eEffective dDate or as soon thereafter as they are allowed, or	
	will receive such less favorable terms as Filene ² 's and the holder of	
	any such claim agree upon in writing.	
	Estimated Amount: \$1.351.355 million	
	Estimated Recovery: 100%	
Classified Claims Against Filene's		
Filene's Class 1: Secured Claims	Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that are	
(Unimpaired)	subject to a right of setoff. Filene's already received authority to	
	pay in full the secured claim of Filene's primary secured creditor,	
	Bank of America, N.A., from proceeds of Filene's store closing	
	sales, and made such payment in November 2011. Filene's believes	
	that there may be certain Secured Claims arising out of its workers	
	compensation program. Under the Plan, any holder of a Secured	
	Claim shall either be paid in full in cash, shall receive the collateral	
	securing its claim, or shall receive such less favorable treatment as	
	Filene ² 's and the holder of such claim agree upon in writing.	
	Estimated Amount: \$298,0000	
	Estimated Recovery: 100%	
Filene's Class 2: Non-Tax Priority	A Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim entitled to priority	
Claims (Unimpaired)	under the Bankruptcy Code other than an Administrative Claim or a	
	Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by employees for	
	unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with claims of customers for	
	deposits and similar matters. Under the Plan, each holder of a	
	Non-Tax Priority Claim either shall be entitled to be paid in full in	
	cash from a segregated fund of Filene's assets upon the Plan effective	
	date with interest or as soon as thereafter as the claim is upon the Plan	
	Effective Date or as on the distribution date immediately following	
	the date on which the claim becomes allowed, or shall receive such	
	other less favorable treatment as to which such holder and Filene ² 's	
	shall have agreed upon in writing.	
	Estimated Amount: \$\frac{510,000}{581,000}	
	Estimated Recovery: 100%	
	A Filene's Convenience Claim is a pre-petition claim against Filene's	
(Unimpaired <u>Impaired</u>)	that is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code and is not	
	secured by a lien on collateral, but that is (i) allowed in an amount	
	equal to or less than \$10,000 or (ii) in an amount that is greater than	
	\$10,000, but which the holder thereof elects on its ballot to be allowed	
	in an amount no greater than \$10,000. Under the Plan, each holder of	
	a Convenience Claim that is allowed shall receive cash from a	
	segregated fund of Filene's assets and, if such fund is exhausted, from	
	the Syms assets.be paid in cash up to 100% of the allowed amount of	
	the claim as Excess Cash becomes available, with any amounts not	
	paid by October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year,	
	which interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or shall	
	receive such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder	

⁹ DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Description and Amount of Claims and Interests	Summary of Treatment
	and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing.
	Estimated Amount: \$\frac{1.675}{1.613}\$ million Estimated Recovery: 100%
Filene's Class 4: Filene's General	A Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim is a pre-petition
Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims	claim against Filene's that is not entitled to priority under the
(Impaired)	Bankruptcy Code, is not secured by a lien on collateral, is not
	guaranteed by Syms, and does not otherwise qualify as a Filene's
	Convenience Claim. Such claims include claims primarily for unpaid
	trade payables and employee severance claims. Under the Plan, each
	holder of a Filene's General Unsecured (Short -Term) Claim that is
	allowed shall be paid in full in cash (without interest) or shall receive have the option of (a) being paid in full in cash over time up to
	100% of the allowed amount of the claim, with any amounts not paid
	by October 1, 2015 accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year, which
	interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or receiving
	such other less favorable treatment as to which such holder and
	Filene's shall have agreed upon in writing. Filene's anticipates
	paying these claims, or (b) being paid its pro rata share of the
	liquidation value of Filene's assets, in cash upon the Plan Effective
	Date or as soon thereafter as such claims are allowed. Filene's
	anticipates paying those holders who elect to be paid over time within
	{four} years of the pPlan e ffective dDate.
	Estimated Amount: \$8.88.755 million
	Estimated Recovery: 100% (for those electing to be paid over
	time) and between 0% and 2% for those electing to be paid their pro rata share of the liquidation value of Filene's assets.
Filene's Class 5: Filene's General	A Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim is a pre-petition
Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims	claim against Filene's that is not entitled to priority under the
(Impaired)	Bankruptcy Code, is not secured by a lien on collateral, is not
`	guaranteed by Syms, and does not otherwise qualify as either a
	Filene's Convenience Claim or Filene's General Unsecured (Short
	Term) Claim. Such claims include claims primarily for rejection of
	executory contracts and unexpired leases. Under the Plan, each
	holder of a Filene's General Unsecured (Long -Term) Claim that is
	allowed shall behave the option of (a) being paid [75%] of the
	face allowed amount of its claim in cash (without interest) or shall
	receive over time, with any amounts not paid by October 1, 2015
	accruing interest at a rate of 7% per year, which interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually, or receiving such other less
	favorable treatment as to which such holder and Filene-'s shall have
	agreed upon in writing. Filene's anticipates paying these amounts
	within [, or (b) being paid its pro rata share of the liquidation value or
	Filene's assets, in cash upon the Plan Effective Date or as soon
	thereafter as such claims are allowed. Filene's anticipates paying
	those holders who elect to be paid 75% of the allowed value of their
	<u>claim within</u> four years of the <u>pPlan</u> <u>eE</u> ffective <u>dD</u> ate.
	Estimated Amount: \$36.836.877 million
	Estimated Recovery: [75%] (for those electing to be paid over
	time) and between 0% and 2% for those electing to be paid their

DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Description and Amount of	Summary of Treatment
Claims and Interests	
	pro rata share of the liquidation value of Filene's assets.
Filene's Class 6: Union Pension Plan	A Filene's Union Pension Plan Claim is a pension obligation owed by
<u>Claims (Impaired)</u>	Filene's. Under the Plan, each holder of a Filene's Union Pension Plan
	Claim that is allowed shall receive quarterly distributions from the
	Pension Plan Reserve in accordance with Syms' contractual or legal
	obligations under the Pension Plan.
	Estimated Amount: \$million
	Estimated Recovery: 100%
Filene's Class 67: Intercompany	A Filene's Intercompany Claim is a claim against Filene's held by
Claims (Impaired)	another Debtor, including but not limited to a claim reflected on the
	books and records of such other Debtor and any derivative claim
	asserted by or on behalf of another Debtor against Filene's and which
	is not a Filene's Superpriority Intercompany Claim. Pursuant to the
	Plan settlement described below, the holders of Filene's
	Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under
	the Plan on account of such claims. On the Plan eEffective Date, all
	Filene's Intercompany Claims shall be deemed offset, cancelled and
	extinguished.
	Estimated Amount: \$0.0033.0 million
	Estimated Recovery: Settled
Filene's Class 78: Interests	Filene's Linterests consist of limited liability company membership
(Impaired <u>Unimpaired</u>)	interests in Filene's, which are owned exclusively by Syms. On the
	Effective Date, Syms'each holder of interests in Filene's shall be
	cancelled, and Syms shall not receive any property or interest on
	account of such retain its interests.
	Estimated Recovery: 0%

ALTHOUGH THE DEBTORS BELIEVE THAT THE ESTIMATED RECOVERIES ARE REASONABLE, THERE IS NO ASSURANCE THAT THE ACTUAL AMOUNTS OF ALLOWED CLAIMS IN EACH CLASS WILL NOT MATERIALLY EXCEED THE ESTIMATED AGGREGATE AMOUNTS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ABOVE. The actual recoveries under the Plan will depend upon a variety of factors, including whether, and in what amount and with what priority, contingent claims against the Debtors become non-contingent and fixed; and whether, and to what extent, disputed claims are resolved in favor of the Debtors. Accordingly, no representation can be or is being made with respect to whether each estimated recovery amount shown in the table above will be realized.

In the view of the Debtors, the Plan provides holders of claims and interests with the best recovery possible. Accordingly, the The Debtors, the Equity Committee, and the Creditors'

Committee believe that the Plan is in the best interests of creditors and shareholders and should be approved. Therefore, the Debtors, the Equity Committee, and the Creditors' Committee recommend that all persons entitled to vote on the Plan, vote to accept the Plan.

III. PLAN VOTING, CONFIRMATION AND OBJECTION RELATED PROCEDURES

A. General Disclaimer

This Disclosure Statement is being transmitted to holders of claims against and interests in the Debtors that are entitled to vote on the Plan. The primary purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide adequate information so that holders who are entitled to vote on the Plan can make a reasonably informed decision with respect to the Plan before they decide to vote to accept or reject the Plan. A secondary purpose of this Disclosure Statement is to provide Syms shareholders, other than the Majority Shareholder, who are "accredited investors" as defined by the securities laws, with certain information that will help them decide whether to purchase new Syms shares in the Rights Offering.

The Bankruptcy Court has approved this Disclosure Statement as containing "adequate information," which means information of a kind and in sufficient and adequate detail to enable voting creditors and shareholders to make an informed judgment with respect to acceptance or rejection of the Plan. HOWEVER, THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE EITHER A GUARANTY OF THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN; OR AN ENDORSEMENT OF THE PLAN BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT. FURTHERMORE, THE BANKRUPTCY COURT'S APPROVAL OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT DOES NOT REPRESENT AN APPROVAL OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN FOR PURPOSES OF THE DEBTORS' DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS UNDER APPLICABLE SECURITIES LAWS IN CONNECTION WITH THE RIGHTS OFFERING.

WHEN, AND IF, CONFIRMED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT, THE PLAN WILL BIND ALL HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST AND INTERESTS IN THE DEBTORS, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH HOLDERS ARE ENTITLED TO VOTE OR DID VOTE ON THE PLAN AND WHETHER OR NOT SUCH HOLDERS RECEIVE OR RETAIN ANY DISTRIBUTIONS OR PROPERTY UNDER THE PLAN. THUS, YOU ARE ENCOURAGED TO READ THE PLAN AND THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CAREFULLY.

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS THE <u>ONLY</u> DOCUMENT THAT THE COURT HAS APPROVED TO BE USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOLICITATION OF VOTES ON THE PLAN. No solicitation of votes may be made except after the distribution of this Disclosure Statement, and no person has been authorized to distribute <u>any</u> information concerning the Debtors other than the information contained herein.

CERTAIN OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS, BY ITS NATURE, FORWARD LOOKING AND CONTAINS ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS THAT MAY BE MATERIALLY DIFFERENT FROM ACTUAL, FUTURE RESULTS. Unless otherwise specifically and expressly stated herein, this Disclosure Statement does not reflect any events that may occur after the date of this Disclosure Statement, even if those events may have a material impact on the information contained in this Disclosure Statement. The Debtors do not expect to distribute any amendments or supplements to this Disclosure Statement to reflect any occurrences that happen after the date hereof. Therefore, the delivery of this Disclosure Statement shall not under any circumstance imply that the information contained in it remains correct or complete as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

THE FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT HAS NOT BEEN AUDITED BY A CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM AND HAS NOT BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

B. Holders of Claims and Interests Entitled to Vote

Under the Bankruptcy Code, only holders of allowed claims or interests in classes of claims or interests that are (a) impaired and (b) placed in a class that will receive a distribution under a plan may vote to accept or reject the plan. In this case, Syms Class <u>3 Convenience Claims, Syms Class 4 General</u> Unsecured Claims, Syms Class <u>65 Pension Plan Claims, Syms Class 7 Interests, Filene's Class 3 Convenience Claims, Filene's Class 4 General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims and Filene's Class 5 General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims and Filene's Class 6 Pension Plan Claims are entitled to vote on the Plan.</u>

Classes of claims or equity interests in which the holders thereof are unimpaired under a chapter 11 plan are deemed to have accepted the plan and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan. In this case, Syms Classes 1, 21 and 32 and Filene's Classes 1, 21 and 32 are unimpaired, and holders of claims and interests in such classes are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan. Thus, such holders are not entitled to cast a vote on the Plan.

Classes of claims or interests that receive no distribution on account of their claims or interests are deemed to have rejected the plan and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the plan. In this case, pursuant to the settlement of various intercompany matters described in the Planbelow, the holders of claims in Syms Class 5 (consisting entirely of intercompany claims against Syms) and Filene's Class 6 (consisting entirely of intercompany claims against Syms) and Filene's Class 7 (consisting entirely of intercompany claims against Filene's) and the holders of interests in Filene's Class 78 (consisting entirely of Syms' ownership of its equity interest in Filene's) shall not retain or receive any property under the Plan. However, because each of these claims and interests are held exclusively by the Debtors, as plan co-proponents, each such class is deemed to have accepted the Plan.

C. Solicitation Package

Accompanying this Disclosure Statement are copies of (1) the Plan, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A; (2) the Bankruptcy Court's order, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit B (the "Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures Order") that approves this Disclosure Statement, sets forth the time for submitting ballots to accept or reject the Plan, and sets forth the date, time and place of the hearing to consider confirmation of the Plan and the time for filing objections to confirmation of the Plan; and (3) for those entitled to vote on the Plan, one or more ballots (and return envelopes) to be used in voting to accept or reject the Plan.

The Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures Order also explains how the Debtors will tabulate the ballots that are cast on the Plan, including assumptions and procedures for tabulating ballots that are not completed fully or correctly. You should read the Disclosure Statement and Solicitation Procedures Order and the instructions attached to the ballot you have received in this package in connection with this section of the Disclosure Statement.

D. Voting Procedures, Ballots, and Voting Deadline

1. In General

After carefully reviewing the Plan, this Disclosure Statement and the detailed instructions accompanying your ballot, please indicate your acceptance or rejection of the Plan by voting in favor of or against the Plan on the enclosed ballot. You must complete and sign your original ballot (copies will not be

accepted) and return it in the envelope provided. Each ballot has been coded to reflect the class of claims or interests it represents. Accordingly, in voting to accept or reject the Plan, you must use only the coded ballot or ballots sent to you with this Disclosure Statement.

THE BALLOT IS THE <u>ONLY</u> REQUIRED ITEM TO BE SENT TO THE VOTING AGENT. PLEASE DO NOT SEND EVIDENCE OF YOUR CLAIM AMOUNT OR ANY CERTIFICATES WITH YOUR BALLOT.

If you have any questions about (i) the procedure for voting your claim or interest or with respect to the packet of materials that you have received or (ii) the amount of your claim or interest, or if you wish to obtain an additional copy of the Plan, this Disclosure Statement, or any appendix or exhibit to the Plan or Disclosure Statement, please contact:

Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC Re: Syms Corp., et al. 2335 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245 Attn.: Voting Department Email: FilenesInfo@kccllc.com Telephone: (877) 606-7510

E. ____2. Withdrawal of Ballots; Revocation; Changes to Vote

Any holder of a claim or interest who votes to accept or reject the Plan is entitled to withdraw its ballot at any time before the Voting Deadline. To do so, you must deliver a written notice of withdrawal to the Voting Agent. To be valid, a notice of withdrawal must (i) contain a description of the claim(s) or interests to which it relates and the total amount of such claim(s) or interests, (ii) be signed by the same person who signed the original ballot, (iii) contain a certification that the person withdrawing the ballot owns the claim(s) or interests and possesses the right to withdraw the vote sought to be withdrawn and (iv) be received by the Voting Agent before the Voting Deadline at the address set forth above. The Debtors expressly reserve the absolute right to contest whether any ballot has been validly withdrawn. Unless the Bankruptcy Court orders otherwise, if a notice of withdrawal is not timely received by the Voting Agent, it will not be considered valid to withdraw a previously cast ballot.

Any party who submits a ballot before the Voting Deadline is entitled to change such vote. To do so, you must submit a new, properly completed ballot for acceptance or rejection of the Plan. If a party submits more than one properly completed ballot before the Voting Deadline, the Voting Agent will only count the ballot that bears the latest date for purposes of counting the ballot towards acceptance or rejection of the Plan.

F. 3. Waivers of Defects and Other Irregularities

Unless otherwise directed by the Bankruptcy Court, the Voting Agent and the Debtors will determine whether the ballots cast on the Plan are valid and, in the correct form and were timely received.

Their determination will be final and binding. The Debtors reserve the right to reject any and all ballots that are not submitted in proper form, the acceptance of which would, in the opinion of the Debtors or their counsel, be unlawful. The Debtors further reserve the right to waive any defects or irregularities or conditions of delivery as to any particular ballot in order to allow such ballot to be counted.

Unless waived, any defects or irregularities in connection with deliveries of ballots must be cured within such time as the Debtors (or the Bankruptcy Court) determine. The Debtors and the Voting Agent are not obligated to notify any voting party that its ballot was deemed defective or that it was disregarded in the tabulation of votes, and the Debtors and the Voting Agent will not incur any liabilities for failure to provide such notification. Unless otherwise directed by the Bankruptcy Court, delivery of such ballots will not be deemed to have been made until such irregularities have been cured or waived. Ballots previously furnished (and as to which any irregularities have not therefore been cured or waived) will be invalidated.

E. Rights Offering

Syms is offering its existing "accredited investor" shareholders, other than the Majority Shareholder, the opportunity to subscribe for and purchase up to an aggregate of 10,040,160 new shares of common stock (the "Offered Shares") at a purchase price of \$2.49 per share (the "Rights Offering").

In order for the Rights Offering to be exempt from the registration requirements under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), it arguably must comply with Rule 506 of Regulation D, promulgated under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act. Pursuant to Rule 506, only current Syms shareholders who qualify as "accredited investors" under Regulation D may participate in the Rights Offering. To identify such accredited investors, the Subscription Agent will mail, no later than July 12, 2012, Accredited Investor Questionnaires, to each broker, dealer, agent, bank or other entity (each, a "Record Holder") that holds book-entry positions in Syms stock as of July 10, 2012, either for itself or for beneficial owners of Syms stock as of July 10, 2012 (collectively "Beneficial Owners").

To be deemed an accredited investor eligible to participate in the Rights Offering, a Beneficial Owner must complete the Accredited Investor Questionnaire certifying such Beneficial Owner's status as an accredited investor and, if the Beneficial Owner is not the Record Holder, return the properly executed Accredited Investor Questionnaire to the Record Holder so as to be actually received by such deadline as the Record Holder may establish. The Record Holder shall certify on the Accredited Investor Questionnaire the amount of shares of Syms stock it holds for the benefit of the Beneficial Owner and return the completed Accredited Investor Questionnaire to the Subscription Agent so as to be actually received by the Subscription Agent before 5:00 p.m. (Eastern Time) on August 2, 2012. Completed Accredited Investor Questionnaires may be transmitted electronically by Record Holders to the Subscription Agent, by facsimile to (212) 702-0864 or by electronic mail to symsinfo@kccllc.com, so long as such electronic transmissions are actually received by the deadline. Any Record Holder that elects to electronically transmit its completed Accredited Investor Questionnaires to the Subscription Agent must also deliver the hard-copy original Accredited Investor Questionnaires to the Subscription Agent no later than August 9, 2012.

Any Beneficial Owner that does not validly certify that it is an accredited investor on the Accredited Investor Questionnaire and return the same to the Subscription Agent by August 2, 2012, shall not be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering. Any Accredited Investor Questionnaire that is timely returned to the Subscription Agent but does not indicate whether the relevant Beneficial Owner is or is not an accredited investor will not be deemed to have been validly executed, and the applicable Beneficial Owner will not be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering. Any Beneficial Owner that fails to submit a duly executed Accredited Investor Questionnaire to the Subscription Agent by August 2, 2012 will not be entitled to participate in the Rights Offering.

Once the eligible accredited investors are identified, the Subscription Agent will send agreements to participate in the Rights Offering ("Subscription Agreements") to the eligible accredited investors. The Subscription Agreements are the contracts by which such eligible accredited investors will agree to subscribe for and purchase the Offered Shares from Syms. Each eligible accredited investor who wishes to subscribe for shares in the Rights Offering must sign a Subscription Agreement indicating the number of shares it wishes to purchase. Those who return their Subscription Agreements and who Syms determines are eligible accredited investors are referred to as "Eligible Holders."

Eligible Holders initially may subscribe for up to a maximum of their pro rata share of the Offered Shares (the "Initial Shares"). The pro rata share for each Eligible Holder will be determined by multiplying (a) the total number of Offered Shares by (b) the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the number of shares of Syms common stock held by that Eligible Holder by (ii) the total number of shares of Syms common stock held by all the Eligible Holders, rounded down to the nearest whole share.

Eligible Holders interested in subscribing for additional shares may also indicate on their Subscription Agreement that they would like to subscribe for Unsubscribed Shares. The number of aggregate Unsubscribed Shares will be the number of Offered Shares minus the number of Initial Shares subscribed for by all Eligible Holders. Each Eligible Holder may receive up to its pro rata portion of the Unsubscribed Shares. The pro rata portion of Unsubscribed Shares that electing Eligible Holders may subscribe for will be determined by multiplying (a) the aggregate number of Unsubscribed Shares by (b) the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the number of shares of Syms common stock held by that Eligible Holder by (ii) the total number of shares of Syms common stock held by all the Eligible Holders, rounded down to the nearest whole share.

Once the subscription deadline has passed, Syms will calculate and inform each Eligible Holder who subscribed for Unsubscribed Shares how many of the Unsubscribed Shares will be allotted to each. Each Eligible Holder must then promptly, and not later than August 29, 2012, remit payment for their respective allotted Unsubscribed Shares.

E. Confirmation Hearing and Deadline for Objections to Confirmation

The Bankruptcy Court will hold a hearing to determine whether to confirm the Plan on
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Bankruptcy Judge for the District of Delaware, in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of
Delaware, Courtroom 5, 824 N. Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801. The Debtors may continue
the confirmation hearing by announcing such continuance in open court, in an agenda for such hearing, or
by filing a notice of the continuance. Any holder of a claim or interest has a right to attend the confirmation
hearing.

- (i) Syms Corp., et al, One Syms Way, Secaucus, New Jersey, 07904, Attn: Laura Brandt, Esq.;
- (ii) Counsel to the Debtors: Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP, One Rodney Square, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, Attn: Mark S. Chehi, Esq. and Jason M. Liberi, Esq.; and Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, LLP, Four Times Square, New York, New York 10036, Attn: Mark A. McDermott, Esq. and Suzanne D.T. Lovett, Esq.;
- DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

- (iii) Counsel to the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors: Hahn & Hessen LLP, 488 Madison Avenue, 15th Floor, New York, New York 10022, Attn: Mark T. Power, Esq., and Janine M. Cerbone, Esq.; and Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A., One Rodney Square, 920 North King Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19801, Attn: Paul N. Heath, Esq., and Michael J. Merchant, Esq.;
- (iv) Counsel to the Official Committee of Syms Corp. Equity Security Holders: Munger, Tolles & Olson LLP, 355 South Grand Avenue, 35th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90071, Attn: Thomas B. Walper, Esq., Seth Goldman, Esq. and Bradley R. Schneider, Esq.; and Morris, Nichols, Arsht & Tunnell LLP, 1201 N. Market Street, P.O. Box 1347, Wilmington, Delaware 19899, Attn: Robert J. Dehney, Esq., Gregory W. Werkheiser, Esq., and Matthew B. Harvey, Esq.; and
- (v) The Office of the United States Trustee, J. Caleb Boggs Federal Bldg., 844 North King Street, Room 2207, Lockbox 35, Wilmington, DE 19801, Attn: David Klauder, Esq.

IV. GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE DEBTORS

A. Business Overview

1. Syms

Syms was founded in 1959. The company and the number of its retail stores grew over the years until, as of the Petition Date, it operated twenty off-price retail stores under the Syms brand name and five co-branded stores with Filene's. As of the Petition Date, Syms employed approximately 910 employees. Syms stores were located throughout the Northeast, Middle Atlantic, Midwest, Southwest and Southeast regions of the United States. Seventeen of the Syms stores operated in properties owned by Syms, and the other six Syms stores operated in properties that Syms leased from third _party landlords. Syms owns its corporate headquarters facility in Secaucus, New Jersey, which also housed a distribution/warehouse facility until it was closed in December 2011. A list of the owned properties is attached to this Disclosure Statement as Exhibit C (the "Syms Owned Real Estate"). Syms is also a lessee under four separate ground leases underlying some of its owned properties.

Prior to the Petition Date, the Syms stores were known primarily for their men's tailored clothing, although they offered a broad range of first quality, in-season merchandise, bearing nationally recognized designer or brand-name labels, as well as shoes and accessories, for men, women and children at prices substantially lower than those generally found in department and specialty stores. Syms stores had as their tagline "An Educated Consumer Is Our Best Customer," one of the best known and longest lasting taglines in retail. In addition-to operating its retail stores, Syms currently operates as a commercial landlord, managing tenants under 25 leases in its properties located in Florida, Georgia, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Michigan.

2. Filene's

On June 18, 2009, a subsidiary of Syms — SYL, LLC — bought a substantial part of the operating assets of Filene's Basement. Inc. after the latter had declared bankruptcy. These assets included real property leases, inventory, equipment and other assets. After SYL, LLC bought these assets, it changed its

name to Filene's Basement, LLC. Filene's Basement, LLC is one of the Debtors in these Chapter 11 cases. As of the Petition Date, Filene's owned and operated twenty-one Filene's stores, including the Broadway location, and employed approximately 1,500 employees. The stores were located throughout the Northeast, Middle Atlantic, Midwest and Southeast regions of the United States. All of the Filene's premises were leased. Filene's also leased and operated a 457,000 square foot distribution facility in Auburn, Massachusetts (the "Auburn Warehouse") and an off -site storage location in Landover, Maryland.

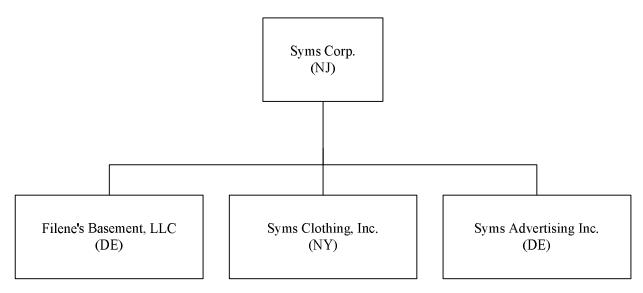
Like Syms stores, the Filene's stores offered a broad range of first quality, in-season merchandise bearing nationally recognized designer or brand-name labels at discounted prices for men, women and children. The Filene's stores were known for their selection of women's ready-to-wear clothing. Some of the Filene's stores also carried a selection of fine jewelry. The Filene's stores were known for their tagline "Where Bargains Were Born," which demonstrates the brand's long-standing position as an original off-price store. The Filene's stores were also known for their "Running of the Brides" meeting events, which focused on bridal gowns and related apparel and were unique to Filene's.

3. Post-2009 Acquisition

Following Syms' 2009 acquisition of Filene's, Syms and Filene's shared common merchandising personnel and purchase departments. The common merchandisers purchased the same merchandise for both Syms and Filene's stores from common vendors. Syms and Filene's consolidated their distribution center functions, which involved a shift of most merchandise processing to the Auburn Warehouse. The merchandise was processed and distributed in the Auburn Warehouse, where it was received from manufacturers, inspected, and recorded as Filene's inventory. The Syms and Filene's merchandise was then allocated and shipped in different quantities to stores pursuant to the Debtors' allocation plan.

B. Prepetition Corporate and Capital Structure

As noted above, there are four Debtors in these cases. The Debtors' corporate organization chart is below.



Syms remains a publicly-held New Jersey corporation. Prior to the Petition Date, Syms' common stock was listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market under the symbol "SYMS." As of the Petition Date,

approximately 14.5 million shares of Syms' common stock were outstanding. Since the Petition Date, the price of Syms' common stock has ranged between \$7.726.46 and \$12.80 per share. Ms. Marcy Syms, the Chair of Syms and its majority shareholder, exercises voting control over approximately 54.7% of the Syms common stock.

Prior to the Petition Date, Syms and Filene's were joint borrowers under a secured \$75 million revolving credit facility pursuant to a credit agreement, dated as of August 27, 2009 (as amended) with Bank of America, N.A. ("BoA") as administrative and collateral agent (the "Credit Agreement"). Syms' and Filene's obligations under the eCredit aAgreement were secured by liens on their respective inventory and other personal property and two parcels of Syms' Owned Real PropertyEstate located in Paramus, New Jersey and Secaucus, New Jersey. At the time of the chapter 11 filings, the Debtors owed approximately \$31.3 million to Bank of America under the Credit Agreement, which included amounts owing for letters of credit. As described below, all amounts owed to Bank of America have been paid in full from the proceeds of the Debtors' store liquidation sales.

C. Events Leading to the Chapter 11 Cases

The Debtors experienced significant operational losses prior to the Petition Date. For instance, for the fiscal year ended February 26, 2011, the Debtors' combined losses before income taxes as reported in Syms' Form 10-K was \$51.7 million. For the three months endeding October 29, 2011, the Debtors had combined losses of \$65.95 million as reported in the Company's Syms' Form 10-Q for the third quarter.

The Debtors' poor economic condition was attributable to numerous factors. The prolonged recession led to a lack of consumer confidence. Consumers' disposable income had been reduced and, as a result, <u>consumers</u> were buying less often and buying fewer items, including the type of merchandise sold in Syms and Filene's stores. Moreover, many of the Filene's customers who were lost as a result of the Filene's Basement, Inc. bankruptcy filing did not return to shop at Filene's after the acquisition. Furthermore, the retail apparel business is highly competitive. Syms and Filene's stores faced increasing competition from discount stores, specialty apparel stores, department stores, manufacturer-owned factory outlet stores and other retail outlets, many of which are units of large national or regional chains that have substantially greater resources and buying power than the Debtors. The Debtors also faced increasing competition from e-commerce sites.

Additionally, the Debtors did not obtain the economic benefits they had expected from the acquisition of the Filene's Basement. Inc.'s assets in June 2009. When the Filene's Basement. Inc. assets were acquired, Syms hoped to achieve significant synergies and cost savings, so that each of Syms and Filene's could grow and be profitable. In particular, Syms wanted to spread corporate overhead over a larger store base while maintaining the separate identity – and longstanding history – of each of the companies and their respective stores, brand names and customer bases. The benefits of the acquisition did not materialize to the degree expected.

In light of the foregoing, in March 2011, the Debtors retained both Rothschild Inc. ("Rothschild") and Alvarez & Marsal Private Equity Performance Improvement, LLC ("A&M"). Rothschild was retained to initiate a process of identifying and evaluating strategic alternatives. A&M was retained to assist the Debtors with working capital and liquidity management, provide additional expertise to the Debtors in developing and implementing performance-enhancing initiatives, and, if and as appropriate, depending on the scope of the strategic alternatives process, provide due diligence support to the Debtors when third parties indicated interest as part of the strategic alternatives process. A&M instituted inventory planning and allocation practices, eliminated non-performing categories of inventory, negotiated with sources of credit to establish more attractive credit lines, and recommended that certain of the Debtors' underperforming stores be closed.

Rothschild, at the direction of the Board of <u>Directors of Syms</u>, contacted numerous strategic, financial, and real estate buyers to gauge their interest in pursuing one or more transactions with the Debtors. The Debtors placed no restrictions on the types of proposals or transactions that they would consider. The process was exceptionally comprehensive and spanned six months, from May through October 2011. In July 2011, the Debtors also hired Cushman & Wakefield Securities, Inc. and Cushman & Wakefield, Inc. (together, "<u>Cushman</u>"), nationally known real estate firms, to assist the Debtors in evaluating options with respect to the Syms Owned Real Estate. Although the Debtors received indications of interest from various strategic, financial, real estate and liquidation firms, the Debtors ultimately determined with the assistance of their advisors that such indications were unacceptable and did not constitute viable bids for an out-of-court, going concern transaction.

Given the Debtors' decreased liquidity, reduced access to trade terms, and inability to replenish inventory on a timely basis or at the level required to sustain their operations, and in light of their ongoing business losses and the deterioration of the Syms and Filene's retail operations and the lack of any viable, strategic transaction alternatives, the Debtors concluded that they were unable to reorganize their operations on a stand-alone basis, and that their only viable option for maximizing stakeholder value was an orderly wind-down of their retail operations, followed by dispositions of the Syms Owned Real Estate. Accordingly, on November 2, 2011, the Debtors commenced their Chapter 11 cases and sought to immediately conduct store closing sales at all their retail locations.

V. THE CHAPTER 11 CASES

A. General

On the Petition Date, the Debtors filed various motions with the Bankruptcy Court requesting permission to continue operating various aspects of their business as the Debtors wound down their retail operations. The Debtors were granted authority to continue honoring their obligations to their employees and customers; to continue paying their tax obligations in the ordinary course; and to continue operating their existing cash management system in the ordinary course. The Debtors are represented in the Chapter 11 cases by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP and Young Conaway Stargatt & Taylor, LLP as legal counsel. The Debtors also have retained A&M, Cushman and Rothschild to assist them in these Chapter 11 cases.

The Office of the United States Trustee thereafter appointed two statutory committees in these Chapter 11 cases (together, the "Committees"): an Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "the Creditors' Committee"), charged with a fiduciary duty to represent the interests of all the Debtors' creditors, and an Official Committee of Syms Corp. Equity Security Holders (the "Equity Committee")the Equity Committee, charged with a fiduciary duty to represent the interests of all Syms shareholders. The members of the Creditors' Committee are (i) PVH Corp., (ii) Rabina Properties, LLC, (iii) Rosenthal & Rosenthal, Inc., and (iv) Vornado Realty Trust; the members of the Equity Committee are (i) DS Fund I, LLC, (ii) Esopus Creek Value Series Fund LP – Series "L", (iii) Franklin Value Investors Trust, Franklin Balance Sheet Investment Fund, (iv) Kahn Brothers Group, Inc., and (v) Marcato Capital Management, LLC.

Each of the Committees has retained restructuring advisors to assist them in these Chapter 11 cases. In particular, the Creditors' Committee has retained legal counsel, a financial advisor, and a real estate advisor as follows: (i) Hahn & Hessen LLP, (ii) Richards, Layton & Finger, P.A., (iii) Loughlin Management Partners & Company, Inc., and (iv) Abacus Advisors Group LLC. As of the date hereof, the The Equity Committee has retained its own set of such professionals: (i) Munger, Tolles & Olson LLP, (ii) Morris, Nichols, Arsht & Tunnell LLP, (iii) PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, (iv) Houlihan Lokey Capital, Inc., and (v) Retail Consulting Services, Inc., d/b/a RCS Real Estate Advisors.

