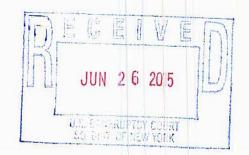
Duncan Robertson 3520 S.E. Harold Court Portland, OR 97202-4344 Tel & Fax: (503)775-9164 Uncadunc1@aol.com

By Overnight Delivery

Hon. Martin Glenn, USBJ United States Bankruptcy Court Southern District of New York One Bowling Green New York, New York 1004-1408



Re: In re Residential Capital, LLC et al.
United States Bankruptcy Court
Southern District of New York
Jointly Administered Under Case No. 12-12020 (MG)

June 24, 2015

Dear Judge Glenn:

This is a letter from Pro Se Creditor Duncan K. Robertson ("Robertson") pursuant to your Memorandum Opinion and Order Sustaining In Part and Overruling In Part the ResCap Liquidating Trust's Objection to Proofs of Claim Filed by Robertson [Docket No. 8533] entered on April 28, 2015, and your subsequent verbal confirmation at the Omnibus Hearing of May 14, 2015. After conferring, Morrison Foerster (MoFo), counsel to the ResCap Liquidating Trust (the "Trust") has elected to submit a separate letter on their position re settlement discussions.

As stated in the joint letter to the Court, dated May 12, 2015 [Docket No. 8602] the MoFo attorneys spoke with me and counsel with whom I am consulting in connection with the disputed claims via telephone conference on May 8, 2015 regarding the potential settlement of those claims not expunged by the Court's order, as well as scheduling issues related to such claims. At that time parties agreed to continue settlement discussions until the earlier of (i) 45 days or (ii) the date the parties agree that settlement discussions are at an impasse.

It has now been determined that reaching a settlement regarding claims is at an impasse. I list my reasons for this decision below.

Robertson's Reasons for Finding Settlement Unacceptable.

The Court has noted but not addressed certain post-bankruptcy-petition acts by Debtors and their implications as to Robertson's having possible additional claims against the Trust. Whether or not there is possibility of recovery for injuries/damages from the Liquidating Trust as a result of those acts, I have been advised that any settlement related to ongoing injuries damages resulting from those acts could bring severe impact my two concurrent actions I. MoFo attorneys

¹ Robertson v. GMAC Mortgage, LLC et. al, No. 14-35672 (9th Cir.); and 21st Mortgage Corp. v. Linda C. Nicholls, Duncan K. Robertson, et. al, No. 14-2-20431-1 SEA (King Cnty. Sup. Ct., Wash.).



have insisted that any settlement discussions must be "global" – that is, must include the abandoning of any claims of wrongdoing against Residential Funding Company, LLC ("RFC-LLC") and Residential Funding Real Estate Holding, LLC ("RFREH"), and by implication abandoning my defense of claims by other parties (including defense of my property) where opponents authority is claimed to be derived from those acts. To agree to a settlement under such terms would:

- Compel me to keep silent as to what have now been evidenced to be criminal acts, including forgery and fraud, thus requiring my aiding and abetting of ongoing criminal activity;
- 2. Make me vulnerable to allegations that I have waived claims against non-bankruptcy defendants in my other two pending actions.

Such terms are unacceptable.

In my last email communications with MoFo addressing issues, MoFo attorneys essentially put forth that with the passing of the deadline for filing administrative claims, any post-petition wrongful acts by Debtor are no longer are answerable. Since that time, 21st Mortgage Corporation, Plaintiff in the King County Superior Court action against my property, has revealed how 21st Mortgage is using the ResCap Bankruptcy and sales of assets by the Liquidating Trust to either bypass the bankruptcy estate (bankruptcy fraud), or to launder otherwise invalid claims through the Bankruptcy for the purpose of foreclosing on properties to which they have no right by law.

Attached are Exhibits of two recent documents from the King County Superior Court case:

A. Excerpts from PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT AND THIRD-PARTY PLAINTIFF DUNCAN ROBERTSON'S MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE OR ALTERNATIVE MOTION TO STAY PROCEEDINGS UNTIL CONCLUSION OF PLAINTIFF'S APPEAL TO NINTH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS, filed by 21st Mortgage on May 29, 2015, Docket No. 39 in that action (pages 1-3). In this document, 21st Mortgage states,

"The Order Approving Sale Free and Clear conveys the Note and the Deed of Trust to Plaintiff free and clear of any claims that might be raised against any and all of the prior owners or holders of the Note and any and all of the prior beneficiaries or trustees of the Deed of Trust - that would include the Third-Party Defendants."

Id. at 2.

