Date Filed: 7/1/2020

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

In re: Chapter 11 SPEEDCAST INTERNATIONAL

LIMITED, et al., Case No. 20-32243 (MI)

> Debtors.1 (Jointly Administered) Re: Docket No. 435

NOTICES, RESTRICTIONS, AND OTHER PROCEDURES REGARDING RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF INTERESTS IN, AND CLAIMS AGAINST, THE DEBTORS AND CLAIMS OF CERTAIN WORTHLESS STOCK DEDUCTIONS

TO ALL PERSONS OR ENTITIES WITH EQUITY INTERESTS IN OR CLAIMS AGAINST THE DEBTORS:

Pursuant to that certain Final Order Establishing Notification Procedures and Approving Restrictions on Certain Transfers of Interests in, and Claims Against, the Debtors and Claims of Certain Worthless Stock Deductions (the "Final Order") entered by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas (the "Bankruptcy Court") on July 1, 2020, ECF No. 435, the following restrictions, notification requirements, and/or other procedures (collectively, the "Procedures") apply to all trading and transfers in the beneficial ownership of Common Stock (including directly and indirectly, and including Options to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock), all claims of worthless stock deductions with respect to beneficial ownership of Claims against the Debtors, and, if so ordered by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with a 382(l)(5) Plan (as defined herein), trading and transfers of Claims against the

A complete list of the Debtors in these chapter 11 cases may be obtained on the website of the Debtors' claims and noticing agent at http://www.kccllc.net/speedcast. The Debtors' service address for the purposes of these chapter 11 cases is 4400 S. Sam Houston Parkway East, Houston, Texas 77048.

A. Common Stock Restrictions

- (1) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of these Procedures, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (a) "Common Stock" shall mean any common stock issued by SpeedCast International Limited.
- (b) "Option" shall mean any contingent purchase, warrant, convertible debt, put, stock subject to risk of forfeiture, contract to acquire stock, or similar interest regardless of whether it is contingent, subject to vesting or otherwise not currently exercisable.
- (c) "Beneficial ownership" of Common Stock and Options to acquire Common Stock shall be determined in accordance with section 382 of the title 26 of the United States Code (the "U.S. Tax Code"), the regulations promulgated by the U.S. Department of Treasury under the U.S. Tax Code (the "Treasury Regulations"), and rulings issued by the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") and, thus, to the extent provided in those sources, from time to time shall include, without limitation, (i) direct and indirect ownership, determined without regard to any rule that treats stock of an entity as to which the constructive ownership rules apply as no longer owned by that entity (e.g., a holding company would be considered to beneficially own all stock owned or acquired by its subsidiaries), (ii) ownership by a holder's family members, (iii) ownership by any group of persons acting pursuant to a formal or informal understanding among themselves to make a coordinated acquisition of stock, and (iv) to the extent set forth in Treasury Regulations section 1.382-4, the ownership of an Option to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock.
- (d) "**Entity**" shall mean any "entity" as such term is defined in Treasury Regulations section 1.382-3(a), including a group of persons who have a formal or informal understanding among themselves to make a coordinated acquisition of stock.
- (e) "Substantial Stockholder" shall mean any Entity or person that beneficially owns at least 11,387,709 shares of Common Stock (representing approximately 4.75% of all issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock as of April 23, 2020).
- (f) "Majority Stockholder" shall mean any person that would be a "50-percent shareholder" (within the meaning of section 382(g)(4)(D) of the U.S. Tax Code) of Common Stock if such person claimed a Worthless Stock Deduction at any time on or after the Petition Date.
- (g) "Worthless Stock Deduction" shall mean any claim (for U.S. federal income tax reporting purposes) of a worthless stock deduction under section 165(g) of the U.S. Tax Code with respect to beneficial ownership of Common Stock.

² Capitalized terms used, but not defined, herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Final Order.