B. Significant Events During the Chapter 11 Cases

1. Store Closing Sales

Immediately upon filing their Chapter 11 petitions, the Debtors sought Bankruptcy Court approval to conduct going-out-of-business sales with the assistance of a liquidation agent. On November 16, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order that authorized the Debtors to enter into an agency agreement with a joint venture between Gordon Brothers Retail Partners, LLC and Hilco Merchant Resources, LLC as liquidation agent to commence the store closing sales at the Debtors' then remaining thirty-nine store locations. The Bankruptcy Court further authorized the Debtors to assume an agency agreement that they had entered into prior to filing the Chapter 11 cases with respect to five Filene's retail locations and to continue store closing sales that had been commenced at those locations.

The commencement of these Chapter 11 cases and the store closing sales were timed to coincide with the holiday shopping season so that the Debtors could have the benefit of, among other things, the "Black Friday" shopping weekend after the Thanksgiving holiday. The Debtors sold virtually all their inventory and much of their furniture, fixtures and equipment during the store closing process. The sales concluded across their various locations in the last days of December 2011. As of December 31, 2011, the Debtors had ceased retail operations at all of their stores and vacated all their leased retail store and distribution center locations.

Pursuant to the agency agreement with the liquidators, the Debtors received an initial, guaranteed payment of approximately \$44.25 million. The Debtors used \$33.2 million from this payment to pay in full all amounts accrued and owed to the Debtors' secured lender, Bank of America. Upon conclusion of the store closing process, the Debtors and the liquidators audited and reconciled the results of the store closing sales. The Debtors received additional payments in accordance with the agency agreement of \$8.8 million. Thus, the total amount that the Debtors received under the agency agreement in connection with their store closing sales totaled \$53.1 million.

2. Real Estate Matters

As of the Petition Date, the Debtors were lessees under twenty-four commercial real estate leases. The Debtors, with the assistance of the Committees, developed a process for marketing those leases in an effort to sell them or to terminate one or more of them with the agreement of their landlords in order to minimize costs and claims under such leases. On December 16, 2011, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order that approved the Debtors' proposed procedures for the disposition of their leases. Hilco Real Estate, LLC was retained to assist the Debtors, and conducted an extensive lease marketing process.

The Debtors ultimately obtained limited interest in their leases. For example, and ultimately Syms negotiated the sale of only one of its leases, for the store located at 2220 Broadway, New York, NY. The lease was sold to DSW Inc. ("DSW") for approximately \$495,000. As part of the lease transfer, Syms agreed to grant DSW an allowed administrative claim of \$1.6 million as a tenant improvement allowance. The Debtors otherwise negotiated consensual terminations of three of their leases with their respective landlords. With the exception of their long-term ground leases, the Debtors rejected all of their remaining leases and vacated such leased premises as of December 31, 2011.

Under the Bankruptcy Code, when a debtor rejects a real estate lease, the rejection is considered a breach that gives rise to a claim for breach by the landlord against the debtor. However, the Bankruptcy Code imposes certain caps on the maximum amount of breach claims that a landlord may assert. Filene's estimates that lease rejection claims against it total approximately \$51.4 million. Syms estimates that lease

rejection claims against it total approximately \$4.6 million. However, Syms provided full and partial guarantees to certain of Filene's landlords; the claims against Syms on account of such guarantees are estimated at approximately \$14.6 million. The Debtors, with the significant pre-petition assistance of Cushman and later, the Equity Committee, negotiated a consensual termination of the Syms' lease of its store located at 530 Fifth Avenue in New York City. That agreement avoided a potential rejection claim against Syms of approximately \$8.4 million, and also resulted in a resulted in the return of over \$2.3 million that would have been paid to the landlord to terminate the lease, as well as an additional payment to Syms by the landlord of approximately \$400,000.

As of May 8, 2012, the Debtors had moved to assume all four of their long-term ground leases, and on May 24, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court entered orders authorizing the assumption of two of the Debtors' ground leases for properties located in Elmsford, New York. The Debtors currently are engaged in negotiations regarding certain amounts that allegedly must be paid before the ground lease for their Secaucus, New Jersey property can be assumed. The Debtors also have been engaged in negotiations and litigation regarding various issues relating to the ground lease for their Fairfield, Connecticut property. As of the date hereof, the Debtors have not received Court approval to assume the ground leases for their Secaucus, New Jersey and Fairfield, Connecticut properties.

As described herein, Cushman and Rothschild have worked together on the Debtors' behalf to consider various alternatives for maximizing the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate. To that end, Cushman commenced a comprehensive, nationwide process to identify one or more buyers and/or tenants of one or more parcels of the Syms Owned Real Estate. Cushman and Rothschild have also considered various options for financing one or more parcels of the Syms Owned Real Estate. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors have received several expressions of interest in various parcels, and obtained Bankruptcy Court approval to enter into a lease of Syms' Southfield, Michigan location.

3. Intellectual Property Matters

As of the Petition Date, Filene's owned certain intellectual property assets consisting of, among other things, (i) all of the Debtors' worldwide trademarks, including more than forty (40) registered United States trademarks as well as foreign and state registered marks; (ii) seventy (70) internet domain names including www.syms.com and www.filenesbasement.com; (iii) a perpetual, royalty-free license agreement with Macy's for the Filene's Basement trademark; and (iv) all of the Debtors' customer information databases, which primarily consists of close to two million names, addresses and/or email addresses of customers who joined one of the Debtors' two customer loyalty programs, the *Syms Educated Consumer* program and the *Filene's Basement Fan Club* (collectively, the "IP Assets"). In addition to the retail name marks, the Syms-related IP Assets include, among others, house brands such as *Stanley Blacker* and *Maine Bay*. The Filene's IP Assets include, among others, trademarks and intellectual property related to their well-known *Running of the Brides* event.

The Debtors retained Hilco IP Services LLC d/b/a Hilco Streambank as their intellectual property disposition consultant to market the IP Assets. In consultation with the Committees and with the assistance of their professionals, the Debtors also proposed a set of procedures for the auction and sale of the IP Assets and requested the appointment of a consumer privacy ombudsman to ensure the protection of any consumer-related personally identifiable information included amongst the IP Assets. On April 9, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving the Bidding procedures. On April 10, 2012, the Office of the United States Trustee appointed Todd B. Ruback as the consumer privacy ombudsman. As of the date hereof, the Debtors have received several expressions of interest in the IP Assets, but have not yet entered into a definitive sale agreement.

4. Employee-Related Matters

As noted above, at the inception of these Chapter 11 cases, the Debtors obtained Bankruptcy Court authority to honor certain of their obligations to their employees in the ordinary course of business, including salaries, wages, and related benefits. Upon conclusion of the store closing sales in December, 2011, all store-level employees were terminated. The Debtors continue to employ a small group of corporate employees who are assisting the Debtors in the wind-down of their operations.

As a result of these employee terminations and the Debtors' cessation of their retail operations, the Debtors incurred significant obligations to their former employees that the Debtors unfortunately could not honor in the ordinary course due to restrictions imposed by the Bankruptcy Code. In particular, Syms is obligated on approximately \$2.4 million in severance obligations to its former employees, and Filene's is obligated on approximately \$2.5 million in such obligations to its former employees. A union representing certain of the Debtors' employees asserted that the Debtors owe an additional \$1.3 million in post-petition severance claims under the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act ("WARN"). The union filed an unfair labor practice charge against the Debtors in connection with this matter. The charge was dismissed, but is currently pending on and a subsequent appeal before of the dismissal was denied by the National Labor Relations Board. The Debtors dispute the union's claims.

Finally, Syms has certain obligations in connection with various pension plans. In particular, Syms has underfunded pension liabilities of approximately \$2.3 million, and it further has received demands for approximately \$6.57.0 million on account of its withdrawal from two of its multi-employer pension plans. These pension-related obligations and the severance obligations summarized above largely-constitute general unsecured claims against the-DebtorsSyms-that-will-be-paid-in-accordance-with-the-Plan. Certain portions of the severance obligations and related obligations to the Debtors' former employees will constitute administrative claims or priority claims that will be paid in accordance with the Plan. A small portion of the withdrawal liability asserted with respect to the multi-employer pension plans will constitute an administrative claim that will be paid in accordance with the Plan. The claim for the asserted WARN violation would, if allowed, constitute a post-petition, administrative priority-claim-and-would-be-entitled-to-be-paid-in-full-under-the-Plan.

VI. OVERVIEW OF CLAIMS, ASSETS, <u>PLAN SETTLEMENT</u> AND <u>THE REORGANIZED</u> <u>SYMS'</u> BUSINESS PLAN <u>FOR ITS OWNED REAL ESTATE</u>

A. Overview of Claims and Assets

On December 22, 2011, each of the Debtors filed with the Bankruptcy Court separate schedules of assets and liabilities and statements of financial affairs as required by the Bankruptcy Code. Only two of the Debtors – Syms and Filene's – listed assets and liabilities. The other two Debtors, Advertising and Clothing, are mere shell entities with no assets or liabilities. The schedules and statements for each of Syms and Filene's were prepared based on their books and records and therefore do not necessarily reflect the actual values of their assets or the amounts of claims that ultimately will be allowed in these Chapter 11 cases.

On January 18, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order establishing March 1, 2012 as the bar date for creditors to file their claims with the Bankruptcy Court. The order also established May 4, 2012 as the bar date for governmental units to file their claims with the Bankruptcy Court. As of the bar dates, approximately 1,352 claims were filed against Syms in the total liquidated aggregate asserted amount of approximately \$117.5 million, and approximately \$1,409 claims were filed against Filene's in the total liquidated aggregate asserted amount of approximately \$116 million. The Debtors are in the process of

reviewing and reconciling claims, have filed several objections to numerous claims, and anticipate filing additional objections over the course of the next several months.

The total amount of claims asserted to date is in excess of the amounts that the Debtors believe ultimately will be allowed. In the experience of the Debtors' restructuring advisors, claims filed by creditors typically vastly exceed the amounts reflected on a debtor's books and records and the amounts which eventually are allowed and paid. As noted in the "Overview of the Plan" section of this Disclosure Statement above, the Debtors believe that total general unsecured claims against Syms are roughly \$62.358.4 million including convenience class claims, and that total general unsecured claims against Filene's are roughly \$47.3 million42.7 million, including convenience class claims and excluding any intercompany claims.

The general unsecured claims which Syms estimates it is liable for can be broken down into three main groups. First, general unsecured claims against Syms include trade claims against it of approximately \$16.117.6 million and claims of Filene's trade creditors that Syms has guaranteed in the approximate amount of \$3.83.9 million. Second, as noted above, Syms estimates that it has total exposure to landlords on account of rejection of Syms leases and rejection of Filene's leases that Syms has guaranteed, in whole or in part, in the amount of approximately \$20.720.3 million. Third, Syms estimates that it has total under-funded liability and withdrawal liability with respect to its pension plans of approximately \$14.414.3 million, plus unpaid severance obligations to its employees in the total amount of approximately \$2.42.3 million. Additionally, Syms created a disputed claims reserve of \$5.04.4 million as a contingency.

In the case of Filene's, general unsecured claims also can be broken down into three main groups. First, Filene's estimates that it has total trade claims (*i.e.*, "short-term claims") against it of approximately \$3.03.5 million. Second, as noted above, Filene's estimates that it has total exposure to landlords on account of rejection of unguaranteed Filene's leases (*i.e.*, "long-term claims") in the amount of approximately \$36.8 million. Filene's exposure on rejected lease claims is far greater than Syms' exposure because Filene's leased all its locations, whereas Syms leased only a few of its locations. Third, Filene²'s estimates that it has unpaid severance obligations to its employees in the total amount of approximately \$2.52.4 million. Filene²'s also created a disputed claims reserve of \$5.04.4 million as a contingency.

As noted above, Syms' primary assets include cash from the store liquidation sales and the Syms Owned Real Estate. Filene's primary assets include cash from the store liquidation sales and various intellectual property assets the IP Assets, including the Syms trade marktrademark. Both Debtors also retain the right to bring certain lawsuits against third parties, which could result in settlements of judgments in favor of the Debtors. Syms currently is holding approximately \$5.51.3 million in cash, and Filene's currently is holding approximately \$8.66.9 million in cash. These amounts are net of the amount that Syms and Filene's paid in November 2011 to Bank of America in satisfaction of their obligations under their prepetition secured credit facility. These amounts also reflect cash balances held by each entity at the inception of the Chapter 11 cases and other cash amounts and reserves, net of post-petition operating expenses.

As noted above, the Syms Owned Real Estate includes 17 parcels of commercial real estate located throughout the United States, certain of which Syms leases to third <u>party</u> commercial tenants, as well as a residential condominium in Secaucus, New Jersey. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u> is a chart that summarizes basic information about each parcel of Syms Owned Real Estate, including its location, size, and, where applicable, certain tenant information. Syms, with the assistance of Cushman, has estimated

In certain instances, Syms is a tenant under a long-term ground lease for certain of the Syms Owned Real Estate, rather than an owner of the fee interest in the property.

DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

that the aggregate net realizable value of the Syms Owned Real Estate from a commercially reasonable disposition process is approximately \$\frac{149.5147}{2}\$ million.

B. Overview of Syms Business Plan

1. Disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate

As described above, prior to the Petition Date, Syms had begun considering different alternatives with respect to the Syms Owned Real Estate. In particular, Syms, with the assistance of Rothschild, attempted to find one or more transaction partners with respect to both its retail and real estate assets, as well as considered other possible alternatives for the Syms Owned Real Estate other than a liquidation.

Syms' efforts to consider various alternatives for the Syms Owned Real Estate continued post-petition with the assistance of Cushman and Rothschild and with the input of the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee and their advisors. This included consideration of the possibility of reorganizing as a real estate holding company that, in either case, would hold, manage, and lease the Syms Owned Real Estate on a long term basis for the benefit of Syms shareholders or, alternatively, reorganizing as a real estate investment trust.

There were many factors that Syms considered as part of this evaluative process. For instance, the Debtors have significant net operating loss tax assets ("NOLs") of approximately \$101.1 million that could be of value in certain reorganization scenarios. However, the value of the NOLs could be significantly limited in certain other reorganization scenarios. Moreover, while it is possible that the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate could appreciate in value if held and managed long-term, there are carrying costs to do so, as well as execution and other risks, including the risk that values will not increase as anticipated; that the costs of developing the real estate and locating tenants, which are significant, could be greater than anticipated; and that hoped for rent and income levels would not be achieved.

The Debtors also considered the fact that many of the parcels of Syms Owned Real Estate are located in disparate locations; that efforts to reorganize around a core group of such parcels arguably could be focused only on those parcels located in and around the New York City metropolitan area; and that the Syms Owned Real Estate collectively is comprised of relatively few locations as to which Syms may not be able to achieve operational efficiencies and synergies in managing them. Based upon all the foregoing considerations, the Debtors ultimately determined, with the assistance of Cushman and Rothschild, that the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate will be maximized by selling the entire portfolio over time, in a non-distressed, commercially reasonable manner.

In particular, Syms anticipates selling the parcels either "as is," i.e., vacant in certain cases, or after they have been leased to one or more commercial tenants and related improvements have been made, with the determination of which alternative to pursue being made on a parcel by parcel basis based on Reorganized Syms' business judgment. Syms anticipates that the disposition process could take up to four years. Projections of estimated carrying costs and related budgets for maintaining the properties and disposing of them are attached to this Disclosure Statement as Exhibit F.

As part of Syms' business determination, and in order to fund certain costs of holding the Syms Owned Real Estate post-confirmation and to make payments to administrative claimants and other creditors under the Plan, Syms may procure financing ("Exit Financing") in the form of an exit facility, the terms of which will be set forth in the Plan Supplement.

B. 2. Resolution of Intercompany Matters

As noted above, Syms' separate assets, listed on its books and records, including the Syms Owned Real Estate, are sufficient to pay all its creditors, including Filene's creditors that Syms guaranteed, in full while affording a dividend to its shareholders. There is has been a dispute, however, between Syms and the Equity Committee, on the one hand, and the Creditors' Committee, on the other hand, regarding whether Filene's creditors also should be paid in full. In particular, while the Filene's estate currently has limited liquid assets available for its unsecured creditors, the Creditors' Committee has asserted that (i) Filene's has significant claims against Syms that, once liquidated and paid from the proceeds of the disposition of Syms-Owned Real Estate, will allow Filene's creditors, as well as Syms' creditors, to be paid in full, and (ii) aside from such claims, Filene's bankruptcy estate should be substantively consolidated with the Syms bankruptcy estate, the result of which would be that Filene's creditors would share in the proceeds of the disposition of Syms' Owned Real Estate. Each of these two theories is described in greater detail below. However, if one were to assume that the Creditors' Committee did not prevail on either of its two theories, and further assuming that the Syms Owned Real Estate ultimately is disposed of for approximately \$149.5 million and total claims are as estimated in this Disclosure Statement, then the Debtors estimate that Filene's creditors would receive approximately ___ cents on the dollar, and that Syms shareholders would receive approximately \$__ per share. If, however, the Creditors' Committee were to prevail on one or both of its theories, then, based on the foregoing assumptions, then Filene's creditors would be paid in full, and full.

1. — a. — Asserted Intercompany Claims

The Creditors' Committee has raised fourthree main issues respecting intercompany claims. The first relates to the secured claim of the Debtors' pre-petition lender, Bank of America, N.ABoA. As of the petition date, Bank of America Petition Date, BoA was owed approximately \$33.2 million. As noted above, this amount was paid in full from proceeds of the store closing sales. The issue between Syms and the Equity Committee, on the one hand, and the Creditors' Committee, on the other hand, is whether this amount secured debt should be deemed repaid solely by Syms, or proportionally by both Syms and Filene's based on their allocable share of the store liquidation proceeds. The Creditors' Committee has asserted that since the liability to Bank of America acknowledges that Syms and Filene's were joint obligors on the BoA debt under the terms of the Credit Agreement. However, the Creditors' Committee points out that the liability to BoA was carried exclusively on Syms' internal books and records prior to the Petition Date, and BoA advanced all funds under the credit facility to Syms. Syms would then advance some of the funds received from BoA to Filene's and record the advance in the intercompany account between Syms and Filene's. All funding to Filene's was booked as an intercompany advance. Filene's balance sheet shows that it owes no secured debt. The Creditors' Committee's position has been and is that based on the accounting records and their course of conduct, as between Syms and Filene's, Syms borrowed the entire amount owed to BoA and then either lent on an unsecured basis or invested as capital into Filene's its share of the proceeds of the BoA debt. Further, pursuant to the terms of the BoA Credit Agreement, Syms waived its right to step into BoA's shoes to seek reimbursement or contribution from Filene's while Filene's is insolvent. Under the circumstances, the Creditors' Committee advocates that Syms should bear the entire burden of the debt. Thus, Filene's has a post-petition date, then repayment of Bank of America's claim should have been made solely out of Syms's claim against Syms for its share of the store liquidation disposition proceeds used to pay off the BoA debt. This position, if adopted, would result in Filene's having another approximately \$15 million in store disposition proceeds available for Filene's general unsecured creditors, thereby significantly enhancing their recovery. The Creditors' Committee further argues that even if it were unsuccessful if it litigated this theory, the Debtors nonetheless treated Filene's unfairly by allocating the entire BoA debt based on the value of Syms' and Filene's inventory, rather

than taking into account the Syms Owned Real Estate that was also collateral for and used in the borrowing base for Syms' secured debt.

Syms and the Equity Committee, on the other hand, dispute this contention. They have taken the position that since both Syms and Filene's were joint obligors on the Bank of AmericaBoA debt, each of Syms and Filene's is responsible for its allocable share of the total debt, with such allocation determined based on each entity's share of the store liquidation proceeds. Syms and the Equity Committee believe this is consistent with the fact that the Bank of AmericaBoA loan was a revolving credit facility, and that the available borrowing base was a function of both Syms's and Filene's available inventory. Indeed, Syms and Filene's entered into the Bank of AmericaBoA facility for Filene's benefit at the time that Syms acquired the Filene's operating assets in 2009. Prior to that time, Syms had no need for a revolving facility from Bank of AmericaBoA.

Second, the Creditors' Committee asserts that Syms owes Filene's significant royalty payments on account of Filene's ownership of Syms's trademarks and tradenames. In support of its assertion, the Creditors' Committee has pointed to a license agreement between the two entities, originally entered into in 1986, that contemplated Syms' payment of a royalty fee equal to a percentage of net merchandise sales. The license agreement provides that it continues in perpetuity until terminated on 270 days prior written notice. The Creditors' Committee has seen no evidence that the license agreement was properly terminated nor that Syms ever made the required payments to Filene's dating back to 1986. Furthermore, because SYL, Inc. was at all times under the dominion and control of Syms, the Creditors' Committee contends that the applicable statute of limitations will be tolled under the adverse domination doctrine, and Syms will be liable to Filene's for the full amount owed for the entire 26-year period of delinquency. The Creditors' Committee's theory is grounded in breach of contract and argues that the unambiguous terms of the license agreement speak for themselves and preclude the Debtors from introducing any external evidence to the contrary. If the parties wanted to terminate the license agreement, they should have done so in accordance with its terms, which they failed to do. Based on this assertion, the Creditors' Committee believes that Syms owes Filene's approximately \$287.1 million in royalties under the license agreement, of which at least \$\frac{1115.5}{15.5}\$ million for is attributable to the period since Syms acquired Filene's in 2009, 2009, although it is only seeking a recovery in an amount sufficient to satisfy Filene's creditors in full.

Syms and the Equity Committee dispute these contentions. The entity that is currently named "Filene's" previously was known as SYL, Inc. That entity was formed in 1986 in connection with certain tax planning strategies that Syms was undertaking at the time. In particular, SYL, Inc. was formed as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Syms with a single purpose: to hold the Syms trademarks and trade names. SYL, Inc. and Syms simultaneously entered into the license agreement, the purpose of which was to afford various tax benefits. This arrangement remained in place until December 2003. It was discontinued at that time, however, as a result of challenges brought by various state taxing authorities, not only against Syms but also against numerous other companies that had implemented such intercompany arrangements.

AccordinglySyms and the Equity Committee assert that, since FYE-2003, Syms and SYL, Inc. have not observed any aspect of this arrangement: no royalties were paid, and no tax benefits were realized. SYL, Inc. converted to SYL, LLC on December 15, 2003, by filing a certificate of conversion and a certificate of formation with the Delaware Secretary of State. The Debtors and the Equity Committee believe that SYL, Inc., and subsequently SYL, LLC, had no assets or operations other than this intellectual property until June 2009, when SYL, Inc. LLC was utilized as the vehicle for acquiring the Filene's Basement operating assets. At that time, SYL, Inc. wasLLC converted Filene's Basement, Inc. to a limited liability company and was renamed it Filene's Basement, LLC. While the intellectual property was left in Filene's, Filenes Filene's did not use it; no royalties were paid; and no tax benefits were realized by Syms.

Based upon the foregoing, Syms and the Equity Committee dispute the Creditors' Committee's assertions that Syms became obligated, beginning in June 2009 when it acquired Filene's, to start paying royalties to Filene's, and that Filene's bankruptcy estate has a claim against Syms for unpaid royalties. Because the arrangement between Syms and Filene's was discontinued almost six years before Filene's was acquired, in the view of Syms and the Equity Committee, the Creditors' Committee cannot now credibly create a claim for millions of dollars in asserted, unpaid royalties.

Third, the Creditors' Committee asserts that certain claims that Syms has against Filene's should be equitably subordinated or recharacterized as equity. If the Creditors' Committee were to succeed in these assertions, then remaining Filene's creditors would be entitled to a proportionally greater recovery. The Creditors' Committee's assertions relate to a \$33 million prepetition, general unsecured, intercompany claim that Syms has <u>asserted</u> against Filene's, plus subrogation claims of approximately \$18.4 million that Syms would be entitled to assert under guarantees of certain Filene's trade claims and leases. The Creditors' Committee asserts that because there is no contemporaneous evidence that Syms intended to make an <u>arms-length</u>, third-party loan to Filene's at the time of each advance; because Syms and Filene's never documented these matters as loans or claims; because Filene's did not make payments on them; and because no interest was charged; because Filene's had limited ability to repay them; and because the intercompany obligations had no attributes of a debt obligation, then these amounts should be deemed capital contributions rather than loans.

Syms and the Equity Committee, on the other hand, assert that Syms afforded significant financial support to Filene's for which Syms should be given appropriate credit. This support allowed Filene's to operate and pay its creditors for much of the time that it was owned by Syms. This support, accordingly, benefited Filene's and its creditors. Indeed, the amount of the \$33 million pre-petition intercompany claim is roughly equivalent to the amount of Filene's cumulative losses based on the books and records maintained by Syms during the period of time that Syms owned it. At a minimum, therefore, it is only equitable that this claim be available to offset whatever other claims the Creditors' Committee asserts.

Finally, the Creditors' Committee has asserted that Syms owes Filene's various other amounts, totaling approximately \$7.4 million, on account of a tax refund, a portion of which should have been paid to Filene's; various distribution costs that Filene's paid that should have been allocated, in part, to Syms; and proceeds from sales of certain Syms and Filene's co-branded stores. Syms and the Equity Committee dispute certain of these contentions. The undisputed contentions are reflected in the estimated distributions to Filene's creditors summarized above.

The Creditors' Committee also argues various chapter 5 avoidance claims against Syms based upon certain avoidable pre-Petition Date transfers between Filene's and Syms pursuant to which Filene's did not receive reasonably equivalent value.

<u>b.</u>—Asserted Substantive Consolidation

In addition to, and as an alternative to, the foregoing, the Creditors' Committee has asserted, among other theories, that it believes that Syms and Filene's historically operated as a single entity; that the Debtors cannot meaningfully distinguish Syms creditors from Filene's creditors; that the two entities commingled their operations and assets; that all creditors effectively dealt with Syms and Filene's as a single entity; that intercompany claims and accounts between the Debtors should be ignored; and hence, that all creditors should be allowed to be paid from all assets of both Syms and Filene's, including the Syms Owned Real Estate. These assertions are based on a doctrine in bankruptcy known as "substantive consolidation" under which a bankruptcy court has the power to disregard the separate forms of affiliated legal entities; to pool the assets of, and claims against, the consolidated bankruptcy estates; to disregard any and all intercompany claims; and to satisfy all creditors' claims from the common fund.

There are no statutorily-prescribed standards for determining whether two legal entities operated as one or whether their bankruptcy estates should be substantively consolidated. Instead, the propriety of doing so must be determined on a case-by-case basis based on all the particularized facts and circumstances of the estates in question. The two, judicially-created standards for determining whether separate estates should be substantively consolidated are easily stated, but difficult to apply in practice: whether separate entities so disregarded their separateness that creditors relied on the breakdown of entity borders and treated them as one legal entity, or whether the entities' assets and liabilities are so hopelessly scrambled that separating them is prohibitive and hurts all stakeholders.

The Creditors' Committee arguably could make allegations about has asserted that several aspects of the Debtors' historic operations in support of its assertion belief that Syms and Filene's effectively operated as a single legal entity and hence, that all creditors should be paid in full, including that Syms hoped to achieve operational synergies when it acquired Filene's in 2009; that Syms and Filene's integrated certain of their operations in pursuit of such synergies; that certain aspects of the Debtors' merchandising, purchasing, warehousing, distribution and sales practices allegedly were integrated to the point where one could not differentiate the product lines and families of merchandise between Syms and Filene's; that Syms and Filene's had a single credit facility based on a common borrowing base and a common cash management system; and that the Debtors had co-branded stores and used both Syms' and Filene's logos on checks, purchase orders, corporate letterhead, promotional materials, and employee nameplates.

Syms and the Equity Committee, however, could make contrary allegations that support their viewbelieve that Syms and Filene's operated as distinct legal entities and that their estates, therefore, should not be substantively consolidated, including that. Syms and Filene's had separate stores, separate websites, and separate advertisements and promotions; that the Debtors' pre-petition revolving lender treated them as two separate entities by requiring both of them to become borrowers under the lending facility; that vendors invoiced Syms and Filene's separately based on their historic business dealings prior to the acquisition of Filene's assets, with such vendors being paid from accounts owned by Syms and Filene's, respectively; that many other Filene's vendors and landlords dealt with Syms and Filene's as separate entities, as evidenced by some Filene's vendors and landlords negotiating for Syms guarantees, whereas others negotiated that term away in favor of enhanced economics; and that the Debtors' unions viewed Syms and Filene's as separate employers by negotiating separate collective bargaining agreements to govern relationships with Syms' and Filene's separate pools of employees.

<u>c.</u> Proposed Settlement

Syms acknowledges that litigation over these matters likely would be very expensive and protracted, thereby delaying the Debtors' exit from Chapter 11 and reducing recoveries for Syms shareholders. Syms also acknowledges that the results of litigation over these matters is not free from doubt. Syms and the Equity Committee, on the one hand, and the Creditors' Committee, on the other hand, each have various factual and legal strengths and weaknesses to their various positions. Accordingly, in order to avoid the expense and delay of protracted litigation over these matters and avoid the risk to Syms shareholders of adverse judicial rulings that order the Syms and Filene's estates to be substantively consolidated or that otherwise could result in enhanced recoveries to Filene's creditors to the detriment of Syms shareholders, the Debtors propose a compromise and settlement as summarized in the Planfollows.

Under this proposed plan settlement, Syms creditors would be paid in full. Filene's general unsecured creditors, however, would be broken into two separate groups: Filene's General Unsecured (Short _Term) Creditors and Filene's General Unsecured (Long _Term) Creditors. As described above, the former group includes claims primarily for unpaid trade payables and employee severance claims in the estimated amount of approximately \$\frac{10.58.775}{20.58.775}\$ million, whereas the latter group includes non-guaranteed claims by Filene's landlords for lease rejection claims in the estimated amount of approximately

\$36.836.877 million. Under the proposed settlement, Syms would ensure that the former group is paid in full, whereas the latter group is paid [75] cents on the dollar.

The reason for this distinction is that holders of trade claims and employees for severance and related claims arguably may have stronger arguments that, from their perspective, Syms and Filene's appeared to have operated as a unitary enterprise and hence, that their bankruptcy estates should be substantively consolidated. Syms by no means believes this to be the case, but given the risks and costs of litigation, and given the relatively small amount of claims in this group in relation to the potential costs of such litigation, Syms concluded to simply pay such claims in full rather than dissipate value on litigation expense.

In Syms' view, however, which the Creditors' Committee disputes, the Filene's landlords in the latter group have a weaker legal position, not only in connection with the intercompany claims articulated by the Creditor's Committee noted above, but also in connection with their assertions that the Syms and Filene's estates should be substantively consolidated. In particular, in Syms' view, those landlords cannot as credibly assert that Syms and Filene's so disregarded their separateness that these landlords relied on the breakdown of entity borders and treated Syms and Filene's as one legal entity. To the contrary than the holders of trade claims and employees for severance and related claims. This is because, in Syms' view, each of those landlords is a sophisticated real estate enterprise who had contractual relationships in place with the Filene's business at the time it was acquired by Syms. Some of those landlords chose to keep those contractual arrangements in place unaltered, whereas others chose to negotiate guarantees from Syms or other enhanced economics in lieu of such guarantees. WhereasIn contrast, employees and certain trade vendors arguably may not have appreciated the distinction between the two entities after the acquisition, the landlords cannot as easily assert that they were misled or did not know the difference between the two.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Syms acknowledges the risks and significant expenses of litigation, including the potential delays occasioned by litigation. In light of these risks, Syms is prepared to ensure, though the Plan, that Filene's landlords will receive [75] cents on the dollar in full and final compromise of their claims.

Under section 1123(b)(3)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code and Rule 9019 of the Bankruptcy Rules, a settlement should be approved if it represents a reasonable compromise that is in the collective best interests of all constituencies in light of the risks of continued litigation. The settlement need not afford the best possible recovery to any particular constituency, but instead need only represent a recovery that falls within a reasonable range of litigation possibilities. The Debtors believe that the foregoing settlement, which does not allow either Syms shareholders or creditors of Filene's to receive all that they would like to receive, falls within a reasonable range of litigation outcomes and is in the collective best interest of all stakeholders in light of the costs, delay, and risks of litigation. Moreover, the proposed settlement terms and treatment of creditors (including Filene's creditors) facilitates plan feasibility through its implementation of deferred payments to creditors of Reorganized Syms.

C. Settlement With Local 1102 Retirement Trust, Filene's Local 1102 Union and Syms Local 1102 Union

Local 1102 Retirement Trust filed a Claim against Syms asserting priority status in the amount of \$6,408,848 on account of alleged multi-employer pension plan withdrawal liability arising under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Syms disputes the asserted Claim and its asserted priority status.

<u>Filene's Local 1102 Union represents former Filene's employees who were covered by the Filene's Local 1102 CBA.</u> Filene's Local 1102 Union filed certain Claims in the Chapter 11 cases.

Syms Local 1102 Union represents former Syms employees who were covered by the Syms Local 1102 CBA. Syms Local 1102 Union filed certain Claims in the Chapter 11 cases.

<u>The Debtors, Local 1102 Retirement Trust, Filene's Local 1102 Union and Syms Local 1102 Union have reached a global settlement of certain matters as follows:</u>

- 1. (a) On the Effective Date, Syms will pay to Local 1102 Retirement Trust the amount of \$203,232, representing one minimum funding payment due April 21, 2012, plus interest accruing at a rate of 3.25% per year from April 21, 2012.
- (b) On November 15, Syms will pay Local 1102 Retirement Trust \$406,464, representing (i) one minimum funding payment due July 1, 2012, plus interest accruing at a rate of 3.25% per year from July 1, 2012, and (ii) one minimum funding payment due November 1, 2012, plus interest accruing at a rate of 3.25% per year from November 1, 2012.
- (c) Syms will thereafter make quarterly payments to Local 1102 Retirement Trust in the amount of \$203,232, beginning February 1, 2013 and on the first of every third month thereafter, until Local 1102 Retirement Trust's entire \$6,408,848 claim is paid in full.
- <u>2.</u> Claims filed by Filene's Local 1102 Union and Syms Local 1102 Union will be administered and treated in accordance with the provisions of the Plan and Confirmation Order.
- 3. On the Effective Date, the Filene's Local 1102 CBA and the Syms Local 1102 CBA will be deemed voluntarily terminated by agreement of the Debtors, Filene's Local 1102 Union, Syms Local 1102 Union and Local 1102 Retirement Trust. The Debtors shall have no other or further obligations under the Filene's Local 1102 CBA and the Syms Local 1102 CBA; excluding, however, any Claims and obligations arising prior to the Effective Date and previously asserted by Filene's Local 1102 Union, Syms Local 1102 Union or their respective constituents.