B. Excerpts from my REPLY TO RESPONSE TO MOTION TO CONTINUE/STAY, filed June 1, 2015, Docket No. 45 (pages 1-5) showing how this Court's records reveal such a claim is impossible in the absence of major bankruptcy fraud. Whereas the "Note and Deed of Trust" have never appeared as assets to the

Bankruptcy Estate, they cannot have been sold by the Estate to anyone. See *Id.* at 1-4.

In our telephone conference of May 8, 2015, also attended by two consulting attorneys for me, Scott Stafne and Ha Dao, one of the MoFo attorneys acknowledged that regarding the loan that is now the subject of three legal actions "the most ResCap Debtors ever held was a servicing contract." As discussed in my Reply to 21st Mortgage claims attached, if any of the Debtors ever actually qualified as Beneficiary of the subject Deed of Trust, they concealed that fact from the Bankruptcy Estate – no such interest was ever claimed as an asset of the Estate. *Id.* If they did *not* qualify as a Beneficiary, then what is being claimed as being sold in the asset sales of the Liquidating Trust is fraudulent, and a use of the bankruptcy court to launder worthless assets by adding a caveat to the sales contracts that the substance and validity of what was purchased cannot be challenged.

Other states may permit foreclosure based solely on a servicing contract, but not the State of Washington. Only a valid deed of trust Beneficiary may order foreclosure of a deed of trust, RCW 61.24.020, 030 (nonjudicial), RCW 61.24.100(8) (judicial); and only a Beneficiary may assign a deed of trust, in conformity with Washington's Real Estate Statute of Frauds, FCW 64.04.010, 020. Under RCW 61.24.005(2) "Beneficiary" means the holder of the instrument or document evidencing the obligations secured by the deed of trust, excluding persons holding the same as security for a different obligation." *Id.* (emphasis added). RFREH's declaring that all of its "holdings" were as collateral for other obligations thus excludes it from Beneficiary status, and by implication, also RFC-LLC, invalidating Assignments granted by both of these entities, including that to 21st Mortgage. *Id.*; RCW 64.04.010, 020 (Washington's Real Estate Statute of Frauds).

Obviously Discovery in this matter is very important to proving that all acts by Debtors against me and my property (as well as potentially thousands of others) were without a lawful basis. Accordingly, documentation of incurred injuries, damages and attorney fees has not been sent to MoFo at this time, because I cannot consent to a "global" settlement with the Liquidating Trust at any price. I am available to discuss scheduling.

The Court was advised of the post-petition claims complained of as to RFREH and RFC-LLC in Doc. Nos. 8239 (Notice of Third-Party Action) and 8238-2 at 12-48 (Third-Party Complaint). RFC-LLC was served in the Superior Court Action but has failed to either appear or file an answer. Accordingly, a Motion for Default Judgment including as against RFC-LLC as to issues of title is being filed today, June 24, 2015 in Superior Court.

Respectfully submitted this 24th Day of June, 2015 by:

Duncan Robertson, Pro Se Creditor

Exhibit A

1 2 3 5 6 9 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF WASHINGTON 10 FOR THE COUNTY OF KING 11 21st MORTGAGE CORPORATION, a Case No. 14-2-20431-1 SEA Delaware corporation, 12 PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT AND THIRD-PARTY Plaintiff, 13 PLAINTIFF DUNCAN ROBERTSON'S MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE v. 14 OR ALTERNATIVE MOTION TO STAY PROCEEDINGS UNTIL CONCLUSION LINDA C. NICHOLLS; DUNCAN K. OF PLAINTIFF'S APPEAL TO THE 15 ROBERTSON; and JANE DOE NINTH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS ROBERTSON, and the marital community 16 composed thereof, 17 Defendants and Third-Party Plaintiffs, 18 RESIDENTIAL FUNDING COMPANY, LLC, a limited liability company; OCWEN LOAN 19 SERVICING, L.L.C., a limited liability company; NORTHWEST TRUSTEE 20 SERVICES, INC., a Washington corporation; MARY A. MILLER, an Iowa resident; 21 TYRONE THORGOOD, a Pennsylvania resident; DOES 1-10, 22 Third-Party Defendants. 23 24 Plaintiff responds to Defendant/Third-Party Plaintiff's (Defendant) Combined Motion to 25 Continue Trial Date or Stay Proceedings (Combined Motion) which is noted for decision without 26

Page 1 – PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE TO MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE OR ALTERNATIVE MOTION TO STAY PROCEEDINGS WELL & LEWANDOWSKI LLP

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oral argument on June 3, 2015 at 9:00 a.m. as well as Defendant's Request for Judicial Notice filed in support of his Combined Motion as follows:

1. MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE.

Plaintiff does not oppose Defendant's motion to continue the trial date and the deadlines established by the Order Setting Civil Case Schedule entered by this Court in the instant matter on July 24, 2014.

MOTION TO STAY PROCEEDINGS.