- (2) Notice of Substantial Ownership. Any person or Entity that beneficially owns, at any time on or after the Petition Date, Common Stock in an amount sufficient to qualify such person or Entity as a Substantial Stockholder shall file with the Bankruptcy Court, and serve upon (i) the Debtors, 4400 S.Sam Houston Parkway East, Houston, Texas 77048 (Attn: Dominic Gyngell, General Counsel); (ii) proposed counsel to the Debtors, Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP, 700 Louisiana Street, Suite 1700, Houston, TX 77002 (Attn: Brenda Funk, Esq. and Stephanie Morrison, Esq.); (iii) (A) Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, NY 10017 (Attn: Damian S. Schaible, Esq., David Schiff, Esq., and Jonah A. Peppiatt, Esq.) and (B) Rapp & Krock, PC, 1980 Post Oak Blvd, Suite 1200, Houston, TX 77056 (Attn: Henry Flores, Esq.), counsel to the Ad Hoc Group of Secured Lenders; (iv) Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP, One Manhattan West, New York, NY 10001 (Attn: Steven Messina, Esq. And George Howard, Esq.) and 155 N. Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606 (Attn: David M. Wagener, Esq.), counsel to Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch, as administrative agent under the Syndicated Facility Agreement and the DIP Agent; and (iii) counsel to any statutory committee of unsecured creditors appointed in this case (collectively, the "Disclosure Parties") a notice of such person's or Entity's substantial ownership (a "Substantial Stock Ownership Notice"), in substantially the form annexed to the Final Order as Exhibit 2, which describes specifically and in detail such person's or Entity's beneficial ownership of Common Stock, on or before the date that is the later of (x) twenty (20) calendar days after the entry of the order granting the requested relief or (y) ten (10) business days after such person or Entity qualifies as a Substantial Stockholder. At the election of the Substantial Stockholder, the Substantial Stock Ownership Notice to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court (but not the Substantial Stock Ownership Notice that is served upon the Disclosure Parties) may be redacted to exclude the Substantial Stockholder's taxpayer identification number and the amount of Common Stock that the Substantial Stockholder beneficially owns.
- Acquisition of Common Stock. At least twenty (20) business days prior to the proposed (3) date of any transfer in the beneficial ownership of Common Stock (including directly and indirectly, and including the grant or other acquisition of Options to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock) or exercise of any Option to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock that would result in an increase in the amount of Common Stock beneficially owned by any person or Entity that currently is or, as a result of the proposed transaction, would be a Substantial Stockholder (a "Proposed Acquisition Transaction"), such person, Entity, or Substantial Stockholder (a "Proposed Transferee") shall file with the Bankruptcy Court and serve upon the Disclosure Parties a notice of such Proposed Transferee's intent to purchase, acquire, or otherwise accumulate Common Stock (an "Acquisition Notice"), in substantially the form annexed to the Final Order as Exhibit 3, which describes specifically and in detail the Proposed Acquisition Transaction. At the election of the Proposed Transferee, the Acquisition Notice to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court (but not the Acquisition Notice that is served upon the Disclosure Parties) may be redacted to exclude the Proposed Transferee's taxpayer identification number and the amount of Common Stock that the Proposed Transferee beneficially owns.

- (4) Disposition of Common Stock. At least twenty (20) business days prior to the proposed date of any transfer or other disposition of the beneficial ownership of Common Stock (including directly and indirectly or through the issuance or transfer of Options to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock) that would result in either a decrease in the amount of Common Stock beneficially owned by a Substantial Stockholder or a person or Entity ceasing to be a Substantial Stockholder (a "Proposed Disposition Transaction" and, together with a Proposed Acquisition Transaction, a "Proposed Transaction"), such person, Entity, or Substantial Stockholder (a "Proposed Transferor") shall file with the Bankruptcy Court and serve upon the Disclosure Parties a notice of such Proposed Transferor's intent to sell, trade, or otherwise transfer Common Stock (a "Disposition Notice" and, together with an Acquisition Notice, a "Trading Notice"), in substantially the form annexed to the Final Order as **Exhibit 4**, which describes specifically and in detail the Proposed Disposition Transaction. At the election of the Proposed Transferor, the Disposition Notice to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court (but not the Disposition Notice that is served upon the Disclosure Parties) may be redacted to exclude the Proposed Transferor's taxpayer identification number and the amount of Common Stock that the Proposed Transferor beneficially owns.
- Notice of Status as a Majority Stockholder. Any person or Entity that currently is or becomes a Majority Stockholder shall file with the Court and serve upon the Disclosure Parties a notice of such status (a "Majority Stockholder Notice"), in substantially the form annexed to the Proposed Orders as Exhibit 5, which describes specifically and in detail such person's beneficial ownership of Common Stock, on or before the date that is the later of (x) twenty (20) calendar days after the entry of an order granting the relief requested in this Motion and (y) ten (10) business days after such person qualifies as a Majority Stockholder. At the election of the Majority Stockholder, the Majority Stockholder Notice to be filed with the Court (but not the Majority Stockholder Notice that is served upon the Disclosure Parties) may be redacted to exclude the Majority Stockholder's taxpayer identification number.
- (6) Notice of Intent to Claim a Worthless Stock Deduction. At least twenty (20) business days before a Majority Stockholder files any federal income tax return, or any amendment to such a return, claiming a Worthless Stock Deduction for a tax year of the Majority Stockholder ending on or before the effective date of a chapter 11 plan of reorganization for the Debtors, such Majority Stockholder shall file with the Court and serve upon the Disclosure Parties advanced written notice of the intended Worthless Stock Deduction (a "Worthless Stock Deduction Notice"), in substantially the form annexed to the Proposed Orders as Exhibit 6. At the election of the Majority Stockholder, the Worthless Stock Deduction Notice to be filed with the Court (but not the Worthless Stock Deduction Notice that is served upon the Disclosure Parties) may be redacted to exclude the Majority Stockholder's taxpayer identification number.
- (7) Objection Procedures. The Debtors shall have fifteen (15) business days after the filing of a Trading Notice or a Worthless Stock Deduction Notice (the "**Objection Period**") to file with this Court and serve on a Proposed Transferee or a Proposed Transferor, as the case may be, or a Majority Stockholder, as applicable, an objection (each, an "**Objection**") to any Proposed Transaction described in such Trading Notice or any