D. Share Purchase Transaction/Rights Offering

As noted above, the Plan contemplates a transaction involving the Majority Shareholder. The Majority Shareholder owns 7,857,794 shares of Syms common stock that will be the subject of this transaction. Such shares represent approximately 54.7% of all outstanding shares of Syms common stock. Since early in these Chapter 11 cases, the Equity Committee has expressed a desire for the Majority Shareholder to give up control and for Reorganized Syms to pursue a plan to develop Syms Owned Real Estate. After significant discussions between the Equity Committee and the Majority Shareholder, and to resolve various differences between the parties and pave the way for a consensual restructuring, the Majority Shareholder agreed to sell the foregoing shares to reorganized Syms for \$2.49 per share, or \$19,565,907.06 in the aggregate. That agreement is memorialized in that certain Equity Commitment Agreement, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit H.

Syms will obtain a portion of the funds necessary to purchase the Majority Shareholder's shares by offering to sell to existing minority shareholders of Syms, who qualify as "accredited investors" under the securities laws, the right to purchase 10,040,160 new shares (the "Offered Shares") at \$2.49 per share, or \$25 million in the aggregate (the "Rights Offering"). To ensure that the Rights Offering will result in \$25 million of proceeds, certain members of the Equity Committee and their affiliates have agreed to purchase those new shares not subscribed for by other shareholders (the "Unsubscribed Shares"). This obligation is memorialized in the Equity Commitment Agreement. Accordingly, if the Plan is confirmed and the Equity Commitment Agreement is consummated, the Majority Shareholder will no longer have any ownership in Syms; all ownership in Syms will instead be in the hands of Syms existing, minority shareholders.

The Backstop Parties have been represented by counsel separate from the Equity Committee and abstained from decisions on the Equity Commitment Agreement and Rights Offering made by the Equity Committee. The legal fees of counsel to the Backstop Parties is to be paid by the Debtors under the Equity Commitment Agreement. No other fee or compensation of any kind is being paid to the Backstop Parties for the commitment to backstop the \$25 million Rights Offering. The Rights Offering permits Eligible Holders to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of both the initial offering of shares and to subscribe for up to their pro rata share of any Unsubscribed Shares.

The funds from the Rights Offering will be used, first, to pay certain administrative expenses, priority claims and other amounts necessary for Syms and Filene's to exit Chapter 11, with the balance allocated 60% to creditors and 40% to the Majority Shareholder, until the amount of \$10,725,641 has been paid in full to the Majority Shareholder, pursuant to the Share Purchase Transaction. Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims shall then be paid in full. Next, Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims shall be paid in full. Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims shall then be paid until 75% of such Claims are paid. Finally, the Majority Shareholder shall be paid in the aggregate amount of \$7,065,907, which amount represents the remaining payment due to the Majority Shareholder for the purchase of the Majority Shareholder's shares, less the reimbursement to the Estates related to the Split-Dollar Policy.

There are currently a total of 6,590,394 outstanding shares of Syms stock held by shareholders other than the Majority Shareholder, subject to the foregoing, representing approximately 45.6% of all outstanding shares. If the Plan is consummated, the total number of shares will increase to 16,650,554 shares. Existing shareholders therefore will be diluted to an approximate 39.6% ownership.

Three Backstop Parties have each agreed to subscribe for and purchase their respective pro rata share of the Offered Shares and all other remaining Unsubscribed Shares in accordance with the Equity Commitment Agreement. In particular, if any Eligible Holder (other than the other Backstop Parties) defaults on its obligation to remit payment for its allotted Unsubscribed Shares, the Backstop Parties are obligated to purchase those shares. If one of the Backstop Parties defaults on its obligation to remit payment for its shares, the other Backstop Parties have the right, but not the obligation, to purchase those shares. If a Backstop Party defaults, resulting in a deficiency of no more than \$3.0 million, and the other Backstop Parties do not purchase the extra shares, then the Majority Shareholder shall reduce the number of shares she will sell to Syms by the number of shares the defaulting Backstop Party did not purchase and shall instead purchase such shares. If the number of shares sold by the Majority Shareholder is reduced, Syms may reduce the number of shares it issues in the Rights Offering. Such a reduction would not affect earlier pro rata calculations. The Backstop Parties shall agree to put in escrow, in cash, their respective estimated pro rata share of the shares of Syms common stock offered to, but not purchased by, other Eligible Holders in the Rights Offering, in accordance with the Equity Commitment Agreement, no later than 2 business days prior to the Confirmation Hearing.

After any necessary adjustments have been made, Syms will purchase all of the shares of Syms common stock owned by the Majority Shareholder. Concurrently, Syms will issue new shares to the Eligible Holders and the Backstop Parties. After the completion of the Rights Offering, Syms will make necessary notice filings with the SEC and with the states where the Offered Shares were offered.

E. Overview of Reorganized Syms' Business Plan: Disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate

As described above, prior to the Petition Date, Syms had begun considering different alternatives with respect to the Syms Owned Real Estate. In particular, Syms, with the assistance of Rothschild,

attempted to find one or more transaction partners with respect to both its retail and real estate assets, as well as considered other possible alternatives for the Syms Owned Real Estate other than liquidation.

Syms' efforts to consider various alternatives for the Syms Owned Real Estate continued post-petition with the assistance of Cushman and Rothschild and with the input of the Creditors' Committee, the Equity Committee and their respective advisors. This included consideration of the possibility of either reorganizing as a real estate holding company that would hold, manage, and lease the Syms Owned Real Estate on a long term basis for the benefit of Syms shareholders or, alternatively, reorganizing as a real estate investment trust.

There were many factors that Syms considered as part of this evaluative process. For instance, the Debtors have significant net operating loss tax assets ("NOLs") of approximately \$101.1 million that could be of value in certain reorganization scenarios. However, as discussed in Section IX.A of this Disclosure Statement, the value of the NOLs could be significantly limited in certain other reorganization scenarios. Moreover, while it is possible that the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate could appreciate in value if held and managed long-term, there are carrying costs to do so, as well as execution and other risks, including the risk that values will not increase as anticipated; that the costs of developing the real estate and locating tenants, which are significant, could be greater than anticipated; and that hoped-for rent and income levels will not be achieved.

The Debtors also considered the fact that many of the parcels of Syms Owned Real Estate are located in disparate locations; that efforts to reorganize around a core group of such parcels arguably could be focused only on those parcels located in and around the New York City metropolitan area; and that the Syms Owned Real Estate collectively is comprised of relatively few locations as to which Syms may be able to achieve operational efficiencies and synergies in managing them. Based upon all the foregoing considerations, the Debtors ultimately determined, with the assistance of Cushman and Rothschild, that the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate will be maximized by selling the entire portfolio over time, in a non-distressed, commercially reasonable manner.

Under the Plan, the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate will be controlled by Syms current minority shareholders. In particular, as described above and further below, the Plan contemplates a transaction whereby the Majority Shareholder will sell her shares to Syms at \$2.49 per share. Syms existing minority shareholders who are accredited investors will be afforded the opportunity, via the Rights Offering, to purchase new shares at the same price. In this fashion, the Majority Shareholder's ownership of and control over Syms will cease; Syms current minority shareholders will become the sole owners of the Reorganized Company. The members of the Equity Committee have the right under the Plan to appoint a majority of Reorganized Syms' board and to select a real estate management company to operate Syms Owned Real Estate pending its disposition, subject to the right of unsecured creditors to take control of Reorganized Syms' board if their allowed claims have not been paid in full by October 1, 2016, as more fully set forth herein.

Given the diverse asset opportunities within the real estate portfolio, a business plan has been developed by the Equity Committee with the assistance of its advisors to optimize the value of each property utilizing a combination of strategies, including the near-term marketing of remaining non-core properties on an "as-is" basis, the lease-up and future sale of select assets with upside potential, and a longer-term development of the Trinity Property. Detail on the objectives and timing of each strategy is outlined below. All discussions of strategies with respect to the marketing, value-enhancement, development or disposition of the Syms Owned Real Estate has been prepared based on current expectations and is subject to change by the Board of Directors of Reorganized Syms in its own judgment or as circumstances dictate consistent with the terms of the Plan.

1. Sale of 13 Non-Core Properties on a Vacant or "As-Is" Basis

Thirteen of the 17 properties comprising the Syms Owned Real Estate are intended to be marketed for sale on an "as-is" basis, requiring minimal capital outlay. The sale process is estimated to continue for approximately 12 months post-emergence. Cushman estimates that net sales proceeds (after deduction of carrying costs and selling commissions) will be approximately \$55-\$65 million. Proceeds will be used, if necessary under the terms of the Plan, to fund the budget for the ongoing operations of Reorganized Syms, and the Net Proceeds shall be used to make distributions to Holders of Allowed Convenience Claims, Allowed General Unsecured Claims and payment under the Share Redemption Transaction, described below and in accordance with the Plan. A schedule classifying the Syms Owned Real Estate is contained in Exhibit D.

2. Lease Up and Sale of Three Value-Enhancement Properties on a Stabilized Basis

The value of the 3 properties located in the New York metropolitan region other than the Trinity Property is expected to be enhanced through a marketing strategy that targets a lease-up and sale/refinance strategy over the first [24-30] months following the Plan Effective Date. These are the properties located in Paramus, New Jersey; Elmsford, New York; and Westbury, New York. Upon stabilization, each property is expected to be individually marketed for monetization (with options including a full sale, partial sale, or financing) shortly thereafter. The New York metropolitan market is recovering from the recession of 2008-2010. These assets are considered to be irreplaceable locations in dominant retail corridors and are positioned well for a value-enhancement strategy. Near-term prospects appear to be favorable, with a major tenant showing interest in leasing one of these properties in its entirety.

Costs associated with leasing these properties (including capital improvements and repairs, tenant improvements and leasing commissions) are expected to enhance value on a risk-adjusted basis, yielding potential returns in excess of [20%]. If these properties are successfully monetized on a leased basis, the expected Net Proceeds generated from the sales or financing are projected to be sufficient to satisfy the Plan distribution obligations to the Holders of Allowed Syms Convenience Claims, Allowed Filene's Convenience Claims, Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, and Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and to complete the payment obligations owed under the Share Redemption Transaction in accordance with the Plan.

As discussed further below, the Plan provides for hiring a seasoned executive from a local New York metropolitan real estate company to provide asset management services to Reorganized Syms. The responsibilities of this executive will primarily consist of the day-to-day management of the properties, including managing the lease-up and sale/financing processes described above for the 3 value-enhancement properties.

3. Redevelopment of the Trinity Property (New York)

While the near-term priority will be the marketing of any of the 13 non-core properties remaining unsold and a repositioning/leasing-up of the three New York metropolitan properties, there is considerable potential upside associated with exploiting the development potential of the Trinity Property. The 11,470 square foot plot of land under this building allows for an as-of-right floor-area ratio of 15, along with approximately 16,500 square feet of owned air rights and an adjacent smaller building that would permit the construction of a new mixed use structure of approximately 220,000 square feet, considerably in excess of the size of the current improvements.

The lower Manhattan residential market continues to benefit from the strengthening of the local economy and real estate sub-markets, and, importantly, will directly benefit from demand associated with the ongoing redevelopment efforts in the Financial District, particularly the development of the new World Trade Center complex, which is located two blocks north of the Trinity Property. It is expected that thousands of new jobs will be created from these development efforts, and this will create considerable new demand for residential properties nearby. It is anticipated that value realizable from the Trinity Property can be considerably enhanced by pursuing entitlement and approvals over the coming 24 months, which will better position the site to benefit from these very favorable trends.

The creation of a joint venture partnership with a local "best in class" developer will also be pursued over the next 24 months, with full redevelopment of the Trinity Property likely to commence shortly thereafter. Assuming real estate market conditions remain favorable, the site is expected to be developed into a mixed-use residential property within an estimated 48 month timeframe. It is anticipated that the Trinity Property will be an excellent candidate for vertical development, given the combination of water/city views and unique sight lines, significant lot size, favorable zoning, limited new construction in the area, and improving economic conditions. Depending on market demand, the Trinity Property could potentially be developed into either a condominium or residential apartment rental building with a commercial development located within the base of the building to maximize the development potential.

Under the terms of the Plan, Reorganized Syms will have the right to (a) transfer the Trinity Property into a new joint venture (the "Trinity Joint Venture"), (b) sell or otherwise dispose of a minority interest in the Trinity Joint Venture to a non-insider (a "JV Interest Sale"), and/or (c) authorize the Trinity Joint Venture to incur mortgage debt financing to be secured by the Trinity Property in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (i) \$30 million or (ii) 50% of the fair market value of the Trinity Property based on a commercial appraisal prepared in accordance with acceptable industry standards (a "Trinity Mortgage"), so long as the following conditions are met:

- i. The Reorganized Company maintains a majority economic interest in the property; and
- ii. If distributions are owed under the Plan to holders of Allowed Syms or Filene's

 Unsecured Claims or to the Majority Shareholder under the Share Redemption

 Transaction following the Trinity Joint Venture, JV Interest Sale or Trinity

 Mortgage:
 - (u) all proceeds realized from the JV Interest Sale (net of transaction-related expenses) shall be distributed as follows, unless the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock to be appointed under the Plan agrees otherwise: not less than 60% of the balance of net proceeds will be included as Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall, and the remaining 40% or lesser amount of the balance of such net proceeds shall be invested in full in the Trinity Joint Venture;
 - (v) funds received from the Trinity Mortgage shall be distributed as follows,
 unless the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock to be appointed under the
 Plan agrees otherwise: first, an amount equal to the amount of funds used to
 fund (including any reallocation of funds) the Trinity Carry Reserve, which
 funds shall become Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with
 the Plan Waterfall, and the balance of borrowed funds shall remain in the
 Trinity Joint Venture and will be limited to be used for pre-construction costs,

direct development and construction costs, corporate overhead and carry costs for the Trinity Property, and taxes, licenses and fees for the Trinity Property, as applicable, at the Board of Directors' discretion;

- if there is a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or the Majority Shareholder pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company's interest in the Trinity Joint Venture (the "Company's Trinity Interest") shall be freely assignable to (i) an accredited institutional investor which could include a Public Real Estate Company, Insurance Company, Real Estate Fund, or Asset Manager, or (ii) a privately-owned companies and individuals who are experienced real estate investors, in each case in good credit standing and with sufficient liquidity and experience to perform its duties under the partnership or joint venture agreement; provided, however, that if a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has not occurred by October 1, 2016, then the Reorganized Company shall have the right to agree with the its joint venture entity in the Trinity Joint Venture to make any such assignment of the Company's Trinity Interest subject to a right of first offer or refusal by such other joint venture entity to purchase the Company's Trinity Interest on terms that are the same or not less favorable to the Reorganized Company as those terms set forth in a bona fide purchase offer for the Company's Trinity Interest received by the Reorganized Company that is acceptable to the **Reorganized Company:**
- (x) the Reorganized Company's interest may be otherwise assigned, subject to the approval of the Venture's General Partner, which shall not be unreasonably withheld;
- (y) a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the

 Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or the Majority

 Shareholder pursuant to the terms of the Plan shall not constitute a default under the terms of the Trinity Joint Venture or the Trinity Mortgage; and
- (z) prior to a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the

 Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or the Majority
 Shareholder pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company
 may only sell or otherwise dispose of a majority interest in the Trinity Joint
 Venture to a non-insider if (x) there has been (or will be as a result of such sale)
 a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, and to the extent a General
 Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has occurred, the Majority Shareholder has
 received full payment of its Plan distributions, or (y) the holder of the Series A
 Preferred Stock, or to the extent the General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction
 has occurred, the Majority Shareholder consents.
- 4. Corporate Structure and Management

Upon emergence from Chapter 11, Reorganized Syms is expected to be a public corporation, incorporated under Delaware law, exclusively focused on the repositioning and development of its real estate assets. To execute the value-enhancement and development strategies previously outlined, Reorganized Syms will seek to employ or retain an experienced professional management team to provide oversight, asset management and decision making in connection with the following objectives:

- <u>i)</u> <u>the disposition of any remaining non-core properties without additional capital outlays;</u>
- <u>ii)</u> the repositioning/value-enhancement and future monetization efforts relating to the 3 value-enhancement properties (Paramus, New Jersey; Elmsford, New York; and Westbury, New York);
- iii) the development of the Trinity Property.

In addition, the management team retained by Reorganized Syms would be responsible for the day-to-day management of all the Syms Owned Real Estate, maintaining compliance with corporate reporting requirements, preparation of budgets and annual business plans, and advisory services to the Board of Directors on any matters related to the Syms Owned Real Estate.

Filene's will be reorganized as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Reorganized Syms for the principal purpose of exploring the sale or joint venture opportunities with respect to the IP Assets. Advertising and Clothing shall be merged into Reorganized Syms.

5. Business Plan Forecast

The Equity Committee, with the assistance of its financial advisors, has developed a long-term business plan designed to optimize the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate and provide agreed upon distributions to all stakeholders in a timely fashion. A two-year forecast showing the projected cash flows associated with the business plan is set forth in Exhibit E. Key assumptions reflected in this forecast are described below.

(a) Real Estate Assumptions

Thirteen Non-Core Properties: The forecast contemplates the sale of the 13 non-core properties within the next 12 months at values equal to the higher of (i) the current high offer received to date; or (ii) the latest estimate of vacant sale proceeds provided by Cushman, in each case net of carrying expenses and selling costs. For the purposes of conservatism, the completion of each sale is assumed to occur 90 days later than the estimates provided by Cushman.

Three Value-Enhancement Properties: The forecast contemplates the stabilization and future sale of the 3 value-enhancement properties within a timeframe of approximately [24-30] months. Expected costs associated with the lease-up of the 3 properties include carrying expenses, tenant improvement expenses, and leasing commissions. As part of the Plan, it is contemplated that a real estate expense reserve not to exceed \$9.0 million in the aggregate will be funded as part of the budget with proceeds from, among other things, the Rights Offering and the sale of the non-core properties. Once the properties have tenants in place, it is expected that rental income will provide sufficient positive cash flow to offset costs associated with carrying these properties through the anticipated sale dates.

Trinity Property: The forecast contemplates the development of the Trinity Property over a longer term horizon which extends beyond the two-year forecast provided in Exhibit E. Costs associated with the Trinity Property within the two-year forecast include \$1.7 million of annual carrying costs and \$0.8 million of expenditures related to ongoing façade repairs at the property, which are expected to be completed by the end of 2012. The forecast also assumes equity proceeds of approximately \$6.0 million will be received by the Reorganized Company upon the sale of a minority equity interest in early 2014 to a joint venture partner as permitted under the Plan and as determined by the Board of Directors of

Reorganized Syms. The Plan provides a reserve for taxes, insurance, repairs, and other similar expenses and improvements for the Trinity Property, not to exceed \$3.0 million in the aggregate.

(b) Corporate Overhead and Other Expenses

The forecast includes annual minimum catch-up contributions required to maintain the previously "frozen" Syms' single-employer pension plan, which is being assumed by Reorganized Syms under the Plan. It is anticipated that these costs will be covered by a pension reserve of \$2.0 million funded under the budget with proceeds from, among other things, cash on hand, the Rights Offering and the sale of the non-core properties to cover payments required over the first 24 months following the Effective Date. The annual contributions provided for in the forecast are based on estimates provided by third-party pension consultants and are subject to change depending on the future performance of the underlying investments.

Corporate overhead expenses (including board member and officer salaries) necessary to run the business of approximately \$[2.4] million per year, totaling \$[3.9] million over the first 24 months following the Effective Date, are also included in the budget. The overhead expenses in the budget assume that Reorganized Syms is publicly-traded on the OTC/pink sheets, and therefore includes audit and other expenses associated with maintaining regulatory compliance. An operating reserve of \$5.0 million will be funded under the budget with proceeds from, among other things, cash on hand, the Rights Offering and the sale of the non-core properties to cover corporate overhead outlays over the first 24 months following the Effective Date.

(c) Creditor Repayments

Based on the real estate assumptions and projected overhead expenses required to operate Reorganized Syms over the 24 months following the Effective Date, it is expected that sufficient Excess Cash will be generated from the \$25 million Rights Offering and the sale of the 16 properties (*i.e.*, other than the Trinity Property) to pay all distributions under the Plan to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, and Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and to complete the payment obligations owed under the Share Purchase Transaction in accordance with the Plan prior to the development of the Trinity Property.

(d) C. Sources and Uses of Cash/Assets; Estimated Distributions

Attached as Exhibit Ef to this Disclosure Statement is a sources and uses statement that summarizes the sources, uses, and amounts of cash as of the effective dDate of the Plan, including borrowings under an Exit Financing facility. The Debtors have estimated the effective dDate of the Plan to be [July 31, September 15, 2012] though, as noted in the Risk Factors to this Disclosure Statement, there is no assurance that the Plan will become effective by that date.

F. Assessment of Plan Value

Based on the range of estimated proceeds realizable from the property portfolio under the strategies outlined previously, which assume no material changes to the health and liquidity of the commercial retail real estate markets, it is contemplated that Reorganized Syms will pay all distributions under the Plan to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, and Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and complete the payment obligations owed under

the Share Redemption Transaction in accordance with the Plan prior to the development of the Trinity Property.

Shareholders of Reorganized Syms are unlikely to receive significant distributions from the sale of the 13 non-core properties or the 3 value-enhancement properties; therefore, the return to shareholders under the Plan is heavily dependent on the successful development and eventual sale of the Trinity Property. The development of this property is subject to a high level of risk, as the success of the project will be contingent upon a number of factors, many of which cannot be predicted with high levels of accuracy. Some of the important factors that will influence the success of the development project include (but are not limited to):

- Ability to partner with a "best-in-class" development partner;
- Availability of funding (primarily construction and development loans) under attractive terms;
- Health of the real estate market in Manhattan and general economic conditions;
- Success of the current municipal efforts to revitalize the Financial District, which will directly impact and shape commercial and residential real estate demand in the area;
- Changes in municipal and state regulations, zoning and/or codes;
- Demand for residential housing options in Lower Manhattan;
- Additional supply of housing in the form of new construction; and
- Changes in tax policies as it relates to real estate development.

Various development scenarios have been analyzed that contemplate the development and future sale of the Trinity Property as either a single-use residential property (that could take various forms, *i.e.*, condominium or rental with the potential for floors dedicated to a hotel) or a multi-use residential and commercial property. Using a range of assumptions based on current market conditions, the estimated incremental value that could be achieved for stakeholders who are willing to roll their interest into a venture to create a mixed-use rental or condominium building, which can be realized through construction and sale of the asset over a four- to five-year period, could range from \$0 to \$120 million, where the low end of the range represents a vacant use of the asset in today's market. This range is illustrative in nature and has not been adjusted to reflect the potential impact on returns from any of the following:

- Deduction of joint venture partnership interests, which could range from 10% 49% depending on the agreement and structure of the partnership;
- Deduction of proceeds to repay construction and development loans, which could range from 50 - 100% on a loan-to-cost basis;
- Taxes payable upon future sale of the property, which would depend on existence of NOLs at the time of sale as well as the ultimate use of the developed space;
- Remaining obligations of Reorganized Syms, including, potentially, the single-employer pension plan assumed and funded by Reorganized Syms; and
- Additional carrying costs due to delays in entitlement or development approvals.

<u>Based on the level of risk involved and the high degree of uncertainty surrounding the ultimate</u> <u>development strategy, it is impossible to provide an accurate assessment of plan value beyond the ranges provided above.</u>

VII. DETAILED SUMMARY OF THE PLAN

THIS SECTION PROVIDES A DETAILED SUMMARY OF THE STRUCTURE, CLASSIFICATION, TREATMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO THE PLAN, WHICH ACCOMPANIES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, AND TO THE EXHIBITS ATTACHED THERETO. THE PLAN ITSELF AND THE DOCUMENTS REFERRED TO THEREIN WILL CONTROL THE TREATMENT OF CREDITORS AND EQUITY SECURITY HOLDERS UNDER THE PLAN AND WILL, UPON THE EFFECTIVE DATE, BE BINDING UPON HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AGAINST, OR AND INTERESTS IN, THE DEBTORS AND OTHER PARTIES IN INTEREST.

A. Purpose and Effect of the Plan

Chapter 11 is the principal business reorganization chapter of the Bankruptcy Code. Under Chapter 11, a debtor is authorized to reorganize its business for the benefit of its creditors and shareholders. As a general matter, a plan of reorganization sets forth the means for satisfying claims against and interests in a debtor. Confirmation of a plan of reorganization by a bankruptcy court makes such plan binding upon a debtor and any creditor of or equity security holder in such debtor, whether or not such creditor or equity security holder (i) is impaired under or has accepted the plan or (ii) receives or retains any property under the plan.

Under the Plan, claims against, and interests in, the Debtors are divided into classes according to their relative seniority and other criteria. If the Plan is confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court and becomes effective, the claims and interests of the various classes will be treated in accordance with the Plan provisions for each such class. On the date that the Plan becomes effective, known as the "Effective Date," and at certain times thereafter, distributions will be made to each Debtor's creditors and Syms' shareholders as provided in the Plan. At the beginning of this Disclosure Statement is a table that summarizes the classification and treatment of claims and interests against the Debtors. What follows below is a more detailed description of the classes of claims against the Debtors created under the Plan, the treatment of those classes under the Plan, and the property to be distributed under the Plan.

B. Plan Waterfall

Excess Cash will be distributed in accordance with the Provisions Governing Distributions in Article VIII of the Plan and subject to the following waterfall (the "Plan Waterfall"):

1. Excess Cash shall be distributed in the following allocations: first, to payment of Allowed Senior Claims, as and when Allowed, to the extent not previously reserved for and, second (i) 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash to Holders of Allowed Convenience Class Claims, then to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, and (ii) 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash to the Majority Shareholder until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment in the amount of \$10,725,641 has been paid in full; then

- 2. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be paid to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims until such Claims are paid in full; then
- 3. Any remaining Excess cash shall be paid to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims until such Claims are paid in full; then
- 4. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be paid to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims until 75% of such Claims are paid; then
- 5. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be paid to the Majority Shareholder until the Majority Shareholder has received, exclusive of the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment, the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment in the aggregate amount of \$7,065,907, which amount represents the remaining payment due to the Majority Shareholder for the purchase of the Majority Shareholder's shares, less the reimbursement to the Estates related to the Split-Dollar Policy; then
- 6. Any remaining Excess Cash shall be retained by Reorganized Syms and distributed or otherwise utilized as directed by the Reorganized Company's' Board of Directors.
- **C.** B. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests
 - 1. Treatment of Unclassified Claims Against Syms and Filene's
 - (a) Administrative Claims

An Administrative Claim means a claim arising under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(2) for costs and expenses of administration of the Chapter 11 Cases under Bankruptcy Code sections 503(b), 507(b), or 1114(e)(2), including: (a) any actual and necessary costs and expenses, incurred after the Petition Date, of preserving the estates and operating the businesses of the Debtors (such as wages, salaries and commissions for services and payments for inventory, leased equipment and premises) and claims of governmental units for taxes (including tax audit claims related to tax years commencing after the Petition Date, but excluding claims relating to tax periods, or portions thereof, ending on or before the Petition Date); and (b) all other claims entitled to administrative claim status pursuant to a final order of the Bankruptcy Court, but excluding Priority Tax Claims, Non-Tax Priority Claims and Professional Fee Claims.

As explained above, on January 18, 2012, the Bankruptcy Court issued an order setting an Initial Administrative Bar Date of 5:00 p.m. (Eastern) on March 1, 2012, for all Administrative Claims first arising on or before December 31, 2011 (Dkt. 674).

Pursuant to the Plan, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after the later of, (i) the Initial Distribution Date or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which an Administrative Claim becomes an Allowed Administrative Claim, each Holder of such Allowed Administrative Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Administrative Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of the Face Amount of such Allowed Administrative Claim, or (b) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing; provided, however, that Allowed Administrative Claims with respect to

<u>liabilities incurred by Syms in the ordinary course of business during the Chapter 11 Cases may be paid in the ordinary course of business in accordance with the terms and conditions of any agreements relating thereto.</u>

The Debtors have estimated that the aggregate amount of Allowed Administrative Claims payable under the Plan will be approximately \$19.521.854 million for Syms and \$11.48.068 million for Filene's.

(b) Superpriority Intercompany Claims

Superpriority Intercompany Claims are claims by any other Debtor against Symsanother Debtor that arose on account of goods, services or other value provided after the Petition Date. Filene's holds such a claim against Syms in the amount of approximately \$2.7 million. Pursuant to the Plan Settlement, the Holders of Superpriority Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such Claims. On the Effective Date, all Superpriority Intercompany Claims shall be deemed offset, cancelled and extinguished.

Filene's holds such a claim against Syms in the amount of approximately \$2.155 million. Syms does not hold such a claim against Filene's.

(c) Priority Tax Claims

A Priority Tax Claim means a claim of a governmental unit of the kind specified in Bankruptcy Code sections 502(i) or 507(a)(8).

Under the Plan, except to the extent that an Allowed Priority Tax Claim has been paid prior to the Initial Distribution Date, on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after the later of, (i) the Initial Distribution Date or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Priority Tax Claim becomes an Allowed Priority Tax Claim, each Holder of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, (a) Cash equal to the unpaid portion of the Face Amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claim, payable from the Syms Assets, or (b) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and the Debtors Syms shall have agreed upon in writing.

The Debtors have estimated that the aggregate amount of Allowed Priority Tax Claims payable under the Plan will be approximately \$0.000 at Syms and 1.35\$1.355 million at Filene²'s.

2. Classification and Treatment of Claims and Interests

(a) Secured Claims

(i) Syms Class 1 Secured Claims – Unimpaired

Syms Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that are subject to a right of setoff. Syms received authority to pay in full the secured claim of Syms' primary secured creditor, Bank of America, N.A., from proceeds of Syms' store closing sales. Syms believes that there may be certain other secured claims arising out of its workers' compensation program. Under the Plan, any holder of a Symson, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date, or (b) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Secured Claim, the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for, such Allowed Secured Claim, (i) Cash equal to the value of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing. Any Holder of a Secured Claim shall retain its right of setoff or Lien in the Collateral or the proceeds of the Collateral (to the extent that such Collateral is sold (or deemed abandoned) by Syms free and clear of such right of setoff or Lien) to the same extent and with the same priority as such right of setoff or Lien as of the Petition Date until such time as (A) the Holder of such Secured Claim (i) has been paid Cash equal to the value of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) has received a return of the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) has been afforded such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing; or (B) such purported right of setoff or Lien has been determined by an order of the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid or otherwise avoidable.

(ii) Filene's Class 1 Secured Claims – Unimpaired

Filene's Secured Claims are claims secured by a lien on collateral or that are subject to a right of setoff. Filene's received authority to pay in full the secured claim of Filene's primary secured creditor, Bank of America, N.A., from proceeds of Filene's store closing sales. Filene's believes that there may be certain Secured Claims arising out of its workers' compensation program. Under the Plan, each holder of an allowed Filene's on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date, or (b) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Secured Claim becomes an Allowed Secured Claim, the Holder of such Allowed Secured Claim shall receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for, such Allowed Secured Claim, (i) Cash equal to the value of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Symsthe Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing. Any Holder of a Secured Claim shall retain its right of setoff or Lien in the Collateral or the proceeds of the Collateral (to the extent that such Collateral is sold (or deemed abandoned) by the Debtors free and clear of such right of setoff or Lien) to the same extent and with the same priority as such right of setoff or Lien as of the Petition Date until such time as (A) the Holder of such Secured Claim (i) has been paid Cash equal to the amount of its Allowed Secured Claim, (ii) has received a return of the Collateral securing the Secured Claim, or (iii) has been afforded such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and the Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing; or (B) such purported right of setoff or Lien has been determined by an order of the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid or otherwise avoidable.

(b) Non-<u>Tax</u> Priority-<u>Tax</u> Claims

(i) Syms Class 2 Non-<u>Tax</u> Priority—<u>Tax</u> Claims – Unimpaired

A Syms Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim that is entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, other than an Administrative Claim or a Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by employees for unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with the claims of Syms' customers for deposits and similar matters. Under the Plan, each holder on, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (i) the Initial Distribution Date, or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Non-Tax Priority Claim becomes an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim shall receive Cash payable from the Syms Assets entitled to receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, Cash in an amount equal to its Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim [plus interest at the Case Interest Rate.]

(ii) Filene's Class 2 Non-<u>Tax</u> Priority—<u>Tax</u> Claims –

Unimpaired

A Filene's Non-Tax Priority Claim is a pre-petition claim that is entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, other than a section 503(b)(9)an Administrative Claim or a Priority Tax Claim. Such claims include claims by Filene's employees for unpaid wages and similar amounts, along with claims of Filene's customers for deposits and similar matters. Under the Plan, each holderon, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, the later of (i) the Initial Distribution Date, or (ii) the Distribution Date immediately following the date on which a Non-Tax Priority Claim becomes an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, each Holder of an Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim shall receive Cash payable from the Filene's Segregated Fundbe entitled to receive, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim, Cash in an amount equal to its Allowed Non-Tax Priority Claim [plus interest at the Case Interest Rate.-]

(c) Unsecured Claims

(i) Syms Class 3 Convenience Class – Unimpaired Impaired

Syms Class 3 consists of Syms Convenience Class Claims and is an impaired class of claims. A convenience class claim is any allowed unsecured claims against Syms in an amount which is less than \$10,000, or is a greater amount but the holder of such claim elects to reduce such claims to \$10,000 in order to be treated in this class. A holder After all Allowed Senior Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash becomes available, each Holder of an Allowed Syms Convenience Class Claim shall receive Cash payable from the Syms Assets in an amount equal to its Allowed Convenience Claim. Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Syms Convenience Claim becomes an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim (1) one or more cash payments from 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment is made in full from the other 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash, and then cash payments aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Syms Convenience Claim, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim.