Plaintiff opposes a stay of its claim against the defendants to foreclose its Deed of Trust against the property at issue. Plaintiff does not oppose a stay of the claims for monetary damages between Defendant and the Third-Party Defendants consistent with the November 21, 2012 Order pursuant to which Plaintiff acquired its interest in the Note and the Deed of Trust that Plaintiff is foreclosing in this action (Order Approving Sale Free and Clear). A true and correct copy of the Order Approving Sale Free and Clear is attached as Exhibit 1 to the Affidavit of John W. Weil filed herewith.

The Order Approving Sale Free and Clear conveys the Note and the Deed of Trust to Plaintiff free and clear of any claims that might be raised against any and all of the prior owners or holders of the Note and any and all of the prior beneficiaries or trustees of the Deed of Trust - that would include the Third-Party Defendants. Further, the Order Approving Sale Free and Clear enjoins Mr. Robertson from asserting any claims against Plaintiff based upon the actions or inactions of the Third-Party Defendants. (See Affidavit of Weil, ¶ 3).

The foreclosure action involving Plaintiff, Ms. Nicholls, and Defendant should be permitted to continue on the trial schedule established by this Court and Ms. Nicholls and Defendant should be permitted to raise any defenses related to the actual conduct of Plaintiff. Defendant, however, should not be permitted to cloud this proceeding with allegations against other parties in contravention of the Order Approving Sale Free and Clear. Defendant's argument that his appeal may be a basis to stay this case is a red herring. Assuming for

argument's sake that Defendant prevails on his appeal, the Bankruptcy Court's stay and the 1 2 Order Approving Sale Free and Clear would still prohibit Defendant from asserting against 3 Plaintiff his claims against the Third-Party Defendants. 4 As established by Defendant's pleadings, his claims against prior Note holders, the prior 5 beneficiaries and trustees under the Deed of Trust, and the servicers of those debt instruments are being considered by the Ninth Circuit and also by the Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District 6 7 of New York. Plaintiff is not subject to claims or liability based on the alleged actions of prior 8 owners or servicers or parties related in any manner to the assets Plaintiff purchased pursuant to 9 the Bankruptcy Court's Order Approving Sale Free and Clear. 10 3. REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE. 11 Plaintiff asks for clarification as the caption of the pleading states that Defendant requests 12 the Court to take judicial notice in support of combined motions to stay proceedings and for 13 partial summary judgment. Plaintiff has not been served with and is unaware of a motion for 14 partial summary judgment. Plaintiff objects to the Court taking the requested judicial notice in 15 support of an as yet unfiled motion for partial summary judgment. 16 Plaintiff does not object to the request for judicial notice of Defendant's Notice of 17 Appeal. Plaintiff recognizes the pending appeal and the bankruptcy proceeding in the Southern 18 District of New York (Bankruptcy Court) from which Plaintiff purchased the asset it now seeks 19 to foreclose. Plaintiff objects to judicial notice of the Opening Brief and the Reply Brief filed by 20 Defendant as they do not represent a full view of that proceeding and Defendant does not explain 21 their relevance to his pending motion. 22 111 23 111

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Exhibit B

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REPLY TO MOTION TO CONTINUE RESPONSE

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REPLY TO MOTION TO

CONTINUE/STAY RESPONSE

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REPLY TO MOTION TO CONTINUE/STAY RESPONSE

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("pledged as collateral") for their obligations to other parties and were not RFREH property 1 The post-bankruptcy-petition "Corrective" Assignment of Deed of Trust from Bank of 2 New York Trust Company as Trustee to RFC-LLC (Complaint Exhibit C) purportedly revoked 3 4 the 2010 Assignment to RFREH, supra, and substituted all parties to that Assignment, retroactive 5 to 8/12/2010. See Robertson's Answer/Counterclaims et al., Dkt. 18 at pp. 22-25; company 6 Robertson Declaration Exhibit 1 (2010 Assignment). If the "Corrective" Assignment actually 7 conveyed any ownership interest in the Note or Deed of Trust, such property would be required to 8 he declared as property of the Bankruptcy Estate. The U.S. Supreme Court addressing inclusion 9 of property in a bankruptcy estate has ruled, "Whether the value is "present or prospective, for 10 dividends or only for purposes of control," a retained equity interest is a property interest to 11 "which the creditors [are] entitled[.]" Norwest Bank Worthington v. Ahlers, 485 U.S. 197, 108 12 13 S.Ct. 963, 969, 99 L.Ed.2d 169 (1988) (citation omitted). 14 But interest in the subject Loan and/or Deed of Trust is not identified in RFREH 15 Schedules, supra, or the Schedules of Assets And Liabilities for Residential Funding Company. 16 LLC (Case No. 12-12019), ResCap Doc. No. 548, Robertson Declaration Exhibit 3 ("RFC-LLC 17 Schedules"). RFC-LLC Schedules contains an identical held as collateral disclaimer to that of 18 the RFREH Schedules, supra. See "Pledged Assets", Id. at pg. 5. The RFC-LLC Schedules do 19 list assets under their Schedule B, however RFC-LLC Schedules were filed prior to the 20 21 'Corrective" Assignment that purportedly gave RFC-LLC Beneficiary status in the Deed of Trust. 22 23 24 25 ¹ See, e.g., Schedule B15 at pg. 39 (Mortgage Loans Held for Sale and Various First Mortgage Assets); Schedule B23 at pg. 50 (Mortgage Servicing Rights). 26 STAFNE TRUMBULL, LLC REPLY TO MOTION TO NORTH OLYMPIC AVENUE CONTINUE/STAY RESPONSE