Worthless Stock Deduction described in such Worthless Stock deduction Notice. If the Debtors file an Objection by the expiration of the Objection Period (the "Objection Deadline"), then the applicable Proposed Transaction or Worthless Stock Deduction shall not be effective unless approved by a final and nonappealable order of this Court. If the Debtors do not file an Objection by the Objection Deadline or if the Debtors provide written authorization to the Proposed Transferee or the Proposed Transferor, as the case may be, or the Majority Stockholder, as applicable, approving the Proposed Transaction or Worthless Stock Deduction prior to the Objection Deadline, then such Proposed Transaction or Worthless Stock Deduction may proceed solely as specifically described in the applicable Trading Notice or Worthless Stock Deduction Notice. Any further Proposed Transaction or Worthless Stock Deduction must be the subject of an additional Trading Notice or Worthless Stock Deduction Notice and Objection Period.

- (8) Noncompliance with Procedures. Any acquisition, disposition, or trading in the beneficial ownership of Common Stock (including directly and indirectly, and Options to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock), or the beneficial ownership of Claims against the Debtors, in violation of these Procedures shall be null and void *ab initio* as an act in violation of the automatic stay under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code and pursuant to the Bankruptcy Court's equitable powers under section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Furthermore, any person or Entity that acquires, disposes of, or trades in the beneficial ownership of Common Stock (including directly and indirectly, and Options to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock), or the beneficial ownership of Claims against the Debtors, in violation of these Procedures shall be subject to sanctions as provided by law.
- (9) <u>Debtors' Right to Waive</u>. The Debtors may, in their sole discretion, waive, in writing, any and all restrictions, stays, and notification Procedures contained in this Notice.

B. Claims Restrictions

- (1) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of these Procedures, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (a) "Post-Emergence Speedcast" means the reorganized Debtors or any successor thereto.
- (b) "New Speedcast Stock" means the common stock and any other equity securities (including securities that are treated as equity securities for U.S. federal income tax purposes) of Post-Emergence Speedcast, including Options to acquire the same.
- (c) "Entity" shall mean any "entity" as such term is defined in section 1.382-3(a) of Title 26 of the Code of Federal Regulations (the "Treasury Regulations"), including any group of persons acting pursuant to a formal or informal understanding among themselves to make a coordinated acquisition of Claims or New Speedcast Stock.
- (d) A "Claim" means any claim, as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code, against any of the Debtors arising out of or relating to the period prior to the Petition Date, whether secured or unsecured (which, for the avoidance of doubt, excludes any claims under or

in connection with the Debtors' proposed debtor in possession financing facility (the "DIP Loan")).

- (e) An "**Option**" includes any contingent purchase, warrant, convertible debt, put, stock subject to risk of forfeiture, contract to acquire stock, or similar interest, regardless of whether it is contingent, subject to vesting or otherwise not currently exercisable.
- (f) A "382(*l*)(5) Plan" means a plan of reorganization (a "Plan") that contemplates the use of section 382(*l*)(5) of the title 26 of the United States Code (the "U.S. Tax Code") by a reorganized debtor to obtain certain incremental tax benefits.

(g) "Beneficial ownership" of a Claim or Owned Interest means:

- (i) the beneficial ownership of a Claim or Owned Interest (as hereinafter defined) as determined in accordance with applicable rules under section 382 of the U.S. Tax Code, the Treasury Regulations, and rulings issued by the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") (for such purpose, a Claim or Owned Interest is treated as if it were stock) and, thus, to the extent provided in those sources, from time to time, shall include, without limitation, (A) direct and indirect ownership, determined without regard to any rule that treats stock of an entity as to which the constructive ownership rules apply as no longer owned by that entity (e.g., a holding company would be considered to have beneficial ownership of all Claims or Owned Interests owned or acquired by its subsidiaries), (B) ownership by a holder's family members, and (C) ownership by any group of persons acting pursuant to a formal or informal understanding among themselves to make a coordinated acquisition of Claims, Owned Interests, and/or stock; and
- (ii) the beneficial ownership of an Option (irrespective of the purpose for which such Option was issued, created, or acquired) with respect to a Claim or Owned Interest.
- (iii) For the avoidance of doubt, beneficial ownership of a Claim or Owned Interests also includes the beneficial ownership of any right to receive any equity consideration to be distributed in respect of a Claim or Owned Interests pursuant to a Plan or any applicable bankruptcy court order.
- (h) "Threshold Amount" means an amount of Claims that, when taking into account the Owned Interests that a holder of Claims has beneficial ownership of (including under the applicable aggregation rules), could result in such holder of Claims holding the Applicable Percentage (as hereinafter defined) of New Speedcast Stock. For this purpose, the beneficial ownership of an Option to acquire Owned Interests shall be considered beneficial ownership of Owned Interests.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a beneficial owner of Claims does not agree to refrain from acquiring beneficial ownership of additional Owned Interests (and Options to acquire the same) or to dispose of immediately any such Owned Interests or Options (if acquired on or after the Petition Date but prior to submitting its Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership (as hereinafter defined)), the Threshold Amount for such beneficial owner of Claims shall be the amount of Claims a holder of Claims has beneficial ownership of continuously from the Petition Date to the Sell-Down Date (as hereinafter defined).