<u>Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed</u> Syms General Unsecured Claims from and after October 1, 2015.

(ii) Filene's Class 3 Convenience Claims –

Unimpaired Impaired

Filene's Class 3 consists of Filene's Convenience Class Claims and is an impaired class of claims. A convenience class claim is any allowed unsecured claims against Filene's in an amount which is less than \$10,000, or is a greater amount but the holder of such claim elects to reduce such claims to \$10,000 in order to be treated in this class. A holder After all Allowed Senior Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash becomes available, each Holder of an Allowed Filene's Convenience Class Claim shall receive Cash equal to the amount of its Allowed Convenience Claim. payable from the Filene's Segregated Fund and, if such fund is exhausted, from the Syms Assets, Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's Convenience Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured Claim (1) one or more cash payments from 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment is made in full from the other 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash, and then cash payments aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Filene's Convenience Claim, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Filene's shall have agreed upon in writing, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured Claim. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims from and after October 1, 2015.

(iii) Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims – Impaired

Syms Class 4 consists of Syms General Unsecured Claims and is an impaired class. A Syms General Unsecured Claim is a pre-petition claim that is not entitled to priority under the Bankruptcy Code, is not secured by a lien on collateral, and does not otherwise qualify as a Convenience Claim. Such claims include claims for unpaid trade payables, lease rejection damages, and other unsecured claims, including claims on account of written Syms guarantees of Filene's leases and trade claims. A holder of an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim shall receive. After all Allowed Senior Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash becomes available, each Holder of an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Syms General Unsecured Claim becomes an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim (1) one or more cash payments from 60% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment is made in full from the other 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash, and then cash payments aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim (without interest), or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing.

If on the [fourth] anniversary of the Effective Date each Holder of an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim has not received payment in full of 100% of the Allowed amount of its Claim, on that date three members of the board of directors of Reorganized Syms shall be replaced immediately by three persons designated by the Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Allowed Filene's General

Unsecured (Short Term) Claims and Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long Term) Claims that have not received payment in full of the amounts they are entitled to receive under Article IV of the Plan., or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Syms shall have agreed upon in writing, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims from and after October 1, 2015. Interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually.

For the avoidance of a doubt, Syms Class 4 does not include Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claims.

(iv) Filene's Class 4: Settled Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims – Impaired

Filene's Class 4 consists of Settled Filene's General Unsecured Short Term Claims and is an impaired class of claims. Settled Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims included "short term" general unsecured claims against Filene's that are not guaranteed by Syms, and include claims of vendors for unpaid goods and services provided to Filene's prior to the Petition Date and claims of employees for severance pay. A holder of an Allowed Settled Filene's General Unsecured Short Term Claim shall receive (1) payments from (x) from the Filene's Segregated Fund to the extent funds therein are then available for pro rata distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short Term) Claims and (y. Each Holder in Filene's Class 4 shall receive the treatment specified in Class 4A unless the Holder elects to opt-out and receive the treatment specified in Class 4B.

Class 4A: After all Allowed Senior Claims, Allowed Convenience Claims, Allowed Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims and the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash become available, each Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim and its Individual Filene's Creditor Claims (1) one or more cash payments from Reorganized Symsthe Excess Cash aggregating not more than 100% of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim (without interest), or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Symsthe Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing. If on the [fourth] anniversary of the Effective Date each Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short Term) Claim has not received payment in full of 100% of the Allowed amount of its Claim, on that date three members of the board of directors of Reorganized Syms shall be replaced immediately by three persons designated by the Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims and Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims that have not then received payment in full of the amounts they are entitled to receive under this Article IV of the Plan-Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims from and after October 1, 2015. Interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually.

<u>Class 4B: Holders of Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims will have the option to indicate on their respective Ballots their refusal to grant the releases provided in Section XII.G. ("Opt-Out"), provided, however, such Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed</u>

Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim, a payment equal to a Pro Rata distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims from the Filene's General Unsecured Creditor Liquidation Value, and retention of any Claims of the Holder against Syms to the extent timely asserted and subject to any defenses or counterclaims of Syms.

<u>For the avoidance of a doubt, Filene's Class 4 does not include Filene's Class 6 Filene's Union</u> Pension Plan Claims.

(v) Filene's Class 5: Settled-Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims – Impaired

Filene's Class 5 consists of Settled-Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims and is an impaired class of claims. Settled Filene's General Unsecured (Long Term) Claims include "long term" general unsecured claims against Filene's that are not guaranteed by Syms, and include claims of landlords on account of Filene's rejection of unexpired leases. A holder of an Allowed Settled Filene's General Unsecured Long Term Claim shall receive. Each Holder in Filene's Class 5 shall receive the treatment specified in Class 5A unless the Holder elects to opt-out and receive the treatment specified in Class 5B.

Class 5A: After all Allowed Senior Claims, Allowed Convenience Claims, Allowed Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims, the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment and Allowed Filene's Class 4 General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims have been paid in full or, to the extent not paid in full, funds sufficient to satisfy such Claims have been placed in a segregated reserve, and as and to the extent practicable as Excess Cash become available, each Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim and its Individual Filene's Creditor Claims (1) one or more cash payments from Reorganized Symsthe Excess Cash aggregating not more than [75%] of the Allowed amount of its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim (without interest) from 75% of the Net Proceeds of Syms Owned Real Estate available following the payment of (or reserving for) all Allowed Senior Claims. Allowed Syms Class 3 General Unsecured Claims. and Allowed Filene's Class 4 General Unsecured (Short Term) Claims, or (2) such other less favorable treatment as to which such Holder and Symsthe Debtors shall have agreed upon in writing. Interest shall accrue at a rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Plan Distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims from and after October 1, 2015. Interest shall be paid in kind and compounded annually.

If on the [fourth] anniversary of the Effective Date each Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long Term) Claim has not received payment in full of [75%] of the Allowed amount of its Claim, on that date three members of the board of directors of Reorganized Syms shall be replaced immediately by three persons designated by the Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short Term) Claims and Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long Term) Claims that have not then received payment in full of the amounts they are entitled to receive under this Article IV of the Plan.

Class 5B: Holders of Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims will have the ability to Opt-Out, provided, however, such Holder of an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim shall receive, on the later of (a) the Initial Distribution Date or (b) the Distribution Date(s) immediately following the date on which such Holder's Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim becomes an Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and

discharge of and in exchange for its Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim, a payment equal to a Pro Rata distribution to Holders of Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims from the Filene's General Unsecured Creditor Liquidation Value, and retention of any Claims of the Holder against Syms to the extent timely asserted and subject to any defenses or counterclaims of Syms.

For the avoidance of a doubt, Filene's Class 5 does not include Filene's Class 6 Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims.

If there has not been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction by October 1, 2016, then, effective on such date, [(A) the terms of the two Equity Committee Directors then in office who are youngest in age shall automatically terminate, the term of the Independent Director shall automatically terminate, and the persons formerly holding such directorships shall cease to be directors, all without the need for any action by the Board of Directors, (B) immediately following such termination of directorships and the resultant automatic reduction in the size of the Board of Directors to two (2) directors (the one Equity Committee Director and the Series A Director), the size of the Board of Directors shall automatically be increased so that the Board of Directors is comprised of a total of nine (9) authorized directorships with the seven (7) directorships created thereby to be filled solely by the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, voting as a separate class to the exclusion of the holders of Common Stock and any other Preferred Stock. Thereafter, upon the occurrence of a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction after October 1, 2016, Reorganized Syms shall immediately redeem the Series A Preferred Stock, the terms of all directors elected by the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust shall automatically terminate, the persons holding such directorships immediately prior to such termination shall cease to be directors and the size of the Board of Directors shall be automatically reduced to one (1) authorized directorship. Subject to the rights of the Majority Shareholder described below, following the redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock (whether before or after October 1, 2016), (a) all directors shall be elected exclusively by the holders of Common Stock, and (b) the total number of directors comprising the Board of Directors may be fixed from time to time solely by resolution of the Board of Directors, and vacancies and newly created directorships may be filled solely by a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum.]

(vi) Syms Class 5: Syms Union Pension Plan Claims –

Impaired

Syms Class 5 consists of Syms Union Pension Plan Claims. Pursuant to the Plan, the Holders of Syms Pension Plan Claims will receive quarterly Distributions from the Pension Plan Reserve for the Allowed amount of such Pension Plan Claims, as set forth in Article VII.G.3. below, in accordance with Syms' contractual or legal obligations under the Pension Plans and the settlement of any Claims under the Plan.

(vii) Filene's Class 6: Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims –

Impaired

Filene's Class 6 consists of Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims. Pursuant to the Plan, the Holders of Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims will receive quarterly Distributions from the Pension Plan Reserve for the Allowed amount of such Pension Plan Claims, as set forth in Article VII.G.3. below, in accordance with Syms' contractual or legal obligations under the Union Pension Plans and the settlement of any Claims under the Plan.

(viii) Syms Class <u>56</u> Intercompany Claims – Impaired

Syms Class 56 consists of Intercompany Claims against Syms and is an impaired class of claims. Syms Intercompany Claims include but are limited to claims by a Debtor against Syms which claims are reflected on the books and records of such Debtor, are derivative claims asserted by or on behalf of such Debtor, or are asserted by a Debtor on account of a guarantee. Pursuant to the Plan Settlement, the Holders of Syms Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such Claims. On the Effective Date, all Syms Intercompany Claims shall be deemed offset, cancelled and extinguished.

(ix) (vii) Filene's Class 67 Intercompany Claims – Impaired

Filene's Class 67 consists of Filene's Intercompany Claims against Filene's and is an impaired class of claims. Filene's Intercompany Claims include but are limited to claims by a Debtor against Filene's which claims are reflected on the books and records of such Debtor, are derivative claims asserted by or on behalf of such Debtor, or are asserted by a Debtor on account of a guarantee. ___Pursuant to the Plan Settlement, the Holders of Filene's Intercompany Claims shall not receive or retain any property under the Plan on account of such Claims. On the Effective Date, all Filene's Intercompany Claims shall be deemed cancelled and extinguished.

(d) Interests

(i) Syms Class 67 Interests – Impaired

Syms Class 67 consists of all equity interests Interests in Syms. All such interests Interests in Syms are allowed and are impaired. Each holder of an interest Allowed Interests and each Holder of an Interest in Syms, other than the Majority Shareholder, shall retain its interest, subject to the Share Purchase Transaction. (A) retain its Interest, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, and (B) if the Holder is an Eligible Holder, shall receive Subscription Rights to participate in the Rights Offering on the terms and conditions of the Rights Offering Procedures; provided, however, that the Majority Shareholder shall not receive any Subscription Rights in the Rights Offering.

(ii) Filenes's Class 78 Interests – Impaired

Filene's Class 78 consists of all equity interests in Filene's. Syms is the only holder of Filene's Class 48 interests. On the Effective Date, all such Interests shall be cancelled, and the Holders thereof shall not be entitled to, and shall not receive or retain, any property or interest in property on account of such Interests. each Holder of Interests in Filene's shall retain its Interests.

3. Special Provision Regarding Unimpaired Claims

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, any other order of the Court, or any document or agreement enforceable pursuant to the terms of the Plan, nothing shall affect the rights and defenses, both legal and equitable, of the Debtors with respect to any Unimpaired Claims, including, but not limited to, all rights with respect to legal and equitable defenses to setoffs or recoupment against Unimpaired Claims.

4. Allowed Claims

Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, Distributions shall be made only to Holders of Allowed Claims. No Holder of a Disputed Claim shall receive any Distribution on account thereof until (and then only to the extent that) its Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim. The Debtors may, in their discretion, withhold Distributions otherwise due hereunder to any Claimholder until the Claims Objection Deadline to enable a timely objection thereto to be filed. Any Holder of a Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim after the Effective Date will receive its Distribution in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Plan.

<u>5.</u> Pension <u>Plan</u> Obligations

Following confirmation of the Plan, the Debtors intend to shall maintain the Syms Pension Plan (the "Pension Plan") and make all contributions required under applicable minimum funding rules: provided, however, that the Debtors may terminate the Syms Pension Plan from and after January 1, 2017. Prior to January 1, 2017, the Reorganized Company shall not accelerate the Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims in Syms Class 5 and Filene's Class 6 as provided in the Plan. In the event that the Debtors seek to terminate the Pension Plan, the Debtors intend that any such termination shall be a standard termination pursuant to Section 4041(c) of the Employer Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

No provision of, or proceeding within, the Debtors' bankruptcy proceedings, Confirmation Order or Plan shall in any way be construed to discharge, release, limit, or relieve the Debtors or any other party, in any capacity, from any liability or responsibility with respect to the Syms Pension Plan under any law, governmental policy, or regulatory provision. PBGC and the Syms Pension Plan shall not be enjoined or precluded from enforcing such liability or responsibility, if any, by any provision of, or proceeding within, the Debtors' bankruptcy proceedings, Confirmation Order or Plan; provided, however, that nothing contained in the Plan shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of any rights or protections that the Debtors may have under 11 U.S.C. section 362. Any and all obligations under the Syms Pension Plan shall be made by Reorganized Syms from the Pension Reserve.

<u>6.</u> 4. Special Provisions Regarding Insured Claims

Distributions under the Plan to each Holder of an Insured Claim shall be in accordance with the treatment provided under the Plan for Syms General Unsecured Claims and Filene²'s General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the amount of any such Claim shall be determined as follows:

- (a) to the extent a Holder has an Allowed Insured Claim, all or a portion of which is within the applicable deductible or self-insured retention under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors, then such Holderamount shall have an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim (if Syms is the policyholder) or Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short Term) Claim (if Filene's is the policyholder) for the amount which is within the applicable deductible or self-insured retention under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors be paid following the allowance of the Allowed Insured Claim, in the ordinary course of the Debtor's business and consistent with the Debtor's insurance policies and past practices;
- (b) to the extent a Holder has an Allowed Insured Claim, a portion of which exceeds the applicable deductible or self-insured retention under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors, then the amount of such Allowed Insured Claim that (i) exceeds the applicable deductible
- DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

or self-insured retention but (ii) is less than or equal to the limits of coverage under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors (the ""I Covered Amount" shall not be Allowed as a Syms General Unsecured Claim or a Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim; and

(c) <u>t</u> to the extent a Holder has an Allowed Insured Claim, a portion of which exceeds the limits of coverage under the relevant insurance policy of the Debtors, then such Holder shall have an Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claim or Allowed Filene² General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim in the amount by which such Allowed Insured Claim exceeds the limits of coverage under the Debtors² relevant insurance policy;

provided, further, that:

(and) the Insurer Covered Amount shall not be recoverable from the Debtors, and shall only be recoverable from the applicable insurer; and

(bbe) an Allowed Insured Claim shall not be valid or enforceable against the Debtors insurers unless and until, among other things, the applicable deductible or self-insured retention has been satisfied in accordance with the Plan by a Distribution under the Plan by the Debtors (or after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtors) on account of a Claim equal to the full amount of the applicable deductible or self-insured retention subsection (1) above and the underlying insurance policy or policies.

Nothing in this section shall constitute a waiver of any causes of action the Debtors or the Reorganized DebtorsCompany may hold against any Person, including the Debtors? or the Reorganized Debtors'Company's insurance carriers, or a waiver of any rights, claims or defenses the insurers may have. Nothing in this section is intended to, shall, or shall be deemed to preclude any holder of an Allowed Insured Claim from seeking and/or obtaining a distribution or other recovery from any insurer of the Debtors in addition to (but not in duplication of) any distribution such holder may receive under the Plan or to preclude any insurer from contesting or asserting defenses to the claims of such holders. The Debtors and the Reorganized DebtorsCompany do not waive, and expressly reserve their rights to assert that any insurance coverage is property of the Estates to which they are entitled and the insurers expressly reserve their rights to contest or assert defenses to any such assertion by the Debtors or the Reorganized DebtorsCompany. Nothing in the Disclosure Statement, Plan or Confirmation Order shall be construed as, or is, a determination as to coverage in connection with any Insured Claim under any applicable insurance policy.

7. Special Provisions Regarding Workers² Compensation Claims and Obligations

As of the Effective Date, the Debtors and the Reorganized DebtorsCompany shall continue to honor in the ordinary course of business their obligations under the terms and conditions of (1) all applicable workers² compensation laws in states in which the Debtors and the Reorganized DebtorsCompany operate and (2) the Debtors² and the Reorganized Debtors'Company's written contracts, agreements, policies, programs and plans for workers² compensation and workers² compensation insurance; provided, however, that nothing in thise Plan shall limit, diminish or otherwise alter the Debtors² or Reorganized Debtors'Company's defenses, causes of action or other rights under applicable non-bankruptcy law with respect to any such contracts, agreements, policies, programs and plans; provided, further, that nothing hereinin the Plan shall be deemed to impose any obligations on the Debtors or the Reorganized DebtorsCompany in addition to those arising under applicable state law.

All Proofs of Claim on account of workers compensation shall be deemed withdrawn automatically and without any further notice to or action, order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

D. C. Acceptance or Rejection of the Plan

1. Acceptance By Class Impaired Classes Entitled to Vote.

Syms Classes 4 and 6 and Filene's Classes 4 and 5, which are the only impaired classes of claims or interests of the Debtors entitled to receive or retain property or any interest in property under the Plan, Only Holders of Syms Class 3 Syms Convenience Claims, Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claims, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Claims, Syms Class 7 Syms Interests, Filene's Class 3 Filene's Convenience Claims, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims, Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims, and Filene's Class 6 Filene's Union Pension Claims are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Each of Syms Class 4 and Filene's Classes 4 and 5

2. Acceptance by an Impaired Class

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1126(c) and except as provided in Bankruptcy Code section 1126(e), (i) an Impaired Class of Claims shall have accepted the Plan if (i) the holders the Plan is accepted by the Holders of at least two-thirds in amount of the allowed claims actually voting in the class have voted to accept the Plan and (ii) the holders of dollar amount and more than one-half in number of the allowed claims actually voting in the class have Allowed Claims in such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan. Syms Class 6 and (ii) an Impaired Class of Interests shall have accepted the Plan if at least two-thirds in the amount of interests actually voting in the class have voted to accept the Plan is accepted by the Holders of at least two-thirds of the Allowed Interests in such Class that have timely and properly voted to accept or reject the Plan.

<u>3.</u> Presumed Acceptance of the PlanAcceptances/Rejections

Syms Classes 1, 2, and 3 and Filene's Classes 1, 2 and 3 are unimpaired. Therefore, such Classes are

Syms Classes 1 and 2 and Filene's Classes 1, 2, and 8 are Unimpaired by the Plan. Under Bankruptcy Code section 1126(f), Holders of Claims in such Classes are conclusively presumed to accept the Plan, and the votes of such Holders will not be solicited. Under Bankruptcy Code section 1126(g), Holders of Syms Class 6 Claims and Holders of Filene's Class 7 Claims are not entitled to receive any recovery under the Plan but have proposed the Plan and therefore shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan by operation of law and are not entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Pursuant to the terms of the settlement embodied in the Plan, the holders of claims in Syms Class 5 (consisting entirely of intercompany claims between the Debtors) and Filene's Class 6 (consisting entirely of syms' ownership of its equity interest in Filene's) shall not retain or receive any property under the Plan. However, because each of these claims and interests are held exclusively by the Debtors, as plan co-proponents, each such class is deemed to have accepted the Plan.

3. Cramdown

In general, the Bankruptcy Code allows a debtor to obtain confirmation of its plan even if an impaired class has rejected the plan, by use of the so-called "cramdown" provision in section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. Under that section, a plan may be confirmed by a bankruptcy court if it does not "discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" with respect to each class that has voted to reject the plan.

In this case, the Debtors request that the Plan, as it may be modified from time to time prior to the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, be confirmed under section 1129(b)'s cramdown provision. In this regard, the Debtors reserve the right to modify the Plan to the extent, if any, that Confirmation pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code requires modification. For a more detailed description of the requirements for confirmation of a non-consensual plan, see Article XI.C of this Disclosure Statement entitled, "Confirmation Without Acceptance of All Impaired Classes: The 'Cramdown' Alternative.".

E. D. Corporate Action

1. Continued Corporate Existence of Reorganized Syms and Reorganized Filene's

Subject to the transactions contemplated by the Plan, Reorganized Syms shall continue to exist after the Effective Date as a separate entity, with all the powers of a corporation under applicable law—and Reorganized Filene's shall continue to exist as a wholly owned LLC subsidiary of Reorganized Syms for the principal purpose of exploring the sale or the joint venture opportunities with respect to Filene's intellectual property. On and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized SymsCompany may operate its businesses and may use, acquire and dispose of property and compromise or settle any Claims without supervision or approval by the Bankruptcy Court and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, other than those restrictions expressly imposed by the Plan or the Confirmation Order. Reorganized Syms shall be reorganized and reincorporated as a Delaware corporation as of the Effective Date pursuant to its certificate of incorporation and bylaws or other organizational documents as set forth in the Plan Supplement Exhibit C, without prejudice to any right to terminate such existence (whether by merger, dissolution or otherwise) under applicable law after the Effective Date. Among other things, Reorganized Syms²¹ certificate of incorporation shall comply with section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code.

2. Governance and Management of the Reorganized SymsCompany

Reorganized Syms's Board of Directors shall be comprised of five (5) members. One (1) member shall be an outside director with real estate expertise reasonably acceptable to the Creditors' Committee and Equity Committee.

The Reorganized Syms Board of Directors shall be comprised of five (5) members as of the Effective Date. Three (3) Equity Committee Directors shall be appointed by the Equity Committee as of the Effective Date, of which two (2) of the three (3) shall be designated by the Backstop Parties if there are Unsubscribed Shares in the Rights Offering. One (1) director shall be the Independent Director and one (1) director shall be the Creditors' Committee Director. The Board of Directors will be "staggered" with the Independent Director and the Creditors' Committee Director constituting "Class I" and the Equity Committee Directors constituting "Class II." All directors will have terms of two years, with the Class I directors first standing for election at the first annual meeting following the Effective Date, and the Class II

directors first standing for election at the second annual meeting following the Effective Date. No actions of the Board of Directors shall be valid without the presence of at least four of the five directors, except if the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust or the Majority Shareholder come to control the election of a majority of the seats on the Board of Directors as provided in the Plan and in the Corporate Organization Documents of Reorganized Syms. In the event there is a vacancy of an Equity Committee Director seat, the remaining Equity Committee Directors shall have the right to appoint a replacement. In the event there is a vacancy of the Creditors' Committee Director seat, the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust shall have the right to appoint a replacement. In the event there is a vacancy of the Independent Director seat, the Creditors' Committee Director and the Equity Committee Directors will mutually agree on a replacement who meets the requirements to serve as the Independent Directors. The Creditors' Committee Director and the Independent Director shall automatically cease to be directors when there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction. Without the affirmative vote of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, Reorganized Syms shall not directly or indirectly amend, alter or repeal any provision of the Certificate of Incorporation or the Bylaws, and without the affirmative vote of the Majority Shareholder, Reorganized Syms shall not directly or indirectly amend, alter or repeal any if such amendment would amend, alter or repeal any rights, privileges or terms applicable to the Preferred Stock held by the Majority Shareholder.

Subject to any requirement of Bankruptcy Court approval pursuant to section 1129(a)(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, the initial board of directors and the officers of the Reorganized SymsCompany will be identified in the Plan Supplement. The compensation to be disbursed to the directors, executives and officers serving Reorganized Syms as of the Effective Date also will be disclosed in the Plan Supplement. The organizational documents of Reorganized Syms shall provide for the replacement of three (3) members of the Board of Directors of Reorganized Syms by persons designated by the Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims, Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short Term) Claims and Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long Term) Claims (as the case may be) in accordance with Article IV of the Plan in the event such Holders do not receive payment in full of the amounts they are entitled to receive on the dates set under Article IV of the Plan.Budget.

3. Ms. Marcy Syms' Covenant Not to Interfere

For the avoidance of doubt, in consideration of the benefits received by the Majority Shareholder under the Plan, Ms. Marcy Syms covenants not to and shall not directly or indirectly interfere with or participate in any disposition of property or operations of the Reorganized Company except as specifically provided for in the Plan. The Reorganized Company shall have the right to offset any damages incurred as a result of a breach of this covenant by Ms. Marcy Syms against the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment. Nothing in the Plan contained shall be deemed to limit any rights of the Majority Shareholder to enforce any remedies available under the Plan, or at law or equity, in the event of a default or breach under the Plan.

4. 3. Merger of Filene's, Advertising and Clothing into Reorganized Syms

On the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, Filene's, Advertising and Clothing shall be merged with and into Reorganized Syms in accordance with applicable governing law, provided however, that all Filene's Cash and other assets of Filene's shall be transferred to the Filene's Segregated Fund from which Reorganized Syms will make distributions to Holders of Filene's Claims in accordance with the terms of this Plan. The officers, directors and managers of Filene's Advertising and Clothing shall be deemed to have resigned upon the Effective Date, or as soon thereafter as the Merger may be effected in accordance with applicable law; provided, however, that such resignations shall not be effective until relieve such officers, directors and managers have discharged from all remaining responsibilities with respect to

such entities in accordance with applicable law. If necessary or appropriate, Reorganized Syms shall cause certificates of merger to be filed for Filene's, Advertising and Clothing and shall take all other actions necessary or appropriate to effect the Merger under applicable law.

<u>5.</u> 4. No Further Corporate Action

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, each of the matters provided for under the Plan involving the corporate or limited liability company structure of the Debtors or corporate or limited liability company action to be taken by or required of the Debtors shall, as of the Effective Date, be deemed to have occurred and be effective as provided hereinin the Plan, and shall be authorized and approved in all respects without any requirement of further action by any Person, including but not limited to, Holders of Claims against or Interests in the Debtors, or directors or officers of the Debtors.

<u>6.</u> <u>Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions</u>

The Debtors' officers and directors, as appropriate, shall be authorized to execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents, and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan.

F. E. Revesting Vesting of Estate Assets

On the Effective Date, and except as otherwise set forth hereinin the Plan, all property of the Estates, including the Syms Owned Real Estate and all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in a Schedule to the Plan Supplement, shall vest in Reorganized Syms free and clear of all Claims, Liens, charges, encumbrances, rights, and Interests of creditors and equity security holders; provided, however, that on the Effective Date, all Filene's Cash and proceeds of other Filene's assets shall be deemed transferred to Filene's Segregated Fund from which Reorganized Syms will make distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims against Filene's in accordance with the terms of the Plan, any and all rights to the "Syms" name shall be transferred to Ms. Marcy Syms on the Effective Date and Ms. Syms shall not sell or use the "Syms" name for any commercial purpose including any transaction resulting in Ms. Syms receiving, directly or indirectly, any profit or any financial or other benefit, without the consent of, and the payment of all gross proceeds to, the Reorganized Company. Any documents necessary to effect this conditional transfer shall be included in the Plan Supplement. The Reorganized Company shall not use for commercial purposes any images of Ms. Marcy Syms or her family members, absent their express consent, and the Reorganized Company shall transfer to her for no consideration, taped commercials in the Debtors' possession which contain images of Ms. Marcy Syms or her family members, which commercials she agrees not to use for any commercial purposes. No transfer of the taped commercials shall constitute the transfer of any rights or interests, or in any way limit the use of, intellectual property of the Debtors and the Reorganized Company. All other trade names, marks and intellectual property of the Debtors shall remain the property of the Reorganized Company and subject to the direction of the Reorganized Company's Board of Directors, other than Filene's Intellectual Property, which shall revest in Reorganized Filene's free and clear of all Claims, Liens, charges, encumbrances, rights, and interests of creditors and shall revest subject to the direction of the Reorganized Company's Board of Directors acting as the sole member of Reorganized Filene's; provided, however, that 100% of any Cash realized or received by Filene's after the Effective Date shall constitute Net Proceeds to be used in accordance with the Plan by Reorganized Syms.

As of the Effective Date, <u>the Reorganized SymsCompany</u> shall operate its business and use, acquire and dispose of its property, including by operating, leasing and disposing of the Syms Owned Real

Estate, in a commercially reasonable manner designed to maximize value, without supervision of the Bankruptcy Court, and free of any restrictions imposed by the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules, other than those restrictions expressly imposed by thise Plan or the Confirmation Order.

G. Sources of Distributions and Uses of Net Proceeds of Syms Owned Real Estate

Distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan shall be made from, among other things, (i) Cash on hand as of the Effective Date, (ii) proceeds of the Rights Offering, (iii) Net Proceeds and/or (iv) proceeds from any post-Effective Date financings or capital raises as may be authorized by the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company.

1. Syms Owned Real Estate Disposition and Development

If not sold prior to the Effective Date, with the consent of the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee, Reorganized Syms will seek to sell the 13 Near Term Properties promptly in a commercially reasonable manner. The three Medium Term Properties will be leased and sold over a longer period of time in an effort to maximize their values. The Trinity Property will be developed or sold over an extended period of time as determined by the Board of Directors.

If, by October 1, 2013, the Allowed Syms and Filene's Class 3 (Convenience Claims) and the Allowed Syms Unsecured Creditors in Syms Class 4 General Unsecured Claims are not paid in full, the Creditors' Committee Director, acting through a one director committee of the Board of Directors, shall control the sale, by auction or otherwise, of any unsold Near Term Properties which shall be done in a commercially reasonable manner consistent with maximizing the value of the Near Term Properties and the Net Proceeds of such sale shall fund the Operating Reserve to the extent not previously fully funded, and the excess shall be treated as Excess Cash for distribution under the Plan Waterfall.

If, by October 1, 2014, the Allowed Filene's Class 4A and B General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims and Allowed Filene's Class 5A and B General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims are not paid in full, the Creditors' Committee Director, acting through a one director committee of the Board of Directors, shall control the sale, by auction or otherwise, of any Medium Term Properties, and any Near Term Properties that remain unsold, which shall be done in a commercially reasonable manner consistent with maximizing the value of the Medium Term Properties and, if applicable, Near Term Properties, and the Net Proceeds of such sale shall fund the Operating Reserves to the extent not previously fully funded and the excess shall be treated as Excess Cash for distribution purposes under the Plan Waterfall; provided, however, that such October 1, 2014 deadline may be extended to April 1, 2015 if the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust consents or, even without the consent of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, the Independent Director concludes that Reorganized Syms is proceeding in good faith to lease and sell the unsold Near Term Property(ies) and Medium Term Property(ies) such that additional time is appropriate because Reorganized Syms still has a reasonable prospect of leasing and selling the Near Term Property(ies) or Medium Term Property(ies) with any extension period.

H. F. Cancellation of Existing Securities and Agreements

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, and in any contract, instrument or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, on the Effective Date and concurrently with the applicable Distributions made pursuant to Article IV of the Plan V hereof, all promissory notes, share certificates, other instruments evidencing any Claims or Interests, other than a Claim or Interest that is Unimpaired under the Plan and Syms Class 5 Interests, and all options, warrants, calls, rights, puts, awards, commitments, or any

other agreements of any character to acquire such Syms Class 57 Interests, shall be deemed canceled and of no further force and effect, without any further act or action under any applicable agreement, law, regulation, order, or rule, and the obligations of the Debtors under the notes, share certificates, and other agreements and instruments governing such Claims and Interests shall be discharged. The holders of or parties to such canceled notes, share certificates and other agreements and instruments shall have no rights arising from or relating to such notes, share certificates and other agreements and instruments or the cancellation thereof, except the rights provided pursuant to the Plan. The foregoing shall not apply to a Claim or Interest that is Unimpaired under the Plan or to Syms Class 7 Interests.

<u>G.</u> Issuance of New <u>Securities and Capital Raising Shares; Redemption of Majority Shareholder Shares</u>

Procedures, and the Rights Offering Procedures, on the Effective Date, Reorganized Syms shall (i) issue 10,040,160 new shares to the Eligible Holders and the Backstop Parties, collectively, and (ii) purchase 7,857,794 shares from the Majority Shareholder. Syms' purchase of the Majority Shareholder Interests shall occur substantially contemporaneously with the issuance of the new shares to the Eligible Holders and Backstop Parties.

The issuance of the Subscription Rights under the Rights Offering Procedures and related documents and the distribution thereof under the Plan, and the distribution and exercise of the Subscription Rights, shall be exempt from registration under applicable securities laws pursuant to section 1145(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and/or section 4(2) of the Securities Act, and/or any other applicable exemptions. All documents, agreements, and instruments entered into and delivered on or as of the Effective Date contemplated by or in furtherance of the Plan shall become, and the Equity Commitment Agreement shall remain, effective and binding in accordance with their respective terms and conditions upon the parties thereto, in each case without further notice to or order of the Bankruptcy Court, act or action under applicable law, regulation, order, or rule or the vote, consent, authorization or approval of any entity (other than as expressly required by such applicable agreement).

The Majority Shareholder shall receive the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment in the form of cash payments from 40% of the first available distributable Excess Cash until the Majority Shareholder has received payment in full of the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment. After there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, the Subsequent Majority shareholder Payment shall be paid from any remaining Excess Cash, in the total amount of \$7,065,907. Provided that there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment shall be made no later than October 1, 2016. If the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment is not made on or before October 1, 2016, the Majority Shareholder may pursue collection remedies and proceed to judgment, so long as execution on the judgment is not effected until all Allowed General Unsecured Claim Holders are paid in full. No distributions, dividends or redemptions shall be made by the Reorganized Company until after the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment and the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment are made in full. Ms. Syms and the Trusts shall be entitled to pursue any remedies available at law or equity as a creditor of the Reorganized Company, including for actions taken in violation of the terms of the Plan and the failure to pay distributions under the Plan to Ms. Syms and the Trusts in accordance with or by the deadlines set in the Plan. The Certificate of Incorporation shall provide a preferred series share, which share shall be pledged as security and held in escrow, entitling the Majority Shareholder to control a majority of the Board of Directors if the Initial Majority Shareholder Payment and the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment are not made by October 16, 2016, provided that and conditioned upon the General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction.