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ARLINGTON, WA 98223 TEL. 360.403.8700 /FAX 360.386.4005 But, there have been no subsequent amendments to Schedule B assets of either RFCREH or RFC-LLC filed in the ResCap procedure.² At https://www.kccllc.net/rescap.

10. On April 28, 2015 the ResCap Court, ruled on an Objection brought by the ResCap Liquidating Trust against Robertson's claims in that proceeding. The published opinion ("Opinion") revealed that "Debtor Homecomings Financial, LLC ("Homecomings") serviced the First Priority Loan from September 22, 2000 until transferring servicing rights to Debtor GMAC Mortgage, LLC ("GMACM") on July 1, 2009. (Id. ¶ 18.) GMACM serviced the First Priority Loan until transferring servicing rights to Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC ("Ocwen") on February 16, 2013. (Id.)." Notice Exhibit D at *4 (emphasis added). The Opinion makes no mention of 21st Mortgage in the transaction (Ocwen Sale) or of any additional interests transferred.

11. If the totality of ResCap bankruptcy Debtors' interests sold to Ocwen was limited to a servicing contract, no amount of "free and clear" language contained in the Ocwen Sale can transform that into "The Order Approving Sale Free and Clear conveys the Note and the Deed of Trust to Plaintiff..." Response at 2. The Response assertions are simply false.

While Robertson's first case was being litigated, up until July 2013, RFC-LLC claimed to be the deed of trust beneficiary based on upon the 2012 corrective assignment.³ RFC-LLC thus had a choose in action available to it in that proceeding, as later did 21st Mortgage, based upon their claim of Beneficiary status under the Deeds of Trust Act, RCW 61.24 Ch. Both entities chose not to exercise their apparent right to bring judicial foreclosure in the Court handling Robertson's

REPLY TO MOTION TO CONTINUE/STAY RESPONSE

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² But, there have been no subsequent amendments to Schedule B assets of either RFCREH or RFC-LLC filed in the ResCap procedure. At https://www.kccllc.net/rescap.

³ See Complaint Exhibit C, the "Corrective" Assignment of Deed of Trust, the last assignment prior to the Assignment to 21st Mortgage, Complaint Exhibit D.

original lawsuit.

12. Plaintiff's Response cites no authority supporting its assertions. An automatic stay imposed under 11 U.S.C. §362(a) is limited to actions that arose before the commencement of a bankruptcy case. Id. The "Corrective" Assignment to RFC-LLC (signed by itself), upon which 21st Mortgage's standing and real-party-in-interest to bring this action hinge, was executed post-bankruptcy-petition, making RFC-LLC an essential party here. Also, the ResCap Court specifically lifted its stay as to actions that would "terminate or preclude the prosecution and completion of a foreclosure." Robertson Decl. Exhibit 4, at 12, ¶14(b). Robertson accordingly objects to the characterization that awaiting the outcome of the 9th Circuit and ResCap cases is a "red herring." The 9th Circuit Appeal names five non-debtor Defendants, and third-party defendants here – Tyrone Thorogood and Mary A. Miller – are all unaffected by any bankruptcy stay.

13. To clarify Plaintiff's question in its Section 3, any reference to "Partial Summary Judgment" was a typo. The remaining objections presented the Response are inconsequential—the Opinion of the ResCap Court speaks for itself, and the Judicial Notice of 9th Circuit Documents is simply to identify to the Court the federal jurisdiction questions the 9th Circuit is addressing, which if decided in Robertson's favor will almost certainly result in remand of the case to King County Superior Court, suggesting consolidation.

CONCLUSION

Duncan K. Robertson's motion to continue the trial date until March 28, 2915, along with a scheduling order to reflect this date should be granted. Alternative, this Court should stay these proceedings until the Ninth Circuit appeal is decided.

REPLY TO MOTION TO CONTINUE/STAY RESPONSE

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