(i) A "Substantial Claimholder" means any person or Entity that has beneficial ownership of an aggregate dollar amount of Claims against the Debtors, or any Entity controlled by such person or Entity through which such person or Entity has beneficial ownership of Claims against the Debtors, of more than the Threshold Amount.

For the avoidance of doubt, section 382 of the U.S. Tax Code, the Treasury Regulations, and all relevant IRS and judicial authority shall apply in determining whether the Claims of several persons and/or Entities must be aggregated when determining a person's (including an Entity's) status as a Substantial Claimholder (for such purpose, a Claim is treated as if it were stock).

- (j) "Applicable Percentage" means, if only one class of New Speedcast Stock is to be issued pursuant to the terms of a 382(l)(5) Plan and holders within each class of Claims receiving New Speedcast Stock will receive a pro rata distribution of the New Speedcast Stock, 4.75% of the number of shares of New Speedcast Stock that the Debtors reasonably estimate will be outstanding immediately after the effective date of such 382(l)(5) Plan, as determined for U.S. federal income tax purposes. If more than one class of New Speedcast Stock is to be distributed pursuant to the terms of a 382(l)(5) Plan or if holders within a class of Claims may receive a disproportionate distribution of New Speedcast Stock relative to other holders in the same class, the Applicable Percentage shall be determined by the Debtors in their reasonable judgment in a manner consistent with the estimated range of values for the equity to be distributed (as reflected in the valuation analysis set forth in the 382(l)(5) Plan and disclosure statement) and shall be expressed in a manner that makes clear the number of shares or other interests in each class of New Speedcast Stock that would constitute the Applicable Percentage.
- (k) "Holdings Report" means a Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership (as hereinafter defined) received by the Debtors with respect to the Determination Date.
- (l) "Maximum Amount" means the maximum amount of Claims (by class or other applicable classification of Claims) that may be held, as of the effective date of the 382(*l*)(5) Plan, by a Substantial Claimholder that was a Substantial Claimholder as of the Determination Date, which the Debtors shall calculate as follows:
 - (i) Based upon the information provided by the Substantial Claimholders in the Holdings Reports, the Debtors shall calculate the aggregate amount of Claims that all such Substantial Claimholders must sell as a group to effectuate the 382(*l*)(5) Plan (the "Sell-Down Amount");
 - (ii) The Debtors shall calculate for each Substantial Claimholder the amount of such Substantial Claimholder's *pro rata* share of the Sell-Down Amount (*i.e.*, the Sell-Down Amount multiplied by a fraction, (x) the numerator of which is the excess, if any, of the amount of Claims identified in such Substantial Claimholder's Holdings Report minus the greater of (A) the applicable Threshold Amount and (B) the Protected Amount for such Substantial Claimholder, and (y) the denominator of which is the aggregate amount of Claims identified in all of the Substantial Claimholders' Holdings Reports minus the greater of (A) the aggregate applicable Threshold Amount for all Substantial

Claimholders and (B) the aggregate Protected Amount of all Substantial Claimholders); and