Reorganized Syms shall provide at least the information rights for the time period required, each as set forth in its Bylaws contained in Plan Exhibit C to permit a market maker to quote the Offered Shares and Syms Interests on the OTC Pink tier of the OTC Markets Group quotation service or an equivalent successor electronic quotation system that (a) displays quotes from broker-dealers for over-the-counter securities and (b) does not maintain regulatory filing requirements.

J. Capital Raising and Use of Cash Proceeds

Following the Effective Date, <u>the Reorganized SymsCompany</u> may issue new debt or equity capital in accordance with applicable law, as and to the extent authorized by the Board of Directors of Reorganized Syms- and consistent with the Plan.

H. Share Purchase Transaction

The Plan contemplates consummation of a Share Purchase Transaction in connection with consummation of the Plan whereby all or substantially all of the Majority Shareholder's Interests in Syms are acquired.

The Reorganized Company shall be permitted to incur debt, grant liens and lease and sell all or any portion of any asset without any restrictions (except in connection with any transaction with any insider or affiliate of the Reorganized Company or any directors, which must be approved by the consent of the Board of Directors including the Creditors' Committee Director) other than:

- (1) So long as Plan obligations are unpaid under the Plan Waterfall, and unless otherwise required to be used to fund the Operating Reserves, 100% of net cash proceeds from each transaction, including the incurrence of any debt, lien or other obligation (net of transaction expenses and, in the case of financings, reasonable interest reserves through a date no later than September 30, 2016) received by the Reorganized Company, shall be treated as Excess Cash and used to fund distributions under the Plan Waterfall.
- (2) For the avoidance of doubt, with respect to the Trinity Property, the Reorganized Company shall have the right to (a) transfer the Trinity Property into a Trinity Joint Venture, (b) conduct a JV Interest Sale, and/or (c) authorize the Trinity Joint Venture to incur a Trinity Mortgage subject in each case to compliance with the following terms and conditioned in the event that Syms and Filene's General Unsecured Creditors in Syms Classes 3 and 4 and Filene;s Classes 3, 4, and 5, or Ms.Marcy Syms and the Trusts have not been paid their full Distributions under the Plan or would not be paid their full distributions under the Plan following the Trinity Joint Venture, JV Interest Sale, or Trinity Mortgage:
 - (a) all proceeds realized from the JV Interest Sale (net of transaction related expenses) shall be distributed, unless the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust agrees otherwise, as follows: not less than 60% of the balance of net proceeds will be included as Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall, and the remaining 40% or lesser amount of the balance of such net proceeds shall be invested in full in the Trinity Joint Venture;
 - (b) the funds received from any Trinity Mortgage shall be distributed, unless the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust agrees otherwise, as follows: first, the Trinity Carry Reserve Amount to the extent that an amount equal to the Trinity Carry Cost Reserve Amount was not distributed as Excess Cash from a JV
- DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Interest Sale, which funds shall become Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall; and thereafter the balance of borrowed funds shall remain in the Trinity Joint Venture and will be limited to be used for in pre-construction costs, direct development and construction costs, corporate overhead and carry costs for the Trinity Property, and taxes, licenses and fees for the Trinity Property, as applicable, to be determined at the Board of Directors discretion;

(c) in the event of a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or Marcy Syms and the Trusts pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company's interest in the Trinity Joint Venture (the "Company's Trinity Interest") shall be freely assignable to (i) an accredited institutional investor which could include a Public Real Estate Company, (ii) privately-owned companies and individuals who are experienced real estate investors, in each case in good credit standing and with sufficient liquidity and experience to perform its duties under the partnership or joint venture agreement; provided, however, that if a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has not occurred by October 1, 2016, then the Reorganized Company shall have the right to agree with the its joint venture entity in the Trinity Joint Venture to make any such assignment of the Company's Trinity Interest subject to a right of first offer or refusal by such other joint venture entity to purchase the Company's Trinity Interest on terms that are the same or not less favorable to the Reorganized Company as those terms set forth in a bona fide purchase offer for the Company's Trinity Interest received by the Reorganized Company that is acceptable to the Reorganized Company. The Plan shall provide that the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction over any sale of the Company's Trinity Interest.

(d) the interest may be otherwise assigned subject to the approval of the Venture's General Partner, which shall not be unreasonably withheld;

(e) a change in control to either Unsecured Creditors or Marcy Syms and the Trusts of the Reorganized Company pursuant to the terms of the Plan shall not constitute a default under the terms of the Trinity Joint Venture or the Trinity Mortgage; and

(f) prior to a change in control of the majority of the Board of Directors of the Reorganized Company to either the Unsecured Creditors or Marcy Syms and the Trusts pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Reorganized Company may only sell or otherwise dispose of a majority interest in the Trinity Joint Venture to a non-insider if (x) there has been (or will be as a result of such sale) a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction and to the extent a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has occurred, Marcy Syms and the Trusts have received full payment of their Plan distributions, or (y) the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust or to the extent the General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction has occurred, Marcy Syms consents.

K. I. Professional Fees; Funding of Reserves

(a) Professional Fee Reserve

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors shall fund the Professional Fee Reserve in the amount of the aggregate Professional Fee Estimate. The Debtors shall (i) segregate and shall not commingle the Cash held therein and (ii) pay each Allowed Professional Fee Claim from the Professional Fee Reserve upon entry of a Final Order allowing such Claim. In the event that Cash remains in the Professional Fee Reserve after payment of all Allowed Professional Fee Claims, such residual Cash shall be utilized to make distributions to Holders of Claims and Interests as provided for in the Plan.

(b) Administrative Claims Reserve

On or before the Effective Date, the Debtors shall fund the Administrative Claims Reserve in an amount equal to an estimate of all <u>Allowed Administrative Claims</u>. The Debtors shall (i) segregate and shall not commingle the Cash held therein and (ii) pay each Allowed Administrative Claim, upon entry of a Final Order allowing such Claim or on such other date provided <u>hereinin the Plan</u>. In the event that Cash remains in the Administrative Claims Reserve after payment of all Allowed Administrative Claims, such residual Cash shall be used to make distributions to Holders of Claims and Interests as provided for in the Plan.

(c) Operating Reserves

The Equity Committee has prepared the Budget attached to the Plan as Exhibit F and provided the Budget to the Creditors' Committee. The only limitation such Budget shall have on the Board of Directors shall be the Budget total in the aggregate and by Sub-Category Expense Reserve. The Board of Directors shall not be bound or limited by any line item references within individual Sub-Category Expense Reserves; provided, however, that (a) no funds in the Budget may be used in connection with any insider or affiliate transaction absent the consent of the Board of Directors, including the Creditors' Committee Director (b) any fees or other compensation payable to Directors as reflected in the Budget shall not be increased absent the consent of the Board of Directors and of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, and (c) absent the consent of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, the aggregate cap for any Sub-Category Expense Reserve may not be increased and the amounts reserved in each of the Sub-Category Expense Reserves may not be used to fund any expenses designated to be paid from another Sub-Category Expense Reserve, except that, (i) by majority vote of the Board of Directors, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve and (ii) by majority vote of the Board of Directors, and with the consent of the Independent Director, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Trinity Carry Reserve.

The Operating Reserves for the first two year period of the Budget, commencing on the Effective Date (projected to be October 1, 2012 to September 30, 2014), are: (w) a Corporate Overhead Reserve of \$5.0 million in the aggregate, (x) a [\$2.0 million] Pension Fund Reserve, (y) a Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve of \$9.0 million in the aggregate, and (z) a Trinity Carry Reserve of \$3.0 million in the aggregate

- (1) The Operating Reserves shall be funded for the two year period commencing on the Effective Date as follows: (m) \$5 million in cash on the Effective Date to the extent available after payment of Exit Costs and, to be allocated to each Sub-Category Expense Reserve in an amount to be determined by the Board of Directors, and (n) from the future proceeds realized by the Reorganized
- DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Company in the one year following the Effective Date from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash; provided however, that the amount allocated in the second year of the Budget for the Corporate Overhead Reserve and the Pension Reserve shall be funded in the last quarter of the first year, unless the Board of Directors determines that the delay of such funding would provide the Reorganized Company with inadequate liquidity to operate in accordance with the Budget and maximizing value.

- (2) For the third year period after the Effective Date (projected to be October 1, 2014 to September 30, 2015), the aggregate caps for each Sub-Category Expense Reserve shall be increased to cover projected expenses to be incurred during that year in amounts not to exceed the following, less any remaining unused funds in such Sub-Category Expense Reserves as of the end of the two year period: (w) \$1,250,000 for the Corporate Overhead Reserve, (x) the projected amount of the minimum annual payment due under the Syms Pension Plan during such third year for the Pension Reserve and the amount necessary to fund the minimum quarterly payments to be paid for the Syms and Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims during such third year, and (y) the amount of Carry Costs projected to be incurred, plus 20%, of the Carry Costs projected for any unsold Near Term Properties or Medium Term Properties for the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve.
- (3) For the fourth year period after the Effective Date (projected to be October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2016), the aggregate caps for each Sub-Category Expense Reserve shall be increased to cover projected expenses to be incurred during that year in amounts not to exceed the following, less any remaining unused funds in such Sub-Category Expense Reserves as of the end of the two year period: (w) \$750,000 for the Corporate Overhead Reserve, (x) the projected amount of the minimum annual payment due under the Syms Pension Plan during such fourth year for the Pension Reserve and the amount necessary to fund the minimum quarterly payments to be paid for the Syms and Filene's Union Pension Plan Claims during such fourth year, and (y) the amount of Carry Costs projected to be incurred, plus 20% of the Carry Costs projected, for any unsold Near Term Properties or Medium Term Properties for the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve.
- (4) On the two year anniversary of the Effective Date, the Board of Directors shall review and revise the Sub-Category Reserve amounts set forth above for the third and fourth year periods after the Plan Effective Date, provided that any increase in the aggregate amount of the cap increases for the Sub-Category Reserves shall not exceed the amounts set forth above in Section VII.G.3(2) and (3) without the consent of the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust, except that, (i) by majority vote of the Board of Directors, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve and (ii) by majority vote of the Board, and with the consent of the Independent Director, amounts in the Corporate Overhead Reserve may be reallocated to the Trinity Carry Reserve. At the end of the two year period commencing on the Effective Date, the Operating Reserves for the third and fourth years periods after the Effective Date shall be funded from proceeds realized by the Reorganized Company from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash.
- (5) At the end of the two year period commencing on the Effective Date, the sum of \$500,000, to be funded from Net Proceeds realized by the Reorganized Company from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash, shall be set aside in an "Emergency Fund Reserve" to be used, by the Reorganized Company with the consent of the Creditors' Committee Director, for operating and other expenses. The Creditors' Committee Director may at any time reduce the amount of funds in the Emergency Fund Reserve and make such reduced funds Excess Cash. If distributing the Emergency Fund Reserve would effect a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, the amounts necessary for the Emergency Fund Reserve shall instead be treated as Excess Cash and used for Plan distributions.

- (6) At the end of the two year period commencing on the Plan Effective Date, the sum of \$500,000, to be funded from proceeds realized by the Reorganized Company from the sale of assets, settlements or any other sources, before such proceeds become Excess Cash (as defined below), shall be set aside in a discretionary fund that shall be allocated and used for operating and other expenses of Reorganized Syms as determined by a majority vote of the Board, and with the consent of the Independent Director.
- (7) After the Reorganized Company has sold all of the Near Term Properties and Medium Term Properties, any unused funds remaining in the Carry Cost/Repair/TI Reserve shall become Excess Cash and shall be distributed in accordance with the Plan Waterfall.

L. L. Exemption From Certain Transfer Taxes

Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1146(a), any transfers from any of the Debtors to any Person, including any transfers of Syms Owned Real Estate after Confirmation in the United States, shall not be subject to any stamp tax or similar tax, and the Confirmation Order shall direct the appropriate state or local governmental officials or agents to forgo the collection of any such tax or governmental assessment and to accept for filing and recordation any of the foregoing instruments or other documents without the payment of any such tax or governmental assessment.

M. K. Preservation and Settlement of Certain Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions

1. Preservation of <u>Certain</u> Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions.

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(3) and except as otherwise provided in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, the, except as agreed to by the Plan Proponents and identified on Exhibit A to the Plan, to be included with the Plan Supplement, all Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions shall be released as of the Effective Date. The Debtors shall retain all of the Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement and all such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions shall vest in the Reorganized SymsCompany on the Effective Date, a nonexclusive list of which will be set forth in the Plan Supplement. The Reorganized SymsCompany may investigate, enforce, sue on, settle or compromise (or decline to do any of the foregoing) any or all of the Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement. The failure of the Debtors to list a claim, right, cause of action, suit or proceeding in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement shall-not constitute a waiver or and release by the Debtors or and their Estates of such claim, right of action, suit or proceeding. Such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions shall survive entry of the Confirmation Order for the benefit of the Debtors and their Estates.

2. Settlement of <u>Certain</u> Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions.

At any time after the Confirmation Date but before the Effective Date, notwithstanding anything in the Plan to the contrary, the Reorganized SymsCompany may settle some or all of the Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions identified in Schedule A to the Plan Supplement pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019 with the approval of the Court and upon notice to the Creditors² Committee and the Equity Committee; after the Effective Date, the Reorganized SymsCompany, will determine whether to bring, settle, release, compromise, enforce or abandon such rights (or decline to do any of the foregoing).

N. Effectuating Documents; Further Transactions

The Debtors shall be authorized to execute, deliver, file or record such contracts, instruments, releases, indentures and other agreements or documents, and take such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate and further evidence the terms and conditions of the Plan, that are not inconsistent with the other terms and conditions of the Plan.

O. L. Provisions Governing Distributions

1. Sources For Plan Distributions

Distributions in accordance with the terms of the Plan shall be made from, among other things, (i) Cash on hand as of the Effective Date, (ii) proceeds of any Exit Financing that may be required to confirm and consummate the Plan, (iii) Net Proceeds from the disposition of Syms Owned Real Estate, and/or (iv) proceeds from any post Effective Date financings or capital raises as may be authorized by the Board of Directors of Reorganized Syms. Notwithstanding the foregoing or any other term of the Plan, the first \$5.0 million of Net Proceeds realized from the sale of Syms Owned Real Estate shall be retained by Reorganized Syms and used to fund working capital for Reorganized Syms. For further information about sources for Plan distributions, please consult Exhibit E and Section VI of this Disclosure Statement entitled "Overview of Claims, Assets and the Business Plan" and Section VIII of this Disclosure Statement entitled "Certain Risk Factors to Considered."

(a) Information Regarding Syms Owned Real Estate

As discussed above, the Syms Owned Real Estate consists of 17 parcels of commercial real estate. Three of these properties are subject to long term ground leases. Syms also owns a residential condominium in Secaucus, New Jersey. The Syms Owned Real Estate consists of properties located in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Michigan and Texas. Some of these properties are stand alone buildings, whereas some of these properties are "strip malls," a real estate parcel comprised of multiple leased premises but which is considered a single property. As of the Petition Date, Syms operated its retail locations out of some of its owned properties until December 2011. Those properties are, with one exception, now vacant. Also as of the Petition Date, Syms leased commercial space to 25 different tenants, including multiple leased premises in its "strip mall" properties. As of February 10, 2012, Syms entered into a 5 year lease with Lear Operations, Inc. on its Southfield, Michigan property. Lear has an option to purchase that property within the first 6 months of the lease for a purchase price of \$ 2.5 million.

Cushman is in the process of leasing up and marketing the remainder of the Syms Owned Real Estate. Set forth on Exhibit C to this Disclosure Statement is a schedule of all the owned properties, together with relevant information about each property. Projections reflecting the disposition of these properties over a 3 year period are included in the Financial Projections attached as Exhibit D.

1. 2. Distributions for Claims Allowed as of the Effective Date

All Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, all Distributions to be made on account of Claims that are Allowed Claims as of the Effective Date shall be made on the Initial Distribution Date or as soon thereafter as Cash becomes available therefore.—and Distributions on account of Claims that first become Allowed Claims after the Effective Date shall be made pursuant to the terms and conditions of thise Plan,

and on such day as selected by the Reorganized Syms in its sole discretion. Company; provided, however, that the Excess Cash shall be used to make Distributions, in accordance with the Plan Waterfall, on not less than a quarterly basis if the distributable amount of Excess Cash is no less than the Minimum Distribution Threshold or is the last distribution to a Class. Once there has been a General Unsecured Claim Satisfaction, Excess Cash shall be distributed to the Majority Shareholder in satisfaction of the Subsequent Majority Shareholder Payment not less than a quarterly basis [if the distributable amount of Excess Cash is no less than \$10,000.]

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, no Distribution shall be made on account of any Allowed Claim or portion thereof that (i) has been satisfied after the Petition Date pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court; or (ii) is listed in the Debtors' schedules (as may be amended or supplemented from time to time) as contingent, unliquidated, disputed or in a zero amount, and for which a Proof of Claim has not been timely filed.

2. 3. Reorganized Syms as Disbursing Agent

Subject to the terms and provisions of thise Plan, Reorganized Syms shall make all Distributions required under thise Plan with respect to the Debtors' Estates' Estates, provided, however, that Reorganized Syms may employ a third-party disbursing agent, in the discretion of the Board of Directors, upon the filing of a notice with the Court. Reorganized Syms shall not be required to give any bond or surety or other security for the performance of its duties unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court or required by the Bankruptcy Code or the Bankruptcy Rules. Reorganized Syms shall be authorized and directed to rely upon the Debtors' books and records and the Debtors' representatives and professionals in determining Claims not entitled to a Distribution under the Plan in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

<u>4.</u> Delivery of Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions

(a) Delivery of Distributions in General

Distributions to Holders of Allowed Claims shall be made by Reorganized Syms (a) at the addresses set forth on the Proofs of Claim filed by such Holders (or at the last known addresses of such Holders if no Proof of Claim is filed or if the Debtors have been notified of a change of address), (b) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Debtors after the date of any related Proof of Claim, (c) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no Proof of Claim has been filed and the Debtors have not received a written notice of a change of address, (d) at the addresses set forth in the other records of the Debtors at the time of the Distribution or (e) in the case of the Holder of a Claim that is governed by an agreement and is administered by an agent or servicer, at the addresses contained in the official records of such agent or servicer. In making Distributions under the Plan, Reorganized Syms may rely upon the accuracy of the claims register maintained by the Claims Agent in the Chapter 11 Cases, as modified by any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court disallowing Claims in whole or in part.

(b) Undeliverable and Unclaimed Distributions

If the Distribution to any Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest is returned to Reorganized Syms as undeliverable or is otherwise unclaimed, no further Distributions shall be made to such Holder unless and until Reorganized Syms is notified in writing of such Holder² then-current address, at which time all missed Distributions shall be made to such Holder without interest. Amounts in respect of undeliverable Distributions shall be returned to Reorganized Syms until such Distributions are claimed.

Reorganized Syms shall segregate and, deposit in a segregated account (the "Unclaimed Distribution Reserve") undeliverable and unclaimed Distributions for the benefit of all such similarly situated Persons or Governmental Units until such time as a Distribution becomes deliverable or is claimed.

Any Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest that does not assert a Claim or Interest pursuant to thise Plan for an undeliverable or unclaimed Distribution within six (6) months after the last Distribution Date shall be deemed to have forfeited its Claim or Interest for such undeliverable or unclaimed Distribution and shall be forever barred and enjoined from asserting any such Claim or Interest for an undeliverable or unclaimed Distribution against the Debtors and their Estates, and their respective agents, attorneys, representatives, employees or independent contractors, and/or any of its and their property. In such cases, any Cash otherwise reserved for undeliverable or unclaimed Distributions shall be distributed in accordance with the terms of thise Plan. Nothing contained in thise Plan shall require Reorganized Syms to attempt to locate any Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest.

4. 5. Prepayment

Except as otherwise provided in thise Plan or the Confirmation Order, Reorganized Syms shall have the right to prepay, without penalty, all or any portion of an Allowed Claim.

<u>5.</u> Means of Cash Payment

Cash payments made pursuant to thise Plan shall be in U.S. dollars and shall be made at the option and in the sole discretion of Reorganized Syms by (i) checks drawn on or (ii) wire transfers from a domestic bank selected by Reorganized Syms. In the case of foreign creditors, Cash payments may be made, at the option of Reorganized Syms, in such funds and by such means as are necessary or customary in a particular jurisdiction.

6. 7. Interest on Disputed Claims

Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, interest shall not accrue or be paid upon any Disputed Claim in respect of the period from the Petition Date to the date such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim-; [provided, however, that interest shall accrue at the rate of 7.0% per annum on any unpaid Disputed Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim from and after October 1, 2015 until Distribution is made on such Claim.]

7. 8. Withholding and Reporting Requirements

In accordance with Bankruptcy Code section 346 and in connection with the Plan and all Distributions thereunder, Reorganized Syms shall, to the extent applicable, comply with all withholding and reporting requirements imposed by any U.S. federal, state, local, or non-U.S. taxing authority. Reorganized Syms shall be authorized to take any and all actions necessary and appropriate to comply with such requirements. All Distributions hereunder may be subject to the withholding and reporting requirements. As a condition of making any Distribution under the Plan, Reorganized Syms may require the Holder of an Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest to provide such Holder-1's taxpayer identification number, and such other information, certification, or forms as necessary to comply with applicable tax reporting and withholding laws. Notwithstanding any other provision of thise Plan, each Entity receiving a Distribution pursuant to thise Plan shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of tax obligations on account of any such Distribution. Reorganized Syms may move to disallow

an otherwise Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest entitled to a Distribution under the Plan if the Holder of such Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest, after reasonable notice, does not provide Reorganized Syms with such Holder's taxpayer identification number, and such other information, certification, or forms as necessary to comply with applicable tax reporting and withholding laws.

8. 9. Setoffs

(a) By Reorganized Syms

Except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, Reorganized Syms may, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 553, 558 or any other applicable law, but shall not be required to, set off against any Claim, and the payments or other Distributions to be made pursuant to the Plan in respect of such Claim, Claims of any nature whatsoever that the Debtors may have against the Holder of such Claim and that has not been released under the Plan or otherwise; provided, however, that neither the failure to do so nor the allowance of any Claim hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release by the Debtors of any such Claim that the Debtors may have against such Holder.

(b) By Non-Debtors

Unless otherwise authorized by a Final Order, any Holder of a Claim must assert any setoff rights against a Claim by a Debtor against such Entity by timely filing (i) a Proof of Claim asserting such right of setoff, (ii) an appropriate motion on or before the Confirmation Date seeking authority to setoff, or (iii) an objection to Confirmation on or before the Confirmation Objection Deadline asserting, preserving or otherwise referencing the existence of such right of setoff, or will be deemed to have waived and be forever barred from asserting any right to setoff against a Claim by a Debtor; provided, however, that the right of any Debtor to object to the validity of any asserted right of setoff shall be preserved.

- 10. Procedure for Treating and Resolving Disputed, Contingent and/or Unliquidated Claims
 - (a) Objection Deadline; Prosecution of Objections

Except as set forth in the Plan with respect to Professional Fee Claims and Administrative Claims, all objections to Claims must be filed and served on the Holders of such Claims by the Claims Objection Deadline, as the same may be extended by the Bankruptcy Court. If an objection has not been filed to a Claim or the Schedules have not been amended with respect to a Claim that (i) was Scheduled by the Debtors but (ii) was not Scheduled as contingent, unliquidated, and/or disputed, by the Claims Objection Deadline, as the same may be extended by order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Claim to which the Proof of Claim or Scheduled Claim relates will be treated as an Allowed Claim if such Claim has not been allowed earlier. Notice of any motion for an order extending the Claims Objection Deadline shall be required to be given only to those Entities that have requested notice in the Chapter 11 Cases, or to such Entities as the Bankruptcy Court shall order. From the Confirmation Date through the Claims Objection Deadline, Reorganized Syms shall have the exclusive authority to file objections, settle, compromise, withdraw, or litigate to judgment objections to Claims.

(b) No Distributions Pending Allowance

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no payments or Distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim have been settled or withdrawn or have been determined by Final Order, and the Disputed Claim, or some portion thereof, has become an Allowed Claim. To the extent that a Claim is not a Disputed Claim but is held by a Holder that is or may be liable to the Debtors, no payments or Distributions shall be made with respect to all or any portion of such Claim unless and until such Claim and liability have been settled or withdrawn or have been determined by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or such other court having jurisdiction over the matter. On each Distribution Date, Reorganized Syms will make Distributions (a) on account of any Disputed Claim that has become an Allowed Claim since the preceding Distribution Date and (b) on account of previously Allowed Claims, from the applicable reserves, of property that would have been distributed to such Claimholders on the dates Distributions previously were made to Holders of Allowed Claims had the Disputed Claims that have become Allowed Claims been Allowed on such dates.

(c) *De Minimis* Distributions

Reorganized Syms shall not have any obligation to make a Distribution on account of an Allowed Claim from any reserve or otherwise if (a) the aggregate amount of all Distributions authorized to be made from such reserve or otherwise on the Distribution Date in question (other than the final Distribution Date) is or has a value less than \$250,000,the Minimum Distribution Threshold, or (b) if the amount to be distributed to the specific Holder of the Allowed Claim on the particular Distribution Date does not constitute a final Distribution to such Holder and such Distribution has a value less than \$10.00.25.00. Reorganized Syms shall have no obligation to make any Distribution, whether final or not, unless and until the total amount of such Distribution to a specific Holder of an Allowed Claim is equal to or greater than \$10.00.25.00.

<u>The foregoing limitations on "De Minimis Distributions" shall not apply to Distributions to be</u> made to the Majority Shareholder.

(d) Claims Resolution and Compromise

As of the Effective Date, Reorganized Syms is authorized to compromise or settle all Claims, Disputed Claims, and Liens pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9019(b), and to execute necessary documents, including Lien releases (subject to the written consent of the party having such Lien) and stipulations of settlement or release, without further order of the Bankruptcy Court, and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, other than those restrictions expressly imposed by the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

11. Distribution Record Date Reorganized Syms shall have no obligation to recognize the transfer of or sale of any participation in any Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest that occurs after the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, and will be entitled for all purposes herein to recognize and distribute only to those Holders of Allowed Claims and Interests who are Holders, or participants therein, as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date. Instead, Reorganized Syms shall be entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes under this Plan with only those record holders stated on the official claims register or

other applicable records as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date.

10. 12. Fractional Dollars

Any other provision of thise Plan notwithstanding, Reorganized Syms shall not be required to make Distributions or payments of fractions of dollars. Whenever any payment of a fraction of a dollar under thise Plan would otherwise be called for, the actual payment shall reflect a rounding of such fraction to the nearest whole dollar (up or down), with half dollars being rounded down.

11. 43. Allocation of Plan Distributions Between Principal and Interest

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a Distribution under thise Plan is composed of indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, such Distribution shall, for all income tax purposes, be allocated to the principal amount of the Claim first and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Claim, to the portion of such Claim representing accrued but unpaid interest.

12. Distribution Record Date

Reorganized Syms shall have no obligation to recognize the transfer of or sale of any participation in any Allowed Claim or Allowed Interest that occurs after the close of business on the Distribution Record Date, and will be entitled for all purposes in the Plan to recognize and distribute only to those Holders of Allowed Claims and Interests who are Holders, or participants therein, as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date. Instead, Reorganized Syms shall be entitled to recognize and deal for all purposes under the Plan with only those record holders stated on the official claims register or other applicable records as of the close of business on the Distribution Record Date.

P. M. Treatment of Executory Contracts

1. Rejected Contracts and Leases

Except as otherwise provided in the Confirmation Order, the Plan, or any other Plan document, the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order under Bankruptcy Code section 365 rejecting all prepetition executory contracts, including purchase orders, and unexpired leases to which any Debtor is a party, to the extent such contracts or leases are executory contracts or unexpired leases, on and subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, unless such contract or lease (a) previously shall have been assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected by the Debtors, (b) previously shall have expired or terminated pursuant to its own terms before the Effective Date, (c) is the subject of a pending motion to assume or reject on the Confirmation Date, or (d) is identified in Exhibit B to the Plan as an insurance policy or insurance agreement of the Debtors; provided, however, that the Debtors may amend such Exhibit B at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an insurance agreement on such Exhibit B at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an insurance agreement on such Exhibit B at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an insurance agreement on such Exhibit B at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an insurance agreement on such Exhibit B at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an insurance agreement on such Exhibit B and ho

2. Insurance Policies and Agreements

Except as set forth in the Plan or the Confirmation Order, Insurance policies issued to, or insurance agreements entered into by, the Debtors prior to the Petition Date (including, without limitation, any policies covering directors² or officers² conduct) shall continue in effect after the Effective Date. To the extent that such insurance policies or agreements (including, without limitation, any policies covering directors² or officers² conduct) are considered to be executory contracts, then, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, the Plan shall constitute a motion to assume or ratify such insurance policies and agreements, and, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute approval of such assumption pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that each such assumption is in the best interests of each Debtor and its Estate. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to a Final Order or agreed to by the parties thereto prior to the Effective Date, no payments shall be required to cure any defaults of the Debtors existing as of the Confirmation Date with respect to each such insurance policy or agreement. To the extent that the Bankruptcy Court determines otherwise as to any such insurance policy or agreement, the Debtors reserve the right to seek the rejection of such insurance policy or agreement or other available relief.

With respect to the agreement relating to a life insurance policy on Marcy Syms, issued by Massachusetts Life Insurance Company to Laben Lathan, Trustee of Trust UTD 5/20/99 (the "Split-Dollar Policy"), Syms and Reorganized Syms shall be released from any future obligation (whether to Marcy Syms, any third party or otherwise) to pay premiums and shall release any interest in the insurance policy in return for a credit of \$1.774 million against the amounts to be paid to the Majority Shareholder under the Share Redemption Transaction. The Plan Supplement shall include an amendment of the split dollar agreement and any other documents necessary to effect this settlement.

3. Indemnification Obligations

Notwithstanding Article VIIIX.A. of the Plan, or any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into in connection with thise Plan, any and all Indemnification Obligations that the Debtors have pursuant to a contract, instrument, agreement, certificate of incorporation, by-law, comparable organizational document or any other document, or applicable law that has not been rejected under Bankruptcy Code section 365 pursuant to an order of the Bankruptcy Court or pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed an executory contract that is assumed as of the Effective Date, and all Claims arising out of Indemnification Obligations shall be deemed to be, and shall be treated as though they are, executory contracts that are assumed by the Reorganized SymsCompany pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. No reserve shall be established hereunder for such Indemnification Obligations.

By the date for filing of the Plan Supplement, the Directors and Officers of the Debtors shall provide the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee with a schedule of the potential claims of which they have actual knowledge and will represent that those are the only claims of which they have actual knowledge, and in the event that the Directors and Officers later assert indemnity for a claim which is not listed on the schedule but of which they had actual knowledge, they will be barred from asserting an indemnity obligation for such claim

Indemnification Obligations owed to any Professionals retained pursuant to sections 327 or 328 of the Bankruptcy Code and order of the Court, to the extent that such Indemnification Obligations relate to the period after the Petition Date, shall be deemed to be, and shall be treated as though they are, executory contracts that are assumed pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code under the Plan.

4. Bar To Rejection Damages

If the rejection of an executory contract or unexpired lease pursuant to the Plan gives rise to a Claim by the other party or parties to such contract or lease, such Claim shall be forever barred and shall not be enforceable against the applicable Debtor or its Estate, or their respective successors or properties unless a Proof of Claim is filed with the Claims Agent and served on the Debtors and counsel for the Debtors within thirty (30) days after service of a notice of occurrence of the Effective Date-or such other date as is prescribed by, unless another order of the Bankruptcy Court provides for an earlier date.

5. Assumed and Assigned Contracts and Leases

Except as otherwise provided in the Confirmation Order, the Plan, or any other Plan document entered into after the Petition Date or in connection with the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall constitute an order under Bankruptcy Code section 365 assuming, as of the Effective Date, those agreements listed on Exhibit B to thise Plan; provided, however, that the Debtors may amend such Exhibit at any time prior to the Confirmation Date; provided further, however, that listing an agreement on such Exhibit shall not constitute an admission by a Debtor that such agreement is an executory contract or that any Debtor has any liability thereunder.

Q. N. Confirmation and Consummation of the Plan

1. Conditions to Confirmation

Before the Plan can be confirmed, the <u>The</u> following <u>are</u> conditions precedent <u>must be satisfied to</u> the occurrence of the Confirmation Date:

- (a) The entry of a Final Order finding that thise Disclosure Statement contains adequate information pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 11251125, which order shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtors, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee, the Equity Committee, and the Backstop Parties;
- (b) The <u>proposed Confirmation Order shall be, in form and substance,</u> reasonably acceptable to the <u>Debtors Plan Proponents, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee and the Backstop Parties</u>; and
- (c) All provisions, terms and conditions of the Planhereof are approved in the Confirmation Order.
- (d) <u>A default has not occurred under the Equity Commitment Agreement that</u> has not been cured and the Equity Commitment Agreement is in full force and effect.

For a more detailed description of the requirements for confirmation of the Plan, see Section X of this Disclosure Statement entitled, "Feasibility of the Plan and Best Interests of Creditors."

2. Conditions to the Effective Date

Before the Plan can become effective, the The following are conditions precedent, to the occurrence of the Effective Date, each of which must be satisfied unless or waived by the Debtors in writing in accordance with the Plan Article X.C:

- (a) The Confirmation Order shall have been entered and become a final order Final Order, shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Plan Proponents, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee and the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and shall provide that the Debtors and the Backstop Parties are authorized and directed to take all actions necessary or appropriate to enter into, implement and consummate the contracts, instruments, releases, leases, indentures, and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan or effectuate, advance, or further the purposes thereof;
- (b) All Plan exhibits Exhibits and documents filed as part of the Plan Supplement shall be in form and substance; reasonably acceptable to the Debtors Plan Proponents, the Majority Shareholder, the Creditors' Committee and the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties, and shall have been executed and delivered by all parties signatory thereto;
- (c) The Debtors shall be authorized and directed to take all actions necessary or appropriate to enter into, implement and consummate the contracts, instruments, releases, and the agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan;
- (d) All other actions, documents, and agreements necessary to implement the Plan shall have been effected or executed and shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Plan Proponents;
- (e) The <u>reserves for professional fees and administrative claims Professional</u>
 <u>Fee Reserve, the Administrative Claims Reserve and the Operating Reserve</u> shall have been funded to the extent required under the Plan and the Budget; and
- (f) The Share Purchase Transaction shall have been consummated All conditions to closing set forth in the Equity Commitment Agreement shall have been satisfied or duly waived in accordance with the terms of the Equity Commitment Agreement and the Equity Commitment Agreement shall be in full force and effect; and
- (g) <u>The Independent Director shall be mutually chosen by the Creditors'</u>
 Committee and the Equity Committee and designated to the Board of Directors and the Creditors'
 Committee Director and the Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust shall be designated by the Creditors'
 Committee and designated to the Board of Directors.
 - (h) The Effective Date shall occur no later than September 15, 2012.
 - 3. Waiver of Conditions

Each of the conditions set forth in Articles XX. A and XX. B of the Plan may be waived in whole or in part by the Plan Proponents XX. The failure to satisfy or waive any condition to the Effective Date may be asserted by the DebtorsPlan
Proponents regardless of the circumstances giving rise to the failure of such condition to be satisfied. The

failure of a party to exercise any of the foregoing rights shall not be deemed a waiver of any other rights, and each such right shall be deemed an ongoing right that may be asserted at any time.

4. Consequences of Non-Occurrence of Effective Date

In the event that the Effective Date does not timely occur, the Plan Proponents reserve all rights to seek an order from the Bankruptcy Court directing that the Confirmation Order be vacated, that the Plan be null and void in all respects, and/or that any settlement of Claims provided for in the Plan be null and void. In the event that the Bankruptcy Court shall enter an order vacating the Confirmation Order, the time within which the Debtors may assume and assign, or reject all executory contracts and unexpired leases not previously assumed, assumed and assigned, or rejected, shall be extended for a period of thirty (30) days after the date the Confirmation Order is vacated, without prejudice to further extensions.

<u>5.</u> <u>Cram Down</u>

The Plan Proponents request Confirmation under section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to any Impaired Class that does not accept the Plan pursuant to section 1126 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors reserve the right to modify the Plan to the extent, if any, that Confirmation pursuant to section 1129(b) of the Bankruptcy Code requires modification.

R. Allowance and Payment of Certain Administrative Claims

1. Professional Fee Claims

(a) Final Fee Applications

All Final Fee Applications must be filed no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date. Objections, if any, to Final Fee Applications of such Professionals must be filed and served on the Debtors and their respective counsel, the Creditors' Committee and its counsel and the Equity Committee and its counsel, the requesting Professional and the Office of the U.S. Trustee no later than twenty (20) days from the date on which each such Final Fee Application is served and filed. After notice and a hearing in accordance with the procedures established by the Bankruptcy Code and prior orders of the Bankruptcy Court, the allowed amounts of such Professional Fee Claims shall be determined by the Court.

(b) Employment of Professionals after the Effective Date

From and after the Effective Date, any requirement that professionals comply with Bankruptcy Code sections 327 through 331 or any order previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court in seeking retention or compensation for services rendered or expenses incurred after such date will terminate.

2. Substantial Contribution Compensation and Expenses Bar Date

Any Person who wishes to make a Substantial Contribution Claim based on facts or circumstances arising after the Petition Date, must file an application with the clerk of the Court, on or before the Administrative Claims Bar Date, and serve such application on counsel for the Debtors, counsel for the Creditors' Committee, and counsel for the Equity Committee, and as otherwise required by the Court and

the Bankruptcy Code, or be forever barred from seeking such compensation or expense reimbursement.

Objections, if any, to the Substantial Contribution Claim must be filed no later than the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline, unless otherwise extended by Order of the Court.

3. Administrative Claims

All Administrative Claims arising after the Petition Date, other than Professional Fee Claims, must be filed with the Claims Agent and served on counsel for the Debtors so as to be received no later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time on the Administrative Claims Bar Date. Any such Claim may be submitted in person or by courier service, hand delivery or mail addressed to the Claims Agent at the Claims Agent's applicable addresses as specified in Article XIV.F of the Plan. Any such Claim submitted by facsimile will not be accepted and will not be deemed filed until such Claim is submitted by one of the methods described in the foregoing sentence. An Administrative Claim will be deemed filed only when actually received by the Claims Agent. Unless Reorganized Syms or any other party in interest objects by the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline to an Administrative Claim, such Claim shall be deemed allowed after the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline in the amount requested. In the event that Reorganized Syms or any other party in interest objects to such a Claim, the Bankruptcy Court shall determine the allowed amount of such Claim.

S. O. Effect of Plan Confirmation

1. Binding Effect

The Plan shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Debtors, all present and former Holders of Claims and Interests, and their respective successors and assigns.

2. Powers and Duties Discharge

Upon the Effective Date, the Debtors shall, in accordance with the terms of the Plan, take all actions necessary to conduct their affairs consistent with the Plan and applicable non-bankruptcy law. Without limitation, they shall file federal, state, and, to the extent applicable, local, tax returns and, to the extent contemplated by the Plan, merge into Reorganized Syms. They shall be authorized, empowered and directed to take all actions necessary to comply with the Plan and exercise and fulfill their duties and obligations arising thereunder as set forth more fully in the Plan.

Discharge

(a) Discharge of the Debtors

In general, a discharge under section 1141(d) of the Bankruptcy Code operates to discharge a debtor from any and all debts and obligations that arose before confirmation of the plan, which means that holders of claims are limited to the recovery provided to them under such plan.

Upon the Effective Date, the Debtors shall be discharged and released under section 1141(d)(1)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code from any and all Claims, including, but not limited to, demands and liabilities that arose before the Effective Date, and all debts of the kind specified in section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, whether or not (i) a proof of claim based upon such debt is filed or deemed filed under

section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) a Claim based upon such debt is Allowed under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, (iii) a Claim based upon such debt is or has been disallowed by order of the Bankruptcy Court, or (iv) the Holder of a Claim based upon such debt accepted thise Plan.

As of the Effective Date, except as provided in thise Plan or the Confirmation Order, all Persons shall be precluded from asserting against the Debtors or their properties, including the Syms Owned Real Estate, any other or further Claims, debts, rights, Causes of Action, claims for relief, or liabilities relating to the Debtors based upon any act, omission, transaction, occurrence, or other activity of any nature that occurred prior to the Effective Date. In accordance with the foregoing, except as provided in thise Plan or the Confirmation Order, the Confirmation Order shall be a judicial determination of discharge of all such Claims and other debts and liabilities, pursuant to sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, and such discharge shall void any judgment obtained against the Debtors at any time, to the extent that such judgment relates to a discharged Claim.

Debtor Releases

Pursuant to section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for good and valuable consideration, on and after the Effective Date, (i) all current and former officers, directors, employees, agents and professionals of the Debtors in their capacity as such, (ii) the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee and their respective members and professionals in their capacity as such, and (iii) the Majority Shareholder (the "Released Parties") are deemed released and discharged by the Debtors, Reorganized Syms and the Estates from any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies and liabilities whatsoever, including any derivative claims, asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtors, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, or the Estates would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively) or on behalf of the Holder of any Claim or Interest or other Person, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, the purchase, sale or rescission of the purchase or sale of any security of the Debtors or Reorganized Syms, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor and any of the foregoing releasees, the restructuring of Claims and Interests before or during the Chapter 11 Cases, the negotiation, formulation or preparation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or related agreements, instruments or other documents, or upon any other act or omission, transaction, agreement, event or other occurrence taking place on or before the Effective Date.

5. Third Party Releases

As of the Effective Date, each Holder of a Claim or Interest (the "Third Party Releasors") shall be deemed to have conclusively, unconditionally, irrevocably and forever released and discharged the Released Parties from any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies and liabilities whatsoever, including any derivative claims, asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtors, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors or Reorganized Syms, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor and any of the Released Parties, the restructuring of Claims and Interests before or during the Chapter 11 Cases, the negotiation, formulation or preparation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or related agreements, instruments or other documents, or upon any other act or omission, transaction, agreement, event or other occurrence taking place on or before the Effective Date, other than Claims or liabilities arising out of or

relating to any act or omission of a Released Party that constitutes willful misconduct or gross negligence. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing, the third party release set forth above does not bind any Third Party Releasor unless such Third Party Releasor manifests its assent to such third party release by checking the appropriate box on the ballot accompanying the solicitation of votes on the Plan.

3. 6. Injunction

Except as otherwise provided in the Plan, the Confirmation Order shall provide, among other things, that from and after the Effective Date, all Persons who have held, hold or may hold Claims against or Interests in the Debtors are permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions against the Estates, the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or any of their property on account of any such Claims or Interests: (A) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action or other proceeding; (B) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering in any manner any judgment, award, decree or order; (C) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any lien or encumbrance; (D) asserting a setoff, right of subrogation, or recoupment of any kind against any debt, liability, or obligation due to the Debtors; and (E) commencing or continuing, in any manner or in any place, any action that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan; provided, however, that nothing contained herein the Plan shall preclude such Persons from exercising their rights pursuant to and consistent with the terms of thise Plan or the Confirmation Order; provided further, however, that nothing in this Article shall impair (i) the rights of any Holder of a Disputed Claim to establish its Claim in response to an objection filed by Reorganized Syms, or (ii) the rights of any defendant in a Cause of Action or Avoidance Action filed by Reorganized Syms to assert defenses in such action.

4. 7. Exculpation and Limitation of Liability

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, (i) the Debtors, (ii) all of the present or former directors, officers, or employees of any of the Debtors, acting in such capacity and serving as of the Petition Date, (iii) any Professionals of the Debtors, and (iv) the Creditors' Committee and (iv) the Majority Shareholder; (v) any Professionals of the Majority Shareholder; and (vi) the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee and their members and Professionals respective members, and the professionals retained by each of the foregoing acting in their capacities as such, and any of such parties-1 successors and assigns, shall not have or incur any liability, claim, action, proceeding, Cause of Action, Avoidance Action, suit, account, controversy, agreement, promise, right to legal remedies, right to equitable remedies, right to payment, or Claim (as defined in Bankruptcy Code Section 101(5)), whether known, unknown, reduced to judgment, not reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, secured, or unsecured and whether asserted or assertable directly or derivatively, in law, equity, or otherwise to one another or to any Claimholder or Interestholder, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys, or affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission originating or occurring on or after the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date in connection with, relating to, or arising out of the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, the negotiation and filing of the Plan or any prior plans, the filing of the Chapter 11 Cases, the pursuit of confirmation of the Plan or any prior plans, the consummation of the Plan including the Rights Offering and Share Purchase Transaction, the administration of the Plan, or the property to be liquidated and/or distributed under the Plan, except for their willful misconduct or gross negligence as determined by a Final Order of a court of competent jurisdiction, and in all respects shall be entitled to rely reasonably upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities under the Plan provided, however, that the foregoing shall not extinguish the personal liability of any of the aforementioned Entities for any statutory violation of applicable tax laws or bar any right of action asserted by a governmental taxing authority against the aforementioned Entities for any statutory violation of

applicable tax laws, or any obligation or liability arising under the Equity Commitment Agreement or the terms of the Plan.

<u>5.</u> <u>Debtor Releases</u>

Pursuant to section 1123(b) of the Bankruptcy Code for good and valuable consideration, on and after the Effective Date, except as set forth on Exhibit A, (i) all current and former officers, directors, employees, agents and professionals of the Debtors in their capacity as such, (ii) the Majority Shareholder in her capacity as such; (iii) the Equity Committee and the Creditors' Committee and their respective members, and the professionals retained by each of the foregoing acting in their capacities as such, and (iv) the Majority Shareholder (the "Released Parties") are deemed released and discharged by the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Estates from any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, Causes of Action, remedies and liabilities whatsoever, including any derivative claims, asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtors, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or the Estates would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively) or on behalf of the Holder of any Claim or Interest or other Person, based on or relating to, or in any manner arising from, in whole or in part, the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, the purchase, sale or rescission of the purchase or sale of any security of the Debtors or Reorganized Syms, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements between any Debtor and any of the foregoing releasees, the restructuring of Claims and Interests before or during the Chapter 11 Cases, the negotiation, formulation or preparation of the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, or related agreements, instruments or other documents, or upon any other act or omission, transaction, agreement, event or other occurrence taking place on or before the Effective Date.

6. The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Release, Exculpation and Indemnification

(a) The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Release

For good and valuable consideration, on and after the Effective Date, the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and their respective directors, officers, partners, members, affiliates, representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys (each a "Backstop Releasee") are deemed released and discharged by the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Estates from any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated thereby, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereinafter arising, in law, equity or otherwise, that the Debtors, Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or the Estates would have otherwise been entitled to assert.

(b) The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Exculpation

The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and their respective directors, officers, partners, members, affiliates, representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys shall not have or incur any liability, claim, action, proceeding, cause of action, suit, account, controversy, agreement, promise, right to legal remedies, right to equitable remedies, or right to payment, whether known, unknown, reduced to judgment, not reduced to judgment, liquidated, unliquidated, fixed, contingent, matured, unmatured, disputed, undisputed, secured, or unsecured and whether asserted or assertable directly or derivatively, in law, equity, or otherwise to any Holder of Claims or Interests, or any other party in interest, or any of their respective

agents, employees, representatives, financial advisors, attorneys, or affiliates, or any of their successors or assigns, for any act or omission related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated thereby; except for the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' willful misconduct or gross negligence as determined by a Final Order of a court of competent jurisdiction, and in all respects the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties shall be entitled to rely reasonably upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities thereunder.

(c) The Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties' Indemnification

The Debtors or Reorganized Debtors, and the Estates, as the case may be, agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Non-Defaulting Backstop Parties and their respective directors, officers, partners, members, affiliates, representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys (each a "Backstop Party Indemnitee") from and against any and all claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities that any such Backstop Party Indemnitee may incur, have asserted against it or be involved in as a result of or arising out of or in any way related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including any related transaction or any claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, regardless of whether any of such Backstop Party Indemnitee is a party thereto, and to reimburse each of such Backstop Party Indemnitee within ten (10) days after demand for any legal or other expenses incurred in connection with any of the foregoing; provided however, that the foregoing indemnity shall not, as to any Backstop Party Indemnitee, apply to claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities to the extent they have resulted from the willful misconduct or gross negligence of such Backstop Party Indemnitee. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, no Backstop Party Indemnitee shall be liable for any special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages in connection with its activities related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. The terms set forth in this subsection shall survive termination of the Equity Commitment Agreement and shall remain in full force and effect regardless of whether the Rights Offering is consummated.

7. The Majority Shareholder's Indemnification

The Debtors or Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Estates, as the case may be, agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Majority Shareholder and its representatives, employees, agents, and attorneys (each a "Majority Shareholder Indemnitee") from and against any and claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities that any such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee may incur, have asserted against it or be involved in as a result of or arising out of or in any way related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, including any related transaction or any claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, regardless of whether any of such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee is a party thereto, and to reimburse each of such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee within ten (10) days after demand for any legal or other expenses incurred in connection with any of the foregoing; provided however, that the foregoing indemnity shall not, as to any Majority Shareholder Indemnitee, apply to (i) claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities to the extent they have resulted from the willful misconduct or gross negligence of such Majority Shareholder Indemnitee; (ii) claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities to the extent they have resulted from a breach or default by the Majority Shareholder under the Equity Commitment Agreement; and (iii) claims, obligations, rights, suits, damages, causes of action, remedies and liabilities asserted by a third party that is unrelated to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, the Share Purchase Transaction, or any other transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, no Majority Shareholder Indemnitee shall be liable for any special, indirect,

consequential or punitive damages in connection with its activities related to the Plan, the Rights Offering, the Equity Commitment Agreement, or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby. The terms set forth in this subsection shall survive termination of the Equity Commitment Agreement and shall remain in full force and effect regardless of whether the Rights Offering is consummated.

8. Third Party Releases

As of the Effective Date, all Persons who directly or indirectly have been a Holder, are a Holder, or may become a Holder of a Claim or Interest and (a) who vote to accept the Plan as set forth on the relevant Ballot and do not mark their Ballot to indicate their refusal to grant the releases provided in this paragraph, (b) are Holders in Filene's Classes 4A or 5A, or (c) whose Claim or Interest is deemed Unimpaired under the Plan (the "Third Party Releasors"), shall be deemed, by virtue of their receipt of Distributions and/or other treatment contemplated under the Plan, to have unconditionally, irrevocably and forever released and covenanted with Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's and the Released Parties not to (y) sue or otherwise seek recovery from Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or any Released Party on account of any Claim or Interest in any way related to the Debtors or their business and affairs, including but not limited to any Claim or Interest based upon tort, breach of contract, violations of federal or state securities laws or otherwise, based upon any act, occurrence, or failure to act from the beginning of time through the Effective Date or (z) assert against Reorganized Syms, Reorganized Filene's or any Released Party any claim, obligation, right, cause of action or liability that any Holder of a Claim or Interest may be entitled to assert, whether known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereafter arising, based in whole or in part on any act or omission, transaction, agreement or occurrence from the beginning of time through the Effective Date in any way relating to the Debtors, the Chapter 11 Cases, or the Plan, provided, however, (i) none of the Released Parties shall be released from any Claim primarily based on any act or omission that constitutes gross negligence or willful misconduct as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, and (ii) the foregoing release shall not apply to obligations arising under the Plan, and (iii) the foregoing release shall not apply or be construed to prohibit a party in interest from seeking to enforce the terms of the Plan.

For the avoidance of doubt, the Equity Committee, the Majority Shareholder, and the Creditors' Committee, and their respective members and Professionals in their capacity as such, release the Released Parties in accordance with Article XII.G of the Plan.

For the avoidance of doubt, Article XII.G of the Plan shall not be applied to, and shall not be deemed to, modify, limit or override the effect, scope and operation of Articles XII.A, XII.B, XII.C, XII.D and XII.E of the Plan.

9. 8. Term of Bankruptcy Injunction or Stays

All injunctions or stays provided for in the Chapter 11 Cases under Bankruptcy Code section 105 or 362, or otherwise, and in existence on the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until the Effective Date. All injunctions or stays contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with their terms.

9. Compromises and Settlements

The Plan provides that it embodies a good faith compromise and settlement of all claims against and interests in the Debtors, including the substantive consolidation and related intercompany issues discussed in Section VI.B.2 above. More specifically, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 1123(b)(3) and

Bankruptcy Rule 9019, and in consideration for the Distributions and other benefits provided under the Plan, the provisions of the Plan, including the Share Purchase Transaction and the releases set forth in the Plan, shall constitute a good faith compromise and settlement of all Claims or controversies relating to the rights that a Holder of a Claim or Interest may have with respect to any Claim, Interest or any Distribution to be made pursuant to the Plan on account of any Allowed Claim or Interest or on account of any Intercompany Claim. The entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute the Bankruptcy Court's approval, as of the Effective Date, of the compromise or settlement of all such Claims or controversies and the Bankruptcy Court's finding that such compromise or settlement is in the best interests of the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors and their respective property and Claim and Interest Holders and is fair, equitable and reasonable.

P. Miscellaneous Provisions

1. Modifications and Amendments

The Debtors may alter, amend or modify the Plan or any Exhibits thereto under Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) at any time prior to the Confirmation Date. After the Confirmation Date and prior to substantial consummation of the Plan as defined in Bankruptcy Code section 1101(2), the Debtors may, under Bankruptcy Code section 1127(b), institute proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, and such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purpose and effect of the Plan so long as such proceedings do not adversely affect the treatment of Holders of Claims or Interests; provided, however, that prior notice of such proceedings shall be served in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules or order of the Court.

2. Severability of Plan Provisions

If, prior to Confirmation, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, then the Bankruptcy Court, at the request of the Debtors, shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted.

Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alteration or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

3. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of that Person.

4. Payment of Statutory Fees

All fees then due and payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as determined by the Court at the Confirmation Hearing, shall be paid on or before the Effective Date by the Debtors. All such fees that become due and payable thereafter by a Debtor shall be paid by Reorganized Syms. Reorganized Syms shall pay quarterly fees to the U.S. Trustee until the Chapter 11 Cases are closed or converted and/or the entry of final decrees. Reorganized Syms shall file post confirmation quarterly reports or any pre confirmation monthly operating reports not filed as of the Confirmation Hearing in conformance with the U.S. Trustee Guidelines. The U.S. Trustee shall not be required to file a request for payment of its quarterly fees, which shall be paid by Reorganized Syms.

Dissolution of Official Committees

On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee shall dissolve and the members of such committees shall be released and discharged from all duties and obligations arising from or related to the Chapter 11 Cases. Reorganized Syms shall select and direct counsel to represent the Reorganized Debtors in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Bankruptcy Court.

6. Revocation, Withdrawal or Non-Consummation

The Debtors reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors prior to the Confirmation Date and to file subsequent plans. If the Plan Proponents revoke or withdraw the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors, or if Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors does not occur, then, with respect to such Debtors, (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (b) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Class of Claims), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed null and void, and (c) nothing contained in the Plan, and no acts taken in preparation for Consummation of the Plan, shall (i) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or any other Person, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of such Debtors or any other Person, or (iii) constitute an admission of any sort by such Debtors or any other Person.

Q. Post-Effective Date Professional Fees; Final Fee Applications

The Professionals employed by the Debtors or the Creditors' Committee shall be entitled to reasonable compensation and reimbursement of actual, necessary expenses for post-Effective Date activities, including the preparation, filing, and prosecution of final fee applications, upon the submission of invoices to the Debtors. Any time or expenses incurred in the preparation, filing, and prosecution of final fee applications shall be disclosed by each Professional in its final fee application and shall be subject to approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

All Final Fee Applications must be filed no later than forty five (45) days after the Effective Date. Objections, if any, to Final Fee Applications of such Professionals must be filed and served on the Debtors and their respective counsel, the Creditors' Committee and its counsel and the Equity Committee and its counsel, the requesting Professional and the Office of the U.S. Trustee no later than twenty (20) days from the date on which each such Final Fee Application is served and filed. After notice and a hearing in accordance with the procedures established by the Bankruptcy Code and prior orders of the Bankruptcy Court, the allowed amounts of such Professional Fee Claims shall be determined by the Court.

R. Professional Fee Claims

1. Final Fee Applications

All Final Fee Applications must be filed no later than forty five (45) days after the Effective Date. Objections, if any, to Final Fee Applications of such Professionals must be filed and served on the Debtors and their respective counsel, the Creditors' Committee and its counsel and the Equity Committee and its counsel, the requesting Professional and the Office of the U.S. Trustee no later than twenty (20) days from the date on which each such Final Fee Application is served and filed. After notice and a hearing in accordance with the procedures established by the Bankruptcy Code and prior orders of the Bankruptcy Court, the allowed amounts of such Professional Fee Claims shall be determined by the Court.

2. Employment of Professionals after the Effective Date

From and after the Effective Date, any requirement that professionals comply with Bankruptcy Code sections 327 through 331 or any order previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court in seeking retention or compensation for services rendered or expenses incurred after such date will terminate.

S. Substantial Contribution Compensation and Expenses Bar Date

Any Person who wishes to make a Substantial Contribution Claim based on facts or circumstances arising after the Petition Date, must file an application with the clerk of the Court, on or before the Administrative Claims Bar Date, and serve such application on counsel for the Debtors, counsel for the Creditors' Committee, and counsel for the Equity Committee, and as otherwise required by the Court and the Bankruptcy Code, or be forever barred from seeking such compensation or expense reimbursement. Objections, if any, to the Substantial Contribution Claim must be filed no later than the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline, unless otherwise extended by Order of the Court.

T. Administrative Claims

All Administrative Claims arising after the Petition Date, other than Professional Fee Claims, must be filed with the Claims Agent and served on counsel for the Debtors so as to be received no later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time on the Administrative Claims Bar Date. Any such Claim may be submitted in person or by courier service, hand delivery or mail addressed to the Claims Agent at the Claims Agent's applicable addresses as specified in Article XIII.F of the Plan. Any such Claim submitted by facsimile will not be accepted and will not be deemed filed until such Claim is submitted by one of the methods described in the foregoing sentence. An Administrative Claim will be deemed filed only when actually received by the Claims Agent. Unless Reorganized Syms or any other party in interest objects by the Administrative Claims Objection Deadline to an Administrative Claimant, such Claim shall be deemed allowed in the amount requested. In the event that Reorganized Syms or any other party in interest objects to such a Claim, the Bankruptcy Court shall determine the allowed amount of such Claim.

10. Separate Plans Meeting Confirmation Standards

If the Bankruptcy Court determines that the Plan meets the standards for confirmation as to Syms but not as to Filene's, the Creditors Committee shall have the option to either:

(a) continue the Confirmation Hearing for up to five (5) business days to rectify the confirmation deficiency of the Plan as to Filene's; or

(b) consent to confirmation of the Plan and the effectiveness of the Plan as to the Debtors other than Filene's, and then take no more than the next 120 calendar days to confirm a plan of reorganization or liquidation for Filene's with the same economic terms for Filene's and for Syms as contained in the Plan, and failing confirmation and going effective within those 120 days, Syms obligations to make distributions to Holder of Claims in the Filene's Classes under the Plan shall be null and void. Under this option, if the sum of (y) administrative expenses of Filene's that are incurred during the 120 period for a Filene's-only plan to go effective and(z) administrative claims paid under the Filene's-only plan, exceed the Debtors' projected administrative expenses to be incurred by Filene's through September 30, 2012, which amount is [\$,] the excess shall reduce the distribution percentage for Holders of Claims in Filene's Classes under the Plan and shall not be paid or borne by Syms or Reorganized Syms.

T. U. Retention of Jurisdiction

Under Bankruptcy Code sections 105(a) and 1142, and notwithstanding entry of the Confirmation Order, substantial consummation of the Plan and occurrence of the Effective Date, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain jurisdiction over all matters arising out of, and related to, the Chapter 11 Cases and the Plan, including, among other things, jurisdiction to:

- 1. Allow, disallow, determine, liquidate, classify, estimate or establish the priority or secured or unsecured status of any Claim or Interest, including the resolution of any request for payment of any Administrative Claim, the resolution of any objections to the allowance or priority of Claims or Interests and the determination of requests for the payment of Claims entitled to priority under Bankruptcy Code section 507(a)(1), including compensation of any reimbursement of expenses of parties entitled thereto;
- 2. Hear and determine all applications for compensation and reimbursement of expenses of Professionals under the Plan or under Bankruptcy Code sections 330, 331, 503(b), 1103, and 1129(a)(4); provided, however, that from and after the Effective Date, the payment of the fees and expenses of the retained Professionals of the Debtors shall be made in the ordinary course of business and shall not be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court except to the extent otherwise provided in thise Plan or the Confirmation Order;
- 3. Hear and determine all matters with respect to the assumption or rejection of any executory contract or unexpired lease to which a Debtor is a party or with respect to which a Debtor may be liable, and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate any Claims arising therefrom;
- 4. Effectuate performance of and payments under the provisions of the Plan;
- 5. Hear and determine any and all adversary proceedings, motions, applications and contested or litigated matters arising out of, under or related to the Chapter 11 Cases or the Plan;
- 6. Enter such orders as may be necessary or appropriate to execute, implement or consummate the provisions of the Plan and all contracts, instruments, releases and other agreements or documents created in connection with the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order;
- 7. Hear and determine disputes arising in connection with the interpretation, implementation, consummation or enforcement of the Plan, including disputes arising under agreements, documents or instruments executed in connection with the Plan:
- 8. Consider any modifications of the Plan, and cure any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistency in any order of the Bankruptcy Court, including, without limitation, the Confirmation Order;
- 9. Issue injunctions, enter and implement other orders or take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to restrain interference by any entity with implementation, consummation, or enforcement of the Plan or the Confirmation Order:
- DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

- 10. Enter and implement such orders as may be necessary or appropriate if the Confirmation Order is for any reason reversed, stayed, revoked, modified or vacated;
- 11. Hear and determine any matters arising in connection with or relating to the Plan, the Plan Supplement, the Disclosure Statement, the Confirmation Order or any contract, instrument, release or other agreement or document created in connection with the Plan, the Plan Supplement, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order:
- 12. Enforce all orders, judgments, injunctions, releases, exculpations, indemnifications and rulings entered in connection with the Chapter 11 Cases;
- 13. Except as otherwise limited <u>herein</u> the <u>Plan</u>, recover all assets of the Debtors and property of the Estates, wherever located;
- 14. Hear and determine matters concerning state, local and federal taxes in accordance with Bankruptcy Code sections 346, 505 and 1146;
- 15. Hear and determine any Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions, including any such Causes of Action and Avoidance Actions brought by the Debtors;
- 16. Hear and determine all disputes involving the existence, nature or scope of the injunctions, indemnification, exculpation and releases granted pursuant to this Plan:
- 17. Hear and determine all matters related to (i) the property of the Estates from and after the Confirmation Date, (ii) any winding up of the Debtors² affairs, and (iii) the activities of the Debtors, including (A) challenges to or approvals of the Debtors² activities and (B) reporting by, termination of and accounting by the Debtors;
- 18. Hear and determine all disputes involving any dispute relating to any liability arising out of any termination of employment or the termination of any employee or retiree benefit provision, regardless of whether such termination occurred prior to or after the Effective Date;
- 19. Hear and determine such other matters as may be provided in the Confirmation Order or as may be authorized under, or not inconsistent with, provisions of the Bankruptcy Code;
- 20. Enforce all orders previously entered by the Bankruptcy Court;

21. Dismiss any and/or all of the Chapter 11 Cases; and

<u>U.</u> <u>22.</u> Enter a final decree closing the Chapter 11 Cases.

V. <u>Miscellaneous Provisions</u>

1. Modifications and Amendments

The Plan Proponents may alter, amend or modify the Plan or any Exhibits thereto under Bankruptcy Code section 1127(a) at any time prior to the Confirmation Date. After the Confirmation Date and prior to substantial consummation of the Plan as defined in Bankruptcy Code section 1101(2), the Plan Proponents may, under Bankruptcy Code section 1127(b), institute proceedings in the Bankruptcy Court to remedy any defect or omission or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan, the Disclosure Statement or the Confirmation Order, and such matters as may be necessary to carry out the purpose and effect of the Plan so long as such proceedings do not adversely affect the treatment of Holders of Claims or Interests; provided, however, that prior notice of such proceedings shall be served in accordance with the Bankruptcy Rules or order of the Court. Any changes or modifications to the Plan shall require the consent of each of the Debtors, the Equity Committee, and the Creditors Committee, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, and any disagreement shall be resolved by the Bankruptcy Court by hearing on shortened notice.

2. <u>Severability of Plan Provisions</u>

If, prior to Confirmation, any term or provision of the Plan is held by the Bankruptcy Court to be invalid, void or unenforceable, then the Bankruptcy Court, at the request of the Debtors, shall have the power to alter and interpret such term or provision to make it valid or enforceable to the maximum extent practicable, consistent with the original purpose of the term or provision held to be invalid, void or unenforceable, and such term or provision shall then be applicable as altered or interpreted.

Notwithstanding any such holding, alteration or interpretation, the remainder of the terms and provisions of the Plan shall remain in full force and effect and shall in no way be affected, impaired or invalidated by such holding, alteration or interpretation. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a judicial determination and shall provide that each term and provision of the Plan, as it may have been altered or interpreted in accordance with the foregoing, is valid and enforceable pursuant to its terms.

3. Successors and Assigns

The rights, benefits and obligations of any Person named or referred to in the Plan shall be binding on, and shall inure to the benefit of, any heir, executor, administrator, successor or assign of that Person.

4. Payment of Statutory Fees

All fees then due and payable pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1930, as determined by the Court at the Confirmation Hearing, shall be paid on or before the Effective Date by the Debtors. All such fees that become due and payable thereafter by a Debtor shall be paid by the Reorganized Company. The

Reorganized Company shall pay quarterly fees to the U.S. Trustee until the Chapter 11 Cases are closed or converted and/or the entry of final decrees. The Reorganized Company shall file post-confirmation quarterly reports or any pre-confirmation monthly operating reports not filed as of the Confirmation Hearing in conformance with the U.S. Trustee Guidelines which report shall also include a summary of the status of Distributions to be made under the Plan to the extent not provided in financial statements available to the public. The U.S. Trustee shall not be required to file a request for payment of its quarterly fees, which shall be paid by the Reorganized Company.

5. Dissolution of Official Committees

On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee will dissolve as official committees in the cases on the Effective Date of the Plan, except that the Creditors' Committee or its designee will remain in existence, without any compensation or counsel or any other cost to the Debtors or the Reorganized Company, post-Effective Date for the purpose of selecting a replacement Creditors' Committee Director, Independent Director or other director pursuant to Article [] of the Plan. The Creditors' Committee will designate in the Plan Supplement a representative who will act as Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust which will hold the Series A Preferred Stock to be issued by the Reorganized Company. The Reorganized Company will expand its directors and officers policy to cover the trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust or will pay for independent coverage. Any reasonable, out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with the exercise of the foregoing will be reimbursed by the Reorganized Company. If the members of an official committee choose to continue to operate on an unofficial basis, for any other purpose, the unofficial committee will pay its own professionals and any and all other expenses, if any.

The Reorganized Company will select and direct counsel to represent the Reorganized Company in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Bankruptcy Court.