- (iii) For each such Substantial Claimholder, the Debtors shall subtract from the total Claims held by such Substantial Claimholder (as reported in the Holdings Report) such Substantial Claimholder's *pro rata* share of the Sell-Down Amount. The result shall be the Maximum Amount.
- (m) "Newly Traded Claims" means Claims (i) with respect to which a person or Entity acquired beneficial ownership after the date that was eighteen (18) months prior to the Petition Date and (ii) that are not "ordinary course" Claims, within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 1.382-9(d)(2)(iv), of which the same person or Entity always has had beneficial ownership.
- (n) A "**Permitted Transferee**" with respect to a Substantial Claimholder is a person or Entity whose holding of a Claim would not result in such Substantial Claimholder having beneficial ownership of such Claim.
- "Protected Amount" means the amount of Claims (by class or other applicable (0)classification) of which a holder had beneficial ownership on the Petition Date plus the amount of Claims of which such holder acquires, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership pursuant to trades entered into prior to the Petition Date, but that had not yet closed as of the Petition Date, and the amount of Claims of which such holder acquires, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership pursuant to trades entered into after the Petition Date that have been approved by the Debtors in accordance with these Procedures minus the amount of Claims of which such holder sells, directly or indirectly, beneficial ownership pursuant to trades entered into prior to the Petition Date, but that had not yet closed as of the Petition Date. For the avoidance of doubt, there shall be included in the Protected Amount of a claimant that is an insurer under an insurance policy, a guarantor or an issuer of a letter of credit or similar security arrangement as described in Treasury Regulations section 1.382-9(d)(5)(ii)(G) on the Petition Date, any Claims transferred to such claimant pursuant to a subrogation under such insurance policy or such guarantee, letter of credit or similar security arrangement on or after the Petition Date (without the need for any prior approval by the Debtors), so long as such transfer is not for a principal purpose of obtaining New Speedcast Stock or permitting the transferee to benefit from the losses of the Debtors within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 1.382-9(d)(5)(iii).
- (2) <u>Disclosure of 382(l)(5)</u> <u>Plan</u>. If the proponent of a Plan (a "**Plan Proponent**") determines that the reorganized Debtors likely will benefit from the application of section 382(l)(5) of the U.S. Tax Code and reasonably anticipates that Post-Emergence Speedcast will invoke such section, then the Plan Proponent, in proposing a 382(l)(5) Plan, shall disclose the following in its proposed disclosure statement or, in the case of items (iii) through (v) below, a later, separate notice (collectively, the "**Proposed 382(l)(5) Disclosure Statement**"):
- (i) Adequate information about the incremental tax benefits anticipated to be realized through the use of section 382(l)(5) of the U.S. Tax Code that, taking into account the Debtors'

anticipated net unrealized built-in gains or net unrealized built-in losses, would not otherwise be available;

- (ii) A summary of any restrictions expected to be imposed on the transferability of securities issued under the Plan in order to preserve such incremental tax benefits;
- (iii) The (i) dollar amount of Claims (by class or other applicable classification) expected to result in a one-percent (1%) interest in New Speedcast Stock and (ii) number of any specified interests ("**Owned Interests**") in the Debtors which shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, Common Stock expected to result in a one-percent (1%) interest in New Speedcast Stock, in each case based upon then-available information;
- (iv) A specified date (the "**Determination Date**") that is not less than ten (10) calendar days after the service of the notice of the hearing with respect to the Proposed 382(l)(5) Disclosure Statement; and
- (v) A specified date (the "Reporting Deadline") that is not less than five (5) calendar days after the Determination Date, by which persons or Entities must serve on various parties the notice required by these Procedures (the "Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership").

In the event that items (iii) through (v) above are disclosed in a separate notice after the filing of the proposed disclosure statement, such items shall also be disclosed in a separate filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 8-K.

(3) Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership.

Any person or Entity that has beneficial ownership of either (i) more than a specified amount of Claims³ or (ii) a lower amount of Claims that (based on the applicable information set forth in the Proposed 382(l)(5) Disclosure Statement), when taking into account any Owned Interests that a holder of Claims has beneficial ownership of (including pursuant to the applicable aggregation rules), could result in such holder of Claims holding the Applicable Percentage of New Speedcast Stock, in each case as of the Determination Date, shall serve upon the Plan Proponent and its counsel (and the Debtors and their counsel if not the Plan Proponent) and counsel to any statutory committees appointed in the chapter 11 cases (each, an "Official Committee") a Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership, in substantially the form annexed to the Final Order as **Exhibit 7** (or as adjusted and annexed to the Proposed 382(*l*)(5) Disclosure Statement) on or before the Reporting Deadline. Such person or Entity also shall set forth in the Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership its beneficial ownership, if any, of any Owned Interests and whether it agrees to refrain from acquiring beneficial ownership of additional Owned Interests (and Options to acquire the same) until after the effective date of the 382(l)(5) Plan and to immediately dispose of any Owned Interests or Options (if acquired on or after the Petition Date and prior to submitting its Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership). A person or Entity that is required to file a Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership may or may not be a Substantial

This "specified amount" is to be reasonably established by the Plan Proponent, taking into account the terms of the 382(l)(5) Plan, and disclosed in the Proposed 382(l)(5) Disclosure Statement. The "specified amount" may be expressed by class or type of Claim(s), if applicable.

Claimholder. The standard for a person's or Entity's being required to file a Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership is different than the definition of a Substantial Claimholder. At the election of the filer, the Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court (but not the Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership that is served upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors, and the attorneys for any Official Committee) may be redacted to exclude the filer's taxpayer identification number.