6. Revocation, Withdrawal or Non-Consummation

The Plan Proponents reserve the right to revoke or withdraw the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors prior to the Confirmation Date and to file subsequent plans. If the Plan Proponents revoke or withdraw the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors, or if Confirmation or Consummation of the Plan as to any or all of the Debtors does not occur, then with respect to such Debtors (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (b) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Class of Claims), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed null and void, and (c) nothing contained in the Plan, and no acts taken in preparation for Consummation of the Plan, shall (i) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or any other Person, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of such Debtors or any other Person.

If the Bankruptcy Court does not confirm the Plan with respect to Filene's for any reason, the Plan shall be deemed modified to withdraw Filene's from the Plan and the other Debtors shall reorganize pursuant to the modified terms of the Plan and the requirements of the Confirmation Order with respect to the modified Plan. With respect to Filene's and Holders of Claims against Filene's (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, (b) any settlement or compromise embodied in the Plan (including the fixing or limiting to an amount certain any Claim or Class of Claims), assumption or rejection of executory contracts or leases effected by the Plan, and any document or agreement executed pursuant to the Plan, shall be deemed null and void, and (c) nothing contained in the Plan, and no acts taken in preparation for Consummation of the Plan, shall (i) constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interests in, such Debtors or any other Person, (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights of

<u>such Debtors or any other Person, or (iii) constitute an admission of any sort by such Debtors or any other</u> Person.

7. <u>Dissolution of Official Committees</u>

On the Effective Date, the Creditors' Committee and the Equity Committee shall dissolve as official committees in the cases on the Effective Date of the Plan, except that the Creditors Committee or its designee shall remain in existence, without any compensation or counsel or any other cost to the Debtors or the Reorganized Company, post-Effective Date for the purpose of selecting a replacement Creditors' Committee Director, Independent Director or other director pursuant to Article [] of the Plan. The Creditors' Committee shall designate in the Plan Supplement a representative who shall act as Trustee of the Golden Preferred Trust which shall hold the Series A Preferred Stock to be issued by the Reorganized Company. Reasonable, out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with forming and maintaining the trust and the Trustee's actions as a holder of the Series A Preferred Stock shall be reimbursed by the Reorganized Company. If the members of an official committee choose to continue to operate on an unofficial basis for any other purpose, the unofficial committee shall pay its own professionals and any and all other expenses, if any.

<u>The Reorganized Company shall select and direct counsel to represent the Reorganized Company in the Chapter 11 Cases before the Bankruptcy Court.</u>

VIII. CERTAIN RISK FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED

As set forth at the beginning of this Disclosure Statement, there is no guarantee that the assumptions underlying the Debtors' business plan will continue to be accurate or valid at any time after the date hereof. This section of the Disclosure Statement explains that there are certain risk factors that each voting holder of a claim or interest should consider in determining whether to vote to accept or reject the Plan. Accordingly, each holder of a claim or interest who is entitled to vote on the Plan and/or participate in the Rights Offering should read and carefully consider the following factors, as well as the other information set forth in this Disclosure Statement (and the documents delivered together herewith and/or incorporated by reference herein), before deciding whether to vote to accept or to reject the Plan or to participate in the Rights Offering.

A. General Considerations

The Plan sets forth the means for satisfying the claims against and interests in each of Syms and Filene's. Certain claims may not receive payment in full. Nevertheless, the reorganization of the Debtors' businesses and operations under the proposed Plan avoids the potentially adverse impact of the likely increased delays and costs associated with a Chapter 7 liquidation of either or both entities.

B. Certain Bankruptcy Considerations

Even if all impaired voting classes vote in favor of the Plan and, with respect to any impaired class deemed to have rejected the Plan, the requirements for "cramdown" are met, the Bankruptcy Court may not confirm the Plan if circumstances warrant. Bankruptcy Code section 1129 requires, among other things, a showing that the value of distributions to dissenting holders of claims and interests may not be less than the value such holders would receive if the Debtors were liquidated under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. Although the Debtors believe that the Plan will meet such tests, there can be no assurance that the

Bankruptcy Court will reach the same conclusion. See <u>Exhibit FG</u> annexed hereto for a Liquidation Analysis of the Debtors.

Additionally, certain conditions must be fulfilled prior to confirmation of the Plan and the Effective Date. As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, there can be no assurance that any or all of the conditions in the Plan will be met (or waived) or that the other conditions to consummation, if any, will be satisfied. The Debtors reserve their right to seek to dismiss or convert one or more of the Chapter 11 Ccases. In addition, if a Cchapter 7 liquidation were to occur, there is a substantial risk that the value of the Debtors' Estates would be substantially eroded to the detriment of all stakeholders.

C. Certain Real Estate – Related Considerations

1. Future Economic Conditions

The value of the Syms Owned Real Estate may be affected by volatility and illiquidity in the financial and credit markets and other market or economic challenges experienced by the U.S. economy or real estate industry as a whole. For instance, as a result of the economic downturn and global recession that began in the second half of 2007, demand for retail space such as that owned by Syms declined nationwide due to industry slowdowns, bankruptcies, downsizing, layoffs and cost cutting. Real estate transactions and development opportunities lessened compared to the period prior to the current economic downturn. A return to the strong real estate conditions that prevailed in the first half of 2007 is not expected in the near term, and demand for retail space such as the Syms Owned Real Estate may continue to be flat or decline further.

Given the current economic conditions, it may be difficult to lease space, collect rent, and attract new tenants for the Syms Owned Real Estate, and it may become more difficult to market and sell any particular parcel of the Syms Owned Real Estate. Further, the cost and availability of credit may be adversely affected by illiquid credit markets and wider credit spreads, which may adversely affect the liquidity and financial condition of Syms' tenants.

The Syms Owned Real Estate is located predominately in the New York City metropolitan area, as well as in markets in the Southeastern section of the United States. A downturn in the economies of any these local markets could reduce demand for retail space even in the event of a general market upswing. Because the Syms portfolio consists primarily of retail space (as compared to a more diversified real estate portfolio), a decrease in demand for retail space in turn could adversely affect the value of the Syms Owned Real Estate.

2. Effectiveness and Modification of Business Plan/ Ability to Sell Real Estate Within Forecast Time Period and Application of Transfer Restrictions

Real estate investments are relatively illiquid, and as a result, Syms' ability to sell one or more parcels of the Syms Owned Real Estate may be limited. There can be no assurance that Syms will be able to dispose of any particular parcel of the Syms Owned Real Estate within a stated time period or for a stated price. In addition, significant carrying costs are associated with each parcel of real property, such as insurance, real estate taxes and maintenance costs.

3. Ability to Obtain New Tenants and Relet Space

The value of the Syms Owned Real Estate will depend in part on whether the properties are leased up with long _term_ credit worthy tenants. Therefore, if current tenants decide not to renew their leases when such leases expire, Syms may have difficulty finding replacement tenants for those leases. Moreover, even if existing tenants do renew their leases or Syms can relet the space, it may not be able to retain favorable economic terms because of, among other factors, the cost of required renovations for any particular leaseproperty. If Syms is unable to promptly renew the leases or relet the space at similar rates, the value of the affected real property could be adversely affected.

4. Tenants May Be Unable to Meet Rent Terms

The value of the Syms Owned Real Estate will depend in part on tenants' ability to remain current on their rent. If a significant number of tenants cannot pay their rent or if Syms is not able to maintain occupancy levels on favorable terms, the sale value of the affected property may decline. In addition, if a tenant does not pay its rent, Syms may incur costs to enforce its rights as landlord. During economic downturns in the economy, there may be an increase in the number of tenants that cannot pay their rent and a corresponding increase in vacancy rates.

5. Competitive Nature of Real Estate Business

The Syms Owned Real Estate is located in various locations across the United States, some of which are highly competitive environments. Reorganized Syms will compete with a large number of property owners and developers, some of which may be willing to accept lower returns on their investments. Principal competitive factors include rents charged, attractiveness of location, the quality of the property and the breadth and quality of services provided. The value of the Syms Owned Property-Real Estate depends upon, among other factors, trends in the national, regional and local economies, financial condition and operating results of current and prospective tenants and customers, availability and cost of capital, construction and renovation costs, taxes, governmental regulation, legislation and population trends.

6. Operating Costs do Do Not Decline in Proportion to Revenue

Pending disposition of the Syms of wheel real estate, Syms will earn a substantial majority of its income from renting its properties. Its operating costs, however, do not fluctuate in relation to changes in rental revenue. As a result, costs will not necessarily decline even if revenues do. Similarly, operating costs could increase while revenues stay flat or decline. In either such event, Syms may be forced to borrow to cover costs, it may incur losses or it may not have cash available for distributions to creditors or shareholders.

7. Reliance on Small Number of Properties for Significant Portion of Revenue-

Syms' revenue and cash available for distribution to creditors and dividends to shareholders would be materially adversely affected if any of its properties were materially damaged or destroyed. Additionally, revenue and cash available for distribution could be materially adversely affected if tenants at these properties fail to timely make rental payments due to adverse financial conditions or otherwise default under their leases or file for bankruptcy.

8. Potential Costs to Comply with Environmental Laws

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real estate may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances released at a property, and may be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage or personal injuries and for investigation and clean-up costs incurred by the parties in connection with the contamination. These laws often impose liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release of the hazardous or toxic substances. The presence of contamination or the failure to remediate contamination may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or lease real estate or to borrow using the real estate as collateral. Other federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations require abatement or removal of asbestos-containing materials in the event of demolition or certain renovations or remodeling, the cost of which may be substantial for certain redevelopment projects that a potential purchaser would want to undertake with respect to any particular parcel of Syms Owned Real Estate, and also govern emissions of and exposure to asbestos fibers in the air. Federal and state laws also regulate the operation and removal of underground storage tanks. In connection with the ownership and management of certain properties, Reorganized Syms could be held liable for the costs of remedial action with respect to these regulated substances or related claims.

9. Potential Natural or Other Disasters

A number of the parcels comprising the Syms Owned Real Estate are located in areas which could be subject to natural or other disasters, including hurricanes, severe tropical storms, and tornados.

10. Some Potential Property Losses Are Not Insured

Reorganized Syms will carry comprehensive liability, fire, flood, earthquake, extended coverage and rental loss insurance on all properties, which it believes will be adequate and appropriate. There are, however, some types of losses, including lease and other contract claims, which may not be covered by insurance. If an uninsured loss or a loss in excess of insured limits occurs, such loss could have a negative impact on Reorganized Syms and/or the anticipated future revenue from any particular parcel of Syms Owned Real Estate.

11. Risks Related to Terrorism

Future terrorist attacks in the United States or other acts of violence may result in declining economic activity, which could harm the demand for goods and services offered by Syms' tenants and the value of its properties. Such a resulting decrease in retail demand could make it difficult for Syms to renew, re-lease or sell Syms properties Owned Real Estate. Terrorist activities or violence also could directly affect the value of its properties through damage, destruction or loss, and the availability of insurance for such acts, or of insurance generally, might be lower or cost more, which could increase Syms' operating expenses and adversely affect its financial condition and results of operations. To the extent that Syms' tenants are affected by future attacks, their businesses similarly could be adversely affected, including their ability to continue to meet obligations under their existing leases. These acts might erode business and consumer confidence and spending and might result in increased volatility in national and international financial markets and economies. Any one of these events might decrease demand for real estate, or decrease or delay the occupancy of Syms' new or redeveloped properties.

12. Inflation

Increased inflation could have a pronounced negative impact on Syms' general and administrative expenses, as these costs could increase at a rate higher than Syms' rents. Conversely, deflation could lead to downward pressure on rents and other sources of income.

13. Compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act and Similar Laws

Syms' properties Owned Real Estate may be subject to risks relating to current or future laws, including laws benefiting disabled persons, and other state or local zoning, construction or other regulations. These laws may require significant property modifications in the future, which could result in fines being levied against Syms. The occurrence of any of these events could have an adverse impact on ourReorganized Syms' cash flows and ability to make timely distributions.

Under the Americans with Disabilities Act, or (the "ADA"), all public accommodations must meet federal requirements related to access and use by disabled persons. Additional federal, state and local laws also may require modifications to Syms' properties Owned Real Estate, or restrict Syms' ability to renovate its properties. If one or more of Syms' properties is not in compliance with the ADA or other legislation, then Syms may be required to incur additional costs to bring the property into compliance with the ADA or similar state or local laws. Syms cannot predict the ultimate amount of the cost of compliance with the ADA or other legislation. If Syms incurs substantial costs to comply with the ADA and any other legislation, our Reorganized Syms' financial condition, results of operations and cash flow and/or ability to satisfy its debt service obligations and to make distributions could be adversely affected.

D. Cash Available for Distribution on Account of General Unsecured Claims

While the Debtors currently estimate that there will be cash available for distributions to holders of unsecured claims and Syms shareholders, not all claims have been resolved or fixed in amount, and all costs and expenses of completing the wind-down of the estates cannot be estimated with certainty. As a result, the actual allowed amounts of all such claims could turn out to be substantially higher than the estimates made by the Debtors. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that there will be cash available for distribution to all holders of unsecured claims or Syms shareholders.

E. Potential Governmental Claims Relating to Employee Benefits

The Debtors' employee benefit plans are subject to the regulatory authority of governmental agencies, including the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (the "PBGC"), the Department of Labor, and the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"). As noted above, the Syms Corp. Retirement Pension Plan (the "Pension Plan") is likely underfunded. The Pension Plan has not yet been terminated. Syms also participates in certain multi-employer pension plans, and faces potential withdrawal liability for those plans. The PBGC, as the government agency that affords certain guarantees of pension plan liabilities for terminated single and multi-employer pension plans, is anticipated to assert joint and several claims based upon the estimate of the difference between liabilities to the Debtors' plan beneficiaries and the current value of the plan assets. The ultimate allowance of claims that have been filed against the Debtors by the PBGC may impact the distributions to holders of Syms' and Filenes' general unsecured claims.

IX. CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN

The following discussion summarizes certain anticipated U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan to the Debtors and certain hHolders of eClaims and iInterests that are impaired under the Plan and that are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. This discussion is provided for information purposes only and is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Tax Code"), Federal Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial authorities, and current administrative rulings and practice, all as in effect as of the date hereof, and all of which are subject to change or differing interpretations, possibly with retroactive effect.

This discussion does not purport to address all aspects of U.S. federal income taxation that may be relevant to a particular holder of a claimClaimholder or iInterestholder in light of its particular facts and circumstances, or to certain types of holders of claims or interests Claimholders or Interestholders subject to special treatment under the Tax Code (for example, non-U.S. tax payers taxpayers, governmental entities and entities exercising governmental authority, banks and certain other financial institutions, broker-dealers, insurance companies, tax-exempt organizations, real estate investment trusts, regulated investment companies, persons holding a eClaim or Interest as part of a hedge, straddle, constructive sale, conversion transaction or other integrated transaction, holders of claims or interests Claimholders or Interestholders that are or hold their eClaims or Interests through a partnership or other pass-through entity, persons that have a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar, dealers in securities or foreign currencies, employees of the Debtors, and persons who received their claims pursuant to the exercise of an employee stock option or otherwise as compensation). This discussion assumes that holders of claims or interests Claimholders or Interestholders hold their eClaims or iInterests as capital assets for U.S. federal income tax purposes (generally, property held for investment). This discussion does not address any aspects of state, local, non-U.S. taxation or U.S. federal taxation other than income taxation. Furthermore, this discussion does not address the U.S. federal income tax consequences to holders of claims or interests Claimholders or Interestholders that are unimpaired under the Plan or holders of claims or interests Claimholders or Interestholders that are not entitled to receive or retain any property under the Plan.

If a partnership (including any entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds eClaims or iInterests, the U.S. federal income tax consequences to the partners of such partnership will depend on the activities of the partnership and the status of the partners. A partnership considering participating in the Plan should consult its tax advisor regarding the consequences to the partnership and its partners of the Plan.

The tax treatment of holders of claims or interests Claimholders or Interestholders and the character, amount and timing of income, gain or loss recognized as a consequence of the Plan and the distributions provided for by the Plan may vary, depending upon, among other things: (i) whether the eClaim or iInterest (or portion thereof) constitutes a eClaim for principal or interest; (ii) the type of consideration received by the holder of such claim or interest Claimholder or Interestholder in exchange for the eClaim or iInterest and whether the holder of such claim or interest Claimholder or Interestholder receives distributions under the Plan in more than one taxable year; (iii) whether the holder of such claim or interestClaimholder or <u>Interestholder</u> is a citizen or resident of the United States for tax purposes, is otherwise subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis, or falls into any special class of taxpayers, such as those that are excluded from this discussion as noted above; (iv) the manner in which the holder of such claim or interest Claimholder or Interestholder acquired the eClaim or iInterest; (v) the length of time that the eClaim or Interest has been held; (vi) whether the Claim or Interest was acquired at a discount; (vii) whether the holder of such claim or interestClaimholder or Interestholder has taken a bad debt deduction with respect to the eClaim or iInterest (or any portion thereof) in the current or prior years; (viii) whether the holder of such elaimClaimholder or Interestholder has previously included accrued but unpaid interest with respect to the claimClaim or Interest; (ix) the method of tax accounting of the holder of such claim or interestClaimholder

or Interestholder; (x) whether the eClaim or iInterest is an installment obligation for U.S. federal income tax purposes; (xi) whether the eClaim or iInterest, and any instrument received in exchange therefor, is considered a "security" for U.S. federal income tax purposes; and (xii) whether the "market discount" rules are applicable to the holder of such claim or interestClaimholder or Interestholder. Therefore, each holder of a claim or interestClaimholder or Interestholder should consult its tax advisor for information that may be relevant to its particular situation and circumstances, and the particular tax consequences to such holderClaimholder or Interestholder of the transactions contemplated by the Plan.

A substantial amount of time may elapse between the date of this Disclosure Statement and the receipt of a final distribution under the Plan. Events occurring after the date of this Disclosure Statement, such as additional tax legislation, court decisions or administrative changes, could affect the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the Plan and the transactions contemplated thereunder. There can be no assurance that the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") will not take a contrary view with respect to one or more of the issues discussed below. No ruling has been or will be sought from the IRS with respect to any of the tax aspects of the Plan, and no opinion of counsel has been or will be obtained by the Debtors with respect thereto. No representations are being made regarding the particular tax consequences of the confirmation or implementation of the Plan as to any holder of a claim or interestClaimholder or Interestholder. This discussion is not binding upon the IRS or other taxing authorities. No assurance can be given that the IRS or another authority would not assert, or that a court would not sustain, a different position from any discussed herein. Accordingly, each holder of a claim or interestClaimholder or Interestholder is strongly urged to consult its tax advisor regarding the U.S. federal, state, local, and non-U.S. tax consequences of the Plan to such holder of a claim or interestClaimholder or Interestholder.

THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION IS INTENDED ONLY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN U.S. FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. THE FOLLOWING DISCUSSION IS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. THE TAX CONSEQUENCES ARE IN MANY CASES UNCERTAIN AND MAY VARY DEPENDING ON A HOLDER CLAIMHOLDER'S OR INTERESTHOLDER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES. ACCORDINGLY, EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST CLAIMHOLDER OR INTERESTHOLDER IS STRONGLY URGED TO CONSULT ITS TAX ADVISOR REGARDING THE U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND APPLICABLE NON-U.S. INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH TREASURY DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR 230, HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTCLAIMHOLDERS AND INTERESTHOLDERS ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT: (A) ANY DISCUSSION OF U.S. FEDERAL TAX ISSUES IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO BE RELIED UPON, AND CANNOT BE RELIED UPON, BY SUCH HOLDERS CLAIMHOLDERS OR INTERESTHOLDERS FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON SUCH HOLDERS CLAIMHOLDERS OR INTERESTHOLDERS UNDER THE TAX CODE; (B) SUCH DISCUSSION IS BEING USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING (WITHIN THE MEANING OF CIRCULAR 230) BY THE DEBTORS OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED HEREIN; AND (C) EACH HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTERESTCLAIMHOLDER OR INTERESTHOLDER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISOR.



A. B. Consequences to the Debtors

[to come]

1. Cancellation of Indebtedness Income

In general, the discharge of a debt obligation in exchange for cash and other property having an aggregate fair market value (or, in the case of a new debt instrument, an "issue price") less than the "adjusted issue price" of the debt gives rise to cancellation of indebtedness ("COD") income to the debtor. COD income also includes any interest that has been previously accrued but remains unpaid at the time the indebtedness is discharged. Under the Tax Code, a U.S. taxpayer generally must include in gross income its COD income realized during the taxable year. However, COD income is not included in the debtor's income if the debt discharge occurs in a Title 11 bankruptcy case. Rather, under the Tax Code, such COD income instead should reduce certain of the debtor's tax attributes, generally in the following order: (a) net operating losses and net operating loss carryforwards (collectively, "NOLs"); (b) general business credit carryforwards; (c) minimum tax credit carryforwards; (d) capital loss carryforwards; (e) the tax basis of the debtor's depreciable and nondepreciable assets (but not below the amount of its liabilities immediately after the discharge); (f) passive activity loss and credit carryforwards; and (g) foreign tax credit carryforwards.

Where the debtor joins in the filing of a consolidated U.S. federal income tax return, applicable Treasury regulations require, in certain circumstances, that certain tax attributes of the consolidated subsidiaries of the debtor and other members of the group be reduced. Under these rules, Syms' own tax attributes will be reduced first by the amount of COD income Syms realizes, followed by the tax attributes (other than tax basis) of other members of the consolidated group. A corporation's own tax attributes are generally tax attributes generated by the corporation itself, such as NOLs and credits, as well as tax basis in its assets, including tax basis in the stock of its subsidiaries. If a corporation reduces its tax basis in the stock of its subsidiary is treated as realizing COD income by the amount of such reduction, and the subsidiary must in turn reduce its tax attributes by that amount.

The reduction in tax attributes occurs only after the tax for the year of the debt discharge has been determined (i.e., such attributes may be available to offset taxable income, if any, that is generated between the date of discharge and the end of the debtor's tax year and/or may be carried back to prior years). Any excess COD income remaining after the required reduction of tax attributes is generally not subject to U.S. federal income tax and generally has no other current U.S. federal income tax impact.

A debtor may elect to alter the preceding order of attribute reduction and, instead, first reduce the tax basis of its depreciable assets (and, possibly, the depreciable assets of its subsidiaries). The Debtors have not yet determined whether to make this election.

The Debtors expect to realize COD income as a result of the discharge of obligations pursuant to the Plan, which, under the attribute reduction rules described above, is generally expected to result in a reduction of certain of the Debtors' attributes, including NOLs.

2. Net Operating Losses – Section 382

Section 382 of the Tax Code contains rules that limit the ability of a company that has NOLs and undergoes an "ownership change" (generally an increase in the ownership by certain shareholders of more than 50% in value of its stock over a three year period) to utilize its NOL carryforwards and certain built-in losses recognized in years after the ownership change. The limitation under Section 382 of the Tax Code also may apply to certain losses or deductions that are "built-in" (i.e., economically accrued but

unrecognized) as of the date of the ownership change and that are subsequently recognized. These rules generally operate by taking into account "owner shifts" on the part of stockholders that own, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of the stock of the loss corporation and any changes in ownership arising from a new issuance of stock by the loss corporation.

Generally, if an ownership change occurs, the NOLs that the loss corporation can use each year will be limited to the product of the applicable long-term tax-exempt rate (a rate published monthly by the U.S. Treasury department, 3.26% for ownership changes occurring in July 2012) and the fair market value of the company's stock (or, in the case of a consolidated group, the stock of the common parent) immediately before the ownership change, with certain adjustments. Any unused portion of the annual limitation on pre-change losses may be carried forward until expiration (where applicable, as in the case of NOLs), thereby increasing the annual limitation in the subsequent taxable year. However, if the corporation (or the consolidated group) does not continue its historic business or use a significant portion of its assets in a new business for two years after the ownership change, the annual limitation resulting from the ownership change is zero. If the loss corporation (or consolidated group) has a net unrealized built-in gain at the time it incurs an ownership change, any built-in gains recognized during the following five years (up to the amount of the original net unrealized built-in gain) generally will increase the annual limitation in the year recognized, permitting the loss corporation (or consolidated group) to use its pre-change losses against such recognized built-in gains in addition to its regular annual limitation. Although the rule applicable to net unrealized built-in losses generally applies to consolidated groups on a consolidated basis, certain corporations that join the consolidated group within the preceding five years may not be able to be taken into account in the group computation of net unrealized built-in loss. Such corporations would nevertheless still be taken into account in determining whether the consolidated group has a net unrealized built-in gain. In general, a loss corporation's (or consolidated group's) net unrealized built-in gain will be deemed to be zero unless it is greater than the lesser of (i) \$10,000,000 or (ii) 15% of the fair market value of its assets (with certain adjustments) before the ownership change. The Debtors believe that they have more than sufficient net unrealized built-in gains to satisfy these thresholds.

If an ownership change does occur, certain special relief provisions provided in Section 382(1)(5) may be available, in which event the application of Section 382 could be materially different from that described above. In that case, the Debtors' ability to utilize pre-Effective Date NOLs would not be limited as described above. Section 382(1)(5) cannot apply unless existing stockholders and qualified creditors of a debtor (generally trade creditors and those who held the debt for at least 18 months prior to the bankruptcy filing) receive, in exchange for their stock and debt claims, at least 50% of the vote and value of the stock of Reorganized Syms pursuant to a confirmed Chapter 11 bankruptcy case. However, if Reorganized Syms undergoes another ownership change within two years after the Effective Date, Reorganized Syms' Section 382 limitation with respect to that ownership change will be zero. If the Debtors qualify for the special rule under Section 382(1)(5), the use of the Debtors' NOLs will be subject to Section 382(1)(5) unless the Debtors affirmatively elect for the provisions not to apply. The Debtors have not yet determined whether they would seek to have the Section 382(1)(5) rules apply to an ownership change arising from the consummation of the Plan even if Section 382(1)(5) were to apply.

If an ownership change does occur and the Debtors do not qualify for, or elect not to apply, the special rules under Section 382(1)(5) for corporations in bankruptcy described above, a special rule under Section 382 applicable to corporations under the jurisdiction of a bankruptcy court will apply in calculating Reorganized Syms' annual Section 382 limitation. Under Section 382(1)(6), the limitation will be calculated by reference to the lesser of the value of Reorganized Syms' equity (with certain adjustments) immediately after the ownership change or the value of their assets (determined without regard to liabilities) immediately before the ownership change. Although such calculation may substantially increase the annual Section 382 limitation, the Debtors' use of any NOLs or other tax attributes remaining after implementation of the Plan may still be substantially limited after an ownership change. Furthermore, as

discussed above, if Reorganized Syms does not continue its historic business or use a significant portion of its assets in a new business for two years after the ownership change, the annual limitation resulting from the ownership change will be zero, increased by any built-in gains recognized during the following five years (up to the amount of the original net unrealized built-in gain), as discussed above.

The Rights Offering and redemption of the shares of the Majority Shareholder are expected to cause Reorganized Syms to undergo an "ownership change" and accordingly cause the NOLs and built-in losses that they can use to be limited by Section 382 of the Tax Code in the manner described above.

3. Alternative Minimum Tax

For purposes of computing the Debtors' regular tax liability, all of their taxable income recognized in a taxable year generally is permitted to be offset by the carryover of NOLs (to the extent permitted under the Tax Code and subject to various limitations, including Section 382, as discussed above). Even if all of the Debtors' regular tax liability for a given year is reduced to zero by virtue of their NOLS, however, the Debtors may still be subject to the alternative minimum tax ("AMT"). The AMT imposes a tax equal to the amount by which 20% of a corporation's alternative minimum taxable income ("AMTI") exceeds the corporation's regular tax liability. AMTI is calculated pursuant to specific rules in the Tax Code which eliminate or limit the availability of certain tax deductions and which include as income certain amounts not generally included in computing regular tax liability.

B. Consequences to Claimholders

[to come]

1. Holders of Allowed Syms General Unsecured Claims (Syms Class 4), Allowed Syms Union Pension Plan Claims (Syms Class 5), Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims (Filene's Class 4), and Allowed Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims (Filene's Class 5)

The U.S. federal income tax treatment of Holders that exchange a Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim for a right to distributions pursuant to the Plan (an "Impaired Claim Distribution Right") is not entirely clear. Such treatment will depend in part on whether the receipt of the Impaired Claim Distribution Right is a "closed transaction" or an "open transaction" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Open transaction treatment will apply only if the fair market value of the Impaired Claim Distribution Right is not reasonably ascertainable on the Effective Date. It is the position of the IRS, as reflected in the applicable Treasury Regulations, that only in "rare and extraordinary cases" is the value of property not reasonably ascertainable such that open transaction treatment is available. The discussion below assumes that closed transaction treatment will apply to a Holder's receipt of the Impaired Claim Distribution Right with respect to its Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim pursuant to the Plan. Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding this issue.

The federal income tax consequences of the Plan to a Holder of a Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim

generally will depend on the nature of the Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim and its character in the hands of the Holder. Generally, a Holder of a Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claim, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claim or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claim will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the "amount realized" and such Holder's adjusted tax basis in the Claim. The "amount realized" generally should equal the fair market value of the distributions to be received under the Plan in respect of a Holder's Claim. Amounts received by any Holder, however, will be treated as "amounts realized" only to the extent not treated as interest as described in parts 2 and 3 below. A Holder's tax basis in the Impaired Claim Distribution Right received should begin on the day following the Effective Date.

Any gain or loss with respect to the receipt of an Impaired Claim Distribution Right in respect of such Claim pursuant to the Plan will generally be treated as capital gain or loss or ordinary income or deduction depending on the status of the Holder, the nature of the Claim in its hands, the purpose and circumstances of its acquisition, the Holder's holding period for the Claim, the extent to which the Holder previously claimed a deduction for the worthlessness of all or a portion of the Claim, and whether such Claim was acquired at a market discount. Capital losses may generally offset only capital gains, although individuals may, to a limited extent, offset ordinary income with capital losses.

If a payment is made in the future with respect to the Impaired Claim Distribution Right, each Holder of an Impaired Claim Distribution Right will recognize gain in the amount by which the distributions with respect to the Impaired Claim Distribution Right (other than the portion characterized as interest as described below under "— Imputation of Interest on Plan Distributions") exceed the holder's tax basis in the Impaired Claim Distribution Right. If no payment is made, or if the payment is less than the Holder's tax basis in the right distributions, the Holder will recognize a loss. It is unclear under current law whether such gain or loss would be capital or ordinary in nature. As a result, Holders are urged to consult their tax advisors concerning the U.S. federal income tax consequences of the receipt of distributions pursuant to an Impaired Claim Distribution Right.

Under both the "closed transaction" and the "open transaction" methods, a portion of each deferred payment received more than six months after the Effective Date may be treated as imputed interest, and a Holder may be required to include such interest as taxable ordinary income, under such Holder's method of accounting, regardless of whether the Holder otherwise realizes an overall loss as a result of the Plan, as described below under "— Imputation of Interest on Plan Distributions."

In addition, Holders may be subject to other special tax rules that affect the character, timing and amount of any income, gain, loss or deduction. Accordingly, Holders of Syms Class 4 Syms General Unsecured Claims, Syms Class 5 Syms Union Pension Plan Claim, Filene's Class 4 Filene's General Unsecured (Short-Term) Claims or Filene's Class 5 Filene's General Unsecured (Long-Term) Claims are particularly urged to consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences of the Plan to them.

2. Allocation of Plan Distributions between Principal and Interest

To the extent that any Allowed Claim entitled to a distribution under the Plan comprises indebtedness and accrued but unpaid interest thereon, the Debtors intend to take the position that, for income tax purposes, such distribution shall be allocated to the principal amount of the Allowed Claim first and then, to the extent the consideration exceeds the principal amount of the Allowed Claim, to the portion of such Allowed Claim representing accrued but unpaid interest. No assurances can be made in this regard.

If, contrary to the Debtors' intended position, such a distribution were treated as being allocated first to accrued but unpaid interest, a Holder of such an Allowed Claim would realize ordinary income with respect to the distribution in an amount equal to the accrued but unpaid interest not already taken into income under the Holder's method of accounting, regardless of whether the Holder otherwise realized a loss as a result of the Plan. Conversely, a Holder generally would recognize a deductible loss to the extent that any accrued interest was previously included in its gross income and was not paid in full. To the extent that any portion of the distribution is treated as interest, Holders may be required to provide certain tax information in order to avoid the withholding of taxes.

If a Holder acquired a Claim constituting a debt instrument after its original issuance at a market discount (generally defined as the amount, if any, by which a Holder's tax basis in a debt obligation immediately after its acquisition is exceeded by the adjusted issue price of the debt obligation at such time, subject to a *de minimis* exception), the Holder generally will be required to treat any gain recognized pursuant to the Plan as ordinary income to the extent of the market discount accrued during the Holder's period of ownership, unless the Holder elected to include the market discount in income as it accrued.

3. Imputation of Interest on Plan Distributions

Under current law, the deferred receipt of distributions with respect to a Impaired Claim
Distribution Right could result in a portion of such distributions being treated as interest income if some or all of the distributions are issued more than six months after the Effective Date. Where there is no express provision for interest, as is the case here, under the current regulations interest will be imputed under
Section 483 of the Tax Code. Thus, if distributions become payable more than six months after the
Effective Date, a portion of such distributions will constitute ordinary interest income. The amount of such interest income will be calculated by taking the amount of such cash distributions and discounting such amount from the date of issuance back to the Effective Date using the imputed interest rate under the Tax Code. The imputed interest rate will be the "applicable federal rate" provided under Section 1274(d) of the Tax Code as of the Effective Date. Thus, the longer the period of time until the distributions are received, the greater the proportion of such interests that will be treated as ordinary interest income.

C. Consequences to Holders of Syms Interests (Syms Class 7)

Pursuant to the plan, Holders of the Interests in Syms Class 7 will retain such Interests and the rights of such Interests will not be modified. As a result, Holders of Interests in Syms Class 7 should not recognize gain or loss as a result of the Plan. A Holder's tax basis in the Interests in Syms Class 7 after the Effective Date would equal the Holder's adjusted tax basis in its Interests in Syms Class 7 before the Effective Date. The holding period for Interests in Syms Class 7 will include the Holder's holding period for the Interests in Syms Class 7 prior to the Effective Date.

D. Consequences to Holders of Syms Interests (Syms Class 6) Rights Issued Under the Rights Offering

[to come]

A Holder that receives rights in the Rights Offering should not recognize taxable income, gain or loss upon the receipt or exercise of such rights. The tax basis in the Holder's existing Syms common stock should be allocated among the common stock and rights based upon the relative fair market values thereof. The tax basis in the Holder's new shares of Syms common stock received upon exercise of the rights should equal the sum of the Holder's tax basis in the rights and the exercise price paid for such new shares. The

holding period in such new shares of Syms common stock received as a result of the exercise of the rights should begin on the day following the exercise date. Holders of rights issued in the Rights Offering are strongly urged to consult their own tax advisors for the particular tax consequences to them in connection with the Rights Offering.

E. Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Certain payments, including the payments with respect to eClaims or iInterests pursuant to the Plan, may be subject to information reporting to the IRS. Moreover, under certain circumstances, holders of claims or interests Claimholders or Interestholders may be subject to "backup withholding" at a rate of 28% with respect to payments made pursuant to the Plan, unless such holder of a claim or interest Claimholder or Interestholder either (i) comes within certain exempt categories (which generally include corporations) and, when required, demonstrates this fact, or (ii) provides a correct United States U.S. taxpayer identification number and certifies under penalty of perjury that the holder Claimholder or Interestholder is a United States U.S. person, the taxpayer identification number is correct and the taxpayer is not subject to and otherwise satisfies the backup withholding because of a failure to report all dividend and interest incomerules.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules may be credited against thea Claimholder's or Interestholder's U.S. federal income tax liability-of a holder of a claim or interest, and such a holder, and a Claimholder or Interestholder may obtain a refund of any excess amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules by filing an appropriate claim for refund with the IRS (generally, a U.S. federal income tax return).

In addition, Treasury regulations generally require disclosure by a taxpayer on its U.S. federal income tax return of certain types of transactions in which the taxpayer participated, including, among other types of transactions, certain transactions that result in the taxpayer claiming a loss in excess of specified thresholds. Each holder of a claimClaimholder or I_Interestholder is strongly urged to consult its tax advisor regarding these regulations and whether the transactions contemplated by the Plan would be subject to these regulations and require disclosure on such holder'sthe Claimholders or Interestholders tax returns.

F. Importance of Obtaining Professional Tax Assistance

THE FOREGOING DISCUSSION IS INTENDED ONLY AS A SUMMARY OF CERTAIN TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR CAREFUL TAX PLANNING WITH A TAX PROFESSIONAL. THE ABOVE DISCUSSION IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TAX ADVICE. THE TAX CONSEQUENCES ARE IN MANY CASES UNCERTAIN AND MAY VARY DEPENDING ON THEA CLAIMHOLDER'S OR INTERESTHOLDER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES OF A HOLDER OF A CLAIM OR INTEREST. ACCORDINGLY, HOLDERS OF CLAIMS AND INTERESTCLAIMHOLDERS AND INTERESTHOLDERS ARE URGED TO CONSULT THEIR TAX ADVISORS ABOUT THE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL, AND APPLICABLE FOREIGN INCOME AND OTHER TAX CONSEQUENCES OF THE PLAN.

X. FEASIBILITY OF THE PLAN-AND, BEST INTERESTS OF CREDITORS AND THE CRAMDOWN ALTERNATIVE

A. Feasibility of the Plan

The Bankruptcy Code requires that the Bankruptcy Court determine that the confirmation of the Plan is not likely to be followed by the liquidation or the need for further financial reorganization of the Debtors. For purposes of showing that the Plan meets this "feasibility" standard, the Debtors have analyzed their ability to meet their respective obligations under the Plan. To support their belief in the feasibility of the Plan, the Debtors prepared their respective financial projection (the "Financial Projections") set forth as Exhibit Determine to this Disclosure Statement and a sources and uses statement (the "Sources and Uses Statement") set forth on Exhibit F to this Disclosure Statement. The Financial Projections show that the Debtors should have sufficient cash to make payments required under the Plan and to pay their operating expenses pending disposition of their assets. Accordingly, the Debtors believe the Plan is feasible and meets the requirements of section 1129(a)(11) of the Bankruptcy Code.

THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS ARE BY THEIR NATURE FORWARD LOOKING, AND ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THE INFORMATION SET FORTH THEREIN. ACCORDINGLY, READERS OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO PLACE UNDUE RELIANCE ON THE FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS, AND SHOULD CAREFULLY REVIEW SECTION VIII "CERTAIN RISK FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED" HEREIN.

The Financial Projections were not prepared with a view toward compliance with the published guidelines of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants or any other regulatory or professional agency or body or generally accepted accounting principles. Furthermore, the Debtors' independent certified public accountants have not compiled or examined the Financial Projections and accordingly, do not express any opinion or any other form of assurance with respect thereto and assume no responsibility for the Financial Projections.

In addition to assumptions footnoted in the Financial Projections themselves, the Financial Projections also assume that (i) the Plan will be confirmed and consummated in accordance with its terms, and (ii) there will be no material contingent or unliquidated litigation or indemnity claims applicable to the Debtors. Although considered reasonable by the Debtors as of the date hereof, unanticipated events and circumstances occurring after the preparation of the Financial Projections may affect actual recoveries under the Plan.

As discussed at the beginning of this Disclosure Statement, the Debtors do not intend to update or otherwise revise the Disclosure Statement, including the Financial Projections, to reflect events or circumstances existing or arising after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, even if any or all of the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, the Debtors reserve the right to update or revise this Disclosure Statement, including the Financial Projections, prior to the Confirmation Hearing to reflect the disposition of any significant asset of the Debtors, such as a parcel of the Syms Owned Real Estate.

B. Best Interests Test

As a general matter, under the Bankruptcy Code, confirmation of a plan also requires a finding that, with respect to each impaired class of claims and interests, that each holder of an allowed claim or interest has voted to accept the plan, or that the plan provides that such holder will receive or retain property of a

value, as of the plan's effective date, that is not less than the amount that such holder would receive or retain if the debtor were to be liquidated under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. This requirement is known as the "best interests of creditors" test.

In this case, the best interests test must be satisfied with respect to holders of claims in Syms Classes 4 and 6, and 5, holders of interests in Syms Class 7, and holders of claims in Filene's Classes 4,4 and 5, because those are the only classes of claims and interests entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan. In order to calculate the probable distribution to holders of claims and interests in such classes if the Debtors were liquidated under chapter 7, the Bankruptcy Court must first determine the aggregate dollar amount that would be generated from each Debtor's assets if their chapter 11 cases were converted to chapter 7 cases under the Bankruptcy Code. This "liquidation value" would consist primarily of the proceeds from a forced sale of the Debtors' assets by a chapter 7 trustee.

The amount of liquidation value available to Syms and Filene's unsecured creditors would be reduced by, first, the claims of secured creditors to the extent of the value of their collateral, and, second, by the costs and expenses of liquidation, as well as by other administrative expenses and costs of both the chapter 7 cases and the chapter 11 cases. Costs of liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code would include the fees payable to a chapter 7 trustee, as well as those attorneys and other professionals that such trustee would retain. All claims arising from the operations of the Debtors during the pendency of the chapter 11 cases would also have to be satisfied as chapter 7 expenses. In addition, the liquidation costs would include expenses incurred with respect to selling the Syms Owned Real Estate and the intellectual property assets P Assets belonging to Filene's. The liquidation itself may trigger certain tax and other priority claims that otherwise would be due in the ordinary course of business. Those priority claims would be paid in full from the liquidation proceeds before the balance would be made available to pay general unsecured claims or to make any distribution in respect of equity interests.

After considering the effects that a chapter 7 liquidation would have on the ultimate proceeds available for distribution to Syms and Filene's unsecured creditors, including (i) the increased costs and expenses of liquidation under chapter 7 arising from fees payable to a trustee in bankruptcy, (ii) the erosion in value of assets in the context of the expeditious liquidation required in a chapter 7 case and the "forced sale" atmosphere that would prevail, and (iii) the increase in administrative costs and other claims that would be satisfied on a priority basis, the Debtors have determined that confirmation of the Plan will provide each holder of an allowed claim with a recovery that is not less than such holder would receive under a liquidation of the Debtors under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Debtors' analysis of creditor and shareholders recoveries under a chapter 7 liquidation scenario (the "Liquidation Analysis") is attached as Exhibit FG. The Liquidation Analysis focuses on Filene's only, as the Debtors believe Syms is solvent and all its creditors are being paid in full. The information set forth in Exhibit FG provides a summary of the liquidation values of the Debtors' respective Filene's assets assuming a chapter 7 liquidation in which a trustee appointed by the Bankruptcy Court would liquidate the assets of the Debtors Filene's. Underlying the Liquidation Analysis are a number of estimates and assumptions that, although considered reasonable by the Debtors' management, are inherently subject to significant economic and market uncertainties and contingencies. The Liquidation Analysis is also based upon assumptions with regard to liquidation decisions that are subject to change. Accordingly, the values reflected in the Liquidation Analysis may not be realized if the Debtors were, in fact, to undergo such a chapter 7 liquidation.

Under the Liquidation Analysis, The Debtors believe that holders of Class 4 claims against Syms and Class 4 and 5 claims against Filene's will receive at least as much under the Plan than in a liquidation. As demonstrated in the Liquidation Analysis, creditors Creditors of Syms would be paid in full in a chapter 7 liquidation. The same is true under the Plan. Accordingly, the best interests test is satisfied with respect

to Syms. In the event of a chapter 7 liquidation of Filene's, the Debtors believe that estimated distributions to unsecured creditors would be approximately \$\frac{1.5}{20}\$ (such projection does not include any potential recoveries from Filene's claims against the Syms estate, as set forth more fully in Section VI.B.), whereas under the Plan, holders of Filene's Class 4 claims will receive recoveries of 100 cents on the dollar and holders of Filene's Class 5 claims will receive recoveries of \$\frac{1}{75}\$ cents on the dollar. Accordingly, the best interests test is satisfied with respect to Filene's as well.

C. Confirmation Without Acceptance of All Impaired Classes: The "Cramdown" Alternative

Bankruptcy Code section 1129(b) provides that a plan can be confirmed even if the plan is not accepted by all impaired classes, as long as at least one impaired class of claims has accepted it. Under this section of the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Court may confirm the Plan at the request of the Debtors if the Plan "does not discriminate unfairly" and is "fair and equitable" as to each impaired class that has not accepted the plan.

In general, a plan does not discriminate unfairly within the meaning of the Bankruptcy Code if a dissenting class is treated equally fairly with respect to other classes of equal rank. A plan is fair and equitable as to a class of claims which rejects a plan if the plan provides (a) for each holder of a claim included in the rejecting class to receive or retain on account of that claim property that has a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the allowed amount of such claim; or (b) that the holder of any claim or interest that is junior to the claims of such class will not receive or retain on account of such junior claim or interest any property at all. With respect to a class of interests, a plan is fair and equitable with respect to such class if the plan provides that each holder of an interest receive or retain on account of such interest property that has a value, as of the effective date of the plan, equal to the greatest of (a) the allowed amount of any fixed liquidation preference to which such holder is entitled, (b) any fixed redemption price to which such holder is entitled, or (c) the value of such interest.

In this case, the Debtors believe that the Plan satisfies these standards and would be confirmed over the rejecting vote of any impaired class or classes.

XI. APPLICABILITY OF SECURITIES LAWS

The Offered Shares are being offered and sold in the Rights Offering pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act, including, where applicable, in reliance upon Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The Offered Shares are therefore exempt from federal securities registration and, in addition, involve a "covered security" under the National Securities Markets Improvement Act of 1996 ("NSMIA"). State regulation of such an offering (but not notice filings and fees) has been preempted by NSMIA.

Because the Offered Shares have not been registered under the Securities Act or any other applicable securities law, such securities will be "restricted securities" within the meaning of Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act. Accordingly, they may not be offered, sold or otherwise transferred except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or any other applicable securities law, or pursuant to an exemption therefrom or in a transaction not subject thereto.

As a purchaser of securities that have not been registered under the Securities Act, each holder of Offered Shares should proceed on the assumption that the economic risk of the investment must be borne for an indefinite period, since the securities may not be resold unless they are subsequently registered under the Securities Act or an exemption from such registration is available. The exemption provided by Rule

144 generally will permit non-affiliates of an issuer that does not make periodic filings with the SEC to make unlimited public resales of the Offered Shares after holding them for one year. By contrast, affiliates of an issuer that does not make periodic filings with the SEC may only make public resales of the Offered Shares pursuant to Rule 144 after holding the Offered Shares for one year and only so long as certain public information requirements, volume limitations, manner of sale requirements and SEC filing requirements are met.

Certificates evidencing the Offered Shares will bear a legend substantially in the form below:

"THE SECURITIES REPRESENTED BY THIS CERTIFICATE HAVE NOT BEEN REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "SECURITIES ACT"), OR ANY SECURITIES LAWS OF ANY STATE AND MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED WITHOUT REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW EXCEPT FOR TRANSFERS THAT ARE EXEMPT FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW."

THE DEBTORS RECOMMEND THAT HOLDERS OF CLAIMS CONSULT THEIR OWN COUNSEL CONCERNING WHETHER THEY MAY FREELY TRADE THE OFFERED SHARES.

XII. XI.-PLAN SUPPLEMENT

Exhibits to the Plan not attached hereto shall be filed in one or more Plan Supplements. Any Plan Supplement (and amendments thereto) filed by the Debtors shall be deemed an integral part of the Plan and shall be incorporated by reference as if fully set forth herein. The Plan Supplements may be viewed at the office of the clerk of the Court or its designee during normal business hours, by visiting the Court's website at www.deb.uscourts.gov (PACER account required) or at the Claims Agent website http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at http://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at https://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at https://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at https://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request to the Claims Agent at https://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request at https://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request at https://www.kccllc.net/filenes, or by written request at <a href="https://www.kccllc.net/

Kurtzman Carson Consultants, LLC Re: Syms Corp., et al. 2335 Alaska Avenue El Segundo, CA 90245 Attn.: Voting Department Email: FilenesInfo@kccllc.com Telephone: (877) 606-7510

The documents contained in any Plan Supplements shall be subject to approval by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Confirmation Order.

XIII. XII.

RECOMMENDATION AND CONCLUSION

Dated: Wilmington, Delaware May 24, July 12, 2012

SYMS CORP.

(for itself and on behalf of its Subsidiary Debtors)

By: /s/ Gary P. Bin-koski

Name: Gary P. Binkoski Title: Chief Financial Officer

/s/ Mark S. Chehi

Mark S. Chehi (I.D. No. 2855) Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP One Rodney Square P.O. Box 636 Wilmington, Delaware 19899-0636 (302) 651-3000

- and -

Jay M. Goffman Mark A. McDermott Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP Four Times Square New York, New York 10036-6522

Counsel for Debtors and Debtors in Possession

EXHIBIT A

First Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization

EXHIBIT B

Disclosure Statement Approval Order

EXHIBIT C

Schedule of Syms Owned Real Estate

Address	Total Property	Tenant(s)	Lease Term	Tenant Sq. Ft.
4400 Forest Hill Blvd, West Palm Beach, FL 33406	112,414	20 tenants	Ranging from month-to-month through March 2016	58,114
1340 Swedesford Rd, Berwyn, PA 19312	71,026	Devon Fitness	Through Dec 2016	16,294
4615 NW 77th Avenue, Miami, FL 33166	53,000	None	None	0
21700 Telegraph Road, Southfield, MI 48034	53,784	Lear Corp	Through Feb 2022	53,784
5775 Jimmy Carter Boulevard, Norcross, GA 30071	69,200	None	None	0
10770 Westheimer, Houston, TX 77042	41,824	None	None	0
652 Commerce Drive, Fairfield, CT 06825	42,900	None	None	0
295 Tarrytown Road, Elmsford, NY 10523	143,116	Bed Bath & Beyond	Through February 2018	84,500
1803 Roswell Road, Marietta, GA 30062	77,086	4 tenants	Ranging from month-to-month through June 2014	29,422
280 West North Avenue, Addison, IL 60101	62,523	None	None	0
1865 E. Marlton Pike, Cherry Hill, NJ 08003	150,000	None	None	0
8075 Sheridan Drive, Williamsville, NY 14221	102,347	787 Elk LLC dba Len-Co	Through April 2017	56,130
5300 Powerline, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33309	55,110	None	None	0
695 Merrick Avenue, Westbury, NY 11590	90,520	None	None	0
330 Route 17 North, Paramus, NJ 07652	77,148	Hillmans Eyewear dba Lenscrafters	Through October 2016	4,100
1 Syms Way, Secaucus, NJ 07094	339,981	None	None	None
28-42 Trinity Place, New York 10007	69,965	None	None	None

EXHIBIT D

Real Estate Disposition Plan

	Square
Property	Footage
Near-Term Sale:	
Southfield	53,784
Houston	41,824
Secaucus	339,981
Cherry Hill	150,000
Berwyn	71,026
Williamsville	102,347
Fairfield	42,900
Addison	62,523
Ft. Lauderdale	55,110
West Palm	112,414
Miami	53,000
Norcross	69,200
Marietta	77,086
Stabilization & Medium-Term Sale:	
Westchester	143,116
Westbury	90,520
Paramus	77,148
Longer-Term Development:	
Trinity Place	69,965

EXHIBIT E

Financial Projections

(\$ in millions)	Emerg.				Quarte	r Ending				
	9/30/12	12/31/12	3/31/13	6/30/13	9/30/13	12/31/13	3/31/14	6/30/14	9/30/14	Cumulative
Beginning Cash	\$6.3	\$1.3	\$19.3	\$12.6	\$11.3	\$7.2	\$5:9	\$5.1	\$4.3	\$6.3
Less: Cash Held in Reserves (Beginning of Period)	-	(1.3)	(19.3)	(12.6)	(11.3)	(7.2)	(5.9)	(5.0)	(4.2)	-
Unrestricted Cash	\$6.3	-	-	-	-		/ /	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$6.3
Rights Offering Proceeds	\$25.0	-	-	-	-	/-	\ -	-	-	\$25.0
Other Chapter 11 Recoveries(1)	0.9	-	4.6	-	-	(-/	\ <u>-</u>	-	-	5.5
Draw from Operating Reserves		1.3	6.6	1.3	4.1	1.2	1.0	0.8	4.2	20.6
Net Proceeds	\$25.9	\$1.3	\$11.3	\$1.3	\$4.1	\$1.2	\$1.0	\$0.8	\$4.2	\$51.1
										!
Net Property Cash Flows	\$4.0	\$22.1	\$23.4	\$19.9	\$16.4	(\$0.4)	\$29.0	/	-	\$114.5
Pension Related Expenses (Single Employer)(2)	-	(0.7)	-	<	(0.9)		-	-	(1.1)	(2.7)
Pension Related Expenses (Local 1102) ⁽³⁾	(0.6)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(2.2)
Other HoldCo Operating Cash Flows		(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0,6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(4.9)
Total HoldCo Cash Flows	\$3.4	\$20.6	\$22.6	\$19.1	\$14.7	(\$1.2)	\$28.2	(\$0.8)	(\$1.9)	\$104.6
										!
Funding to Operating Reserves	(1.3)	(19.3)	-	\ -	7	\ -	-	-	-	(20.6)
			1							İ
Cash Available for Distribution	\$34.2	\$2.7	\$33.9	\$20.4	\$18.8	- \	\$29.1	\$0.1	\$2.4	\$141.4
										i I .
Priority & Admin Paydown ⁽⁴⁾	(\$34.2)	-	/	\ -/	-	`-	-	-	-	(\$34.2)
Distributions to Unsecured Creditors(5)	_	(1.6)	(24.2)	(20.4)	(18.8)	/ -	(21.9)	-	-	(87.0)
Distributions to Majority Shareholder		(1.1)	(9.7)				(7.1)			(17.8)
Total Paydowns & Distributions	(\$34.2)	(\$2.7)	(\$33.9)	(\$20.4)	(\$18.8)	-	(\$29.0)	-	-	(\$139.0)
) _	/	\\						
Gross Ending Cash Balance	\$1,3	\$19.3	\$12.6	\$11.3	\$7.2	\$5.9	\$5.1	\$4.3	\$2.4	\$2.4
Less: Cash Held In Reserves (End of Period)	(1.3)	(19.3)	(12.6)	(11.3)	(7.2)	(5.9)	(5.0)	(4.2)	- 02.4	
Ending Excess Cash Balance	_	/~	_	> -	-	-	\$0.1	\$0.1	\$2.4	\$2.4
Omeratine Reserves(6)										
Operating Reserves ⁽⁶⁾ Beginning Balance		\$1.3	\$19.3	\$12.6	\$11.3	\$7.2	\$5.9	\$5.0	\$4.2	i
Fund	1.2	19.3	, \$19.5 -	\$12.0		\$1.2		\$3.0	\$4.2	20.6
Draw	1.3			(1.2)	- (4.1)	(1.2)	(1.0)	(0.0)	(4.2)	20.6
Ending Balance	\$1.3	(1.3) \$19.3	(6.6) \$12.6	(1.3) \$11.3	(4.1) \$7.2	(1.2) \$5.9	(1.0) \$5.0	(0.8) \$4.2	(4.2)	(20.6)
Ending Balance	\$1.3	\$19.3	\$12.0	\$11.5	\$1.2	\$3.9	\$3.0	\$4.2	-	!
Outstanding Obligations & Payments Due										İ
Unsecured Creditors	\$87.0	\$85.4	\$61.2	\$40.8	\$21.9	\$21.9				İ
	17.8		7.1	\$40.8 7.1	\$21.9 7.1	\$21.9 7.1	-	-	-	i
Majority Shareholder Outstanding Pension Obligations ⁽⁷⁾	17.8	16.7 12.3	12.0	11.8	7.1 10.7		10.2	10.1	00	8.8
e e	\$117.9	\$114.4	\$80.3	\$59.7	\$39.7	\$39.5	\$10.3	\$10.1	\$8.8	\$8.8
Net Remaining Payments	\$117.9	\$114.4	\$80.3	\$59.7	\$39.7	\$39.5	\$10.3	\$10.1	\$8.8	\$8.8

- (1) For purposes of conservatism, assumes additional Ch.11 recoveries (including the return of the Liberty Mutual Letters of Credit, estimated IP sale proceeds and certain received 6 months post-emergence.
- (2) Includes minimum contributions to single employer plan.
- (3) Includes quarterly withdrawal liability payments associated with the Local 1102 multi-employer plan.
- (4) Assumes all professional fees payable in July-September are deferred through the emergence date.
- (5) Excludes \$13.7 million of pension termination claims. Assumes the single employer plan (\$7.3mm underfunded status) is not terminated at emergence, and the \$6.9 million Local 1102 multi-employer withdrawal liability is paid over time in 44 quarterly installments.
- (6) Total reserves (\$20.6 million) comprised of a \$5.0 million working capital reserve, \$3.6 million pension reserve, and a combined TI & carry cost reserve of \$11.0 million
- (7) Represents the remaining balance associated with the \$13.7 million of pension obligations at emergence. Total future liability for the single employer pension assumed to be the underfunded status of \$7.3mm.

EXHIBIT F

Sources and Uses Statement

Syms / Filene's Basement

Exit Funding Requirement - Sources / Uses (\$'s in '000s)

OURCES			(1)	USES		
Rights Offering	\$	25,000	[2]	Professional Fees	\$ 18,448	[4]
Sale of Property		4,000	[3]	Disputed Admin Claims - Reserve Amount	4,010	
CIT Receivable		862		503(b)(9) Claims	3,023	
Cash		6,335		DSW Lease	1,600	15
				Disputed Secured Claims - Reserve Amount	1,349	
				Tax Claims	1,355	[6]
				Landlord Claims	1,257	D
				Severance & Vacation	594	[8]
				Pension Withdrawal - Admin/Priority Portion	554	19
				Misc. Expenses	162	/1
				Reincorporation and Corporate Fees	200	[1
				Disputed Priority Claims - Reserve Amount	20	
				General Contingency	2,225	
				Working Capital at New Co.	1,401	
Total Sources	5	36,197		Total Uses	\$ 36,197	

Notes:

 This analysis assumes an effective date of 9/15/12. Should a delay occur, additional funding will be required to support the incremental professional fees and operating expenses.

Footnotes

- [1] Sources included are those recovered prior to the effective date. Other sources that are not listed above are assumed to be recovered after the effective date.
- [2] Provided by backstop financing.
- [3] Assumed to close prior to effective date, net proceeds of approximately \$4M.
- [4] Assumes no professional fees are paid from July through September and all outstanding fees are paid at exit.
- [5] Allowed administrative claim as part of the 79th Street lease assignment to DSW.
- [6] Primarily Massachusetts unemployment tax claim.
- [7] Various post petition unpaid rent.
- [8] Administrative and priority portion of severance & vacation.
- [9] Administrative and priority portion of pension withdrawal.
- [10] Primarily utility claims.
- [11] Assumes reincorporation in Delaware

EXHIBIT G

Liquidation Analysis

Overview

This document contains the Best Interests Analysis (the "Liquidation Analysis") of Filene's Basement, LLC (the "Debtor", or "Filene's Basement", or the "Company"). The Debtor, with the assistance of their financial advisors, have prepared this Liquidation Analysis for the purpose of evaluating whether the Plan meets the best interests test under section 1129(a)(7) of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Debtor has prepared this Liquidation Analysis based on a hypothetical liquidation under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code. It is assumed, among other things, that the hypothetical liquidation under Chapter 7 would commence under the direction of a Court-appointed trustee and would continue for a period of time, during which time all of Filene's Basement's remaining assets would be sold and the cash proceeds, net of liquidation related costs, would then be distributed to creditors in accordance with Bankruptcy Code.

The determination of the costs of, and proceeds from, the hypothetical liquidation of the Company's assets in a Chapter 7 case is an uncertain process involving the extensive use of estimates and assumptions that, although considered reasonable by Filene's Basement, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, and competitive uncertainties and contingencies beyond its control of its management and legal advisors. Inevitably, some assumptions in the Liquidation Analysis might not materialize in an actual Chapter 7 liquidation, and unanticipated events and circumstances could affect the ultimate results in an actual Chapter 7 liquidation.

THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS IS NOT INTENDED AND SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE. THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE A VALUATION OF THE COMPANY'S ASSETS AS A GOING CONCERN, AND THERE MAY BE A SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS AND THE VALUES THAT MAY BE REALIZED IN AN ACTUAL LIQUIDATION.

THE UNDERLYING FINANCIAL INFORMATION IN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS WAS NOT COMPILED OR EXAMINED BY ANY INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS. NEITHER THE DEBTOR NOR THEIR ADVISORS MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY THAT THE ACTUAL RESULTS WOULD OR WOULD NOT APPROXIMATE THE ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS REPRESENTED IN THE LIQUIDATION ANALYSIS. ACTUAL RESULTS COULD VARY MATERIALLY.

This Liquidation Analysis assumes that a liquidation of Filene's Basement would occur over approximately two (2) months beginning on July 1, 2012 and ending on August 31, 2012. It is assumed that the Chapter 7 trustee would arrange for the Debtor to focus their efforts on selling substantially all assets during this time.

The Liquidation Analysis should be read in conjunction with the following notes and assumptions:

Summary Notes to Liquidation Analysis:

- 1. Dependence on assumptions. The Liquidation Analysis depends on estimates and assumptions. The Liquidation Analysis is based on a number of estimates and assumptions that, although developed and considered reasonable by the management and the advisors of the Debtor, are inherently subject to significant economic, business, regulatory and competitive uncertainties and contingencies beyond the control of the Debtor or their management. The Liquidation Analysis is also based on the Debtor's best judgment of how numerous decisions in the liquidation process would be resolved. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the values reflected in this Liquidation Analysis would be realized if the Debtor were, in fact, to undergo such a liquidation. Actual results could vary materially and adversely from those contained herein.
- 2. <u>Dependence on unaudited financial statements</u>. This Liquidation Analysis contains numerous estimates. It is based upon the Debtor's claims register as of the end of June 2012.
- 3. Preference or fraudulent transfers. No recovery or related litigation costs attributed to any potential avoidance actions under the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, including potential preference or fraudulent transfer actions, are assumed within this analysis due to, among other issues, the inherent uncertainty about litigation results, the difficulty of assessing defenses to such actions, the inability to predict costs and fees associated with litigation and the risks of collection. These matters are discussed in greater detail in connection with the plan settlement described in the Disclosure Statement.
- 4. <u>Claims Estimates.</u> Claims are estimated based upon: (1) actual claims filed, (2) known book liabilities as of June 2012, and (3) estimated liabilities as of the date of this liquidation analysis. Additional claims may arise that were not estimated as of the date of this liquidation analysis.

Summary of Liquidation Analysis:

Liquidation Analysis

(\$'s in 000's)

	Debtor Estimates / Claims Amounts	Recovery Percentage	Total
Sources	_		
Cash as of August 31, 2012	\$6,846		\$6,846
Trademark/Customer List	1,000		1,000
Other Assets	954		954
Total Assets Available for Distribution	\$8,800		\$8,800
Super Priority Claims			
Intercompany Payable	- \$2,155	100%	\$2,155
Subtotal - Super Priority Claims	\$2,155	100%	\$2,155
Funds available to Admin Claims, Priority Claims, Unsecured Claims and	Equity Holders		\$10,955
Administrative Expenses			
Trustee Fees	(\$59)	100%	(\$59)
Professional Fees	(4,710)	100%	(4,710)
Severance & Vacation	(61)	100%	(61)
Landlord Claim	(1,070)	100%	(1,070)
Misc. Expenses	(18)	100%	(18)
503(b)(9) Claims	(1,368)	100%	(1,368)
Contingency	(250)	100%	(250)
Subtotal - Administrative Claims	(\$7,536)	100%	(\$7,536)
Priority	_		
Tax Claims	(\$1,355)	100%	(\$1,355)
Severance & Vacation	(103)	100%	(103)
Misc. Expenses	(1)	100%	(1)
Customer Liability	(207)	100%	(207)
Contingency	(250)	100%	(250)
Subtotal - Priority Claims	(\$1,916)	100%	(\$1,916)
Funds available to Unsecured Creditors & Equity Holders	\$1,504		\$1,504
Unsecured Claims	_		
Landlord Claims - includes 502 (b)(6) non-guarantee portion	(\$36,770)	2%	(\$659)
Accounts Payable - non guarantee portion	(2,905)	2%	(52)
Severance & Vacation Claims (Pre-Petition)	(2,415)	2%	(43)
Misc. Expense	(629)	2%	(11)
Subrogation claims	(18,494)	2%	(332)
Intercompany Payable (Pre - Petition)	(22,633)	2%	(406)
Contingency	(4,420)	0%	/61 504)
Subtotal - Unsecured Claims	(\$88,267)		(\$1,504)
Equity Distribution			\$0

³ DeltaView comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.

Detailed Assumptions

Asset Recovery Estimates

Asset recovery estimates presented in this liquidation analysis are based on the Company's balance sheet as of the end August 31, 2012, and are as follows:

- (a) Cash: The Liquidation Analysis assumes that all cash balances in the Debtor's possession as of August 31, 2012 totaling approximately \$6.8 million are 100% recoverable.
- (b) <u>Trademarks/Customer List: The Company estimates that trademarks and customer lists have a value of approximately \$1 million.</u>
- (c) Other Assets: Other assets include (a) return of Liberty Mutual letter of credit (\$0.1 million), (b) letter of credit receivables (\$0.5 million), and (c) return of utility deposits (\$0.4 million).
- (d) <u>Superpriority Claims: Superpriority claims are claims by Filene's Basement against Syms that arose on account of goods, services or other value provided after the Petition Date. Filene's Basement holds such a claim against Syms in the amount of approximately \$2.155 million.</u>

Liquidation Expenses & Claims

- (e) <u>Post Petition Administrative Expenses: The wind-down assumes that a liquidation of the Debtor would occur over approximately two (2) months.</u>
 - Liquidation expenses include: (1) trustee fees equal to \$59,000 or 3% of sources excluding cash, (2) professional fee expenses of \$4.7 million, (3) severance and vacation in the amount of \$61,000 (4) landlord claims in the amount of \$1.1 million, (5) Misc Expenses in the amount of \$18,000, and (6) 503(b)(9) claims in the amount of \$1.4 million. Additionally, the Company created a disputed claims reserve in the amount of \$250,000.
- (f) Priority claims: Includes (1) tax claims in the amount of \$1.35 million, (2) severance and vacation in the amount of \$103,000 (3) misc. expenses in the amount of \$1,000 and (4) customer liabilities in the amount of \$207,000. Additionally, the Company created a disputed claims reserve in the amount of \$250,000.
- (g) Unsecured Claims: Includes 502(b)(6) claims (\$36.77 million), account payable claims (\$2.95 million), severance and vacation (\$2.4 million), misc expenses (\$629,000), subrogation claims (\$18.5 million), and intercompany claims (\$22.6 million). Additionally, the Company created a disputed claims reserve in the amount of \$4.4 million.

EXHIBIT H

Equity Commitment Agreement (Partially Redacted)

EXHIBIT I

Rights Offering Procedures

Document comparison done by DeltaView on Thursday, July 12, 2012 3:39:22 AM

Input:	
Document 1	pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19
Document 2	pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2
Rendering set	Option 3a strikethrough double score no moves

Legend:				
Insertion				
Deletion				
< Moved from >				
> <u>Moved to</u> <	>Moved to <			
Style change				
Format change				
Moved deletion				
Inserted cell				
Deleted cell				
Moved cell				
Split/Merged cell				
Padding cell				

Statistics:	
	Count
Insertions	1243
Deletions	821
Moved from	0
Moved to	0
Style change	0
Format changed	26
Total changes	2090

Delta View comparison of pcdocs://nycsr03a/873530/19 and pcdocs://wilsr01a/689515/2. Performed on 7/12/2012.