- (b) In order to assist in determining their eligibility to avail themselves of the relief set forth in section 382(l)(5) of the U.S. Tax Code, the Debtors may request from any person or Entity that has beneficial ownership of either (i) more than a specified amount of Claims (which may be expressed by class or type of Claim(s), if applicable) or (ii) a lower amount of Claims that, when taking into account the Owned Interests that a holder of Claims has beneficial ownership of (including pursuant to the applicable aggregation rules), could result in such holder of Claims holding the Applicable Percentage of New Speedcast Stock, in each case as of the date specified in such request, information regarding its beneficial ownership of Claims and Owned Interests (and Options to acquire the same) prior to the filing of the Proposed 382(l)(5) Disclosure Statement, in a manner consistent with these Procedures. In addition, the Debtors shall disclose such request in a separate filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission on Form 8-K.
- (c) Any person or Entity that fails to comply with its notification obligations set forth in this paragraph shall, in addition to the consequences set forth in paragraph B(5)(g) below, be subject to such remedy as the Bankruptcy Court may find appropriate upon motion by the Debtors, after service of the motion upon such person or Entity and a hearing on the motion in accordance with the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, including, without limitation, ordering such noncompliant person or Entity to divest itself promptly of any beneficial ownership of Claims to the extent of such person's or Entity's ownership of an Excess Amount and imposing monetary damages for any costs reasonably incurred by the Debtors that were caused by the violation and enforcement of this paragraph.

(4) <u>Claims Trading Before and After the Determination Date.</u>

- (a) Any person or Entity generally may trade freely and make a market in Claims until the Determination Date.
- (b) After the Determination Date, any acquisition of Claims by a person or Entity who filed or is or was required to file a Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership or by a person or Entity who would be required to file a Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership as a result of the consummation of the contemplated transaction if the proposed acquisition date had been the Determination Date (each such person or Entity, a "**Proposed Claims Transferee**") shall not be effective unless consummated in compliance with these Procedures.

For purposes of making this determination, such request shall include information comparable to the information that would be required in a Proposed 382(*l*)(5) Disclosure Statement pursuant to these Procedures.

- Claims by a Proposed Claims Transferee (each acquisition, a "Proposed Claims Acquisition Transaction"), such Proposed Claims Transferee shall serve upon the Plan Proponent and its counsel (and the Debtors and their counsel if not the Plan Proponent) and counsel to any Official Committee a notice of such Proposed Claims Transferee's request to purchase, acquire, or otherwise accumulate a Claim (a "Claims Acquisition Request"), in substantially the form annexed to the Final Order as Exhibit 8, which describes specifically and in detail the Proposed Claims Acquisition Transaction, regardless of whether such transfer would be subject to the filing, notice, and hearing requirements set forth in Bankruptcy Rule 3001. At the election of the Proposed Claims Transferee, the Claims Acquisition Request to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court (but not the Claims Acquisition Request that is served upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors, and the attorneys for the Official Committee) may be redacted to exclude the Proposed Claims Transferee's taxpayer identification number.
- (d) The Plan Proponent may determine, in consultation with the Debtors (if not the Plan Proponent) and counsel to any Official Committee, whether to approve a Claims Acquisition Request. If the Plan Proponent does not approve a Claims Acquisition Request in writing within ten (10) business days after the Claims Acquisition Request is filed with the Court, the Claims Acquisition Request shall be deemed rejected.

(5) Creditor Conduct and Sell-Downs.

- To permit reliance by the Debtors on Treasury Regulations section 1.382-9(d)(3), (a) upon the entry of the Final Order, any Substantial Claimholder that participates in formulating any chapter 11 plan of or on behalf of the Debtors (which shall include, without limitation, making any suggestions or proposals to the Debtors or their advisors with regard to such a Plan) shall not disclose or otherwise make evident to the Debtors that any Claims in which such Substantial Claimholder has a beneficial ownership are Newly Traded Claims, unless compelled to do so by an order of a court of competent jurisdiction or some other applicable legal requirement, provided, however, that the following activities shall not constitute participation in formulating a Plan if, in pursuing such activities, the Substantial Claimholder does not disclose or otherwise make evident (unless compelled to do so by an order of a court of competent jurisdiction or some other applicable legal requirement) to the Debtors that such Substantial Claimholder has beneficial ownership of Newly Traded Claims: filing an objection to a proposed disclosure statement or to confirmation of a proposed Plan; voting to accept or reject a proposed Plan; reviewing or commenting on a proposed business plan; providing information on a confidential basis to counsel to the Debtors; holding general membership on an official committee or an ad hoc committee; or taking any action required by an order of the Bankruptcy Court.
- (b) Following the Determination Date, if the Plan Proponent determines that Substantial Claimholders must sell or transfer all or a portion of their beneficial ownership of Claims acquired on or after the Petition Date so that the requirements of section 382(l)(5) of the U.S. Tax Code will be satisfied, the Plan Proponent may file a motion with the Bankruptcy Court for entry of an order—after notice to counsel to the Debtors (if not the Plan Proponent), any Official Committee, and the relevant Substantial Claimholder(s) and a hearing—approving the issuance of a notice (each, a "Sell-Down Notice") that such Substantial Claimholder must sell,

cause to sell, or otherwise transfer a specified amount of its beneficial ownership of Claims (by class or other applicable classification) equal to the excess of (x) the amount of Claims that such Substantial Claimholder has beneficial ownership of over (y) the Maximum Amount for such Substantial Claimholder (such excess amount, an "Excess Amount"). The motion shall be heard on expedited basis such that the Bankruptcy Court can render a decision on the motion at or before the hearing on confirmation of the 382(l)(5) Plan. If the Bankruptcy Court approves the Plan Proponent's motion for the issuance of a Sell-Down Notice, the Plan Proponent shall provide the Sell-Down Notice to the relevant Substantial Claimholder(s).

- (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Procedures, no Substantial Claimholder shall be required to sell, cause to sell, or otherwise transfer any beneficial ownership of Claims if such sale or transfer would result in the Substantial Claimholder's beneficial ownership of an aggregate amount of Claims (by class or other applicable classification) that is less than such Substantial Claimholder's Protected Amount.
- (d) Each Sell-Down Notice shall direct the Substantial Claimholder to sell, cause to sell, or otherwise transfer its beneficial ownership of the amount of Claims specified in the Sell-Down Notice to Permitted Transferees, *provided*, *however*, that such Substantial Claimholder shall not have a reasonable basis to believe that any such Permitted Transferee would own, immediately after the contemplated transfer, an Excess Amount of Claims and *provided*, *further*, that a Substantial Claimholder that has properly notified the Permitted Transferee of its Claims under these Procedures shall not be treated as having such reasonable basis in the absence of notification or actual knowledge that such Permitted Transferee would own, after the transfer, an Excess Amount of Claims.
- By the date that is the later of (i) five (5) business days after the entry of an order confirming the 382(l)(5) Plan and (ii) such other date specified in the Sell-Down Notice, as applicable, but before the effective date of the 382(l)(5) Plan (the "Sell-Down Date"), each Substantial Claimholder subject to a Sell-Down Notice shall, as a condition to receiving New Speedcast Stock, serve upon the Plan Proponent and its counsel (and the Debtors and their counsel if not the Plan Proponent) and counsel to any Official Committee a notice substantially in the form annexed to the Final Order as **Exhibit 9** that such Substantial Claimholder has complied with the terms and conditions set forth in these Procedures and that such Substantial Claimholder does not and will not hold an Excess Amount of Claims as of the Sell-Down Date and at all times through the effective date of the 382(1)(5) Plan (each, a "Notice of Compliance"). Any Substantial Claimholder who fails to comply with this provision shall not receive New Speedcast Stock with respect to any Excess Amount of Claims. At the election of the Substantial Claimholder, the Notice of Compliance to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court (but not the Notice of Compliance that is served upon the Debtors, the attorneys for the Debtors, and the attorneys for any Official Committee) may be redacted to exclude the Substantial Claimholder's taxpayer identification number.
- (f) Other than information that is public or in connection with an audit or other investigation by the IRS or other taxing authority, the Plan Proponent shall keep all Notices of Compliance and any additional information provided by a Substantial Claimholder pursuant to these Procedures (the "Confidential Information") strictly confidential and shall not disclose the Confidential Information to any other person or Entity, *provided*, *however*, that the Plan

Proponent may disclose the identity of the Substantial Claimholder to its counsel and professional financial advisors, counsel to and the professional financial advisors of any Official Committee, and of any other person(s) that are subject to a nondisclosure agreement with the Plan Proponent, each of whom shall keep all Confidential Information strictly confidential, subject to further order of the Bankruptcy Court, and *provided*, *further*, that to the extent the Plan Proponent reasonably determines such Confidential Information is necessary to demonstrate to the Bankruptcy Court the need for the issuance of a Sell-Down Notice, such Confidential Information (determined by, among other things, whether such information was redacted in any public filing) shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court under seal.

- Any person or Entity that violates its obligations under these Procedures (g) applicable to Claims or, if applicable, its agreement not to acquire beneficial ownership of Owned Interests (and Options to acquire the same) or to immediately dispose of any Owned Interests (if acquired on or after the Petition Date but prior to submitting its Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership) in its Notice of Substantial Claim Ownership shall, pursuant to these Procedures, be precluded from receiving, directly or indirectly, any consideration consisting of a beneficial ownership of New Speedcast Stock that is attributable to the Excess Amount of Claims for such person or Entity and, if applicable, to the Owned Interests acquired (or not immediately disposed of) in violation of such agreement by such person or Entity (or if the Owned Interests acquired (or not immediately disposed of) in violation of such agreement become beneficial ownership of New Speedcast Stock without the need to receive new equity interests, such person or Entity shall be precluded as a result of such violation (and, thus, in addition to any other amounts otherwise precluded hereunder) from receiving, directly or indirectly, any consideration consisting of a beneficial ownership of New Speedcast Stock attributable to such person's or Entity's Claims up to and including an amount equivalent to that represented by such Owned Interests), in each case including any consideration in lieu thereof, provided, however, that such person or Entity may be entitled to receive any other consideration to which such person or Entity may be entitled by virtue of holding Claims (this provision, the "Equity Forfeiture Provision"). Any purported acquisition of, or other increase in the beneficial ownership of, New Speedcast Stock that is precluded by the Equity Forfeiture Provision will be an acquisition of "Forfeited Equity." Any acquirer of Forfeited Equity shall, promptly upon becoming aware of such fact, return or cause to return the Forfeited Equity to the Debtors (or any successor to the Debtors, including Post-Emergence Speedcast) or, if all of the equity consideration properly issued to such acquirer and all or any portion of such Forfeited Equity have been sold prior to the time such acquirer becomes aware of such fact, such acquirer shall return or cause to return to the Debtors (or any successor to the Debtors, including Post-Emergence Speedcast) (i) any Forfeited Equity still held by such acquirer and (ii) the proceeds attributable to the sale of Forfeited Equity, calculated by treating the most recently sold equity as Forfeited Equity. Any acquirer that receives Forfeited Equity and deliberately fails to comply with the preceding sentence shall be subject to such additional sanctions as the Bankruptcy Court may determine. Any Forfeited Equity returned to the Debtors, including Post-Emergence Speedcast, shall be distributed (including a transfer to charity) or extinguished, in the Debtors' sole discretion, in furtherance of the 382(*l*)(5) Plan.
- (h) In effecting any sale or other transfer of Claims pursuant to a Sell-Down Notice, a Substantial Claimholder shall, to the extent that it is reasonably feasible to do so within the normal constraints of the market in which such sale takes place, notify the acquirer of such

Claims of the existence of these Procedures and the Equity Forfeiture Provision (it being understood that, in all cases in which there is direct communication between a salesperson and a customer, including, without limitation, communication via telephone, e-mail, and instant messaging, the existence of these Procedures and the Equity Forfeiture Provision shall be included in such salesperson's summary of the transaction).

(6) Exceptions.

- (a) No person or Entity shall be subject to the approval provisions of paragraph B(4)(b)–(d) above or, in the case of Claims that are part of the transferor's Protected Amount, the sell-down provisions of paragraph B(5) above with respect to any transfer described in Treasury Regulations section 1.382-9(d)(5)(ii) so long as such transfer is not for a principal purpose of obtaining New Speedcast Stock or permitting the transferee to benefit from the losses of the Debtors within the meaning of Treasury Regulations section 1.382-9(d)(5)(iii), provided, however, that any such transferee who becomes a Substantial Claimholder following the filing of a Proposed 382(l)(5) Disclosure Statement shall serve upon the Plan Proponent and its counsel (and the Debtors and their counsel if not the Plan Proponent) and counsel to any Official Committee, a notice of such status, substantially in the form annexed to the Final Order as **Exhibit 7**, as provided in these Procedures.
- (b) For the avoidance of doubt, the trustee of any trust, any indenture trustee, subordination agent, registrar, paying agent, transfer agent, loan or collateral agent, or any other entity serving in a similar capacity however designated, in each case for any Claim or any Owned Interests, notes, bonds, debentures, property, or other debt securities or obligations (i) issued by any of the Debtors, (ii) secured by assets of any of the Debtors or agreements with respect to such assets, or (iii) secured by assets leased to any of the Debtors shall not be treated as a Substantial Claimholder solely to the extent that such entities are acting in the capacity described above, *provided*, *however*, that neither any transferee of Claims nor any equity or beneficial owner of a trust shall be excluded from these Procedures solely by reason of this provision.

C. Noncompliance with the Procedures.

Any acquisition, disposition, or trading in the beneficial ownership of Common Stock (including directly and indirectly, and Options to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock), or the beneficial ownership of Claims against the Debtors, in violation of these Procedures shall be null and void *ab initio* as an act in violation of the automatic stay under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code and pursuant to the Bankruptcy Court's equitable powers under section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. Furthermore, any person or Entity that acquires, disposes of, or trades in the beneficial ownership of Common Stock (including directly and indirectly, and Options to acquire beneficial ownership of Common Stock), or the beneficial ownership of Claims against the Debtors, in violation of these Procedures shall be subject to sanctions as provided by law.

D. Debtors' Right to Waive.

The Debtors may, in their sole discretion, waive, in writing, any and all restrictions, stays, and notification Procedures contained in this Notice; provided, however, that after a

382(*l*)(5) Plan has been properly filed by a Plan Proponent (other than by, or jointly with, the Debtors) and is still actively being pursued before the Court, the consent of such Plan Proponent also shall be necessary for any subsequent waiver to be effective.

Dated: Houston, Texas

July 1, 2020

BY ORDER OF THE COURT